

# Supporting Information

## **N-doped Porous Carbon Network with Multidirectional Structure as Highly Efficient Metal-Free Catalysts for Oxygen Reduction Reaction**

*Hyunsu Han<sup>a,b</sup>, Yuseong Noh<sup>a,b</sup>, Yoongon Kim<sup>c</sup>, Won Suk Jung<sup>a,b</sup>, Seongmin Park<sup>a,b</sup>, and Won  
Bae Kim<sup>a,b\*</sup>*

<sup>a</sup> Department of Chemical Engineering, Pohang University of Science and Technology (POSTECH), 77 Cheongam-ro, Nam-gu, Pohang, Gyeongbuk, 37673, South Korea

<sup>b</sup> Institute for New and Renewable Energy, Pohang University of Science and Technology (POSTECH), 77 Cheongam-ro, Nam-gu, Pohang, Gyeongbuk, 37673, South Korea

<sup>c</sup> School of Materials Science & Engineering, Gwangju Institute of Science and Technology (GIST), 261 Cheomdan-gwagiro, Buk-gu, Gwangju 500-712, South Korea

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\* Corresponding author  
Tel: 82-54-279-2397  
Fax: 82-54-279-5528  
E-Mail: kimwb@postech.ac.kr

**Table S1.** Textural properties of various N-doped porous carbons.

Sample	BET surface area (m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	Microporous area (m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	Total pore volume (cm <sup>3</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	Micropore volume <sup>b</sup> (cm <sup>3</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )
NPC <sup>a</sup>	1026.6	605.6	1.046	0.648
NPC-800-0.5	833.4	516.7	0.769	0.498
NPC-800-1.5	637.2	407.8	0.664	0.418
NPC-700-1	1211.4	735.8	1.101	0.715
NPC-900-1	459.3	276.8	0.513	0.308

<sup>a</sup> Activation temperature = 800 °C; the weight ratio of KOH/PPyCS = 1

<sup>b</sup> Micropore volume is estimated by t-plot method.

**Table S2.** The chemical compositions of various N-doped porous carbons obtained by XPS.

Sample	C (%)	O (%)	N (%)	Graphitic N (%)	Pyridinic N (%)	Oxidized N (%)	Pyrrolic N (%)
NPC <sup>a</sup>	85.5	8.1	6.4	49.1	24.0	12.1	14.8
NPC-800-0.5	85.7	7.6	6.7	46.3	24.9	17.2	11.6
NPC-800-1.5	85.2	9.2	5.6	54.2	22.8	8.6	14.4
NPC-700-1	85.5	7.9	6.6	40.8	25.8	12.0	21.4
NPC-900-1	85.5	9.3	5.2	51.1	22.1	10.9	15.9

<sup>a</sup> Activation temperature = 800 °C; the weight ratio of KOH/PPyCS = 1

**Table S3.** Comparison of the ORR performances over the N-doped carbon-based catalysts in forms of metal-free N-doped carbons and metal-N-doped carbons in 0.1 M KOH electrolyte.

