

Electronic Supplementary information:

Theoretical investigation of the conversion between different C_2H_x species over Pd-Ag/Pd(100) surface alloys: the influence on the selectivity and transformation of carbonaceous

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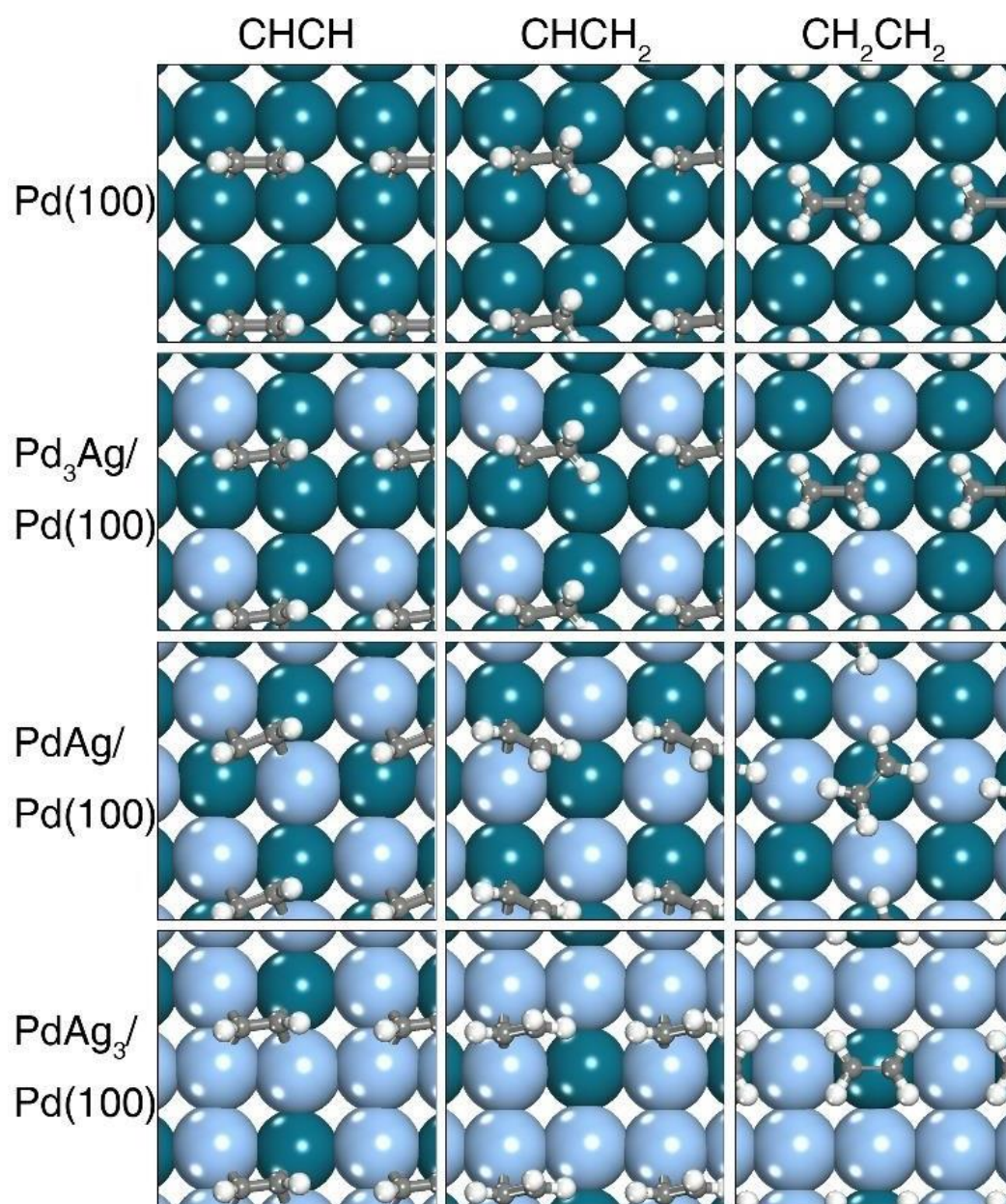


Fig S1. Stable adsorption structures of C₂H₂, C₂H₃, and C₂H₄ on Pd(100), Pd₃Ag/Pd(100), PdAg/Pd(100), and PdAg₃/Pd(100) surfaces.

