

## Supporting Information

### A zinc(II)-organic framework as multi-responsive photoluminescence sensor for efficient and recyclable detection of pesticide 2,6-dichloro-4-nitroaniline, Fe(III) and Cr(VI)

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Table S1. Crystallographic data and structure refinements for Zn-MOF-1

Zn-MOF-1	
Formula	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>18</sub> ZnN <sub>7</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
Mr	541.86
Crystal system	Triclinic
space group	P <sub>1</sub>
<i>a</i> , Å	9.1505(10)
<i>b</i> , Å	10.4512(11)
<i>c</i> , Å	13.869(2)
$\alpha$ , deg	108.994(13)
$\beta$ , deg	101.343(12)
$\gamma$ , deg	97.790(9)
<i>V</i> , Å <sup>3</sup>	1200.8(3)
Z	2
<i>D</i> <sub>c</sub> , g cm <sup>-3</sup>	1.499
$\mu$ , mm <sup>-1</sup>	1.793
Unique.reflns	4297
<i>R</i> <sub>1</sub> [ <i>I</i> >2σ( <i>I</i> )]	0.0922
w <i>R</i> <sub>2</sub> (All data)	0.2778
GOF	1.118

Table S2. The selected bond lengths ( $\text{\AA}$ ) and angles ( $^\circ$ ) for Zn-MOF-1.

Zn1-O2	1.935(6)
Zn1-N7A	2.027(8)
Zn1-N1	2.032(7)
Zn1-N3B	2.056(7)
O2-Zn1-N7A	115.0(3)
O2-Zn1-N1	114.7(3)
N7A-Zn1-N1	102.9(3)
O2-Zn1-N3B	114.0(3)
N7A-Zn1-N3B	94.6(3)
N1-Zn1-N3B	113.5(3)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: A: x+1,y+1,z+1; B x+1,y+1,z.

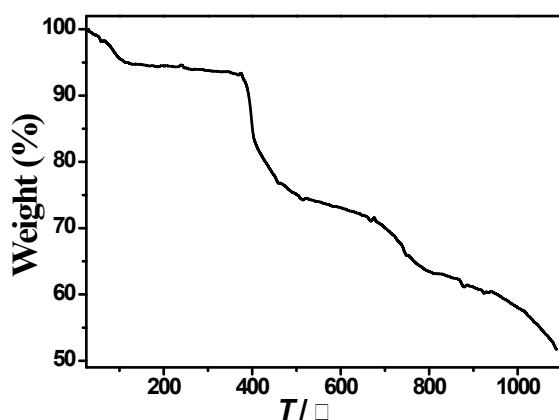


Fig. S1 The TGA curve for Zn-MOF-1.

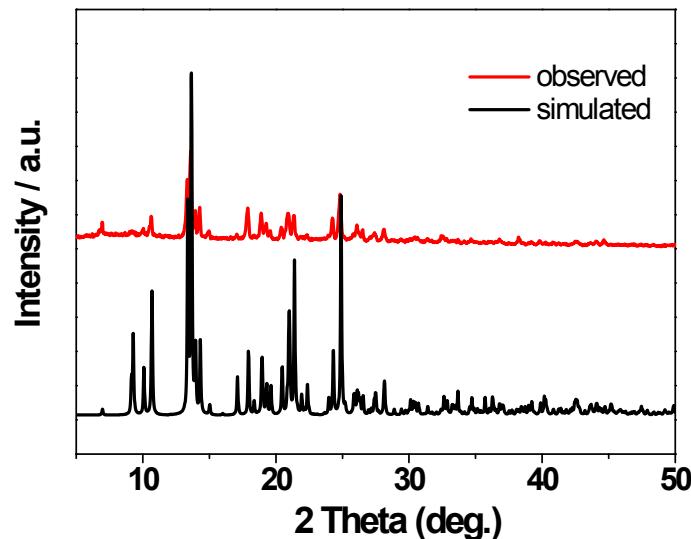


Fig. S2. PXRD patterns for Zn-MOF-1.

