

Supporting Information (SI)

A new turn-on fluorescent probe for detection of palladium(0) and its application in living cells and zebrafish

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Figure S1: Synthesis, ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, ESI-MS of the probe 1, the reaction product of probe 1 with Pd⁰, IR spectra of the 1.

Figure S2: The detection limits of Pd⁰.

Figure S3: The kinetic study of the probe.

Figure S4: Selectivity in absorbance spectra.

Figure S5: The effect of anion.

Figure S6: MTT assay.

Table S1 A comparison table about the detection limit for palladium.

Sample preparation and measurements

Stock solutions of probe 1 and $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ were prepared in DMF with a concentration of 2 mmol/L. Stock solutions of metal ions were prepared in with a concentration of 20 mmol/L. UV-Vis and fluorescence spectra were obtained in Ethanol-PBS buffer solution (2:3, v/v, 10 mM PBS, pH=7.4).

Cells culture and imaging

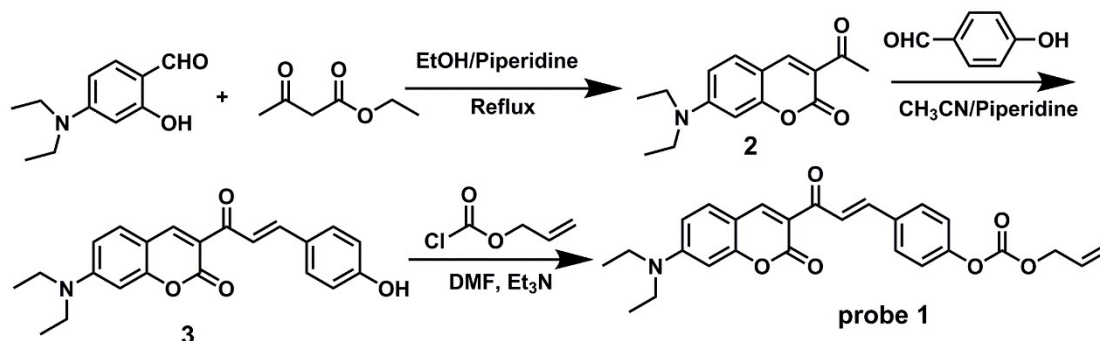
BT-474 cells were cultured in Gibco® RPMI 1640 medium supplemented with 10% FBS in an atmosphere of 5% CO_2 for 24 h at 37°C. BT-474 cells incubated with Pd^0 (10, 40, 100 μM) for 0.5h, subsequently incubated with probe (5 μM) for 0.5h at 37°C. Zeiss LSM 880 is used for cell imaging. Emission was collected at 493-591 nm, excited at 458 nm, scale bar: 40 μm .

Zebrafish imaging

TU wild zebrafish were purchased from Nanjing Eze-Rinka Biotechnology Co., Ltd. The 3-day-old zebrafish were used for experiments. Zebrafish were incubated with Pd^0 (10, 40, 100 μM) for 0.5h, and then incubated with probe for another 0.5h, the image was obtained using Zeiss LSM 880. Emission was collected at 493-591 nm, excited at 458 nm, scale bar: 500 μm .

