

Supporting Information

Morphology-controlled synthesis of 3D mesoporous rosette-like CeCoO_x catalyst by pyrolysis of Ce[Co(CN)₆] and applied for the catalytic combustion of toluene

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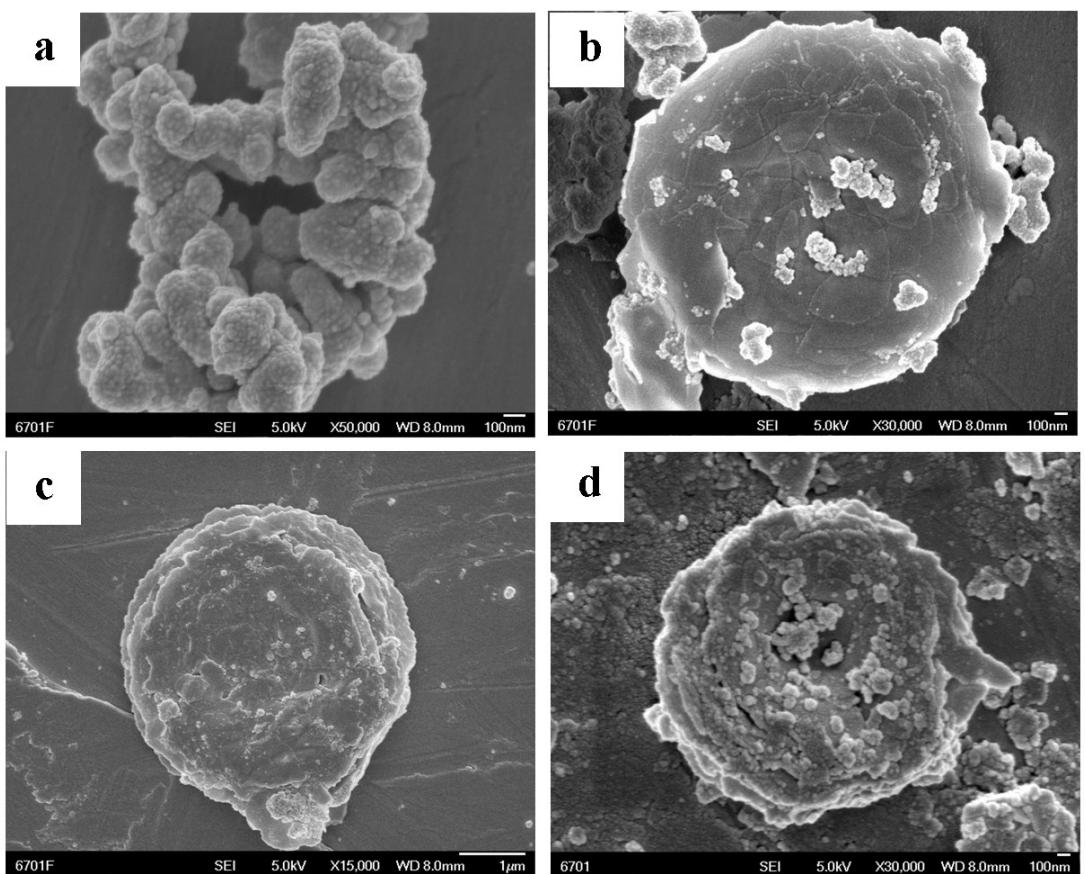


Fig.S1 SEM image of Ce[Co(CN)₆]-200 precursors with different hydrothermal time: (a) 6h, (b) 12h, (c) 18h (d) 24h.