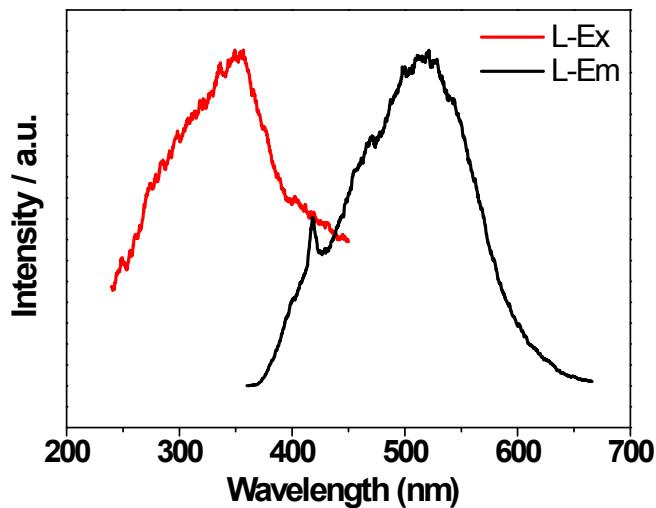


Fig. S3 The solid-state excitation ( $\lambda_{\text{em}} = 517 \text{ nm}$ ) and emission spectra ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 351 \text{ nm}$ ) of free L ligands at room temperature.

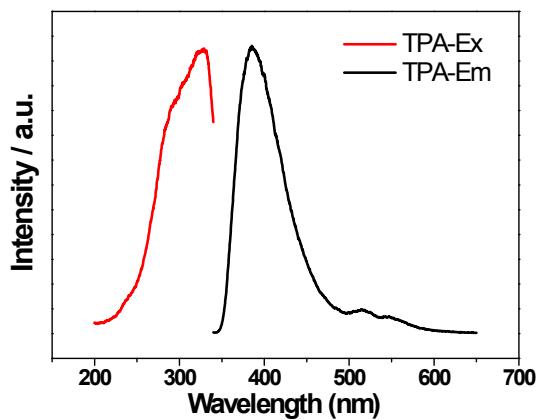


Fig. S4 The solid-state excitation ( $\lambda_{\text{em}} = 385 \text{ nm}$ ) and emission spectra ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 326 \text{ nm}$ ) of free TPA ligands at room temperature.

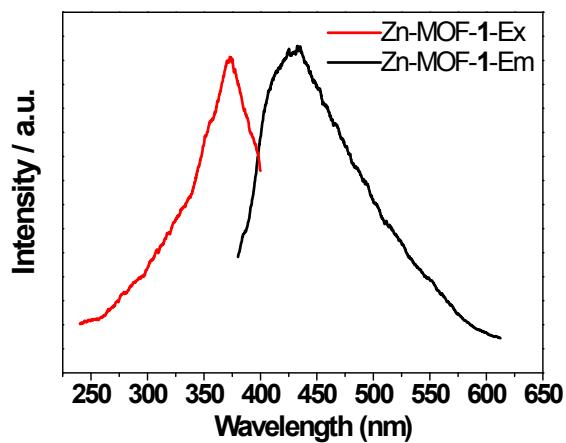


Fig. S5 The solid-state excitation ( $\lambda_{\text{em}} = 432 \text{ nm}$ ) and emission spectra ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 373 \text{ nm}$ ) of Zn-MOF-1 at room temperature.

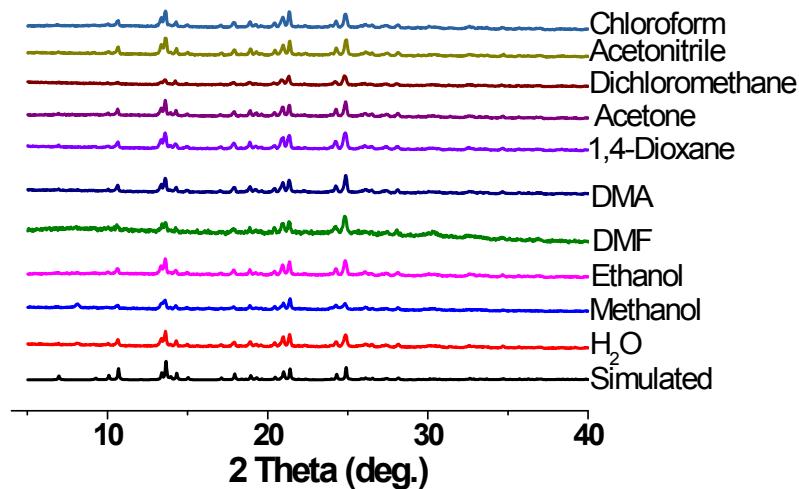


Fig. S6. The PXRD patterns of Zn-MOF-1 in different solvents, with the simulated Zn-MOF-1 single crystal data result as reference.

