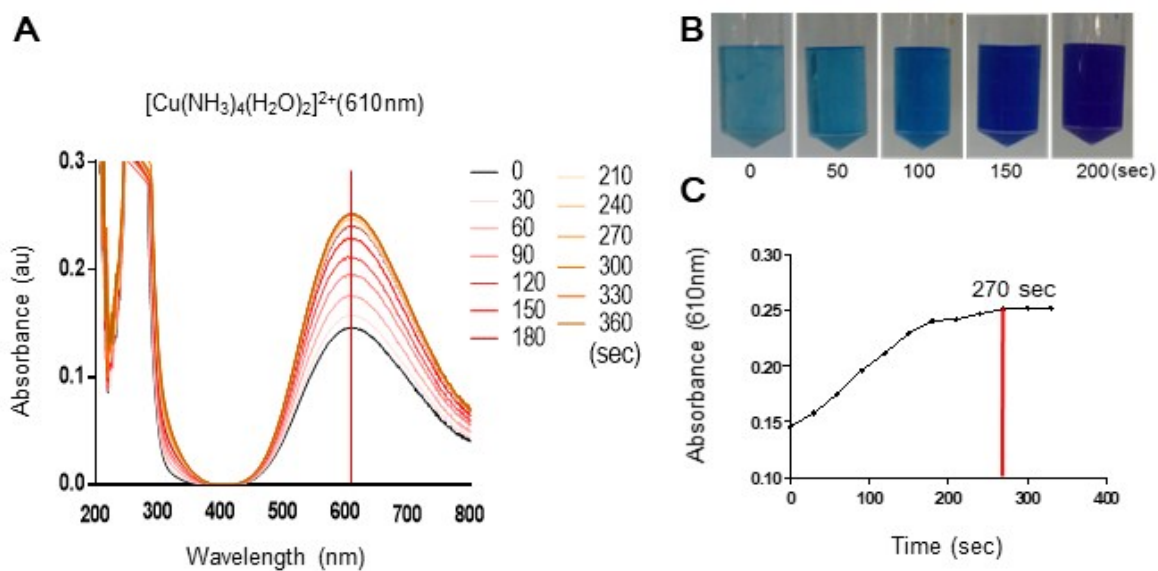
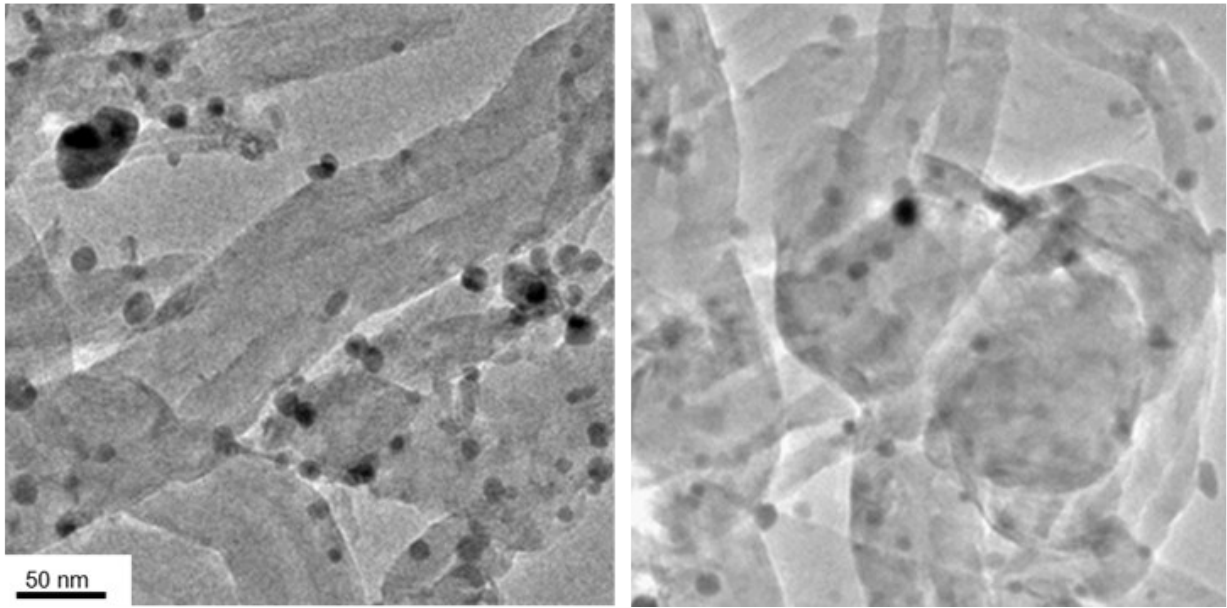