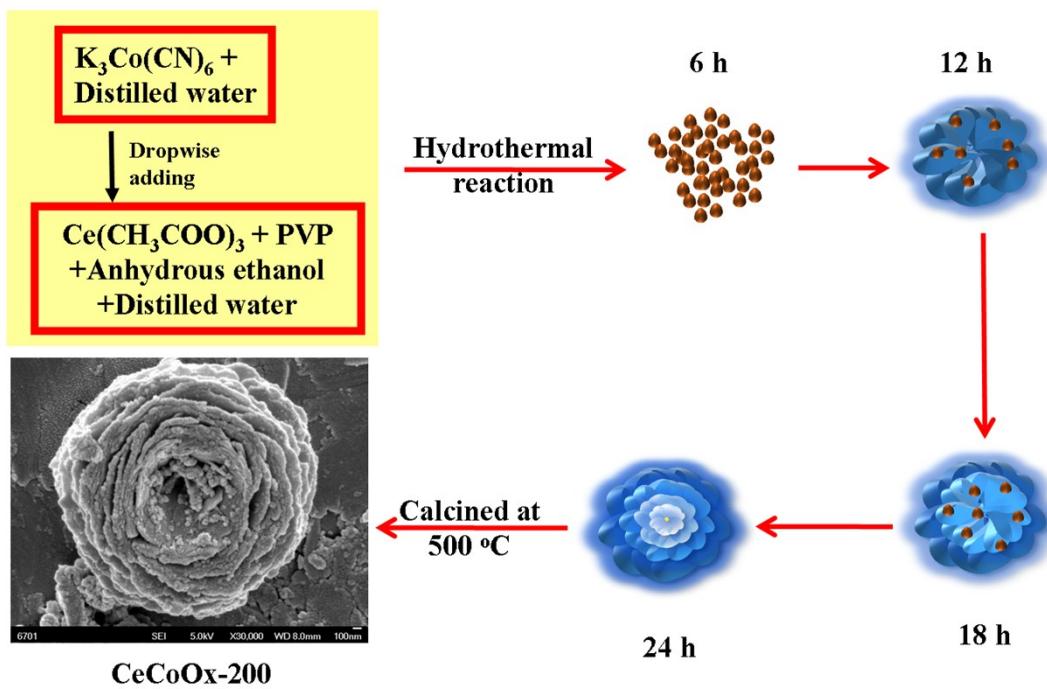


Fig.S2 The formation mechanism of CeCoO_x-200.