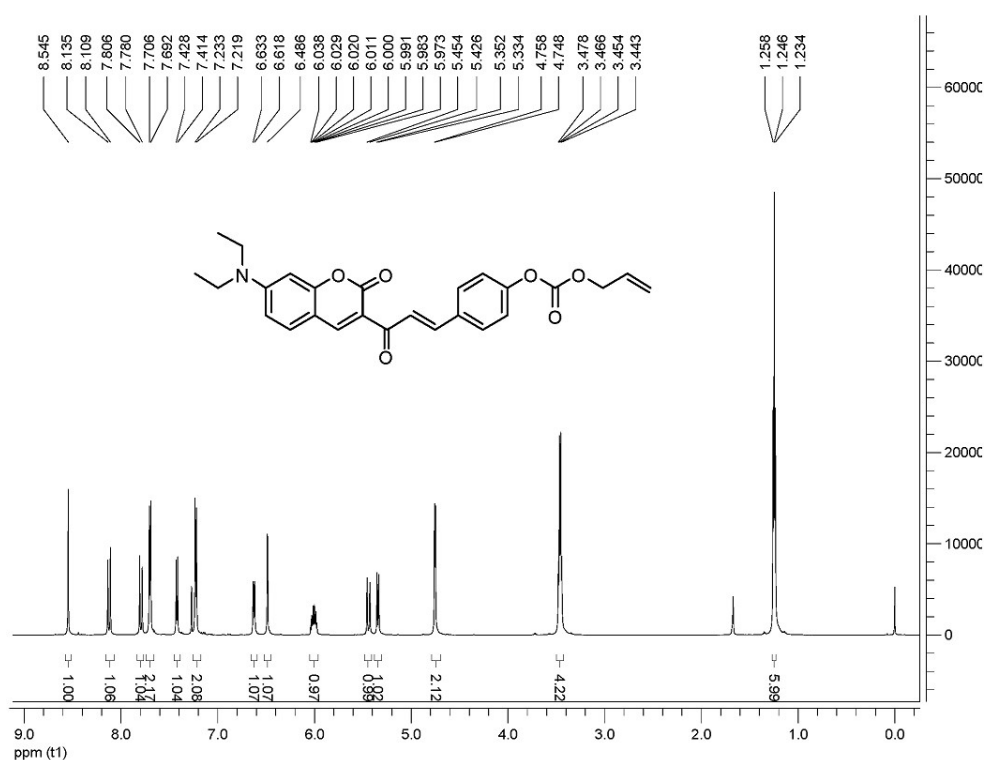
Figure S1: Synthesis, ^1H NMR, ^{13}C NMR, ESI-MS of the probe 1, the reaction product of probe 1 with Pd^0 .