Sample	Onset potential (V vs RHE)	Half-wave potential (V vs RHE)	Limiting current density <sup>a</sup> (mA cm <sup>-2</sup> )	Electron transfer number	Stability <sup>c</sup> (test time, sec)	N doping content <sup>b</sup> (at. %)	BET surface area (m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	Synthesis method	Ref.
NPC	0.94	0.864	5.65	4.03	95.2 (50,000)	6.4	1026	KOH treatment /pyrolysis process	This work
NC900	0.83	-	4.0	3.3	-	2.70	2747	Pyrolysis process	S1
NPC-F	0.91	0.84	5.5	3.67-3.94	-	3.46	1375	Pyrolysis process	S2
Carbon nano shell	0.98	0.85	5.1	3.7	~93 (50,000)	3.71	1189	Nano-casting	S3
DCN-1000	0.94	0.85	4.21	3.72	88.7 (30,000)	8.3	~ 285	Pyrolysis process	S4
N-CNFs-800	0.93	-	5.7	3.7	93.2 (20,000)	6.94	230	Pyrolysis process	S5
NCG-1000	0.91 <sup>d</sup>	0.737 <sup>d</sup>	-	3.79	-	3.98	-	Pyrolysis process	S6
N-GNRs-A	0.91 <sup>d</sup>	-	-	3.66-3.92	~ 78 (20,000)	2.81	617	Pyrolysis process	S7
NGA900	0.914	0.828	4.6	3.9	86 (35,000)	-	-	Pyrolysis process	S8
Fe-N/C-800	0.98	-	4.81	3.97	93.3 (10,000)	5.79	934.43	Hydro-thermal /pyrolysis process	S9
CoP-CMP800	0.857 <sup>d</sup>	0.797 <sup>d</sup>	4.62	3.85	-	7.5	~ 480	Template-free pyrolysis process	S10
Co <sub>9</sub> S <sub>8</sub> @N-C	0.89	0.83	-	~ 4	85 (20,000)	3.45	110.8	Solvo-thermal process	S11

<sup>a</sup> Limiting current density is recorded at a rotation rate of 1600 rpm.

<sup>b</sup> N content is obtained from XPS spectra.

<sup>c</sup> Value of stability test indicates a relative current (%) obtained from chronoamperometry test.

<sup>d</sup> Conversion of reference electrode into RHE scale was based on the calibration results in this work and a reported paper [S12].

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**Table S4.** Comparison of the ORR performances over the N-doped carbon-based catalysts in forms of metal-free N-doped carbons and metal-N-doped carbons in acidic condition.

Sample	Onset potential (V vs RHE)	Half-wave potential (V vs RHE)	Limiting current density <sup>a</sup> (mA cm <sup>-2</sup> )	Electron transfer number	Stability <sup>c</sup> (test time, sec)	N doping content <sup>b</sup> (at. %)	BET surface area (m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	Synthesis method	Ref.
NPC	0.84	0.74	5.3	3.93	94.1 (50,000)	6.4	1026	KOH treatment/pyrolysis process	This work
NCS-800	0.72	0.4	3.3	3.90-3.98	~80 (~9,500)	9.1	646	Hydro-thermal/pyrolysis process	S1
CCa	0.76	0.37	-	-	-	9.2	1350	Pyrolysis process	S2
NPC-1000	0.818	0.698	5.85	3.82-3.99	< 90 (~20,000)	2.08	811	Pyrolysis process	S3
Co-Zn-ZIF/GO-800 <sup>d</sup>	0.85	-	4.2	~ 4	84 (10,800)	-	1170	Crystal growth/pyrolysis process	S4
Fe-N/C-800 <sup>d</sup>	0.77	0.6	4.88	3.95	-	5.79	934.43	Hydro-thermal/pyrolysis process	S5
CPANI-Fe-NaCl <sup>d</sup>	-	~ 0.727	~ 5	~ 3.9	-	-	265.7	Salt crystallization process	S6
P-Fe-N-CNFs <sup>d</sup>	0.85	0.74	5.5	3.99	96 (10,000)	6.23	941	Multiplex templating process	S7
NPMEs <sup>d</sup>	0.824	0.748	4.43	3.84	-	2.26	267	Self-assembly/pyrolysis process	S8
Fe/SNC	-	0.77	~ 4.8	3.85	86 (3,000)	5.7	1032	Template casting process	S9
FePPy-900	0.814	0.74	5.7	3.5-4.0	87 (~4,200)	4.25	592.2	Pyrolysis/leaching/stabilization process	S10
Fe-N-CC	0.8	0.52	-	3.8	-	5.88	1590	Vapor deposition polymerization/pyrolysis process	S11

<sup>a</sup> Limiting current density is recorded at a rotation rate of 1600 rpm.

