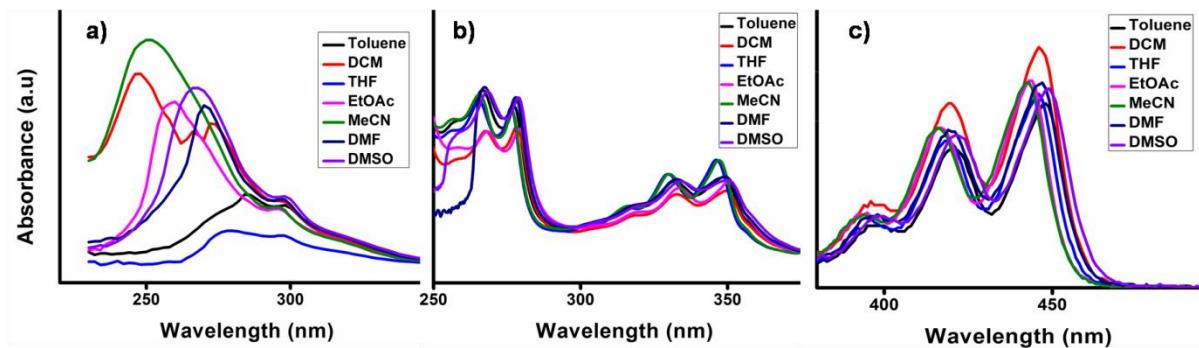


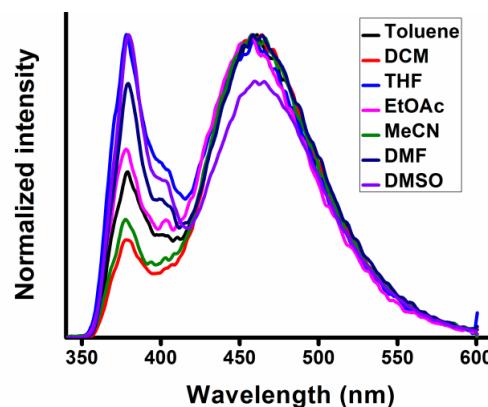
## Supporting Information

### Self-reversible Mechanochromism and Aggregation Induced Emission in Neutral Triarylmethanes and Their Application in Water Sensing

Thekke Thattariyil Divya<sup>a</sup>, Kalluruttimal Ramshad<sup>a</sup>, Velluvakandi Chaluvalappil Saheer<sup>b</sup>, Lakshmi Chakkumkumarath<sup>a\*</sup>



**Fig. S1** The absorption spectra of ( $5 \times 10^{-5}$  M) solution of a) PhMBD, b) PyMBD, c)PrMBD in different solvents.



**Fig. S2** The emission spectra of pyrene ( $2 \times 10^{-3}$  M) in different solvents.

**Table S1:** The spectral data of **PhMBD** in different solvents.

Solvent	Absorbance (nm)	Emission (nm)	Stokes shift (nm)	Quantum yield
Toluene	298, 288	405	107	0.366
Dichloromethane	297, 252	437	185	0.478
THF	298, 278	448	150	0.445
Ethyl acetate	296, 262	439	177	0.363
Acetonitrile	296, 251, 219	502	251	0.29
DMF	297, 273	491	218	0.519
DMSO	298, 270	513	243	0.611

**Table S2:** The spectral data of **PyMBD** in different solvents.

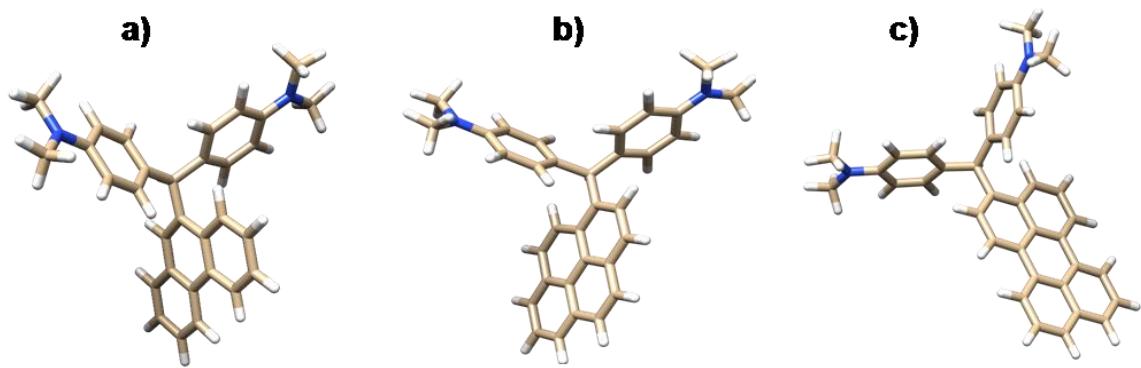
Solvent	Absorbance (nm)	Emission (nm)	Stokes shift (nm)	Quantum yield
Toluene	351, 333, 282	432	81	0.097
Dichloromethane	349, 332, 278, 267	494	145	0.041
THF	348, 332, 277, 266	508	160	0.031
Ethyl acetate	347, 330, 276, 267	501	154	0.020
Acetonitrile	347, 330, 276, 266	580, 415	233	0.016
DMF	349, 332, 277, 267	583, 420	234	0.10
DMSO	350, 334, 278, 268	600, 430	250	0.087

**Table S3:** The spectral data of **PrMBD** in different solvents.

Solvent	Absorbance (nm)	Emission (nm)	Stokes shift (nm)	Quantum yield
Toluene	448, 420, 395	473, 453	25	0.49
Dichloromethane	446, 419, 396	475	29	0.148
THF	446, 418, 396	468	22	0.028
Ethyl acetate	444, 417, 393	468	24	0.024
Acetonitrile	443, 416, 394	466	23	0.006
DMF	447, 419, 396	471	24	0.014
DMSO	449, 421, 397	471	22	0.017

**Table S4:** Comparison of solid and solution state properties of compounds

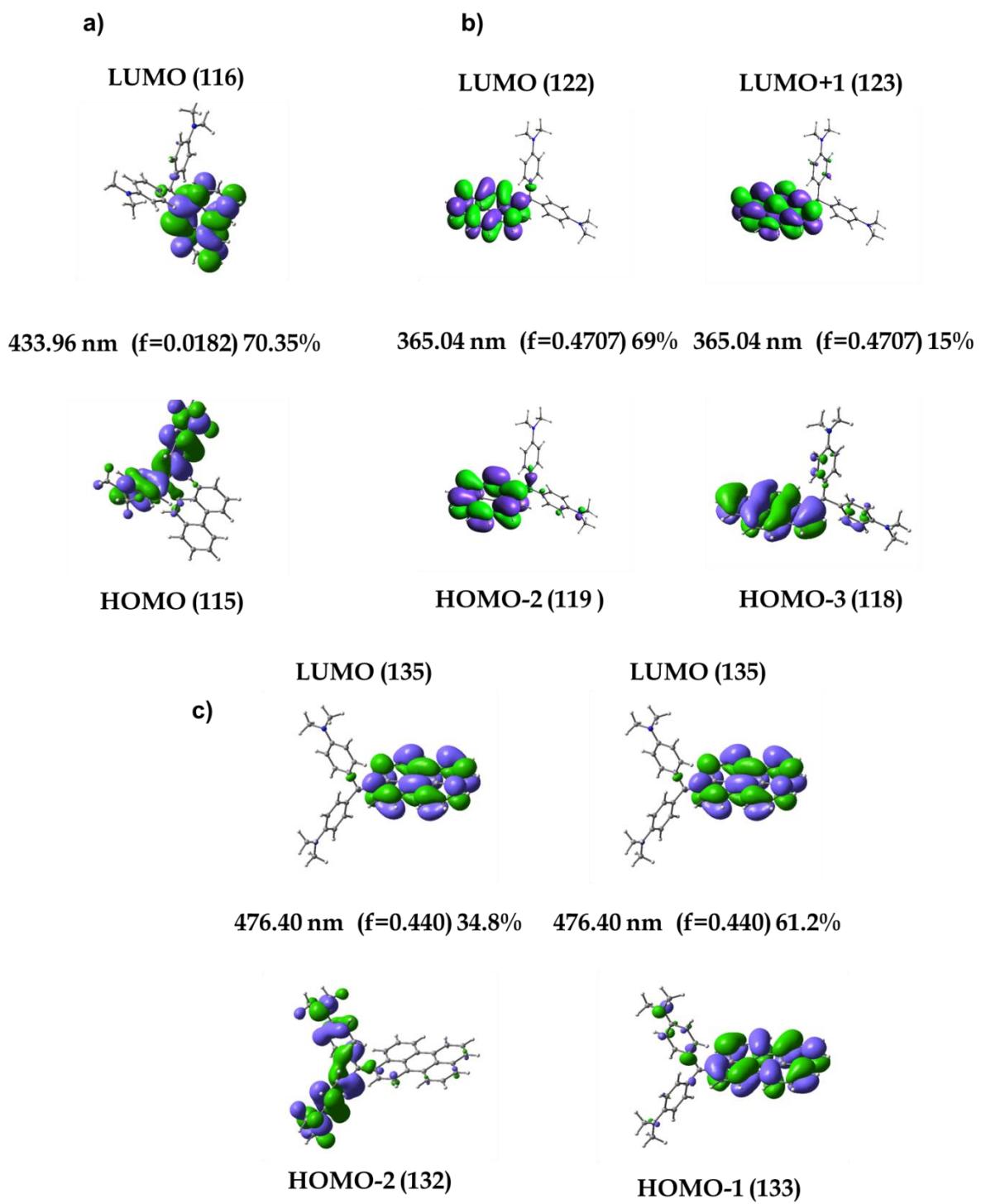
Compound	Physical state	$\lambda_{\text{ab,max.}}$ (nm)	$\lambda_{\text{em,max}}$ (nm)	Stokes shift (nm)	$\phi_f$	$\phi_{\text{agg}}$	$\alpha_{\text{AIE}}$	CIE Co – ordinates(x,y)
<b>PhMBD</b>	In CH <sub>3</sub> CN	296, 251, 219	502	251	0.305	0.3	0.98	(0.210, 0.378)
	Solid	308	424	116	0.027			(0.184, 0.164)
<b>PyMBD</b>	In CH <sub>3</sub> CN	347, 330, 276, 266	580	233	0.016	0.29	18	(0.432,0.458)
	Solid	374, 312, 262	435	61	0.08			(0.165, 0.216)
<b>PrMBD</b>	In CH <sub>3</sub> CN	443, 416, 394	466	23	0.006	0.14	23	(0.281, 0.389)
	Solid	397	610	213	0.011			(0.524, 0.385)



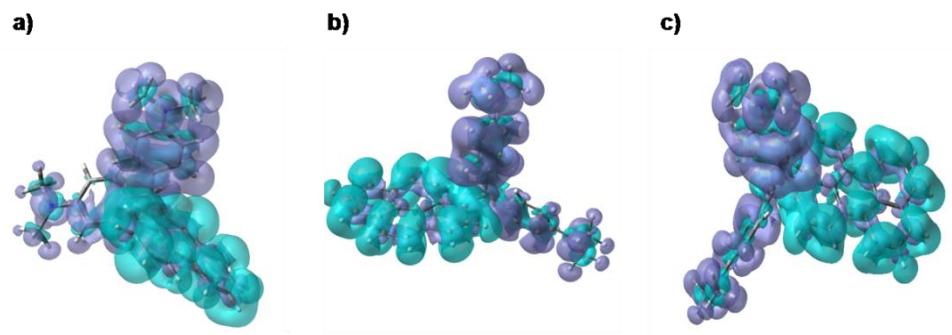
**Fig. S3** Optimized Structure of a) **PhMBD** b) **PyMBD** c) **PrMBD** in acetonitrile.