Synthesis of probe

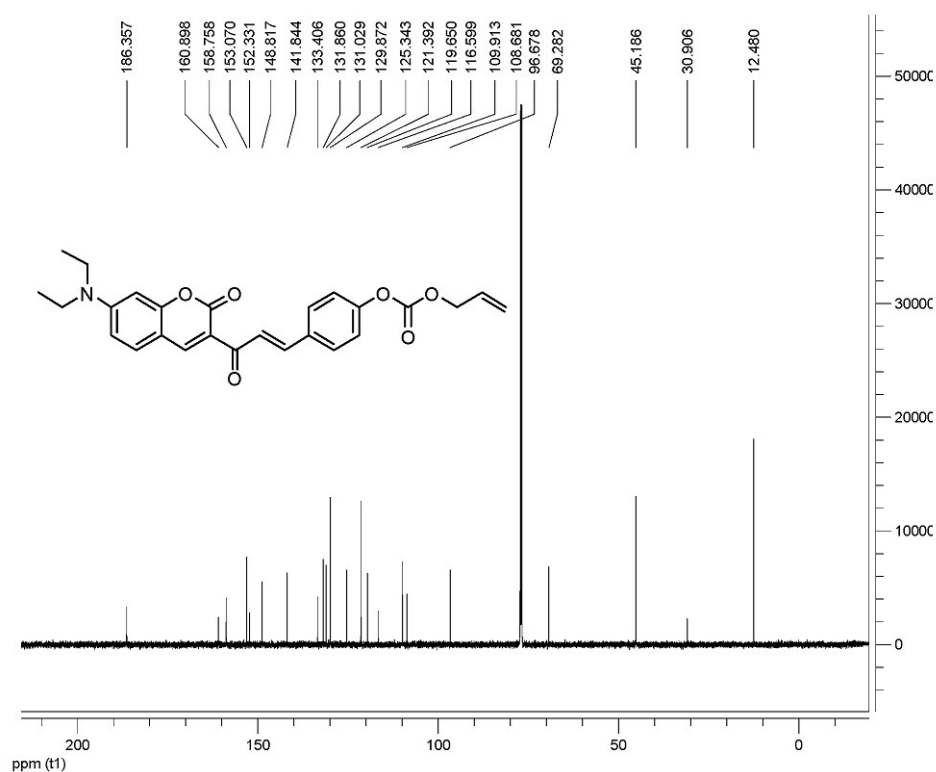


The synthetic methods of probe were summarized in **Scheme 1**. Probe was synthesized according to the published procedure¹. Allyl chloroformate (0.14g, 1.1 mmol) was added to a solution of compound 3 (0.36 g, 1.0 mmol) and triethylamine (0.11 g, 1.1 mmol) in DMF (10 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred for 12h at 25°C, and the resulting solution was treated with water and CH_2Cl_2 . The organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 and then concentrated. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (DCM:PE=1:1) to afford probe 1

(0.24g, 53%). M.p. 158.8~159.6°C. ^1H NMR (600MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.55 (s, 1H), 8.12 (d, $J=15.6\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.79 (d, $J=15.6\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.70 (d, $J=9.6\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.42 (d, $J=8.4\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.23 (d, $J=8.4\text{Hz}$, 2H), 6.63(d, $J=9.0\text{Hz}$, 1H), 6.49(s, 1H), 5.97-6.04(m, 1H), 5.44(d, $J=16.8\text{Hz}$, 1H), 5.34(d, $J=10.8\text{Hz}$, 1H), 4.75(d, $J=6.0\text{Hz}$, 1H), 3.44-3.48(m, 4H), 1.25(t, $J=14.4\text{Hz}$, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (150MHz, CDCl_3) δ 186.4, 160.9, 158.8, 153.1, 152.3, 148.8, 141.8, 133.4, 131.9, 131.0, 129.9, 125.3, 121.4, 119.7, 116.6, 109.9, 108.7, 96.7, 45.2, 30.9, 12.5. HRMS (ESI) m/z : $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ Calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_6$ 448.1754, Found 448.1748.

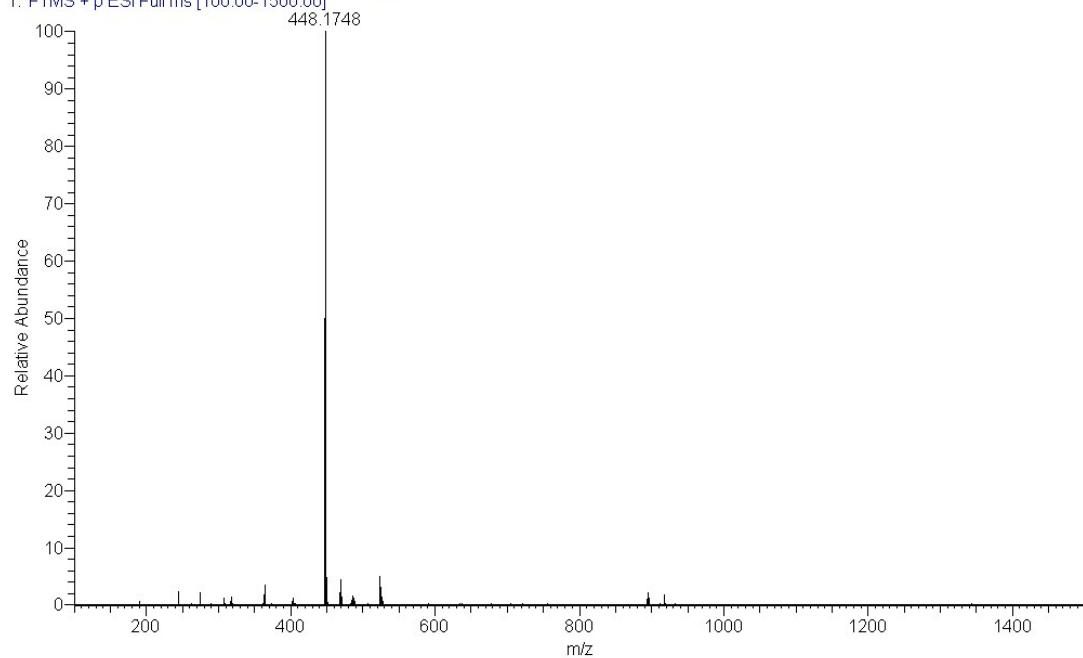


The ^1H NMR (600MHz) spectra of probe 1 in CDCl_3 .