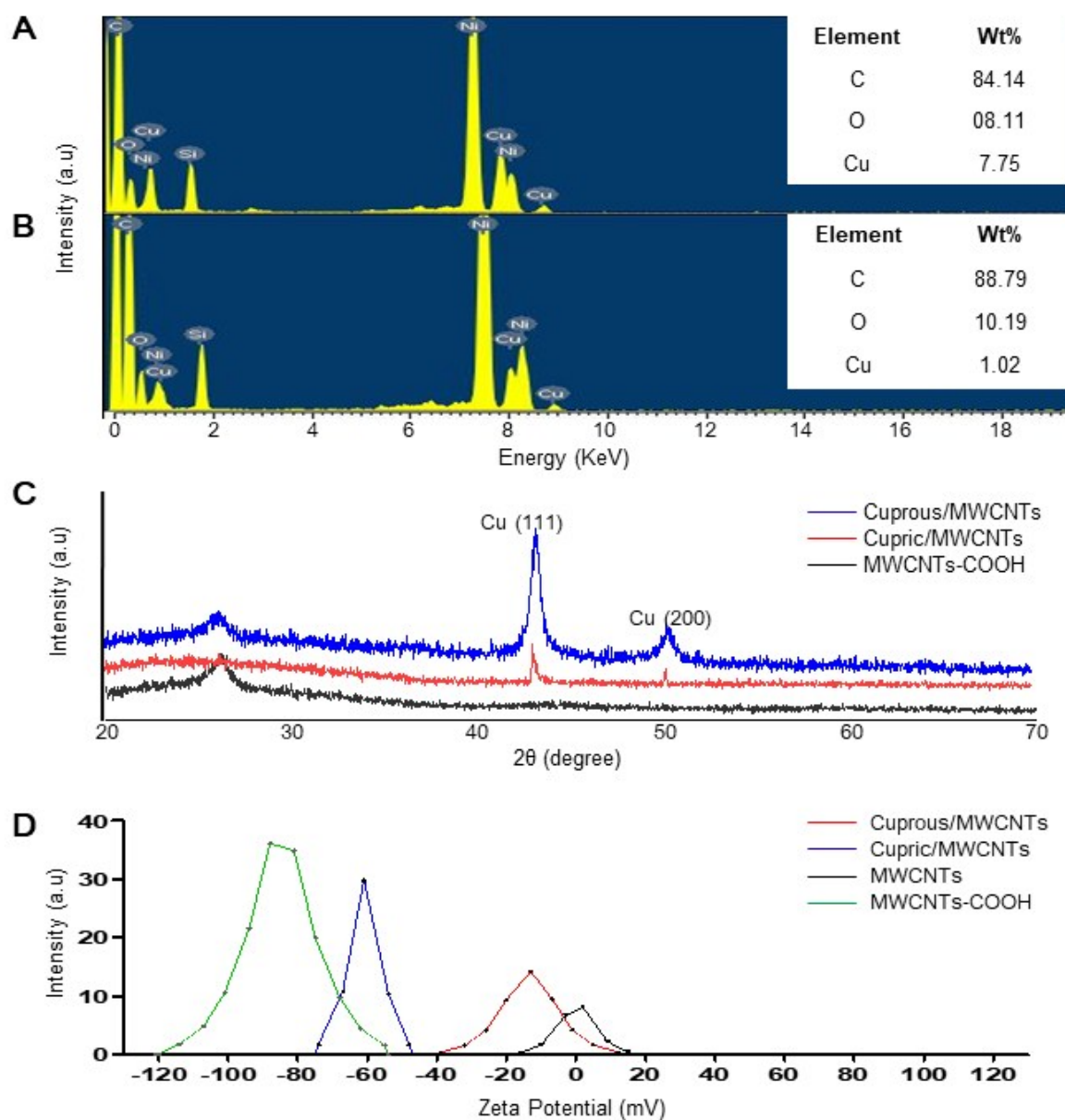
## Supplementary Information



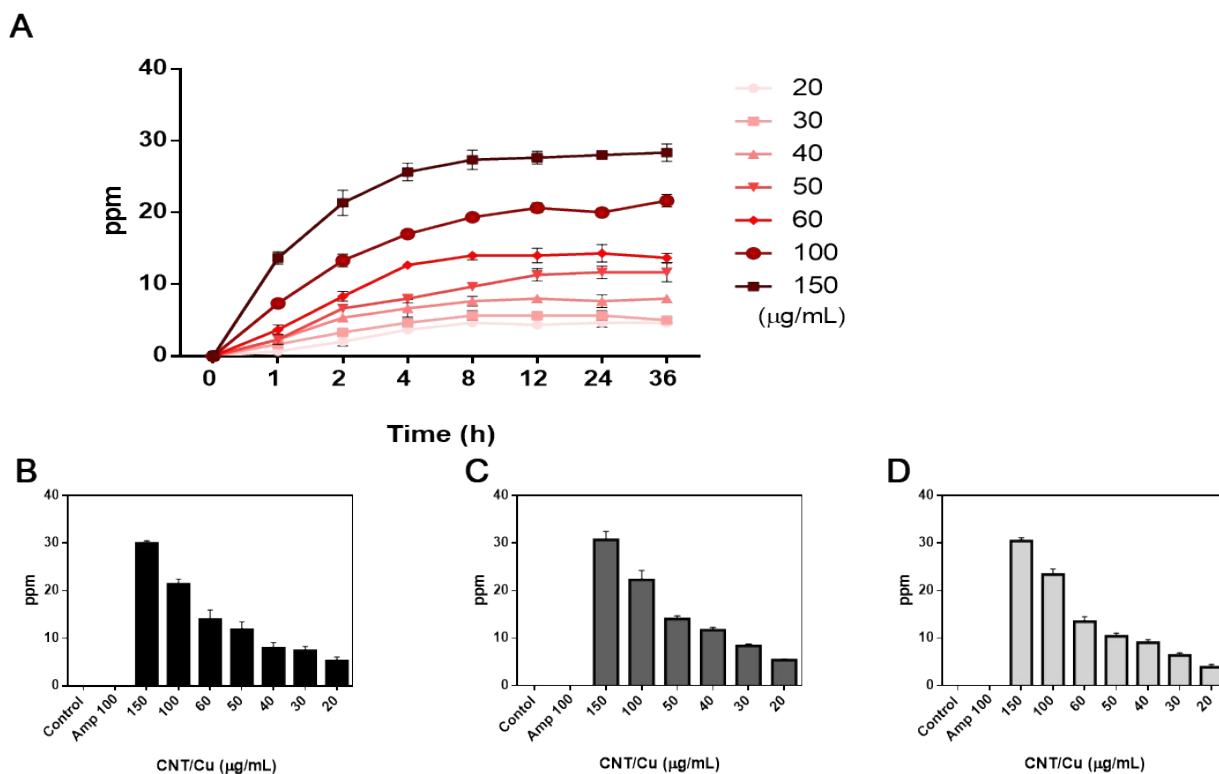
**Supporting figure 1. Measurement of oxidation time of the cuprous form. (A)** Absorbance of the cuprous form as a function of time (wavelength 200-800 nm). **(B)** Color changes of the cuprous form as a function of time. **(C)** Absorbance of the cuprous form as a function of time (wavelength 610 nm).