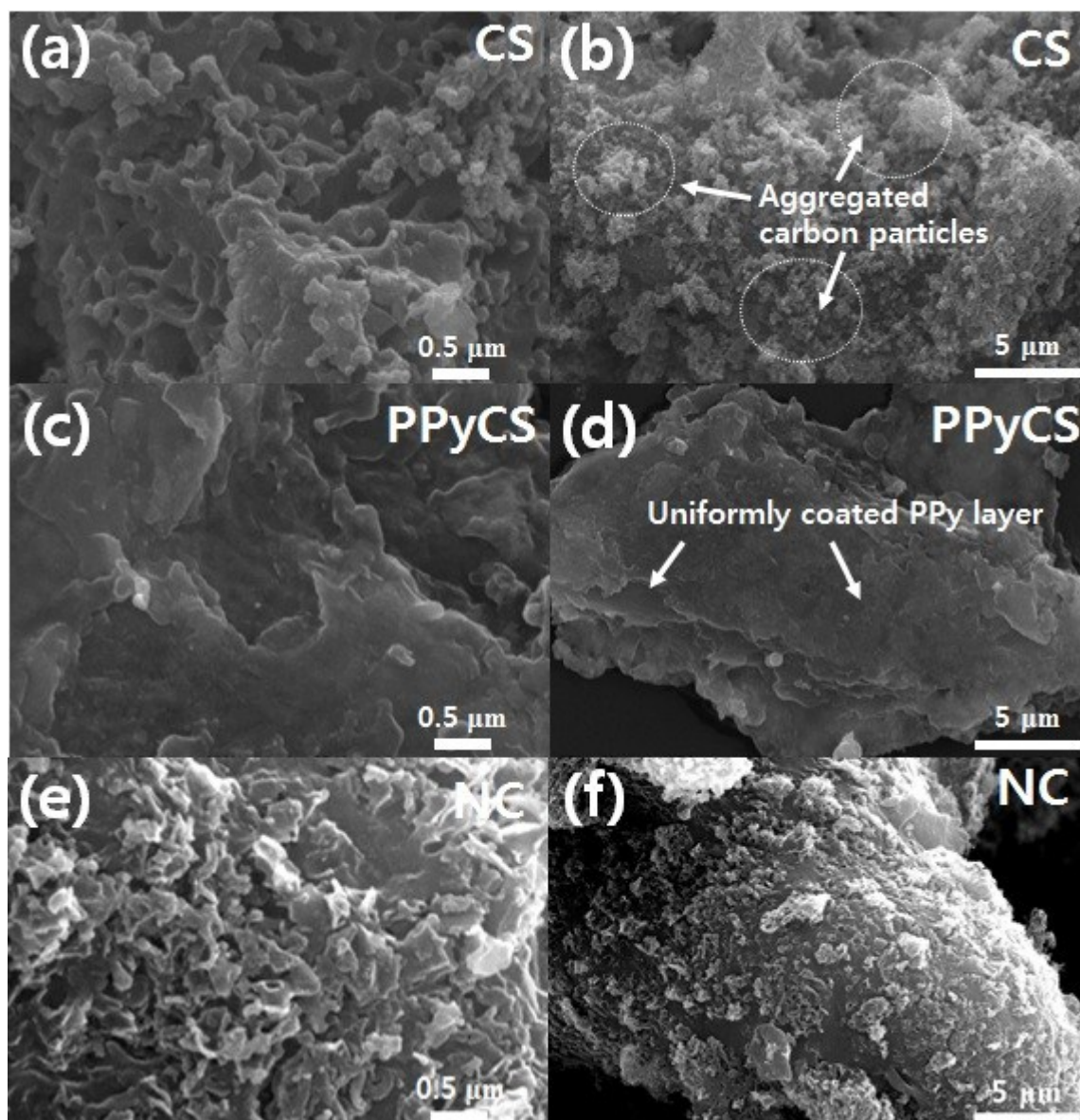
<sup>b</sup> N content is obtained from XPS analysis.

<sup>c</sup> Value of stability test indicates a relative current (%) obtained from chronoamperometry test.

<sup>d</sup> Electrolyte is 0.1 M HClO<sub>4</sub> aqueous solution.