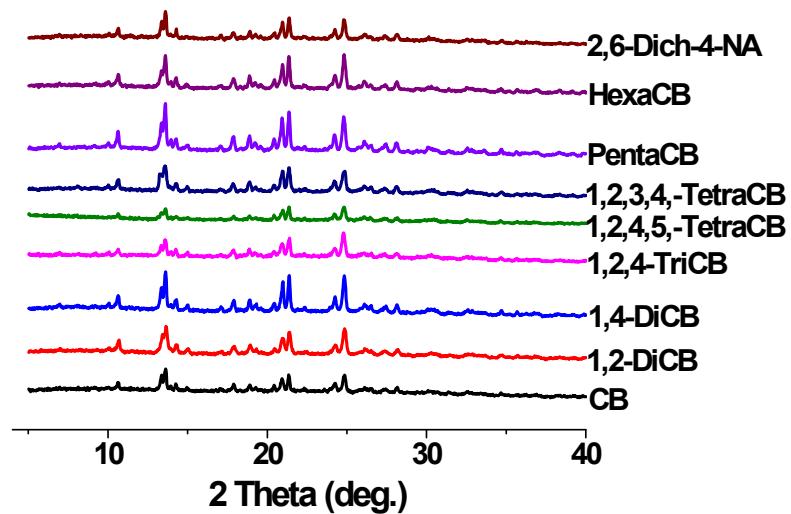


Fig. S7. PXRD patterns of Zn-MOF-1 in different organochlorine pesticides.

Table S3. Sensing performance comparison between other MOF-based fluorescent sensors with Zn-MOF-**1** for Fe<sup>3+</sup> ions.

MOF-based fluorescent materials	analyte	detection limits	quenching constant	recyclability	solvent	Ref
Zn-MOF- <b>1</b>	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	3.84 μM	$6.4 \times 10^3$	YES	Water	This work
{(Me <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub> )[Tb(OBA) <sub>2</sub> ]·(Hatz) ·(H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>1.5</sub> } <sub>n</sub>	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	1.0 μM	$3.4 \times 10^4$	NO	Water	<sup>1</sup>
[Eu(HL) <sub>1.5</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O)(DMF)]·2H <sub>2</sub> O	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	1.03	$1 \times 10^4$	YES	Water	<sup>2</sup>
[ZnL]·2H <sub>2</sub> O	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	0.92 μM	$4.67 \times 10^4$	YES	Water	<sup>3</sup>
{[Cd(5-asba)(bimb)]} <sub>n</sub>	Fe <sup>3+</sup>		$1.78 \times 10^4$	NO	Water	<sup>4</sup>
[Eu(HL)(H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>3</sub> ] <sub>n</sub>	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	$1.16 \times 10^{-3}$ M	$5.3 \times 10^3$	NO	Water	<sup>5</sup>
CDs@UiO-66(OH) <sub>2</sub>	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	0.76 μM	$4.58 \times 10^4$	NO	Water	<sup>6</sup>
FJI-C8	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	0.0233 mM	8245	NO	DMF	<sup>7</sup>
Al-MIL-53-N <sub>3</sub>	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	0.03 μM	$6.13 \times 10^3$	YES	Water	<sup>8</sup>
[Zn(L)(bpdc)]·1.6H <sub>2</sub> O	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	152 ppb	$1.73 \times 10^4$	NO	Water	<sup>9</sup>
Pb <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> L	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	7.85 μM	$7.8 \times 10^3$	YES	Water	<sup>10</sup>

