# Structure-activity relationship of nanostructured ceria for the catalytic generation of hydroxyl radicals 

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## ELECTRONIC SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Figure S1. TEM image of commercial ceria particles.

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Figure S2. Ce 3d XPS spectra of ceria nanorods (NR), ceria nanocubes (NC), ceria nanooctahedra (NO), and commercial ceria. The spectra were normalized at 882.15 eV . The locations of the $\mathrm{Ce}^{3+} 3 \mathrm{~d}$ peaks are indicated by the dashed lines. Note: the similarities between the spectra suggests that these ceria samples have similar $\%$ of surface $\mathrm{Ce}^{3+}$.


Figure S3. Reaction kinetics of catalytic generation of hydroxyl radicals with and without $t$ butanol as the hydroxyl radical scavenger. Reaction conditions: Reaction temperature: $21.8{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $\left[\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}\right]=3 \mathrm{mM}$; [Ceria NR $]=0.1 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L} ;[t$-butanol $]=2 \mathrm{M}$.


Figure S4. Determination of optimum $\left[\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}\right]$ from reaction kinetics for the catalytic generation of hydroxyl radicals from disproportionation of hydrogen peroxide using ceria nanorods. Reaction conditions: $21.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C},\left[\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}\right]=0.1-6 \mathrm{mM}$, [Ceria NR] $=0.1 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$. The solid line was drawn to guide the eye on the trend line of the apparent reaction rate at higher $\left[\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}\right]$.


Figure S5. Reaction kinetics for the catalytic generation of hydroxyl radicals from disproportionation of hydrogen peroxide using ceria nanorods. (inset) Log-Log plot of the kinetics data for determining the reaction order with respect to the concentration of ceria nanorod catalysts. Reaction conditions: Reaction temperature: $21.8{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;\left[\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}\right]=3 \mathrm{mM}$; [Ceria NR] $=0.1$, 0.5 , and $1.0 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$.


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