**Table S5:** Computed electronic transitions, excitation energies and oscillator strengths.

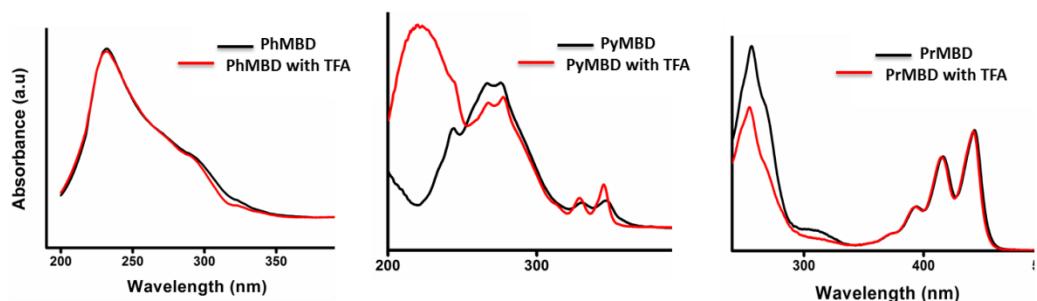
Molecule	State	Transition	Wave function coefficients	Excitation Energy (eV)	Oscillator Strength
<b>PhMBD</b>	1	115 → 116	0.70358	2.8570 eV 433.96 nm	0.0182
	2	114 → 116	0.70487	3.1106 eV 398.58 nm	0.0017
	3	115 → 117	-0.70249	366.71	0.0026
<b>PyMBD</b>	1	121 → 122	0.70476	2.4970 eV 496.54 nm	0.0020
	2	120 → 122	0.70476	2.8864 eV 429.55 nm	0.0060
	3	118 → 123 119 → 122	0.15 0.69	3.3964 eV 365.04 nm	0.4707
<b>PrMBD</b>	1	134 → 135	-0.70254	2.1341 eV 580.97 nm	0.0017
	2	132 → 135 133 → 135	-0.61371 -0.34567	2.4889 eV 498.14 nm	0.0652
	3	132 → 135 133 → 135	0.34825 -0.61260	2.6025 eV 476.40 nm	0.4440



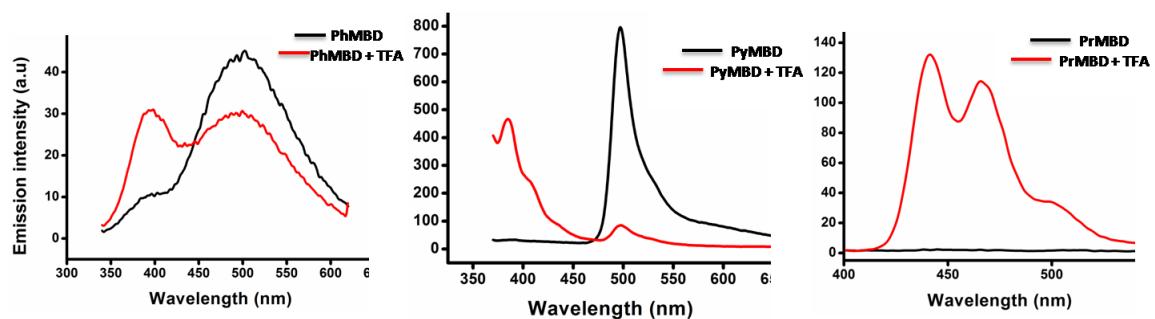
**Fig.S4** The major electronic transitions based on oscillator strength of a) **PhMBD** b) **PyMBD** c) **PrMBD**.



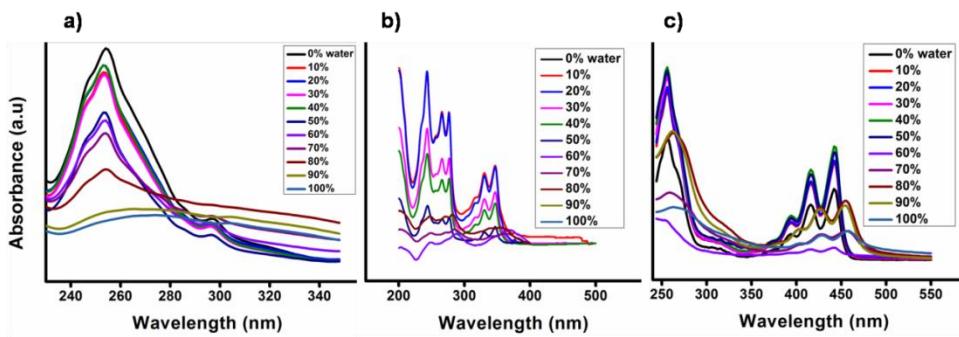
**Fig.S5** The electron difference density isosurface between ground and excited states of a) **PhMBD** b) **PyMBD** c) **PrMBD**.



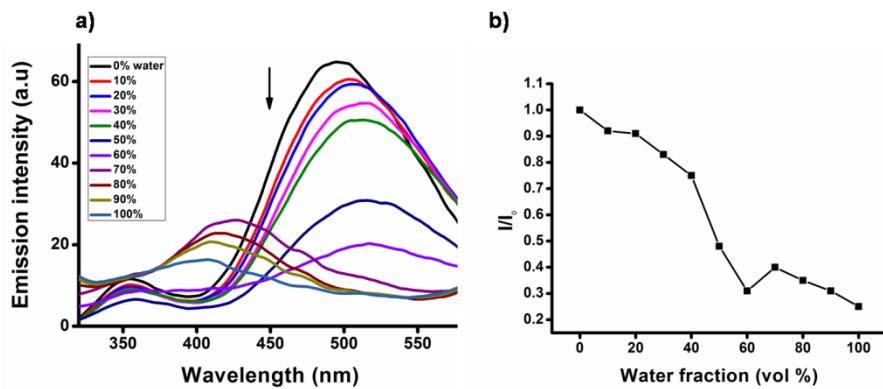
**Fig. S6** The absorption of **PhMBD**, **PyMBD** & **PrMBD** in the presence of TFA.



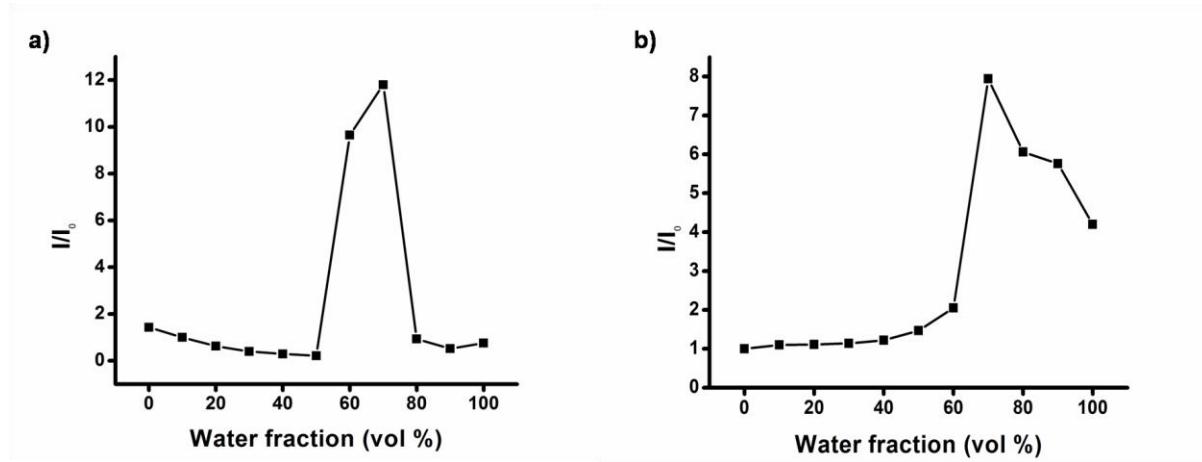
**Fig. S7** The emission spectra of **PhMBD**, **PyMBD** & **PrMBD** in the presence of TFA.



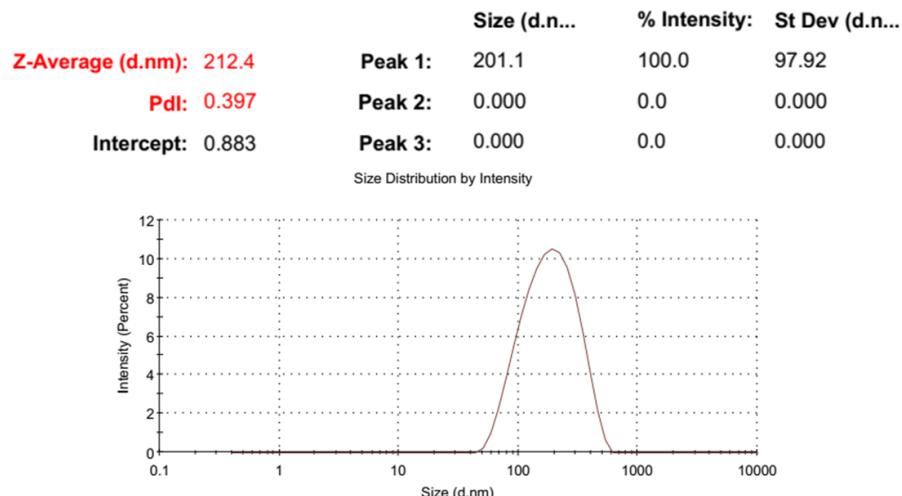
**Fig. S8** The absorption spectra of ( $5 \times 10^{-5}$  M) solution of a) **PhMBD**, b) **PyMBD**, c) **PrMBD** in acetonitrile containing different percentages of water.