H<sub>2</sub>OBA = 4,4'-oxybis(benzoic acid) (H<sub>2</sub>oba), Hatz = 3-amino-1,2,4-triazole<sup>1</sup>; HL = 5-(3',5'-dicarboxylphenyl)nicotinic acid<sup>2</sup>; L<sup>2-</sup> = pphenylenebis(1-[3,5-dicarboxylatophenyl]methyl)pyrid-4-yl)<sup>3</sup>; H<sub>2</sub>5-asba = 2-amino-5-sulfobenzoic acid, [bimb = 1,4-bis(1H-imidazol-1-yl)butane]<sup>4</sup>; H<sub>4</sub>L = 1-(3,5-dicarboxylatobenzyl)-3,5-pyrazole dicarboxylic acid<sup>5</sup>; CDs = carbon dots<sup>6</sup>; H<sub>6</sub>TDPAT = (2,4,6-tris(3,5-dicarboxylphenylamino)-1,3,5-triazine)<sup>7</sup>; L = 1,4-di(1H-imidazol-4-yl)benzene, H<sub>2</sub>bpdc = 4,4'-benzophenonedicarboxylic acid<sup>9</sup>; H<sub>2</sub>L = 4-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)phenol)<sup>10</sup>.

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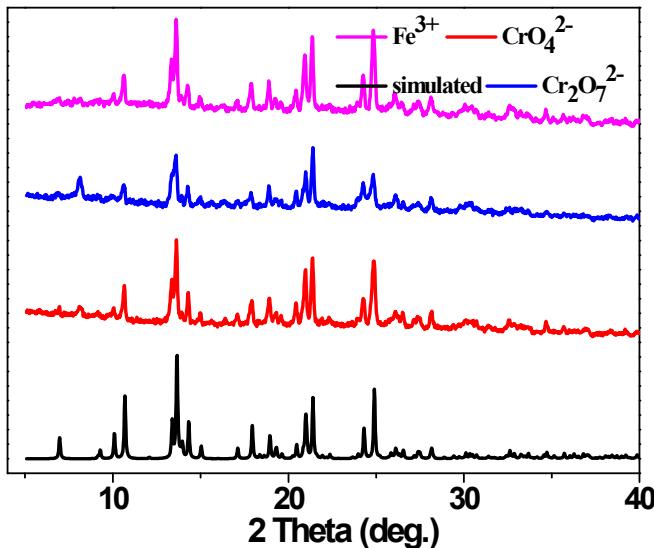


Fig. S8. PXRD patterns of Zn-MOF-1 after  $\text{Fe}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{CrO}_4^{2-}$  and  $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$  sensing process, with the simulated Zn-MOF-1 single crystal data result as reference.

Table S4. Sensing performance comparison between other MOF-based fluorescent sensors with Zn-MOF-1 for Cr(VI) ions

MOF-based fluorescent materials	analyte	detection limits	quenching constant	recyclability	solvent	Ref
Zn-MOF-1	$\text{CrO}_4^{2-}$	2.10 $\mu\text{M}$	$1.3 \times 10^4$	YES	Water	This work
	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$	3.80 $\mu\text{M}$	$6.05 \times 10^3$			
[Zn <sub>2</sub> (TPOM)(BDC) <sub>2</sub> ] · 4H <sub>2</sub> O	$\text{CrO}_4^{2-}$	4.8 $\mu\text{M}$	$4.45 \times 10^3$	YES	DMF	<sup>1</sup>
[Zn(L)(BBI)·(H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>2</sub> ]	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$	3.9 $\mu\text{M}$	$7.59 \times 10^3$			
Eu <sub>4</sub> L <sub>3</sub>	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$	10 $\mu\text{M}$	$1.526 \times 10^3$	YES	DMF	<sup>3</sup>
[Cd(TPTZ)(H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>2</sub> (HCOOH) · (IPA) <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>n</sub>	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$	—		NO	Water	<sup>4</sup>
[Cd <sub>6</sub> (L) <sub>2</sub> (bib) <sub>2</sub> (DMA) <sub>4</sub> ]	$\text{CrO}_4^{2-}$	—		NO	Water	<sup>5</sup>
[Zn(2-NH <sub>2</sub> bdc)(bibp)] <sub>n</sub>	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$	—		NO	Water	<sup>6</sup>
1-Eu	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$	22 $\mu\text{M}$		NO	Ethanol	<sup>7</sup>
[Zn <sub>2</sub> (tpeb) <sub>2</sub> (2,3-ndc) <sub>2</sub> ] · H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>{n}</sub>	$\text{CrO}_4^{2-}$	1.734 ppb		YES	Water	<sup>8</sup>
	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$	2.623 ppb				
[EuL(H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>3</sub> ] · 3H <sub>2</sub> O · 0.75DMF	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$	—		YES	DMF	<sup>9</sup>
	$\text{CrO}_4^{2-}$	0.33 ppm	$4.85 \times 10^3$	YES	Water	<sup>10</sup>
DMF · solvent	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$	1.07 ppm	$1.04 \times 10^4$			
[Tb(TATAB)(H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>2</sub> ] · NMP · H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>{n}</sub>	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$	1 $\mu\text{M}$	$1.11 \times 10^4$	NO	Water	<sup>11</sup>
	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$	20 $\mu\text{M}$	$4.23 \times 10^3$			
Eu <sup>3+</sup> @MIL-121	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$	0.054 $\mu\text{M}$	$4.34 \times 10^3$	NO	Water	<sup>12</sup>
[Zn(btz)] <sub>n</sub>	$\text{CrO}_4^{2-}$	10 $\mu\text{M}$	$3.19 \times 10^3$	YES	Water	<sup>13</sup>
	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$	20 $\mu\text{M}$				