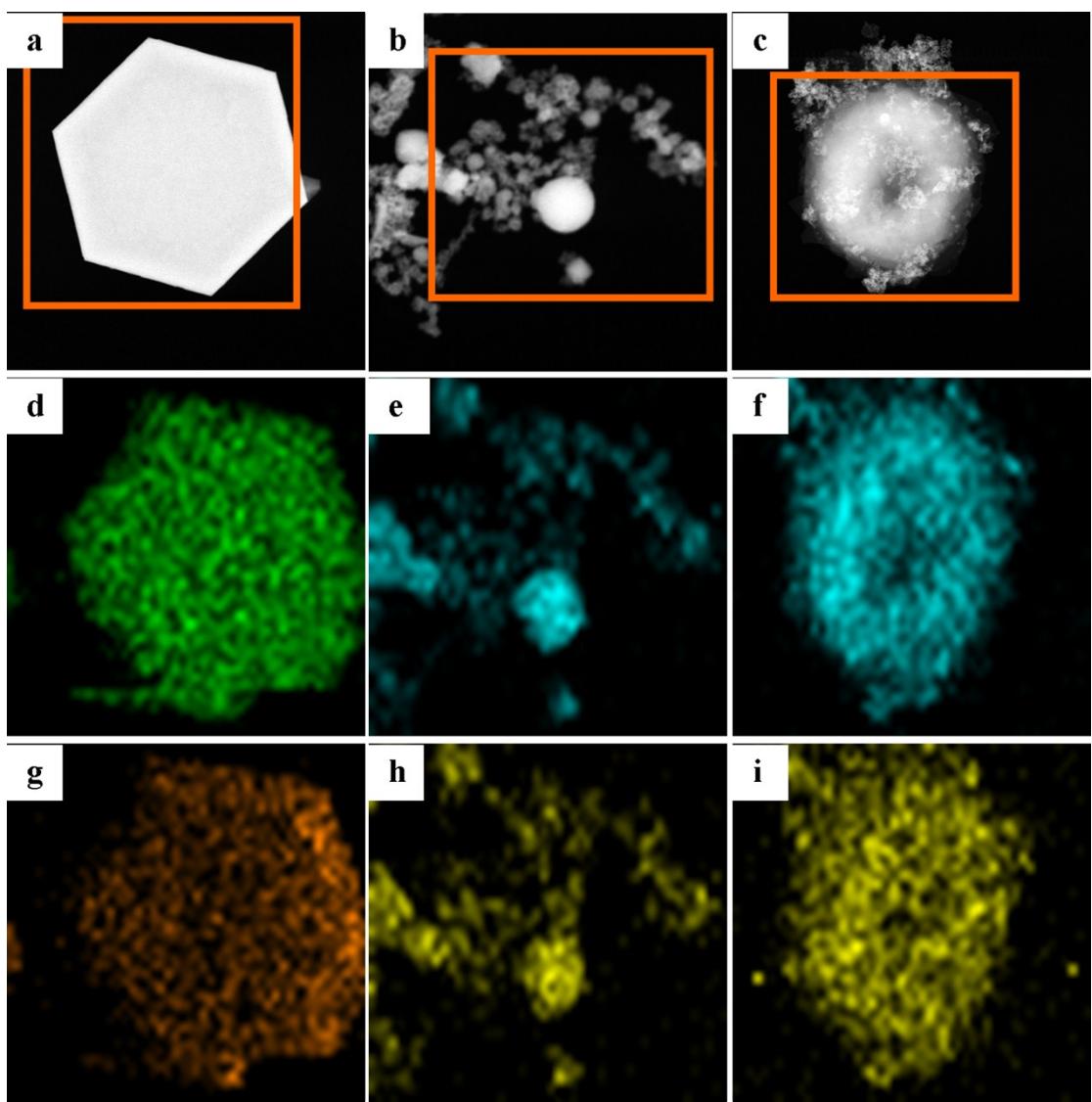


Fig.S3 STEM and Energy dispersive X-ray spectrometry elemental maps of CeCoOx-25 (a, d, g), CeCoOx-100 (b, e, h) and CeCoOx-200 (c, f, i)