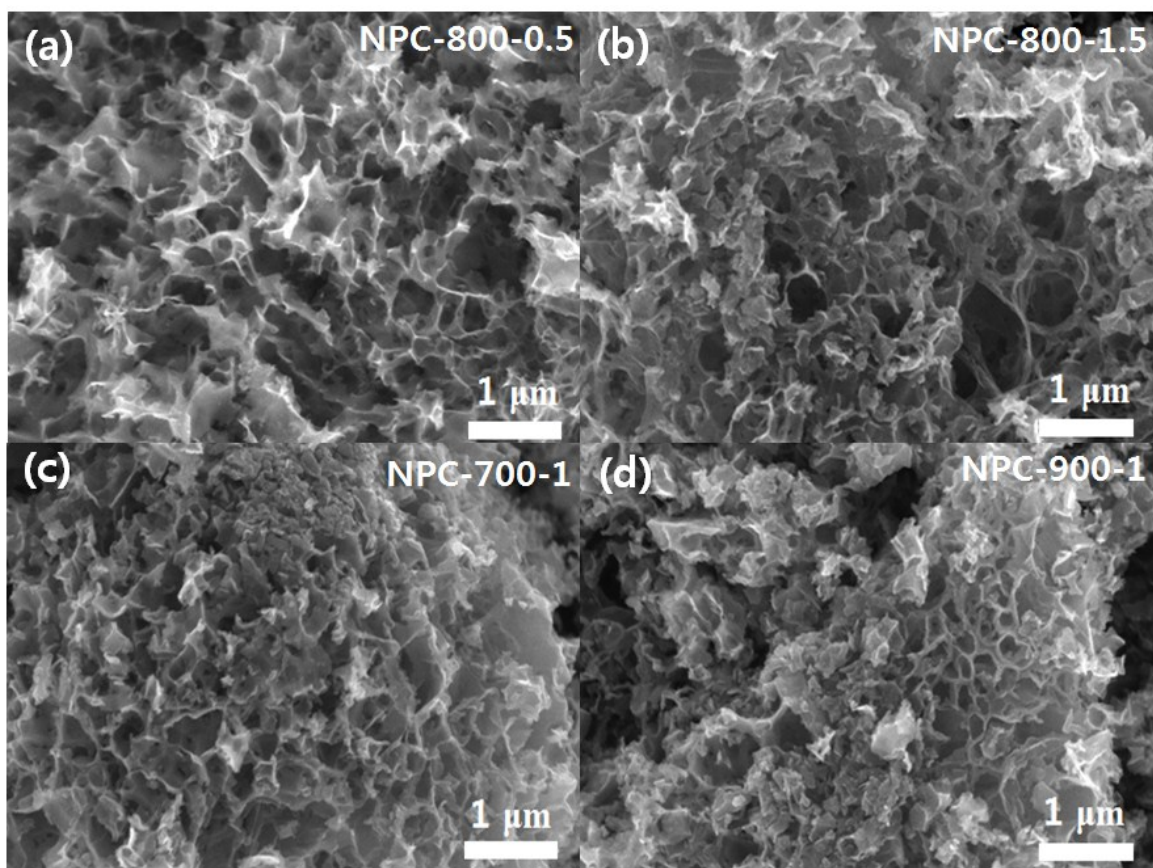
#### Reference for Table S4

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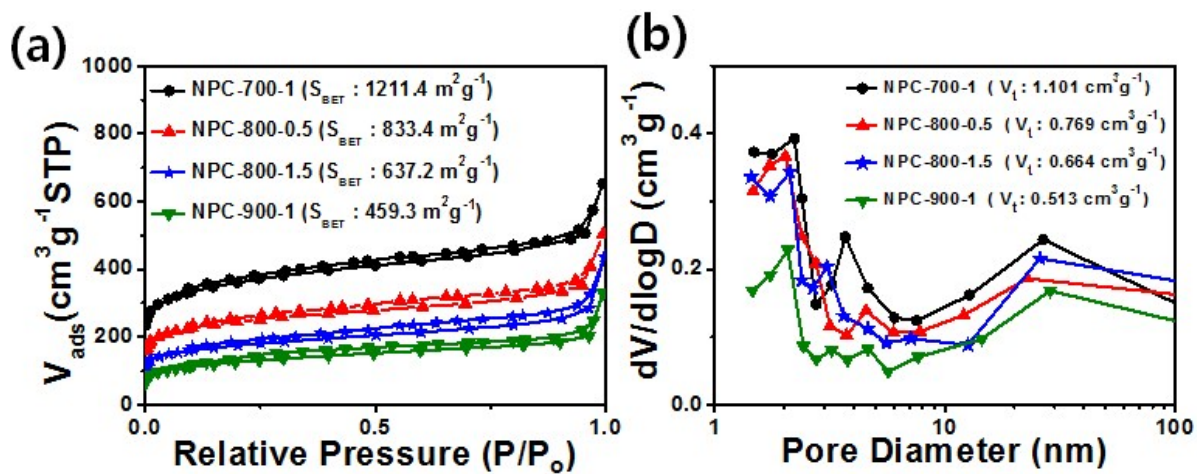


**Fig. S1** SEM images of (a)-(b) CS, (c)-(d) PPyCS and (e)-(f) NC.





**Fig. S2** SEM images of (a) NPC-800-0.5, (b) NPC-800-1.5, (c) NPC-700-1 and (d) NPC-900-1.



**Fig. S3** (a) N<sub>2</sub> sorption isotherms and (b) the corresponding pore size distributions of various N-doped porous carbons.