The ¹³C NMR (150MHz) spectra of probe 1 in CDCl₃

4_170615195801 #313 RT: 4.26 AV: 1 NL: 3.15E7
T: FTMS + p ESI Full ms [100.00-1500.00]

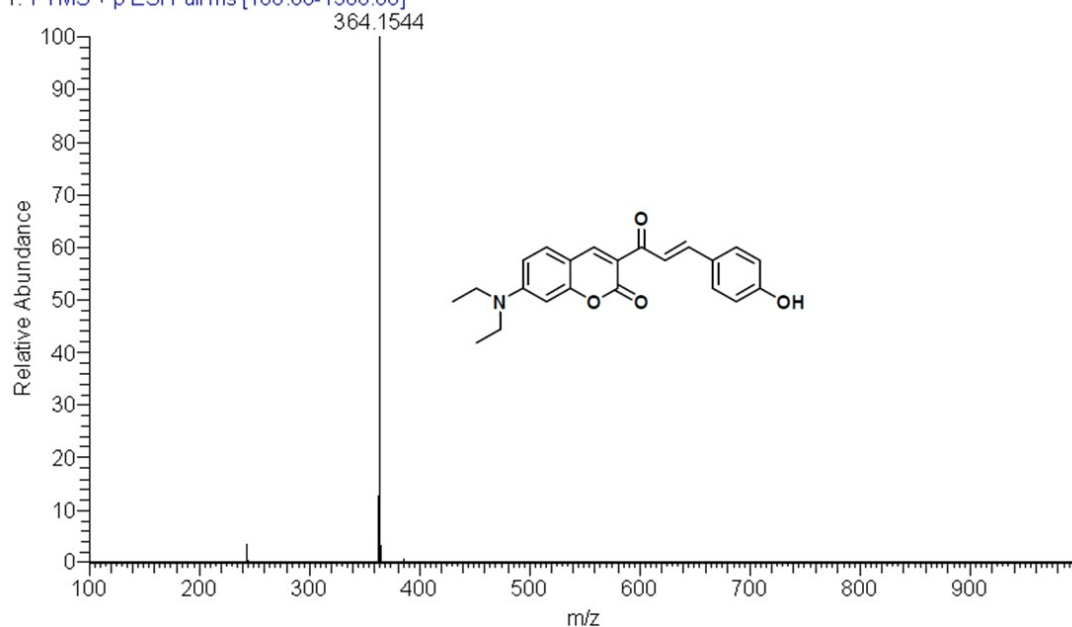


ESI-MS of probe 1

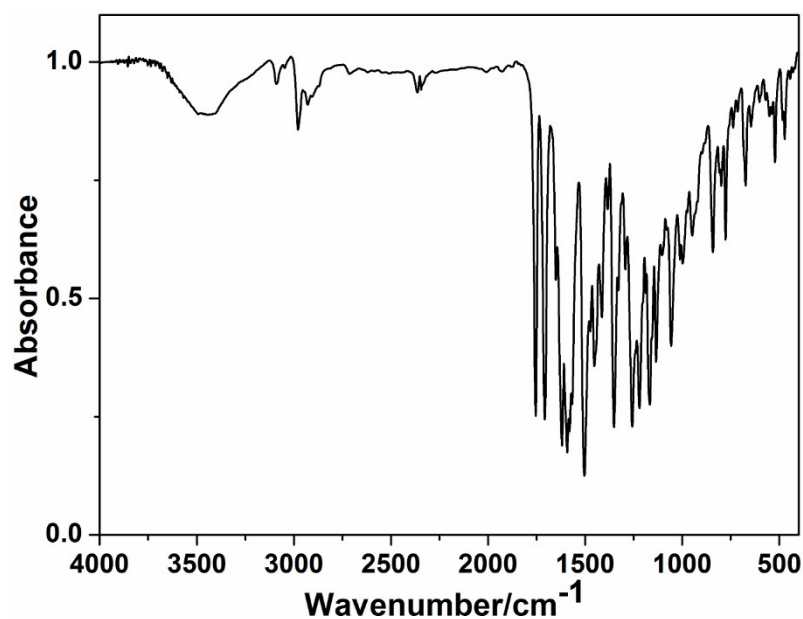


The ¹H NMR (600MHz) spectra of reaction product of probe 1 with Pd⁰ in DMSO-*d*₆