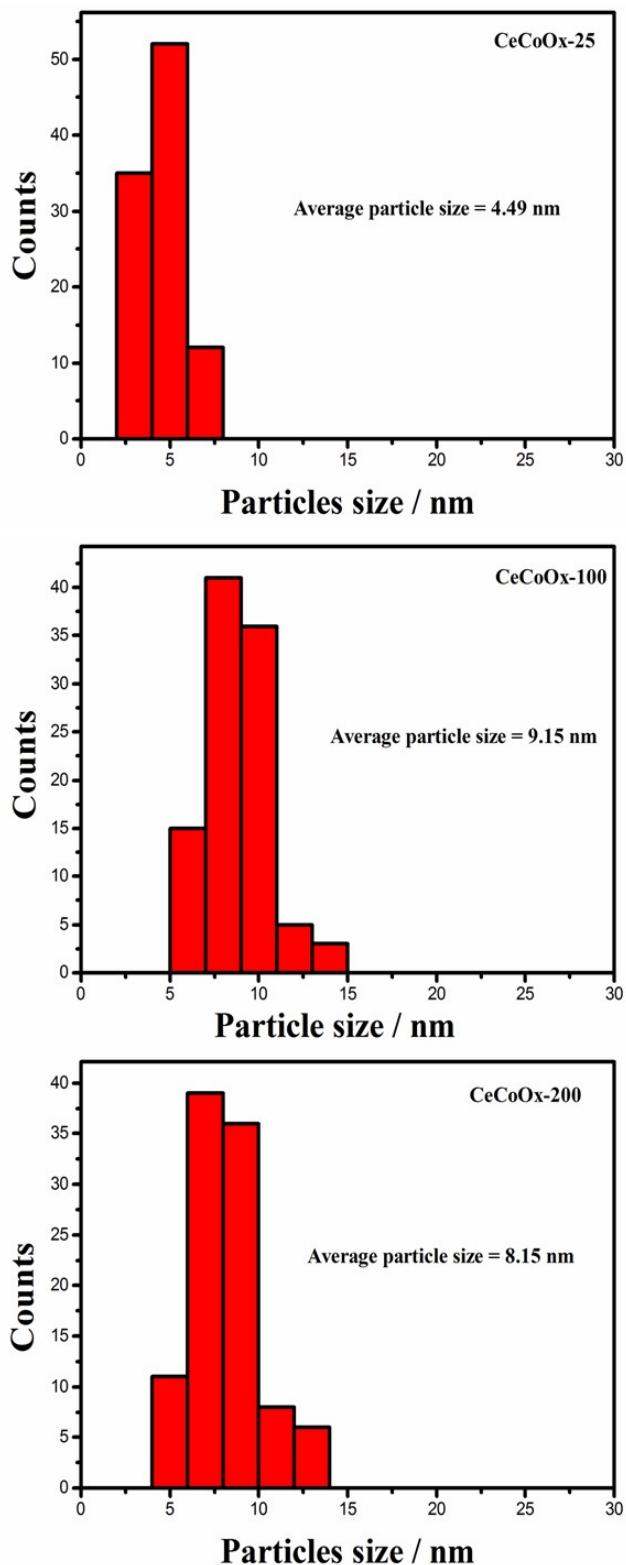


Fig.S4 The Size distribution of CeCoOx-100 and CeCoOx-200.

Table S1 Raman Shifts of the Characteristic Peaks of three CeCoO_x catalysts.

Phonon Mode	F _{2g(a)}	2TA	F _{2g(b)}	E _g	F _{2g(c)}	O _v	F _{2g(d)}	A _{1g}
CeCoO _x -25	187	-	460	479	520	597	-	680
CeCoO _x -100	-	245	445	-	-	-	-	-
CeCoO _x -200	181	-	446	-	510	591	605	665
Literature ^{20, 23, 24}	194	256	465	482	522	595	618	691