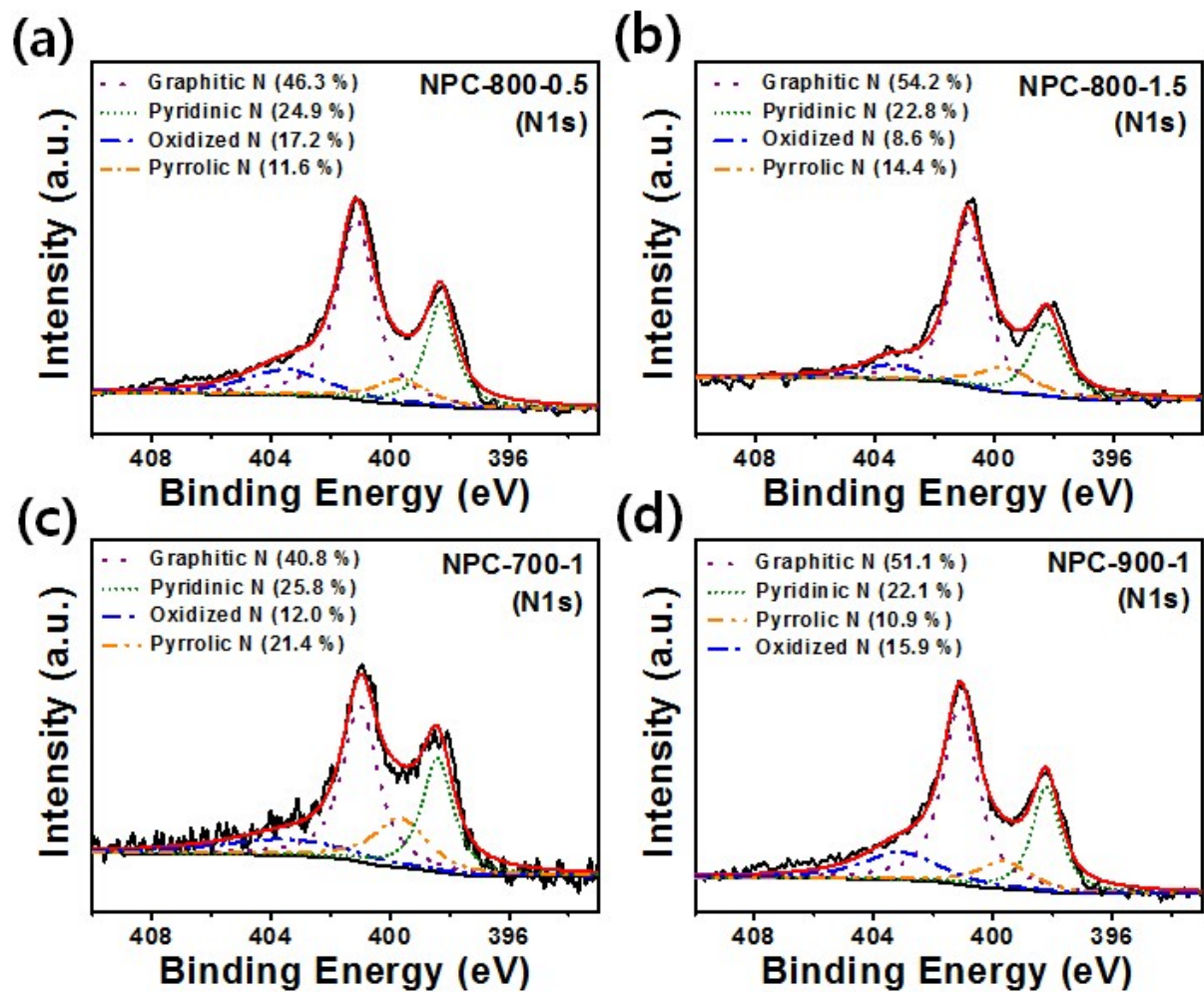
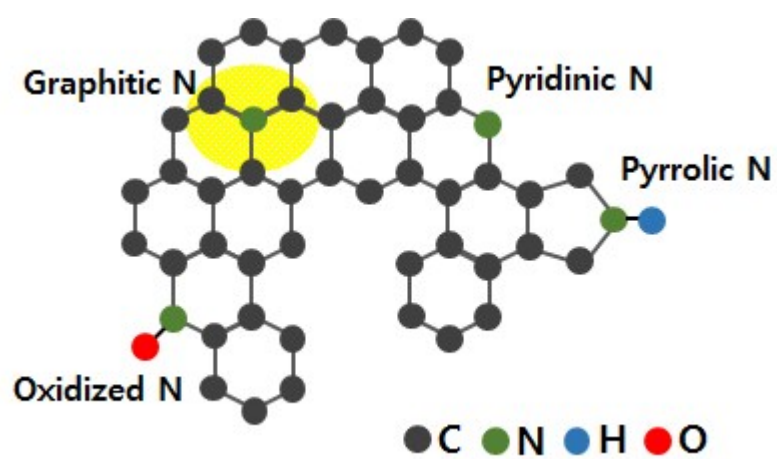
