Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Nanoscale.
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Supporting information for

T-Nb_2O_5 nanoparticles enabled pseudocapacitance with fast Li-ion intercalation

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Table S1. The porosity parameters and crystallite size of samples

Sample	S_{BET} / $m^2 g^{-1}$ [a]	V_T / $cm^3 g^{-1}$ [b]	D_{ave} / nm [c]	Size / nm [d]
Nb-0.5	12.9	0.02	7.1	41.7
Nb-1	26.3	0.11	16.6	33.7
Nb-1.5	31.1	0.15	19.7	27.1
Nb-2	33.1	0.14	16.8	24.7

[a] BET specific surface area; [b] total pore volume (P/P_0=0.993); [c] BJH average pore diameter from desorption branch; [d] particle size calculated from the Scherrer formula using (001) peak.

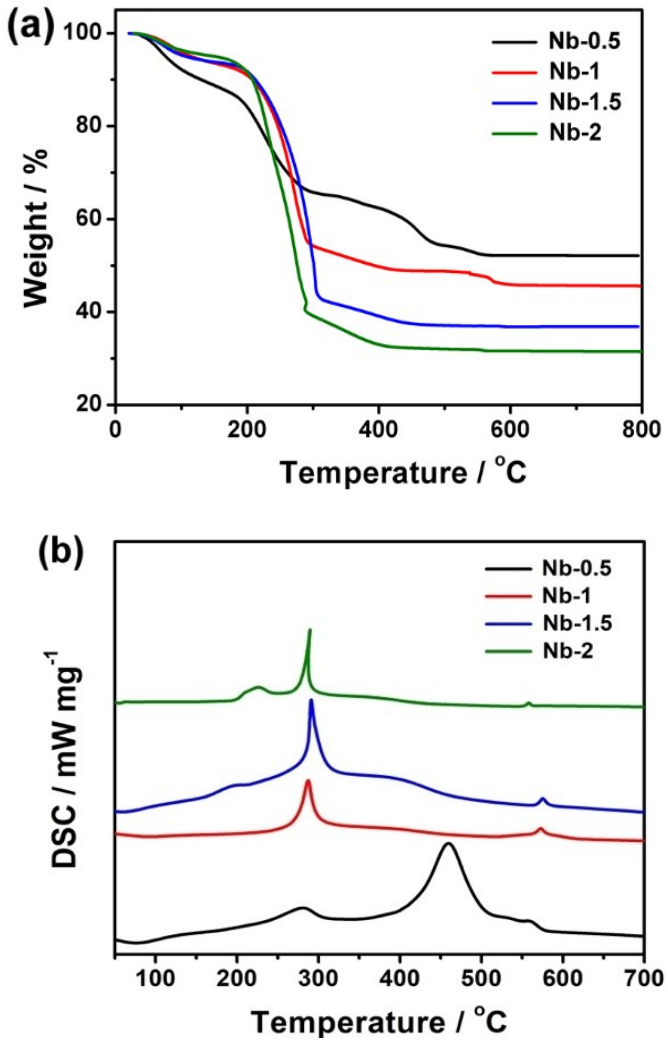

Fig. S1 Thermal analysis results of Nb/F127 precursor films under an open air, (a) TGA, (b) DSC.

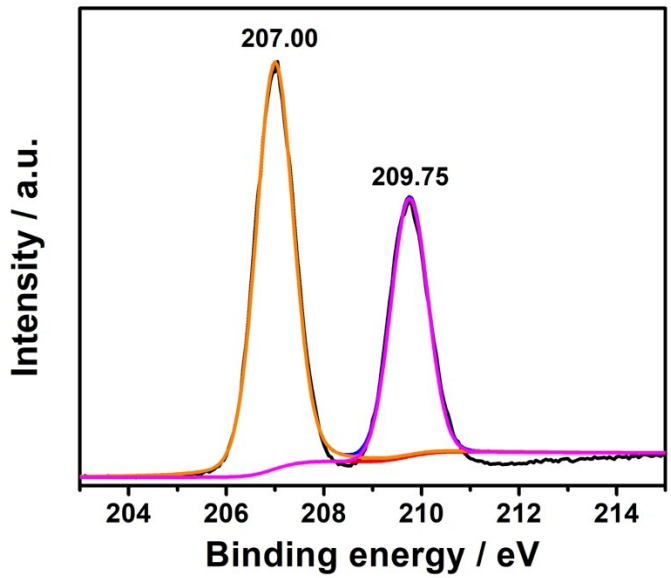

Fig. S2 High resolution XPS result of Nb-2.