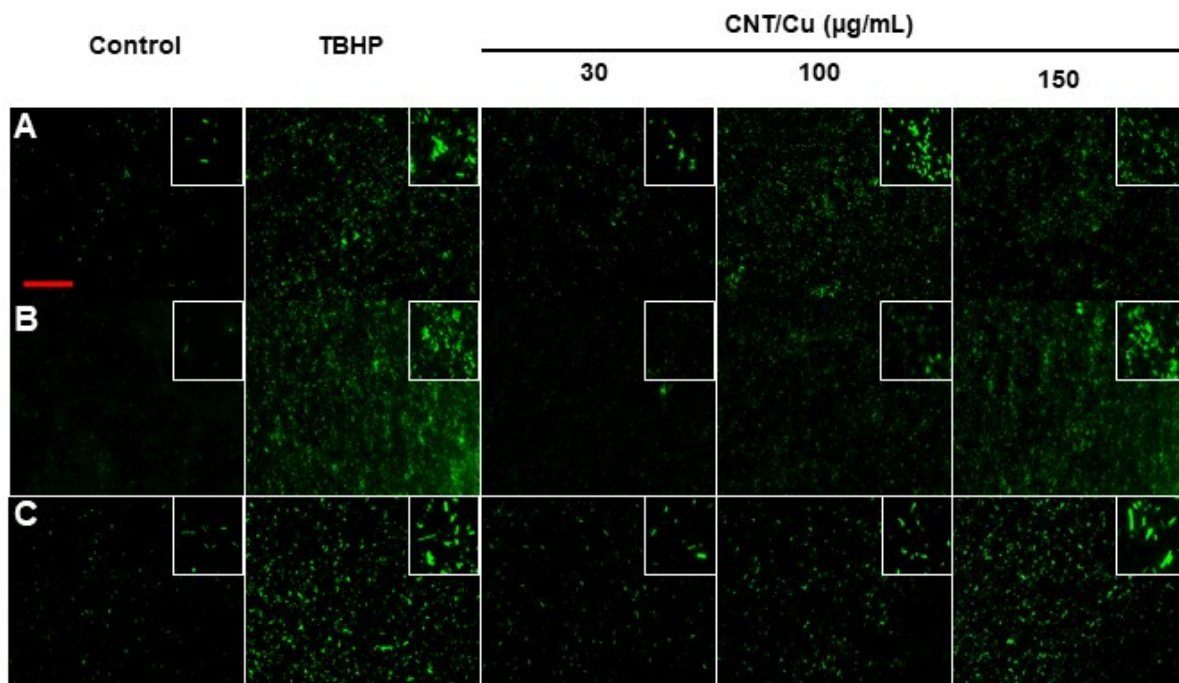
**Supporting figure 2.** TEM images of the Cu/MWCNTs that were prepared with 3 mg of cuprous chloride.



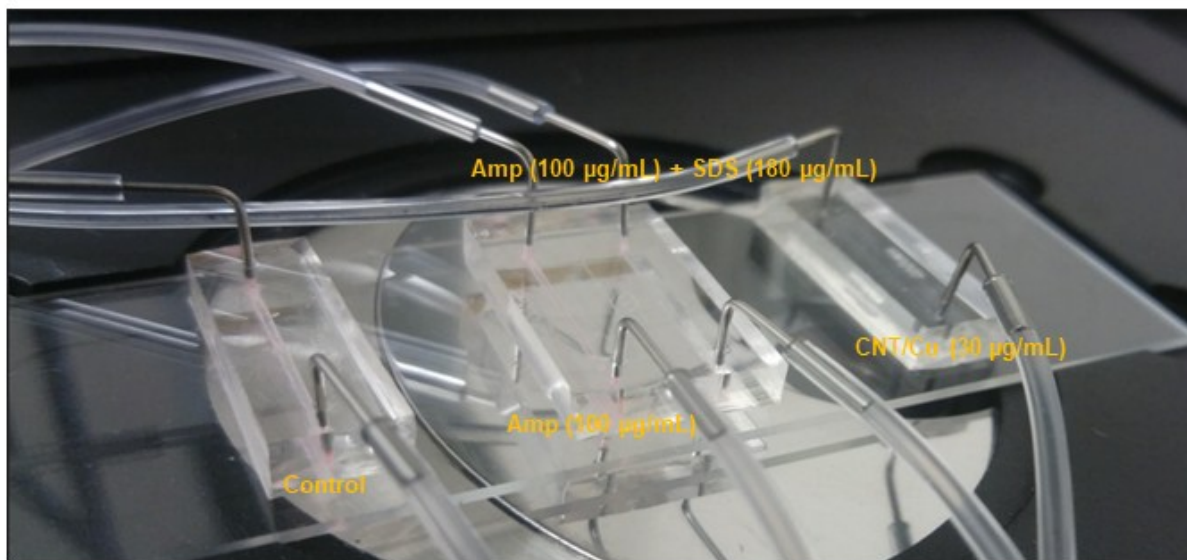
**Supporting figure 3. Physicochemical characterization of the cupric/MWCNTs and cuprous/MWCNTs. EDS element pattern of the (A) Cuprous/MWCNTs (B) Cupric/MWCNTs. (C) XRD pattern of cupric/MWCNTs, cuprous/MWCNTs and acidified MWCNTs. (D) Zeta potential distribution of the cupric/MWCNTs, cuprous/MWCNTs, MWCNTs and MWCNTs-COOH.**