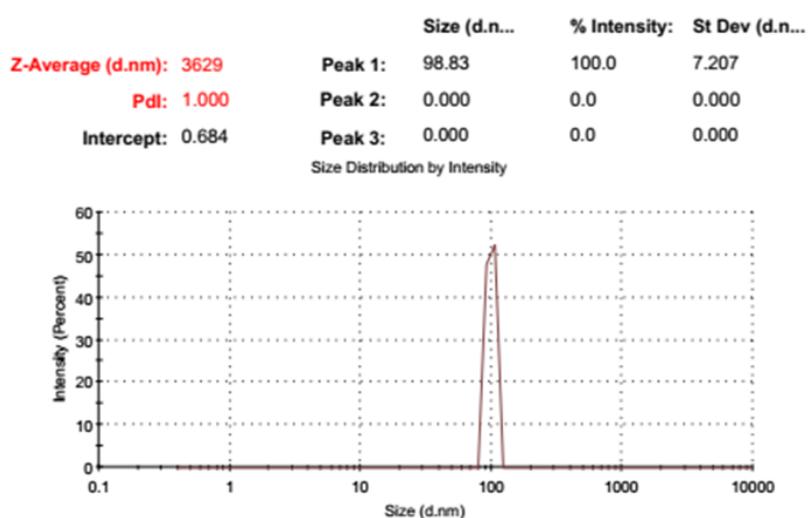
**Fig. S9** (a) The emission spectrum and (b) calibration curve of **PhMBD** ( $5 \times 10^{-5}$  M) in  $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}-\text{H}_2\text{O}$  mixtures with different water fractions.  $\lambda_{ex} = 300$  nm.



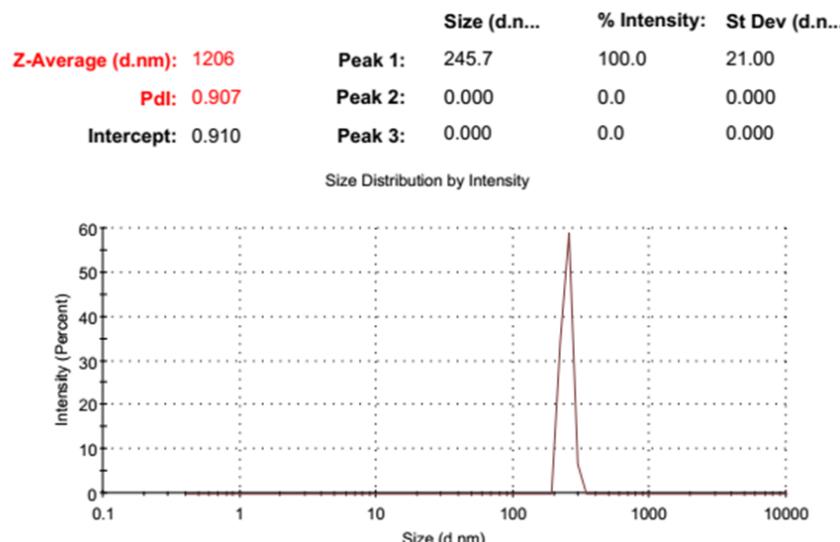
**Fig. S10** The calibration curve of  $5 \times 10^{-5}$  M (a) **PyMBD**  $\lambda_{ex} = 350$  nm. (b) **PrMBD**  $\lambda_{ex} = 380$  nm in  $\text{CH}_3\text{CN} - \text{H}_2\text{O}$  mixtures with different water fractions.



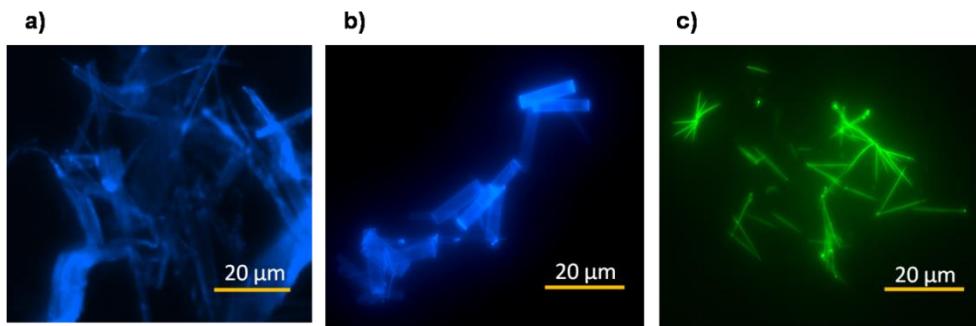
**Fig. S11** DLS images of **PhMBD** (1:1 H<sub>2</sub>O/CH<sub>3</sub>CN) concentration (5×10<sup>-5</sup> M).



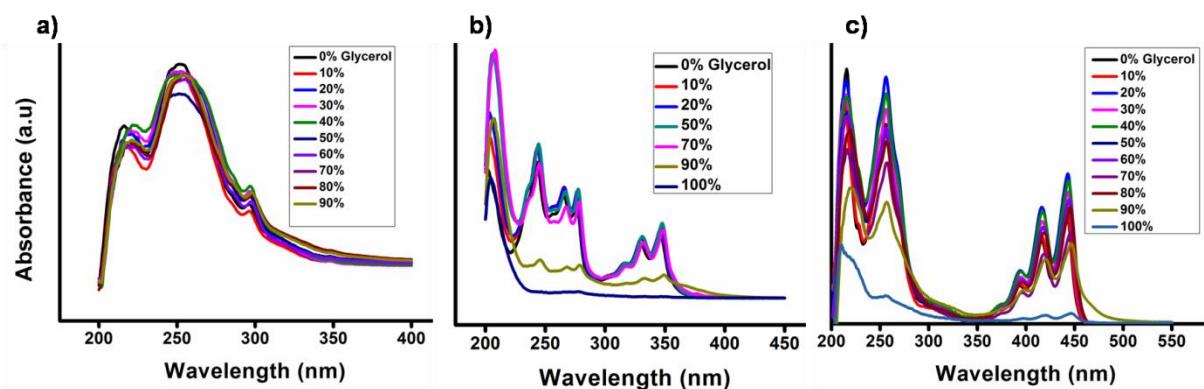
**Fig. S12** DLS images of **PyMBD** (1:1 H<sub>2</sub>O/CH<sub>3</sub>CN) concentration (5×10<sup>-5</sup> M).



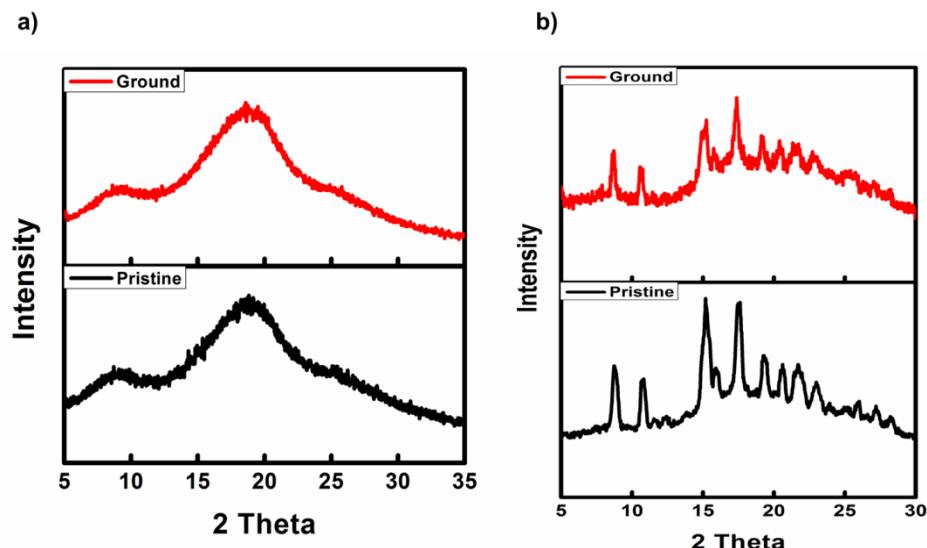
**Fig. S13** DLS images of **PrMBD** (1:1 H<sub>2</sub>O/CH<sub>3</sub>CN) concentration (5×10<sup>-5</sup> M).



**Fig. S14** The fluorescent microscopic images of a) **PhMBD** ( $f_w$  70%), b) **PyMBD** ( $f_w$  70%), c) **PrMBD** ( $f_w$  60%) in  $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}-\text{H}_2\text{O}$  mixtures, concentration ( $5 \times 10^{-5}$  M).



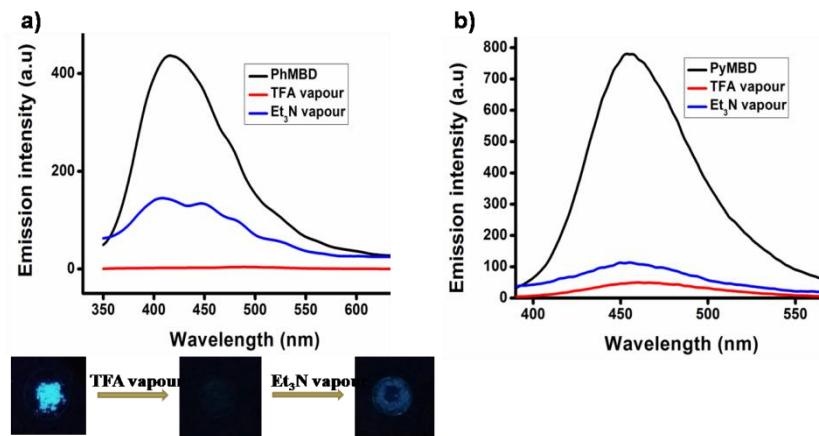
**Fig. S15** The absorption spectrum of ( $5 \times 10^{-5}$  M) solutions of a) **PhMBD** b) **PyMBD** c) **PrMBD** in methanol containing different percentages of glycerol.