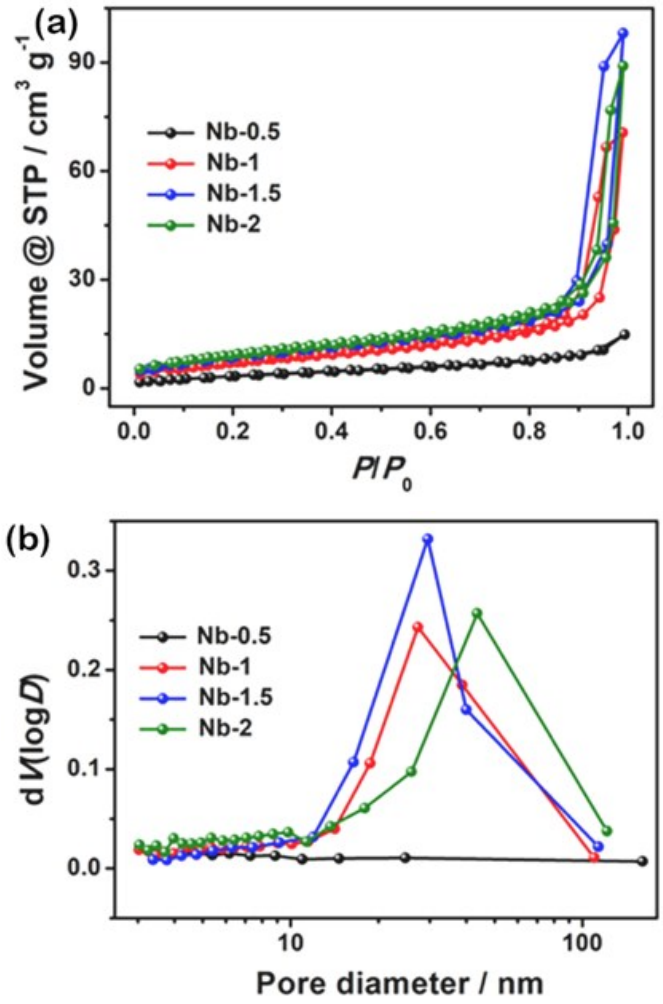

Fig. S3 (a) N_2 adsorption-desorption isotherms and (b) BJH pore size distributions.

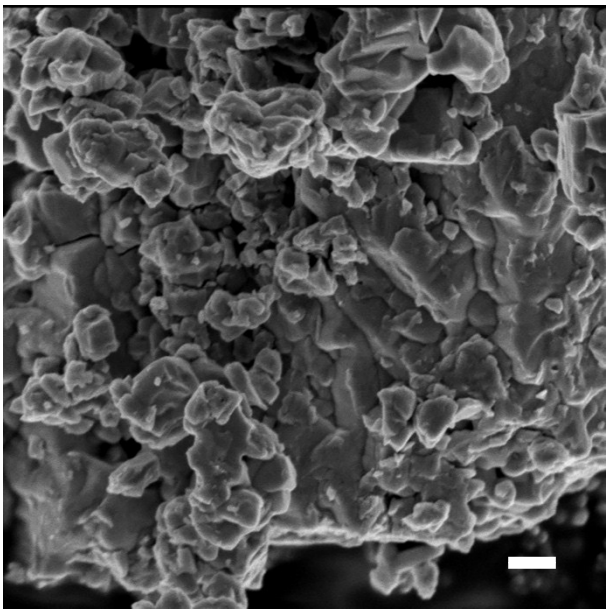

Fig. S4 SEM for pure Nb_2O_5 without any guiding agent, the scale bar is 200 nm.

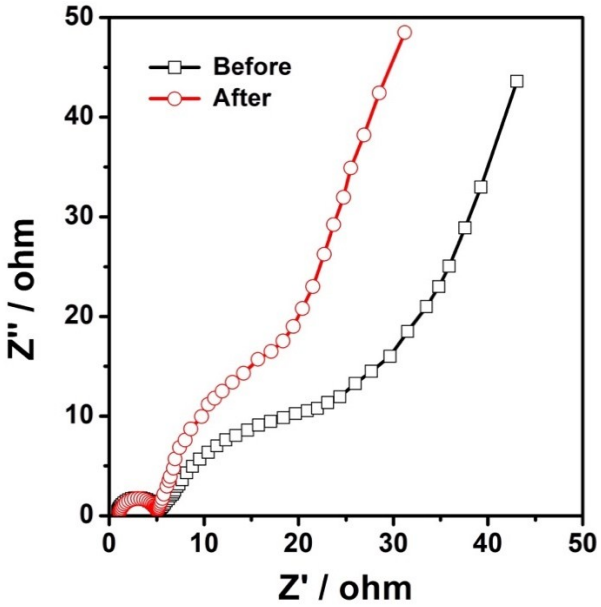

Fig. S5 Nyquist plots of Nb-2 before and after CV cycling.