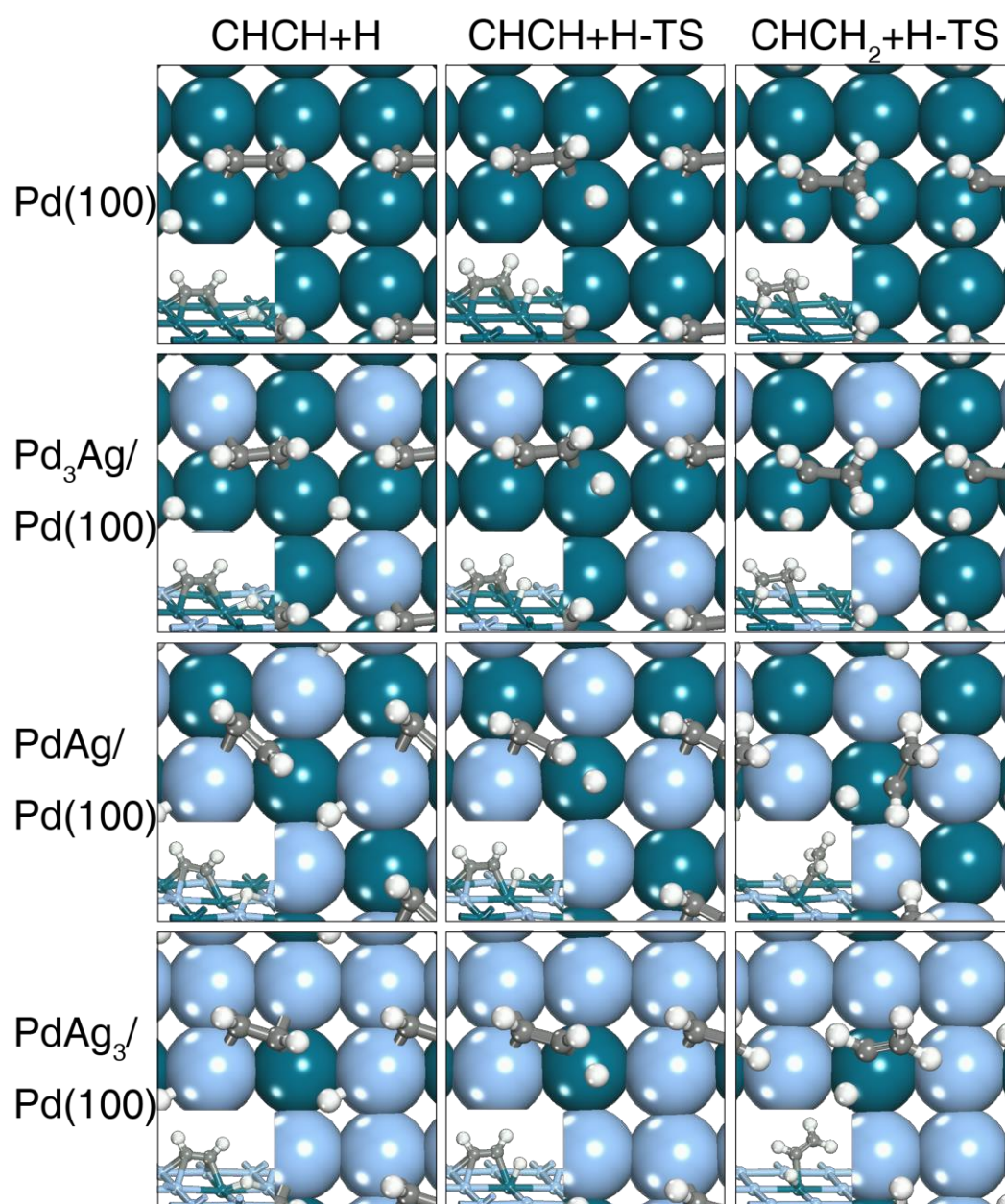


Fig. S2 Co-adsorption structures of C₂H₂ with H atom and Transition-state (TS) structures of C₂H₂ and C₂H₃ hydrogenation on Pd(100), Pd₃Ag/Pd(100), PdAg/Pd(100), and PdAg₃/Pd(100) surfaces.