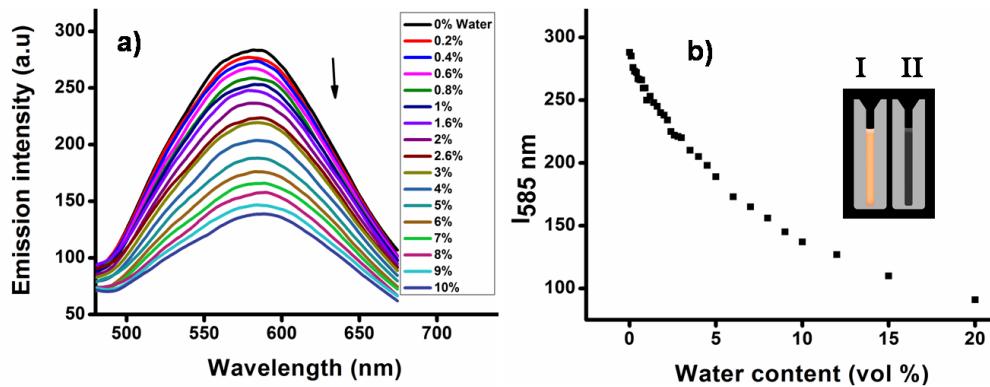
**Fig. S16** The PXRD spectra of a) **PhMBD** b) **PyMBD** before and after grinding.

**Table S6:** The  $2\theta$  values of the pristine, ground and aged sample

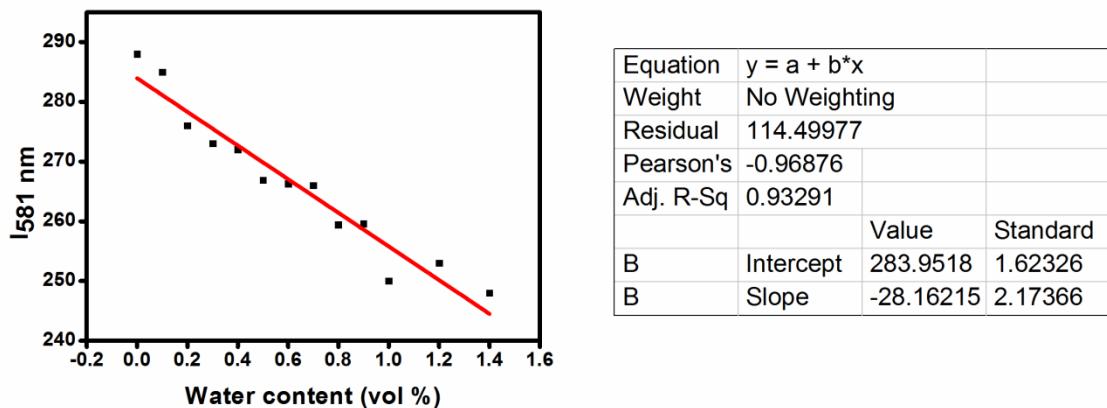
Pristine	Ground	After 17 hr
2 Theta	2 Theta	2 Theta
6.9	6.77	6.86
8.88	8.57	8.61
9.8	12.25	9.62
10.54	13.26	10.46
11.29	15.67	11.02
11.99	16.59	12.30
12.38	13.30	
13.44	19.09	14.75
14.18	19.84	15.28
14.57	20.28	15.67
15.72	20.97	16.68
16.33	22.42	17.60
16.77	25.18	19.13
17.65	25.93	19.88
18.78	27.77	20.36
19.22		21.11
21.02		21.50
21.50		22.47
21.8		23.34
22.60		25.23
23.34		25.97
24.05		26.85
24.49		27.86
25.32		28.39
26.02		28.60
		29.53



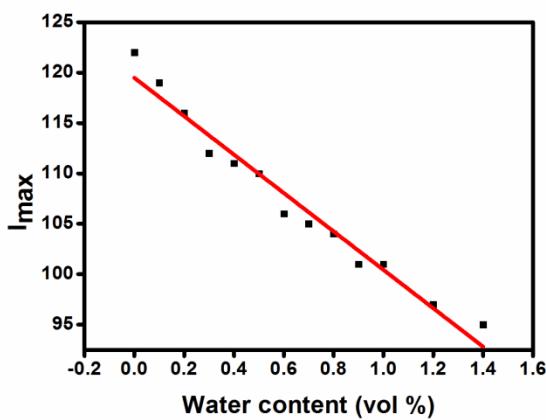
**Fig.S17** The emission spectra of a) **PhMBD** b) **PyMBD** exposed to TFA and  $\text{Et}_3\text{N}$  vapour.



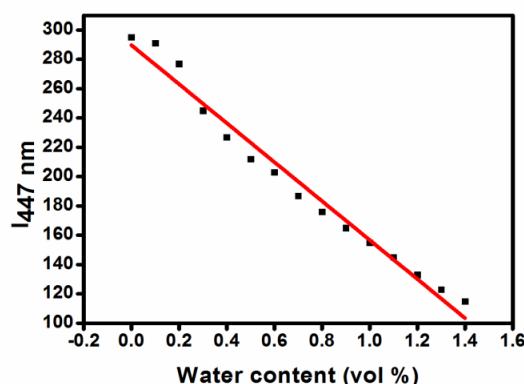
**Fig. S18** a) The emission spectra and b) calibration curve and photographs of **PyMBD** ( $5 \times 10^{-5}$  M in acetonitrile) in presence of different percentages of water in acetonitrile [I-pure solvent, II-with the addition of 20% water (when viewed under UV lamp of 365 nm)].



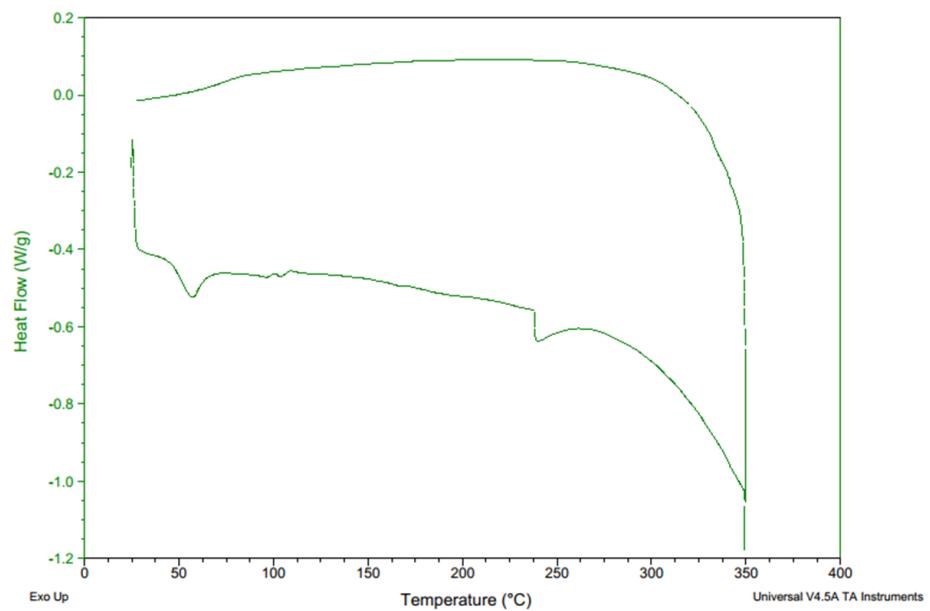
**Fig. S19** Calibration curve of **PyMBD** ( $5 \times 10^{-5}$  M) in lower concentration range, with error bars for calculating the DL and QL as a function of water content in acetonitrile.



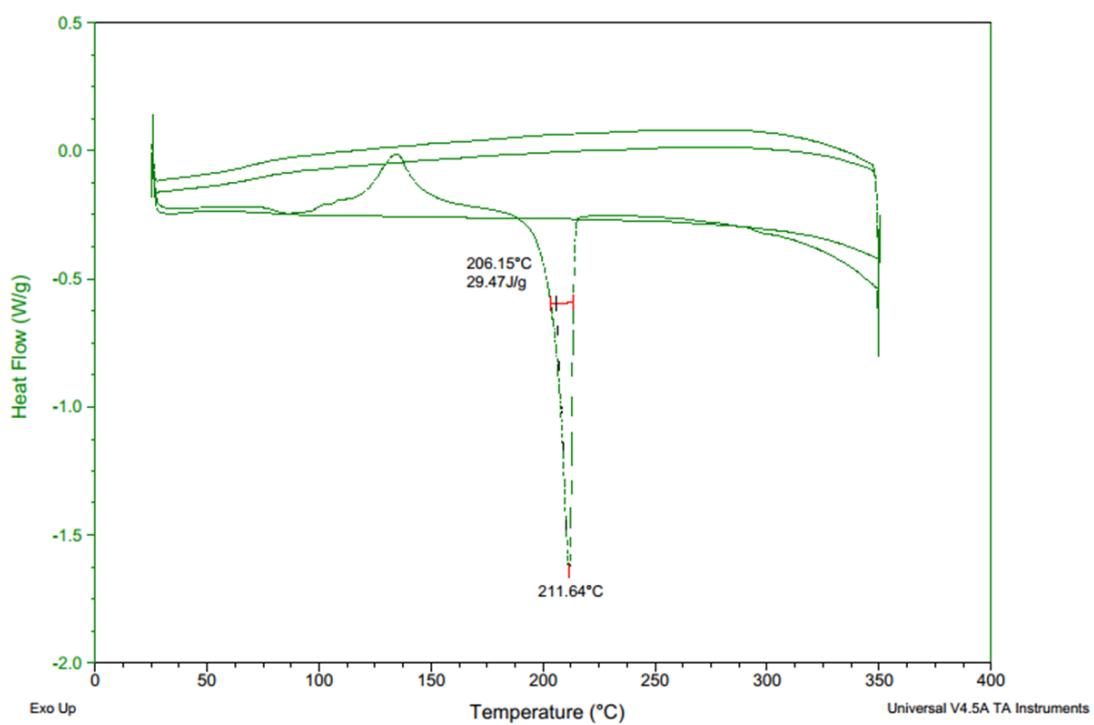
**Fig. S20** Calibration curve of **PyMBD** ( $5 \times 10^{-5} M$ ) in lower concentration range, with error bars for calculating the DL and QL as a function of water content in dioxane.