YANG-6 #367 RT: 3.70 AV: 1 NL: 7.27E9
T: FTMS + p ESI Full ms [100.00-1500.00]



ESI-MS of the reaction product of probe 1 with Pd⁰



IR spectra of the probe 1

Figure S2: The detection limits of Pd⁰.

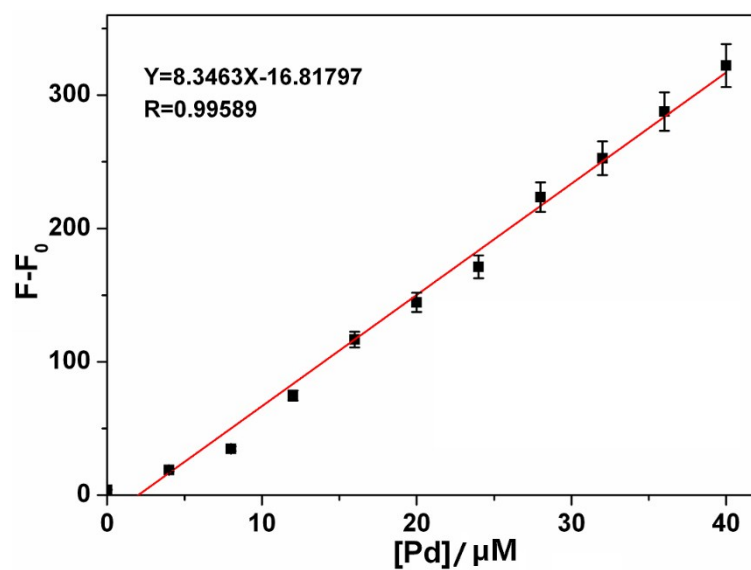
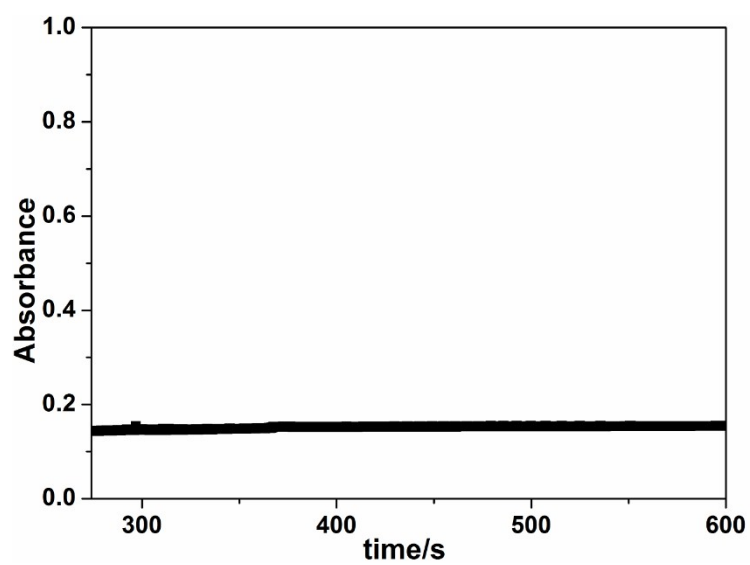
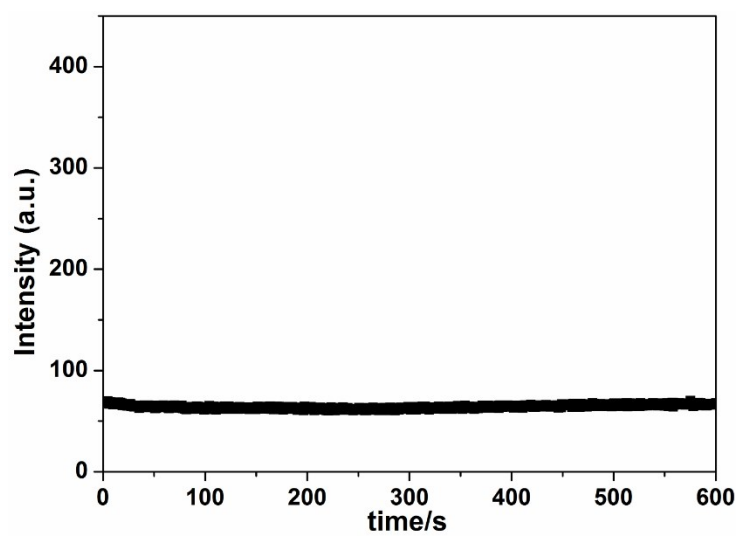