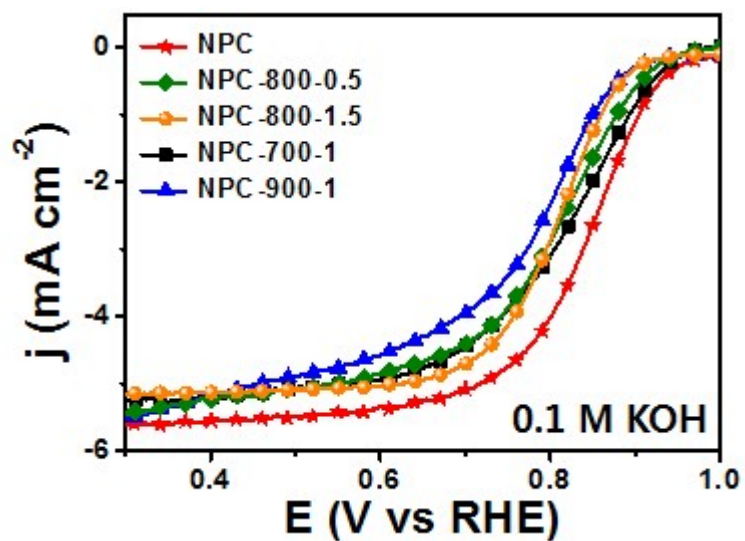