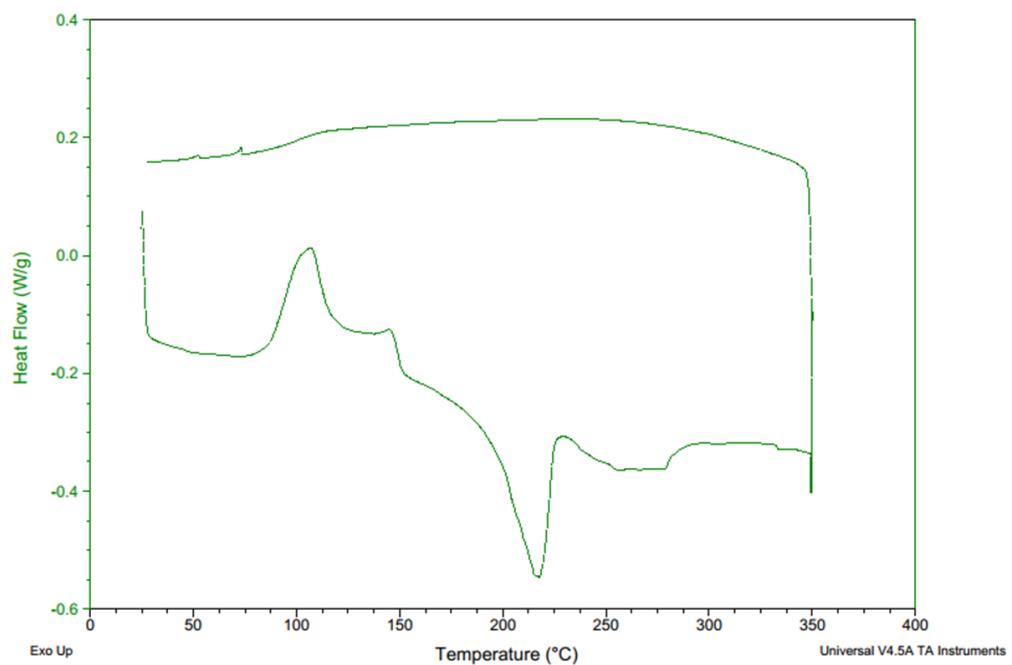
**Fig. S21** Calibration curve of **PrMBD** ( $5 \times 10^{-5} M$ ) in lower concentration range, with error bars for calculating the DL and QL as a function of water content in dioxane.



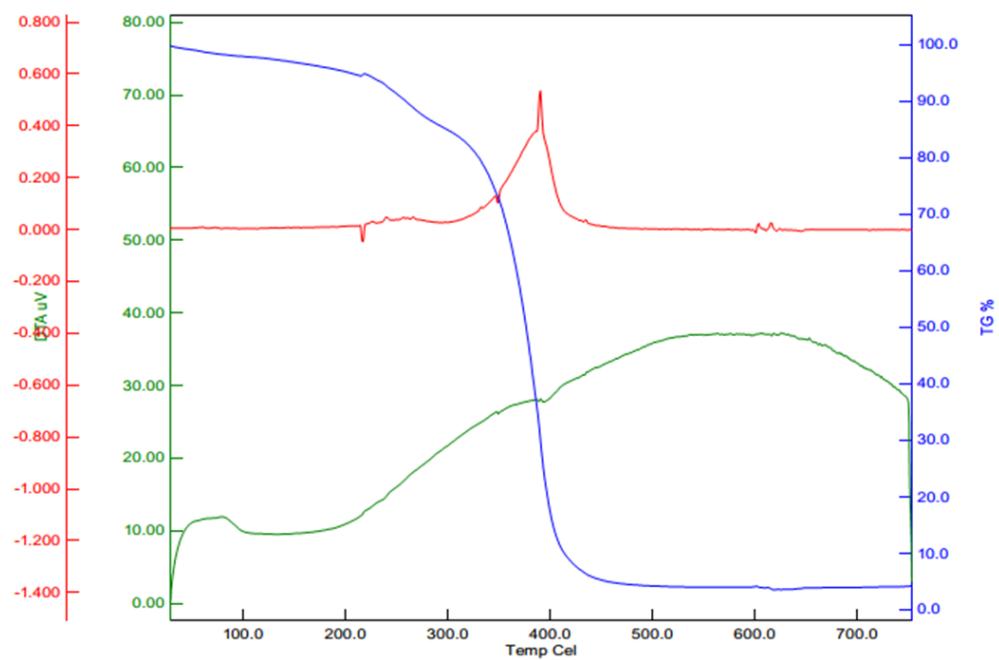
**Fig.S22** The DSC curve of PhMBD.



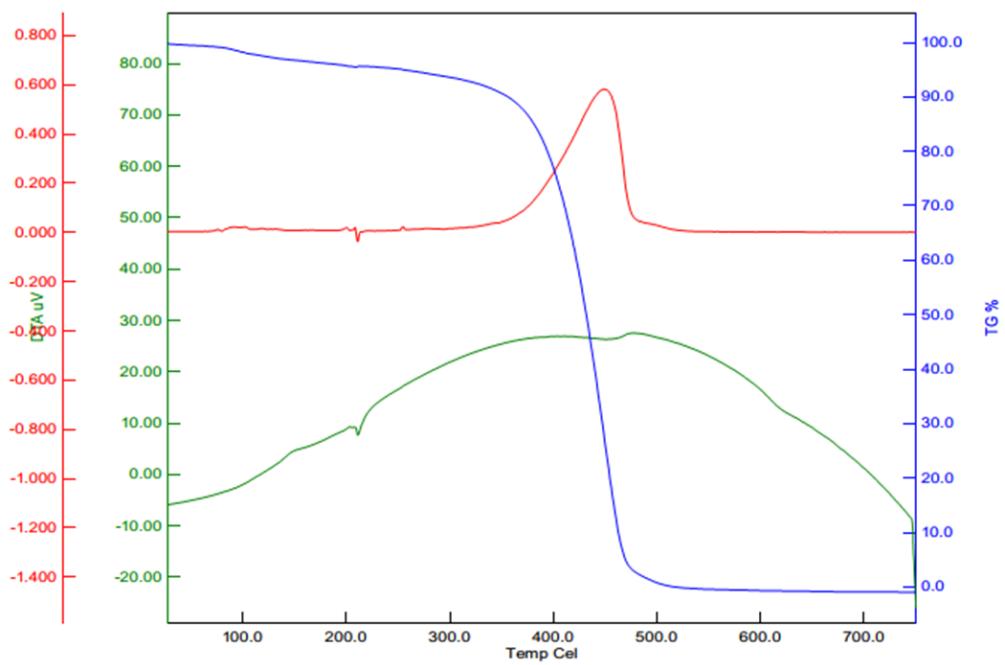
**Fig.S23** The DSC curve of PyMBD.



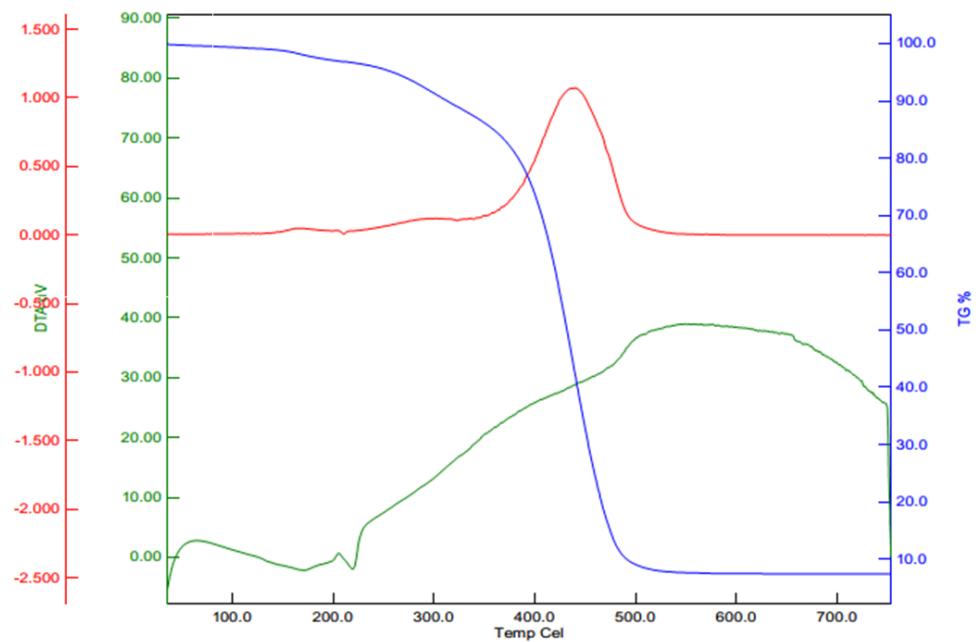
**Fig.S24** The DSC curve of PrMBD.



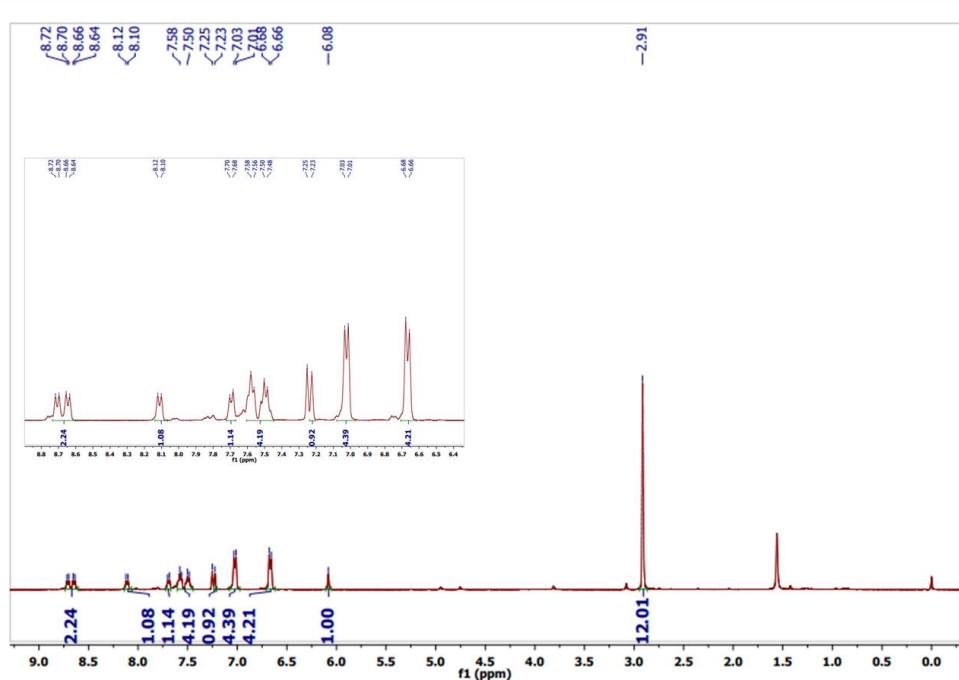
**Fig.S25** DTA, TG and DTG curves of PhMBD.