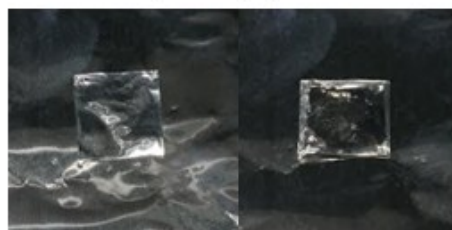
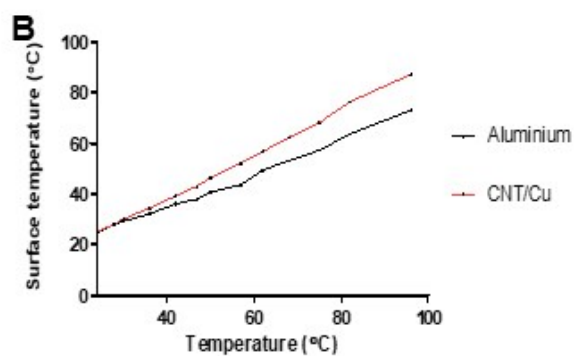
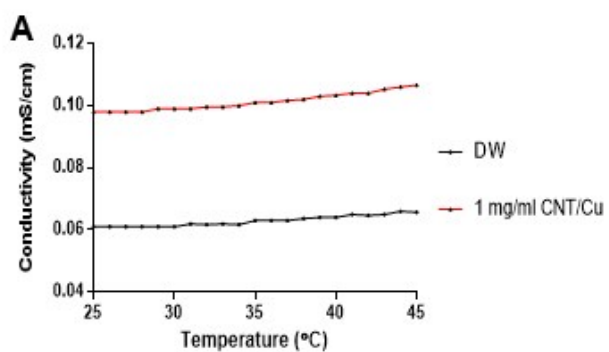
**Supporting figure 4. (A)** Concentration of released copper ions from various concentrations of the Cu/MWCNTs at each time. **Concentration of released copper ions from Cu/MWCNTs as a function of surface charge of (B) *Methylobacterium* spp., (C) *Sphingomonas* spp., (D) *Escherichia coli*,** The concentrations were analyzed by ICP-AES in a Spectro Arcos instrument (Control; no treated with CNT/Cu, Amp 100; Ampicillin 100 µg/mL).



**Supporting figure 5. Representative photomicrographs depicting ROS generation in (A) *Methylobacterium* spp., (B) *Sphingomonas* spp. and (C) *Escherichia coli*, after treatment with the mentioned concentration. (Scale bar = 100  $\mu\text{m}$ , Control; no treated with CNT/Cu, TBHP; tert-Butyl hydroperoxide)**



**Supporting figure 6. Removal of biofilm prepared in the PDMS chip** (Control; no treated with CNT/Cu, Amp; Ampicillin 100 µg/mL, SDS: sodium dodecyl sulfate; 180 µg/mL, CNT/Cu with various concentration).



**Supporting figure 7. (A)** Variation of electrical conductivities (top), sample picture (bottom) and **(B)** Thermal conductivities of Cu/MWCNTs (top) suspension based on water and coated on aluminum plate as a function of time (bottom)

## Tables

**Supporting Table 1. Information of PCR primers used in the study**

Target	Primer	Sequences (5'–3')	Product size (bp)	Annealing tem
16S rRNA	Forward	GAT CGG CCC GCG TCT GAT TAG	234	60
	Reverse	CCG TCA TTA TCG TCC CGG ACA		
mxαF	Forward	GAG CAG AAG GAC AAG GAC GG	142	64
	Reverse	CCG ACT TGA ACA CGT TGA CC		