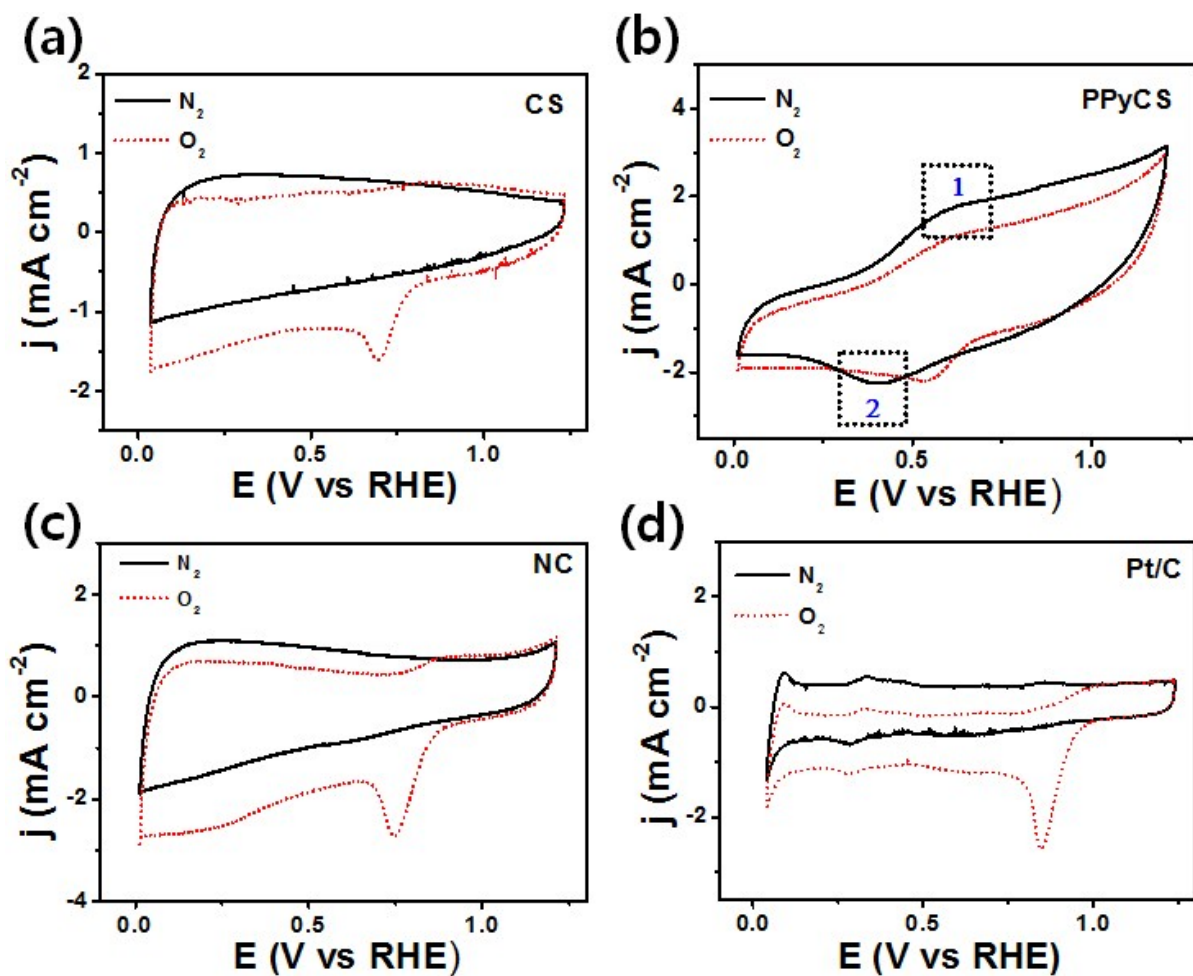
Fig. S4 XPS survey spectra and high resolution N 1s spectra of (a) NPC-800-0.5, (b) NPC-800-1.5, (c) NPC-700-1 and (d) NPC-900-1.