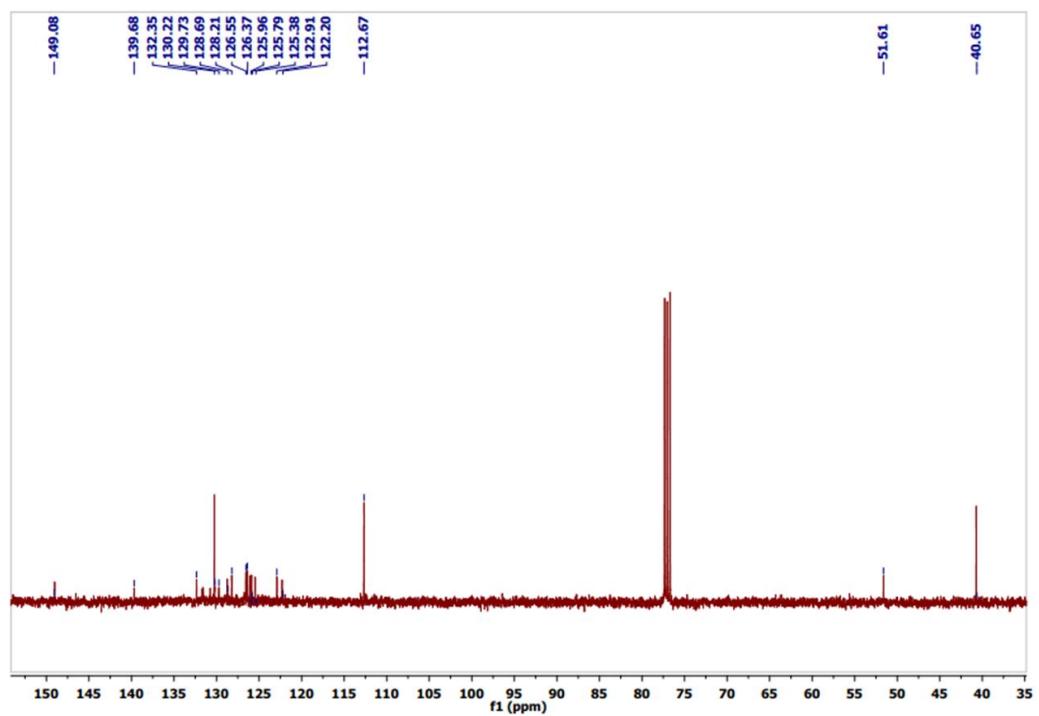
**Fig.S26** DTA, TG and DTG curves of PyMBD.



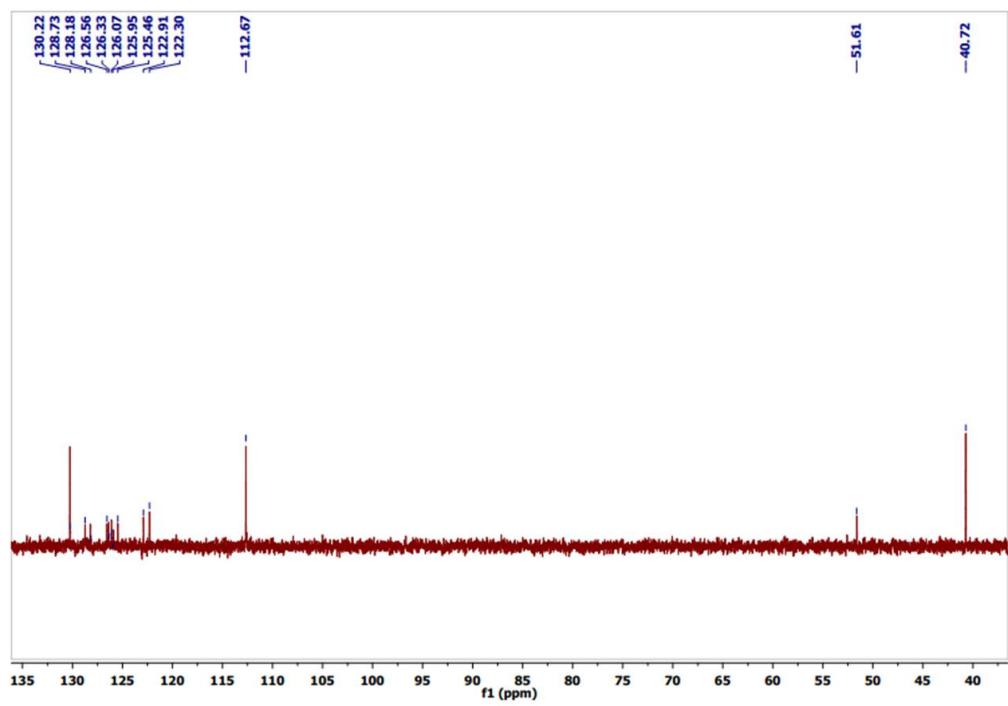
**Fig.S27** DTA, TG and DTG curves of PrMBD.



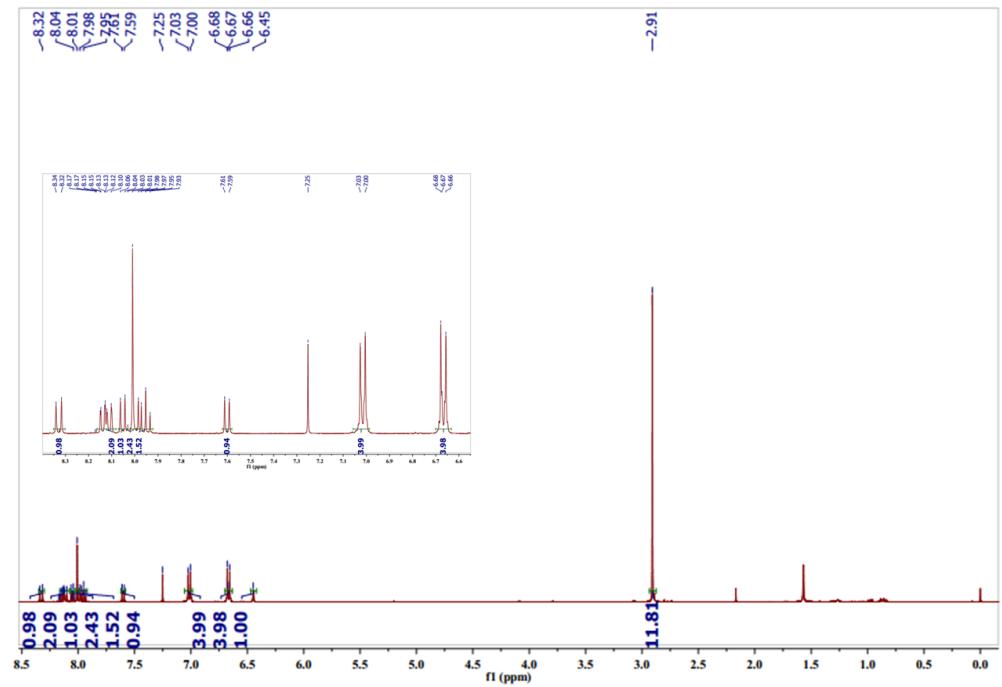
**Fig.S28**  $^1\text{H}$ NMR of **PhMBD** (400MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ).



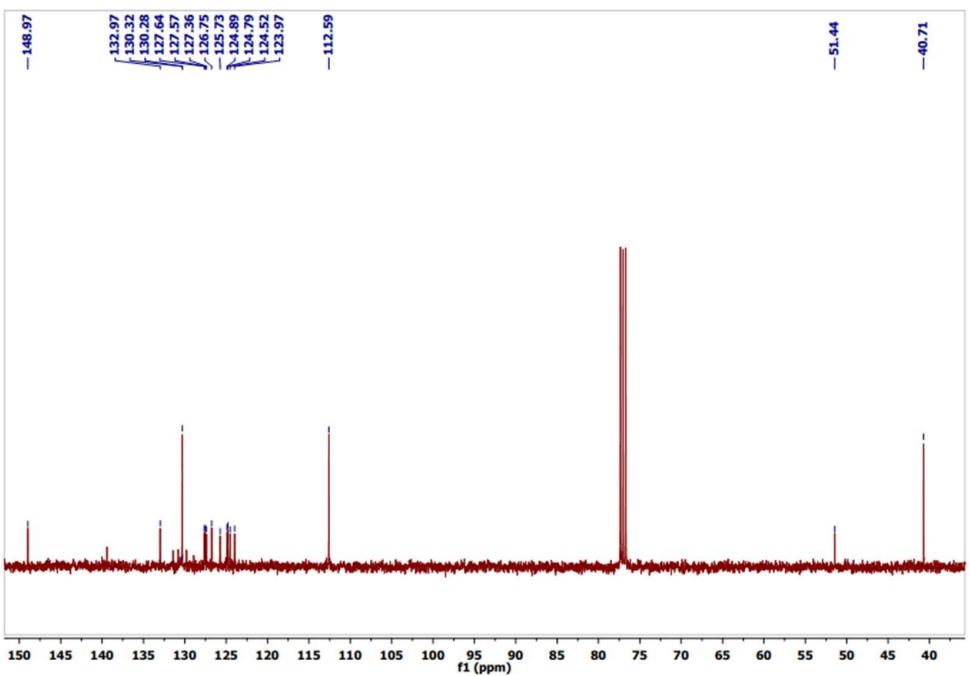
**Fig. S29.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of **PhMBD** (100MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ).