Figure S2: Emission intensity at 560 nm of probe 1 (5 μM) as a function of the concentration of Pd⁰ (0- 40 μM) in Ethanol-PBS buffer solution (2:3, v/v, 10 mM PBS, pH=7.4(λ_{ex} = 450 nm, slits: 5nm /5 nm).

Figure S3: The kinetic study of the probe.



(a)



(b)

Figure S3: The kinetic study of the probe in absorption and fluorescence spectra.

Figure S4: Selectivity in absorbance spectra.

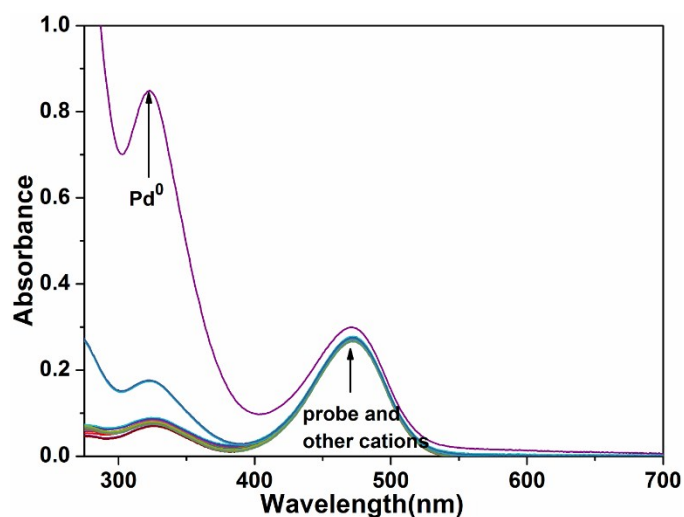
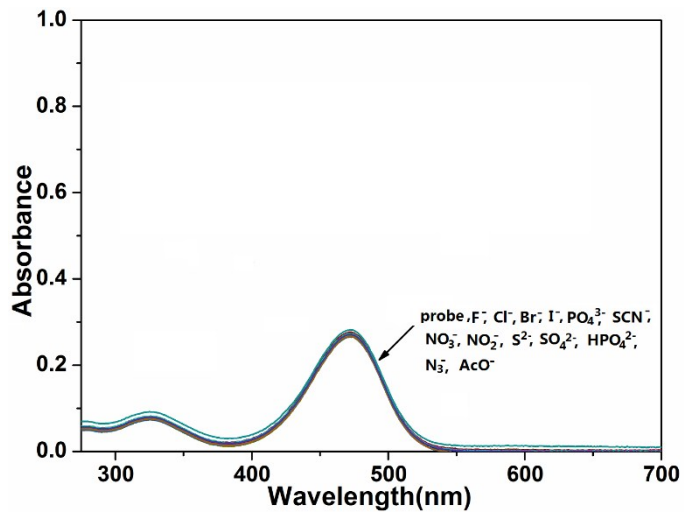
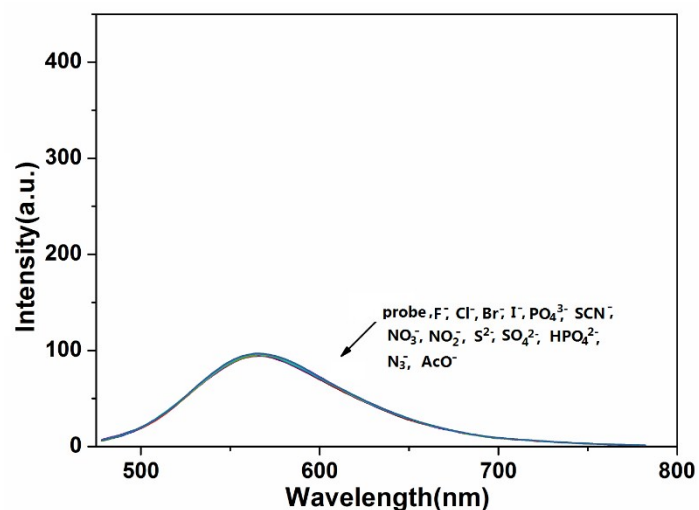