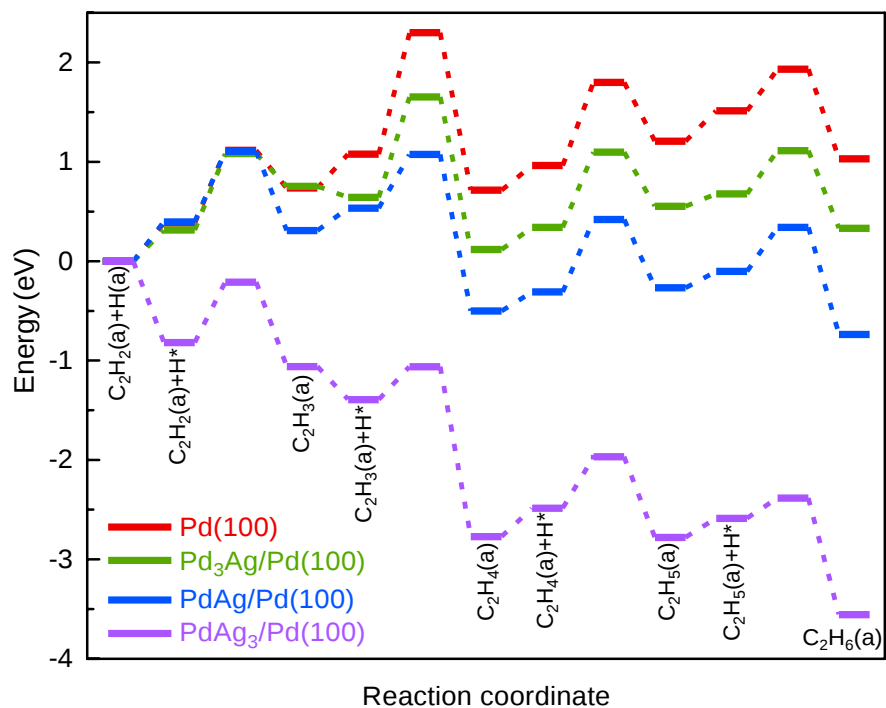


Fig. S3. Energy profiles of the hydrogenation pathways of the acetylene to ethylene on Pd(100) surface and its surface alloys with Ag atoms. Metastable hydrogen diffusion steps are indicated by "H*". The script "a" signals the adsorbed state of a molecule.