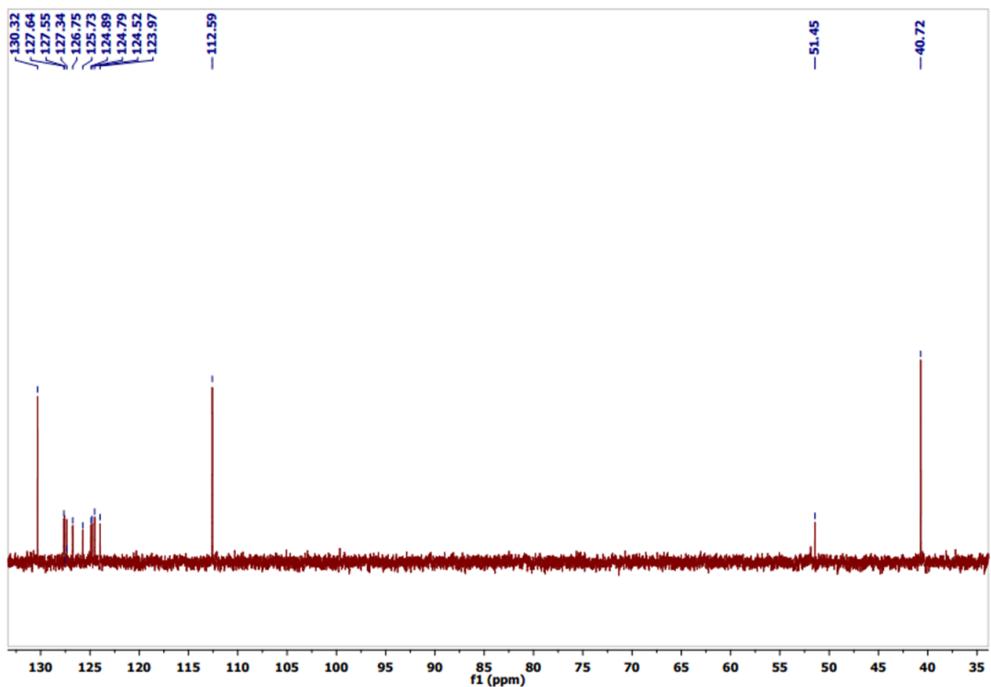
**Fig. S30.** DEPT-135 of **PhMBD** (100MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>).



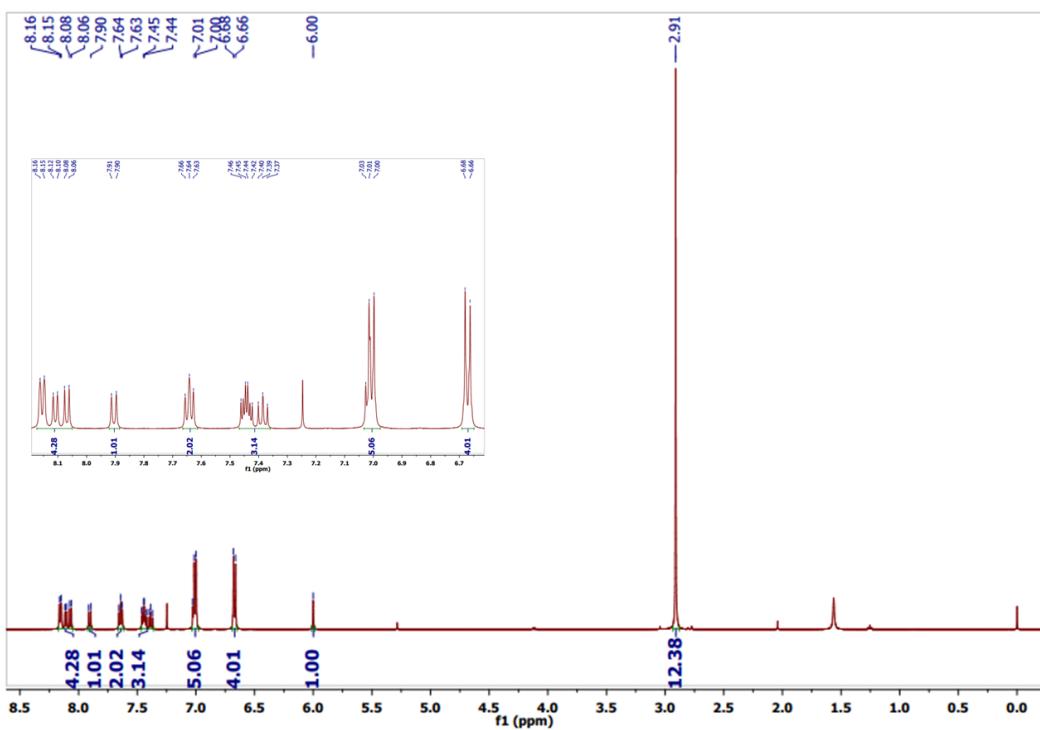
**Fig.S31** <sup>1</sup>HNMR of **PyMBD** (400MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>).



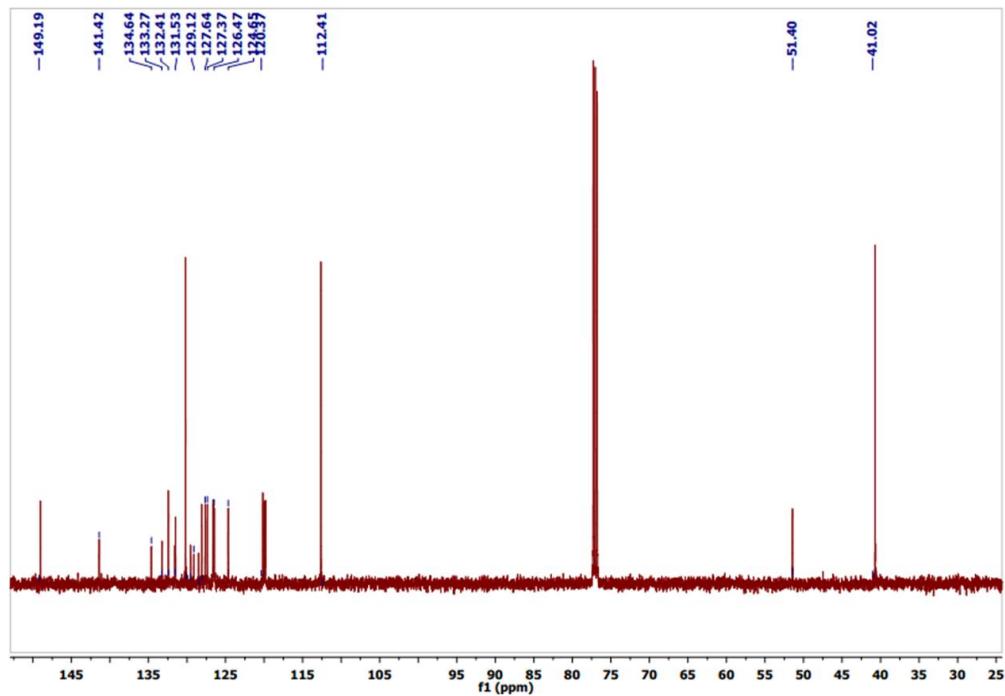
**Fig.S32**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of **PyMBD** (100MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ).



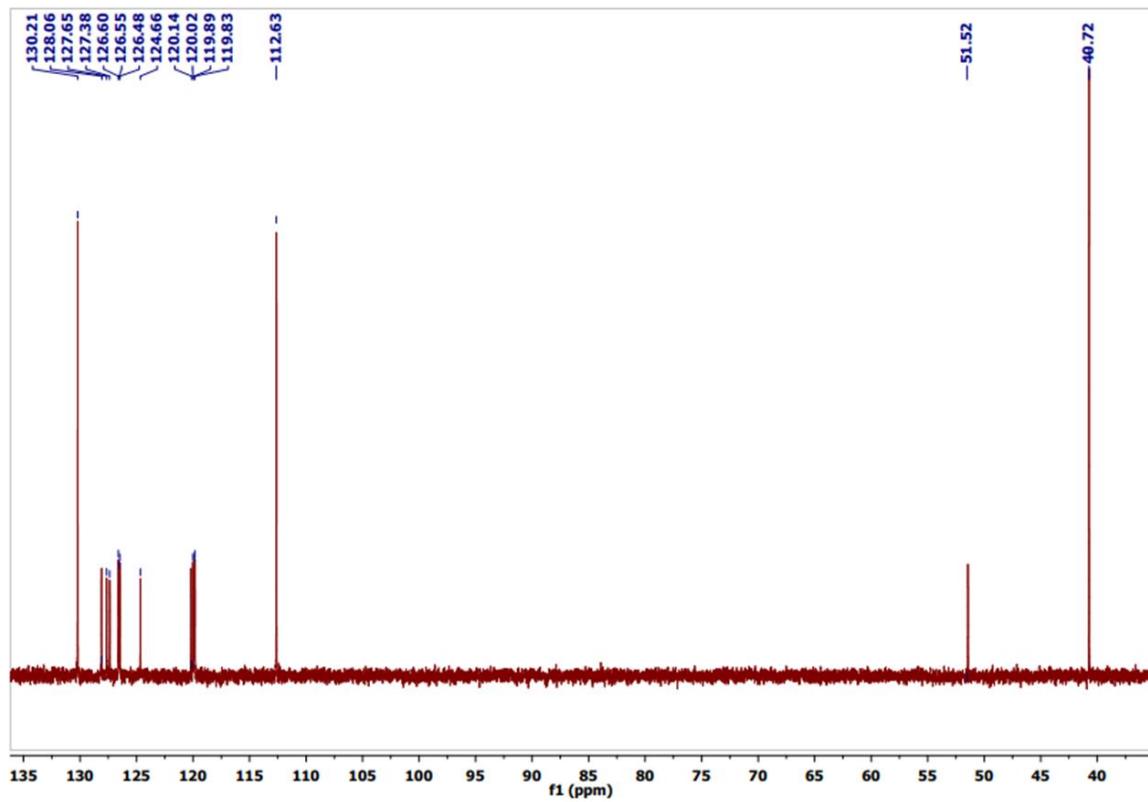
**Fig.S33** DEPT-135 of **PyMBD** (100MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ).



**Fig.S34**  $^1\text{H}$ NMR of **PrMBD** (500MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ).



**Fig.S35**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR of **PrMBD** (125MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ).