[Zn <sub>2</sub> (ttz)H <sub>2</sub> O] <sub>n</sub>	CrO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	2 μM	2.35×10 <sup>3</sup>	YES	Water	13
	Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	20 μM	2.19×10 <sup>3</sup>			
[Zn <sub>2.5</sub> (cpbda)(OH) <sub>2</sub> ]·DMF	CrO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	–		NO	Water	14
	Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> <sup>2-</sup>					
{[Cu(butylmalonate) <sub>2</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O)]}	Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	–		NO	Water	15
(2-APH) <sub>2</sub> ·H <sub>2</sub> O						
[Eu <sub>7</sub> (mtb) <sub>5</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>16</sub> ]·NO <sub>3</sub> ·8DMA·18H <sub>2</sub> O	CrO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	0.56 ppb	–	NO	deionized water	16
TPOM= tetrakis(4-pyridyloxymethylene)methane, BDC= 2-aminoterephthalic acid; <sup>1</sup> L=benzo-(1,2;4,5)-bis(thiophene-2'-carboxylic acid, BBI=1,1'-(1,4-butanediyl)bis(imidazole); <sup>2</sup> L= 5,5'-(carbonylbis(azanediyl))diisophthalic acid; <sup>3</sup> TPTZ =4-[4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)phenyl]-1H-1,2,4-triazole, IPA=isophthalic acid; <sup>4</sup> L= 4-(carboxyphenyl)oxamethyl]-3-oxapentane acid, bib = 4,4'-di(1H-imidazol-1-yl)-1,1'-biphenyl, tib= 1,3,5-tri(1H-imidazol-1-yl)benzene; <sup>5</sup> bibp = 4,4'-bis(imidazol-1-ylmethyl)-biphenyl; <sup>6</sup> 1= 3-(1H-pyrazol-3-yl) benzoic acid; <sup>7</sup> tpeb = 1,3,5-tri-4-pyridyl-1,2-ethenylbenzene, 2,3-ndc = 2,3-naphthalenedicarboxylic acid; <sup>8</sup> L = biphenyl-3'-nitro-3,4',5-tricarboxylic acid; <sup>9</sup> tpbpc =4'-[4,2';6',4'']-terpyridin-4'-yl-biphenyl -4-carboxylic acid; <sup>10</sup> TATAB = 4,4',4''-s-triazine-1,3,5-triyltri-m-aminobenzoic acid, NMP = N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone; <sup>11</sup> btz =1,5-bis(5-tetrazolo)-3-oxapentane, ttz= 1,2,3-tris-[2-(5-tetrazolo)-ethoxy] propane; <sup>13</sup> cpbda =3,5-bis(4-carboxyphenoxy)benzoic acid; <sup>14</sup> 2-APH= protonated 2-aminopyridine; <sup>15</sup> 4mtb = 4-[tris(4-carboxyphenyl)methyl]benzoic acid. <sup>16</sup>						