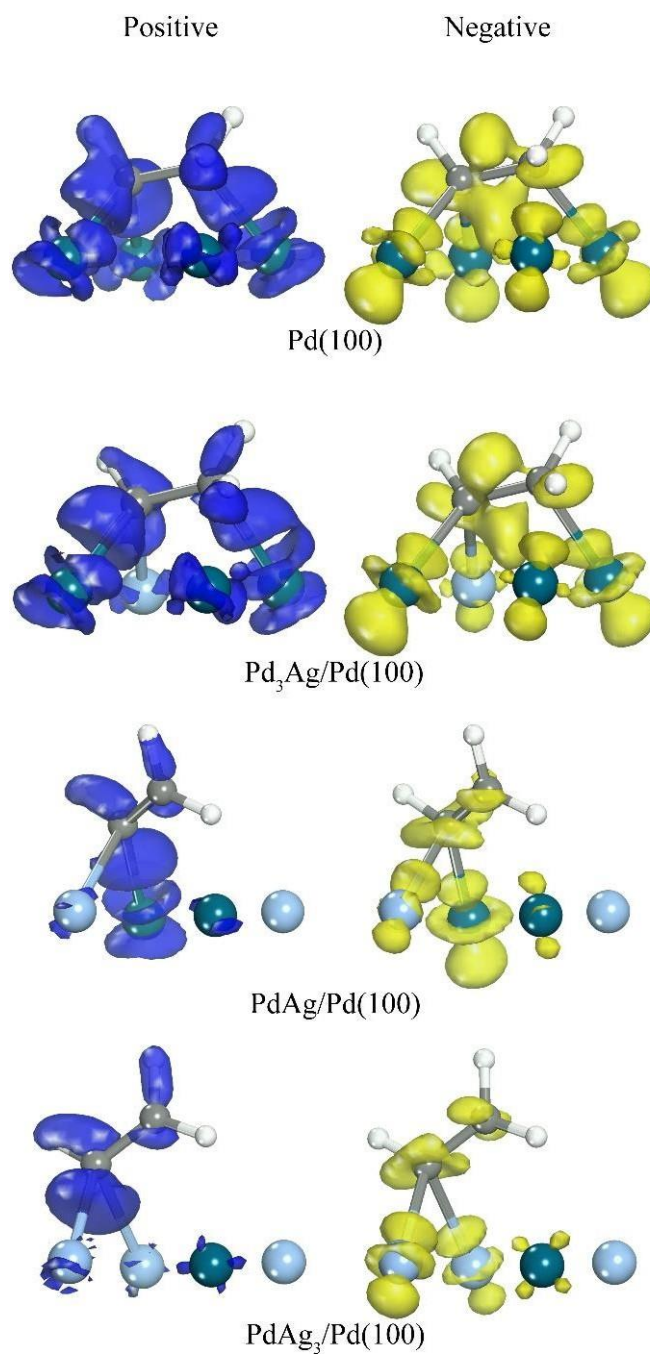


Fig. S4. Electron density difference plots for the adsorption of CHCH₂ on the Pd(100) surface and its surface alloys with Ag atoms. The blue contours represent electron accumulations, and the yellow contours denote electron depressions.

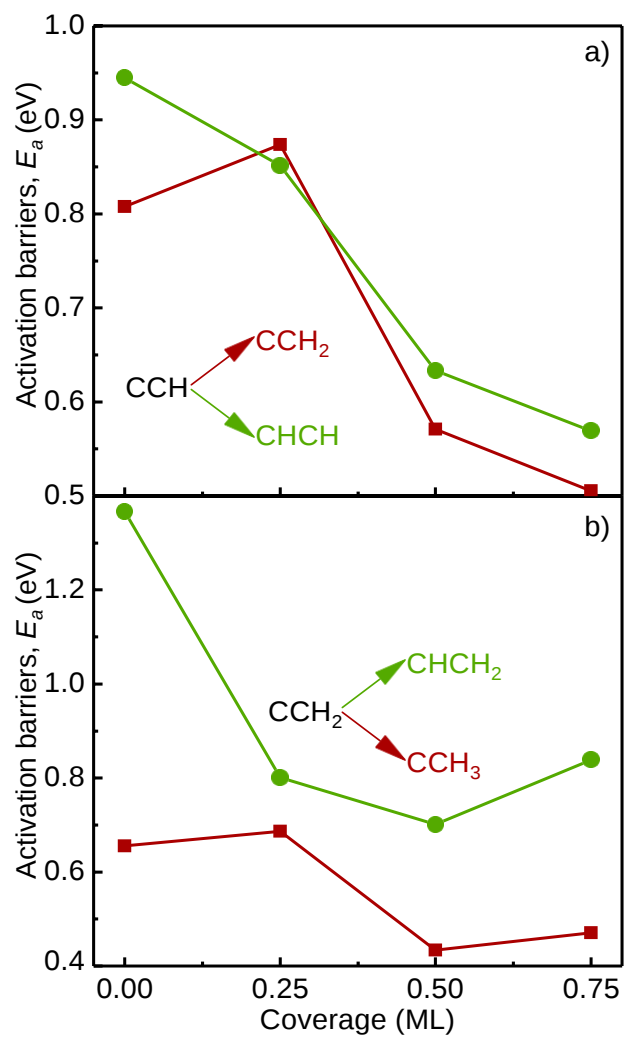


Fig. S5. The trend of activation barriers (E_a) for the hydrogenation of CCH (a) and CCH₂ (b) as a function of the coverage of Ag atoms on Pd-Ag/Pd(100) surface alloys.

Table S1. Miliken charges of adsorbed CHCH₂ molecules on the Pd-Ag/Pd(100) surface alloys.