**Fig.S36** DEPT-135 of PrMBD (125MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>).

## Elemental Composition Report

Page 1

### Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 5.0 mDa / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0

Element prediction: Off

Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

1 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 best isotopic matches for each mass)

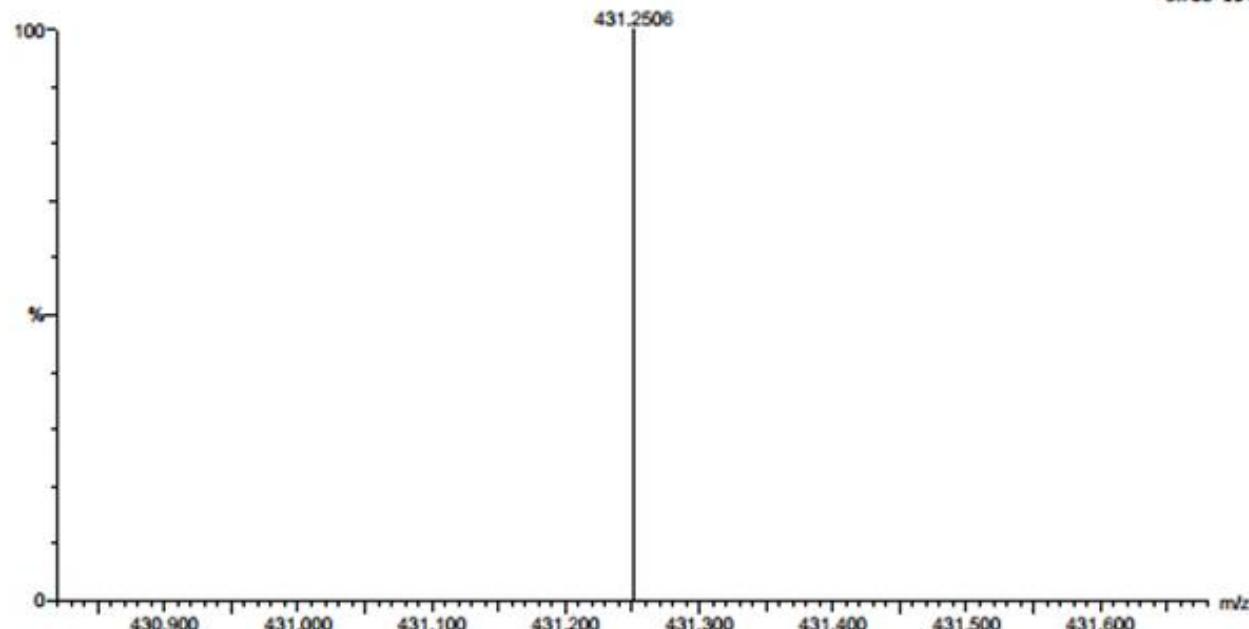
Elements Used:

C: 0-31 H: 0-31 N: 0-2

KMM-PH-BDA

08062018-02-KMM-PH-BDA 10 (0.252) AM (Cen,5, 80.00, Ar,5000.0,0.00,1.00); Sb (1,40.00 ); Sm (Mn, 1x0.00); Cr (3:19)

TOF MS ES+  
9.73e+004



Minimum:

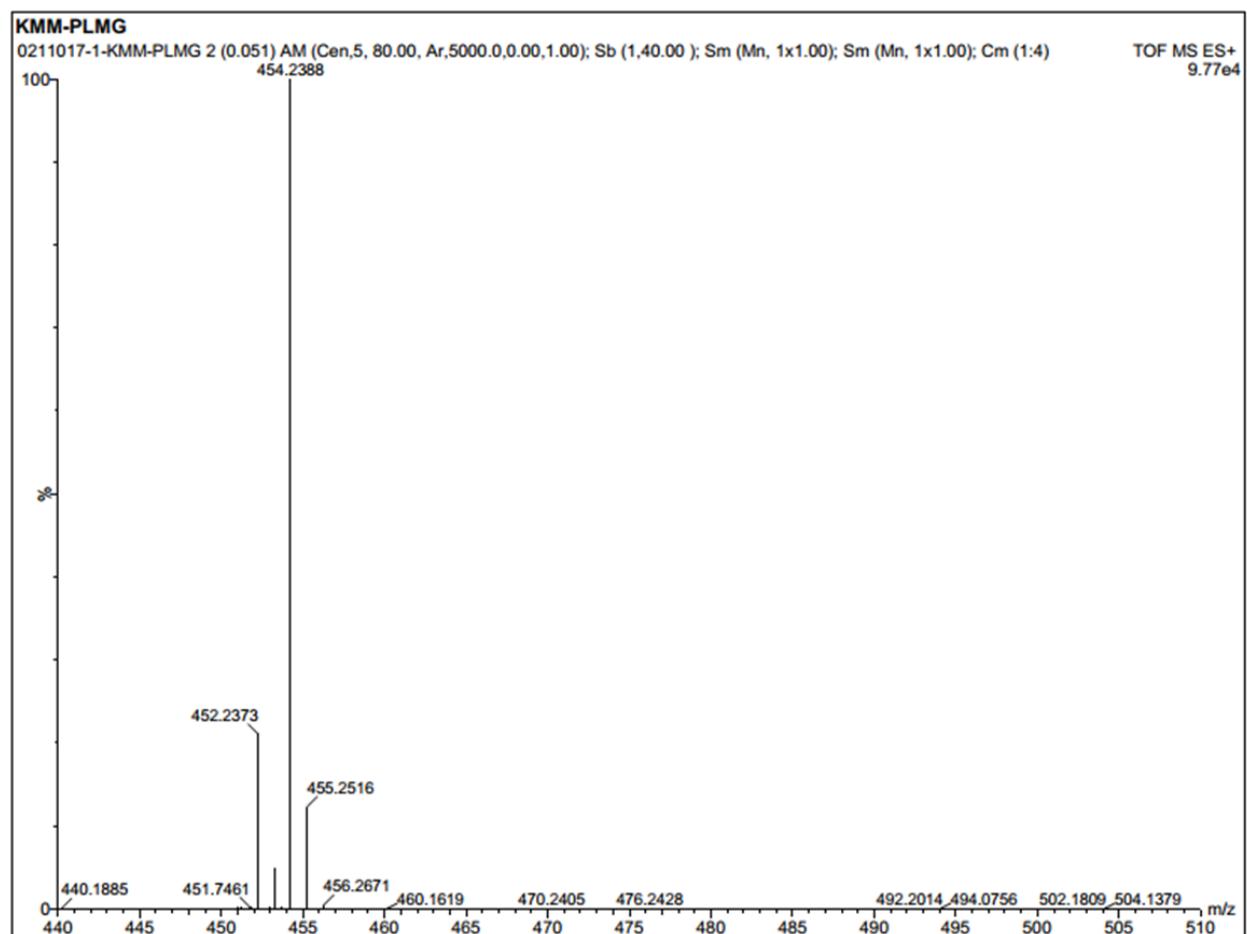
-1.5

Maximum:

5.0 10.0 50.0

Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	i-FIT	Formula
431.2506	431.2487	1.9	4.4	17.5	n/a	C31 H31 N2

Fig.S37 Mass spectrum of PhMBD.



**Fig.S38** Mass spectrum of PyMBD.

**Single Mass Analysis**

Tolerance = 5.0 mDa / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0

Element prediction: Off

Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

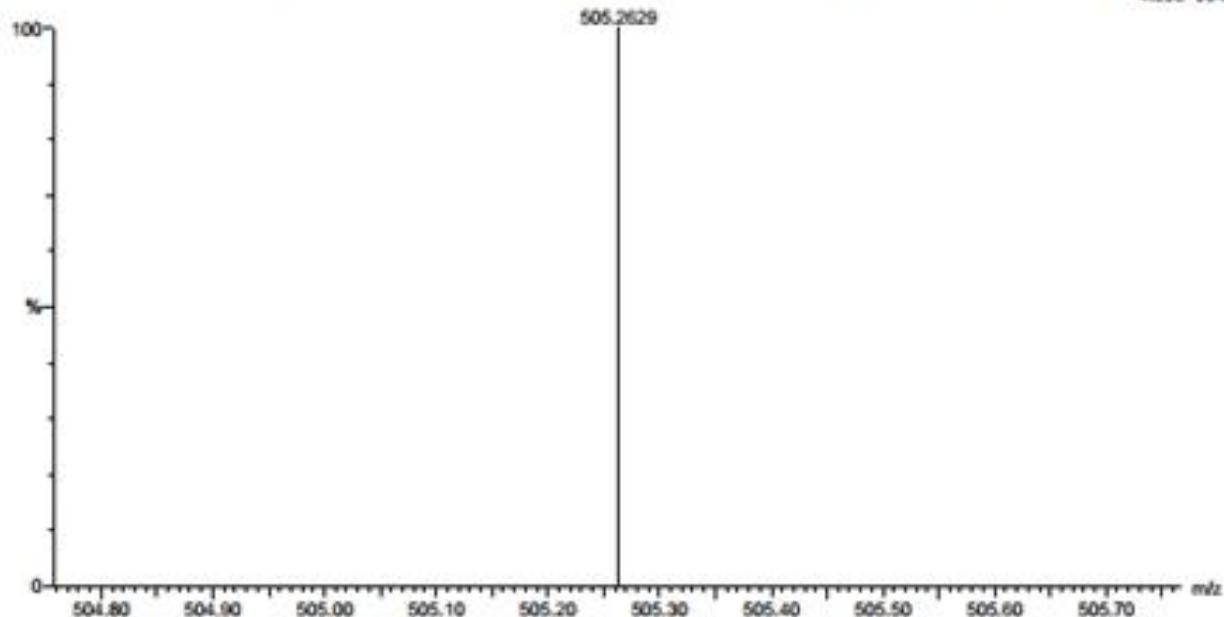
1 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 best isotopic matches for each mass)

Elements Used:

C: 0-37 H: 0-33 N: 0-2

KMM-PR-BDA

08062018-01-KMM-PR-BDA 2 (0.051) AM (Cen,5, 80.00, Ar,5000.0,0.00,1.00); Sb (1,40.00); Sm (Mn, 1x0.00); Cm (2:6)

TOF MS ES+  
4.80e+004

Minimum:

Maximum:

5.0 10.0

-1.5

50.0

Mass

Calc. Mass

mDa

PPM

DBE

i-FIT

Formula

505.2629

-1.5

-3.0

22.5

n/a

C37 H33 N2

Table 1: Elemental composition report for the mass spectrum shown above.

**Fig.S39** Mass spectrum of PrMBD.