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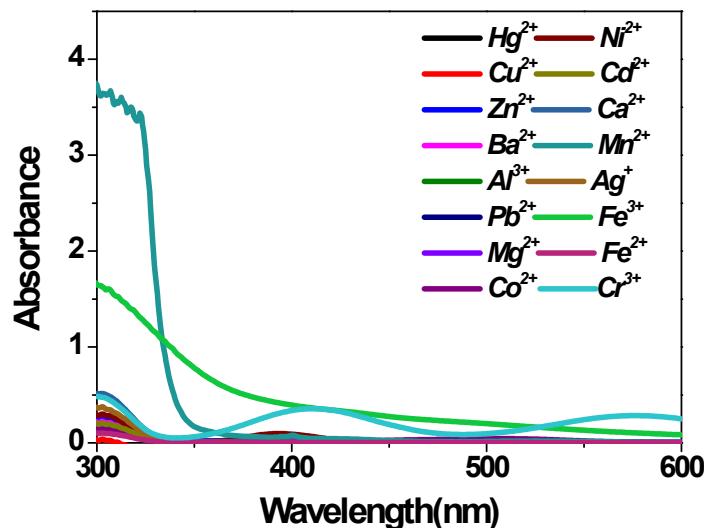


Fig. S9. The UV-Vis absorption spectrum of selected 0.001 M different M<sup>z+</sup> (Hg<sup>2+</sup>, Cu<sup>2+</sup>, Zn<sup>2+</sup>, Ba<sup>2+</sup>, Al<sup>3+</sup>, Pb<sup>2+</sup>, Mg<sup>2+</sup>, Co<sup>2+</sup>, Ni<sup>2+</sup>, Cd<sup>2+</sup>, Ca<sup>2+</sup>, Mn<sup>2+</sup>, Ag<sup>+</sup>, Cr<sup>3+</sup>, Fe<sup>2+</sup> and Fe<sup>3+</sup>) ions aqueous solution.

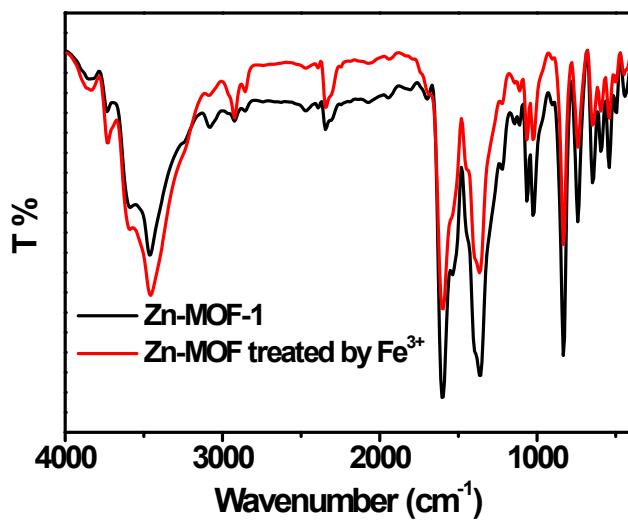


Fig. S10. IR characterization of as-synthesized Zn-MOF-1, Zn-MOF-1 treated by Fe<sup>3+</sup> ions.

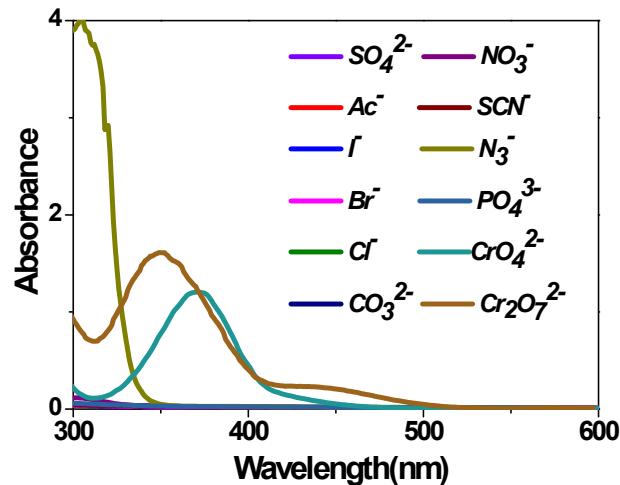


Fig. S11. The UV-Vis absorption spectrum of selected 10<sup>-4</sup> M different anions (SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>, PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3-</sup>, Br<sup>-</sup>, OAc<sup>-</sup>, SCN<sup>-</sup>, Cl<sup>-</sup>, NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>, CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>, N<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>, I<sup>-</sup>, CrO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup> and Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub><sup>2-</sup>) ions aqueous solution.