Figure S4: Absorption spectra of probe 1 (5 μM) in the presence of Pd0 (40 μM) and other metal ions (Ag^+ , Ce^{3+} , K^+ , Ni^{2+} , Na^+ , Mn^{2+} , Mg^{2+} , Ca^{2+} , Hg^{2+} , Pb^{2+} , Fe^{3+} , Cd^{2+} , Zn^{2+} , Cr^{3+} , Al^{3+} , Cu^{2+} and Co^{2+}) (200 μM) in Ethanol-PBS buffer solution (2:3, v/v, 10 mM PBS, pH=7.4).

Figure S5: The effect of anion.



(a)



(b)

Figure S5: The effect of anion in absorption and fluorescence spectra.

Figure S6: MTT assay.

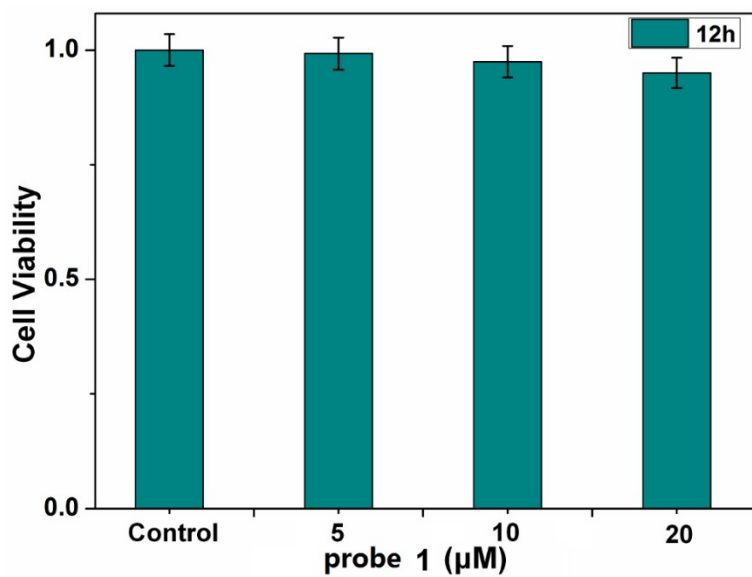


Table S1: A comparison table about the detection limit.

Ref.	analyte	signal output	solvent	detection limit
1	Pd ⁰	fluorescence	DMSO/PBS	1.7×10^{-8} M
2	Pd ⁰	fluorescence	Methanol/PBS	6.9×10^{-7} M
3	Pd ⁰	fluorescence	DMF/HEPES	2.5×10^{-8} M
4	Pd ²⁺	Chemiluminescence	DMSO-H ₂ O	8.8×10^{-5} M
5	Pd ²⁺	fluorescence	Ethanol/PBS	2.2×10^{-7} M
this work	Pd ⁰	fluorescence	HEPES	4.2×10^{-6} M

References

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