	C1	C2	H1	H2	H3	CH	CH ₂
pure	-0.34	-0.63	0.34	0.30	0.33	0	0
Pd(100)	-0.4	-0.62	0.12	0.14	0.04	-0.28	-0.44
Pd ₃ Ag/Pd(100)	-0.47	-0.61	0.13	0.15	0.04	-0.34	-0.42
PdAg/Pd(100)	-0.48	-0.54	0.14	0.21	0.03	-0.34	-0.30
PdAg ₃ /Pd(100)	-0.61	-0.51	0.15	0.24	0.09	-0.46	-0.18

Table S2. Calculated reaction energies ΔE (eV), barrier energies from both reactant E_a (eV) and product E_a' (eV), and all the slab energies for all initial (E_i), final (E_f), and transition (E_t) states for the elementary steps involved in the conversion of acetylene hydrogenation system on Pd(100) surface.

	E_i	E_f	E_t	E_a	E_a'	ΔE
CH $\equiv$ CH+H $\rightarrow$ CHCH ₂	-16340.0461	-16339.6949	-16339.3157	0.7303	0.3792	0.3512
CHCH ₂ +H $\rightarrow$ CH ₂ CH ₂	-16356.0701	-16356.4344	-16354.8499	1.2202	1.5845	-0.3642
CH ₂ CH ₂ +H $\rightarrow$ CH ₂ CH ₃	-16372.9044	-16372.6612	-16372.0684	0.8360	0.5929	0.2432
CH ₂ CH ₃ +H $\rightarrow$ CH ₃ CH ₃	-16389.0733	-16389.5581	-16388.6570	0.4163	0.9011	-0.4848
CCH+H $\rightarrow$ CHCH	-16323.2749	-16323.7118	-16322.3304	0.9445	1.3814	-0.4369
CCH+H $\rightarrow$ CCH ₂	-16323.1495	-16323.4147	-16322.3417	0.8078	1.0730	-0.2652
CCH ₂ +H $\rightarrow$ CCH ₃	-16339.8258	-16340.2712	-16339.1702	0.6556	1.1010	-0.4454
CCH ₃ +H $\rightarrow$ CHCH ₃	-16356.6977	-16356.0761	-16355.1321	1.5656	0.9441	0.6215
CCH ₂ +H $\rightarrow$ CHCH ₂	-16339.9759	-16339.6924	-16338.6089	1.3670	1.0835	0.2835
CHCH ₂ +H $\rightarrow$ CHCH ₃	-16356.1725	-16356.0788	-16355.2560	0.9165	0.8227	0.0938
CHCH ₃ +H $\rightarrow$ CH ₂ CH ₃	-16372.4931	-16372.6612	-16371.6949	0.7982	0.9663	-0.1682

Table S3. Calculated reaction energies ΔE (eV), barrier energies from both reactant E_a (eV) and product E_a' (eV), and all the slab energies for all initial (E_i), final (E_f), and transition (E_t) states for the elementary steps involved in the conversion of acetylene hydrogenation system on Pd₃Ag/Pd(100) surface.

	E_i	E_f	E_t	E_a	E_a'	ΔE
CH $\equiv$ CH+H $\rightarrow$ CHCH ₂	-16569.1423	-16568.7037	-16568.3749	0.7675	0.3288	0.4386
CHCH ₂ +H $\rightarrow$ CH ₂ CH ₂	-16585.4750	-16586.0023	-16584.4651	1.0099	1.5372	-0.5272
CH ₂ CH ₂ +H $\rightarrow$ CH ₂ CH ₃	-16602.4388	-16602.2278	-16601.6826	0.7562	0.5453	0.2109
CH ₂ CH ₃ +H $\rightarrow$ CH ₃ CH ₃	-16618.7644	-16619.1100	-16618.3274	0.4370	0.7825	-0.3455
CCH+H $\rightarrow$ CHCH	-16552.2504	-16552.7973	-16551.3989	0.8515	1.3984	-0.5469
CCH+H $\rightarrow$ CCH ₂	-16552.2573	-16552.7417	-16551.3835	0.8738	1.3582	-0.4844
CCH ₂ +H $\rightarrow$ CCH ₃	-16569.0627	-16569.6530	-16568.3763	0.6864	1.2767	-0.5902
CCH ₃ +H $\rightarrow$ CHCH ₃	-16586.0019	-16585.7185	-16584.6355	1.3664	1.0830	0.2834
CCH ₂ +H $\rightarrow$ CHCH ₂	-16568.9706	-16569.0740	-16568.1698	0.8009	0.9042	-0.1033
CHCH ₂ +H $\rightarrow$ CHCH ₃	-16585.4546	-16585.7185	-16584.8319	0.6227	0.8866	-0.2639
CHCH ₃ +H $\rightarrow$ CH ₂ CH ₃	-16602.1585	-16602.3453	-16601.4115	0.7469	0.9337	-0.1868