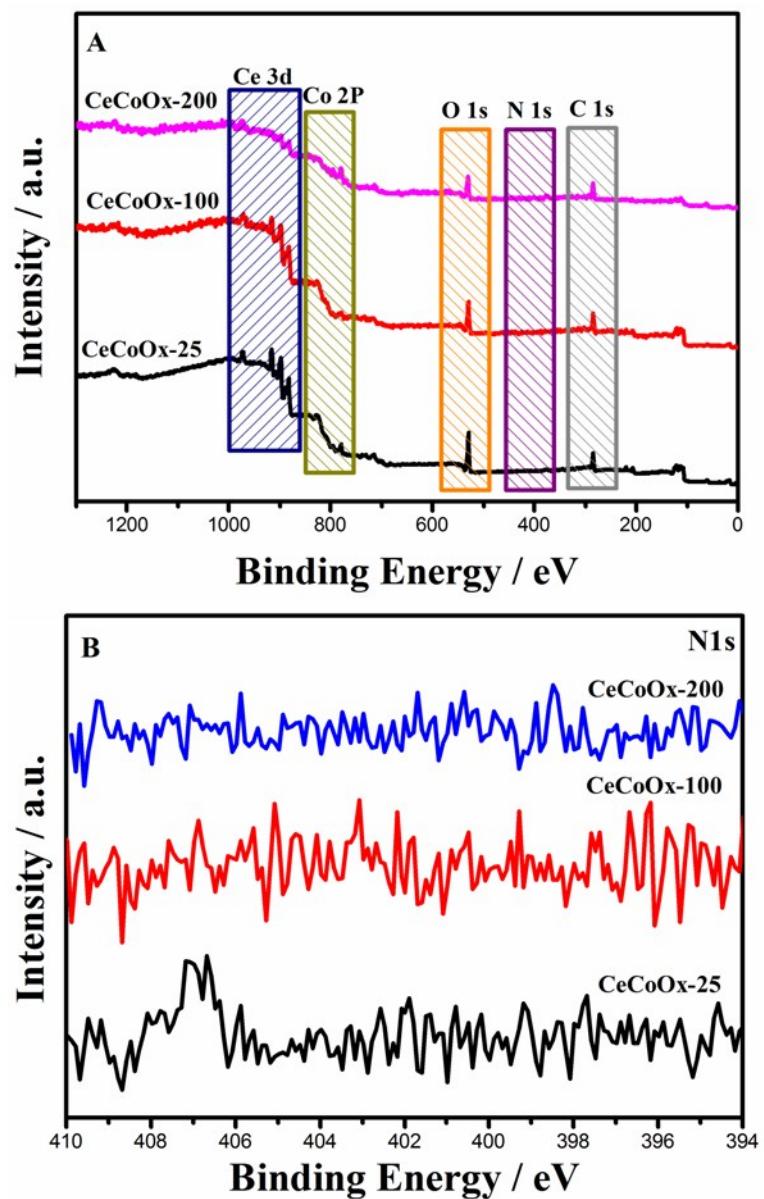


Fig.S5 The XPS survey and N1s of CeCoOx catalysts.

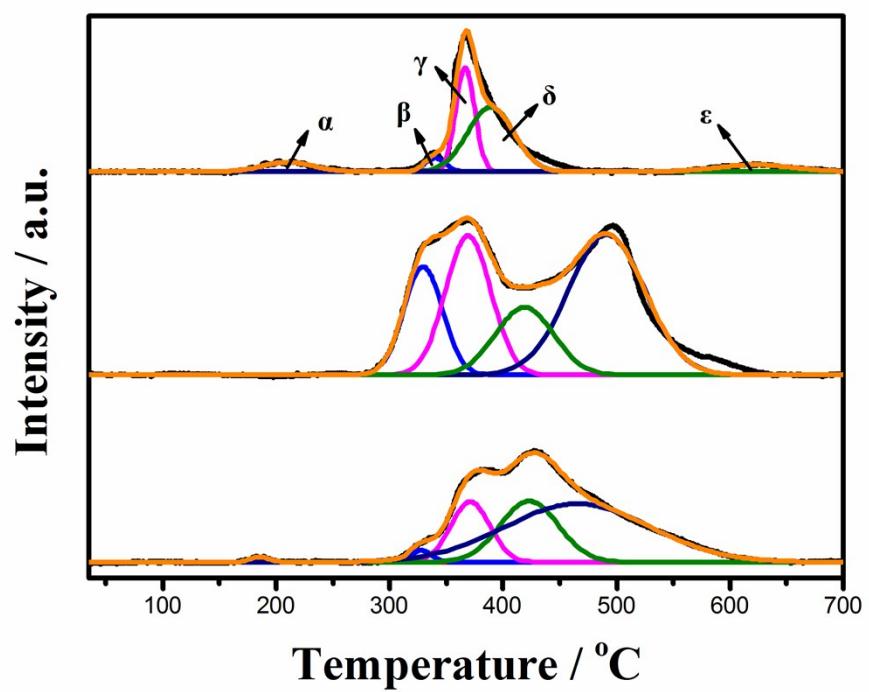


Fig.S6 CO-TPR of CeCoO_x catalysts.

Table S2 The H₂-TPR consumption data of three CeCoO_x catalysts

Catalysts	Peak α		Peak β		Peak γ		Peak δ		Peak ε	
	Position	Area	Position	Area	Position	Area	Position	Area	Position	Area
	/ °C	a.u.	/ °C	/ a.u.	/ °C	a.u.	/ °C	a.u.	/ °C	a.u.
CeCoO _x -25	-	-	277	770	308	2000	480	3500	520	8000
CeCoO _x -100	-	-	298	451	369	2112	431	1054	473	616
CeCoO _x -200	136	275	297	9840	325	3745	415	41468	483	15179