Table S4. Calculated reaction energies ΔE (eV), barrier energies from both reactant E_a (eV) and product E_a' (eV), and all the slab energies (eV) for all initial (E_i), final (E_f), and transition (E_t) states for the elementary steps involved in the conversion of acetylene hydrogenation system on PdAg/Pd(100) surface.

	E_i	E_f	E_t	E_a	E_a'	ΔE
$\text{CH}\equiv\text{CH}+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CHCH}_2$	-16798.0263	-16798.1156	-16797.3169	0.7094	0.7988	-0.0894
$\text{CHCH}_2+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$	-16814.4070	-16815.4426	-16813.8658	0.5411	1.5767	-1.0356
$\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$	-16831.7671	-16831.7260	-16831.0399	0.7272	0.6860	0.0411
$\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_3$	-16848.0803	-16848.7150	-16847.6356	0.4447	1.0794	-0.6347
$\text{CCH}+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CHCH}$	-16781.1720	-16781.9058	-16780.5385	0.6335	1.3672	-0.7337
$\text{CCH}+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CCH}_2$	-16781.2697	-16781.6946	-16780.6988	0.5709	0.9958	-0.4248
$\text{CCH}_2+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CCH}_3$	-16797.7366	-16798.5727	-16797.3027	0.4339	1.2700	-0.8360
$\text{CCH}_3+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CHCH}_3$	-16814.6328	-16814.5136	-16813.6063	1.0265	0.9073	0.1192
$\text{CCH}_2+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CHCH}_2$	-16797.7952	-16798.0811	-16797.0940	0.7012	0.9871	-0.2858
$\text{CHCH}_2+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CHCH}_3$	-16814.4055	-16814.5136	-16813.4999	0.9056	1.0137	-0.1080
$\text{CHCH}_3+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$	-16830.8012	-16831.7260	-16830.2532	0.5480	1.4728	-0.9248

Table S5. Calculated reaction energies ΔE (eV), barrier energies from both reactant E_a (eV) and product E_a' (eV), and all the slab energies for all initial (E_i), final (E_f), and transition (E_t) states for the elementary steps involved in the conversion of acetylene hydrogenation system on PdAg₃/Pd(100) surface.

	E_i	E_f	E_t	E_a	E_a'	ΔE
$\text{CH}\equiv\text{CH}+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CHCH}_2$	-17026.8675	-17027.1088	-17026.2603	0.6072	0.8485	-0.2413
$\text{CHCH}_2+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$	-17043.7144	-17045.0933	-17043.3856	0.3288	1.7077	-1.3789
$\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$	-17061.0814	-17061.3756	-17060.5640	0.5174	0.8116	-0.2942
$\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_3$	-17077.4592	-17078.4273	-17077.2556	0.2036	1.1717	-0.9681
$\text{CCH}+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CHCH}$	-17010.3444	-17010.8357	-17009.7752	0.5692	1.0605	-0.4913
$\text{CCH}+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CCH}_2$	-17010.2092	-17010.6031	-17009.7039	0.5053	0.8992	-0.3940
$\text{CCH}_2+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CCH}_3$	-17026.5794	-17027.3323	-17026.1085	0.4709	1.2238	-0.7529
$\text{CCH}_3+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CHCH}_3$	-17043.3056	-17044.0813	-17042.7091	0.5965	1.3722	-0.7758
$\text{CCH}_2+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CHCH}_2$	-17026.6809	-17027.7277	-17025.8428	0.8381	1.8850	-1.0468
$\text{CHCH}_2+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CHCH}_3$	-17043.7969	-17044.0905	-17042.3861	1.4109	1.7045	-0.2936
$\text{CHCH}_3+\text{H}\rightarrow\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$	-17060.2648	-17061.3756	-17060.0973	0.1675	1.2783	-1.1108