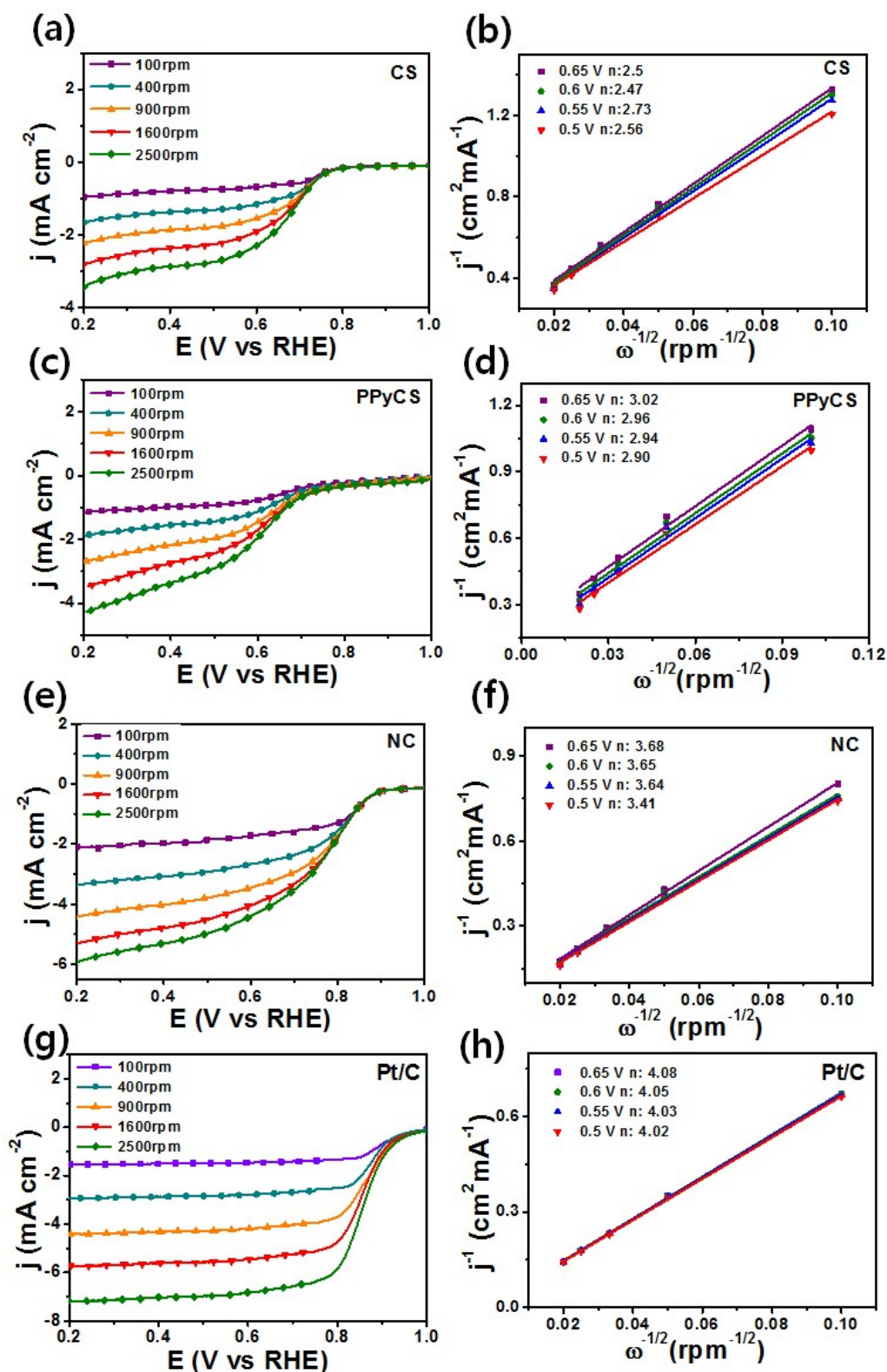
**Fig. S5** Schematic illustration of different bonding configurations in the N doped carbon structure.



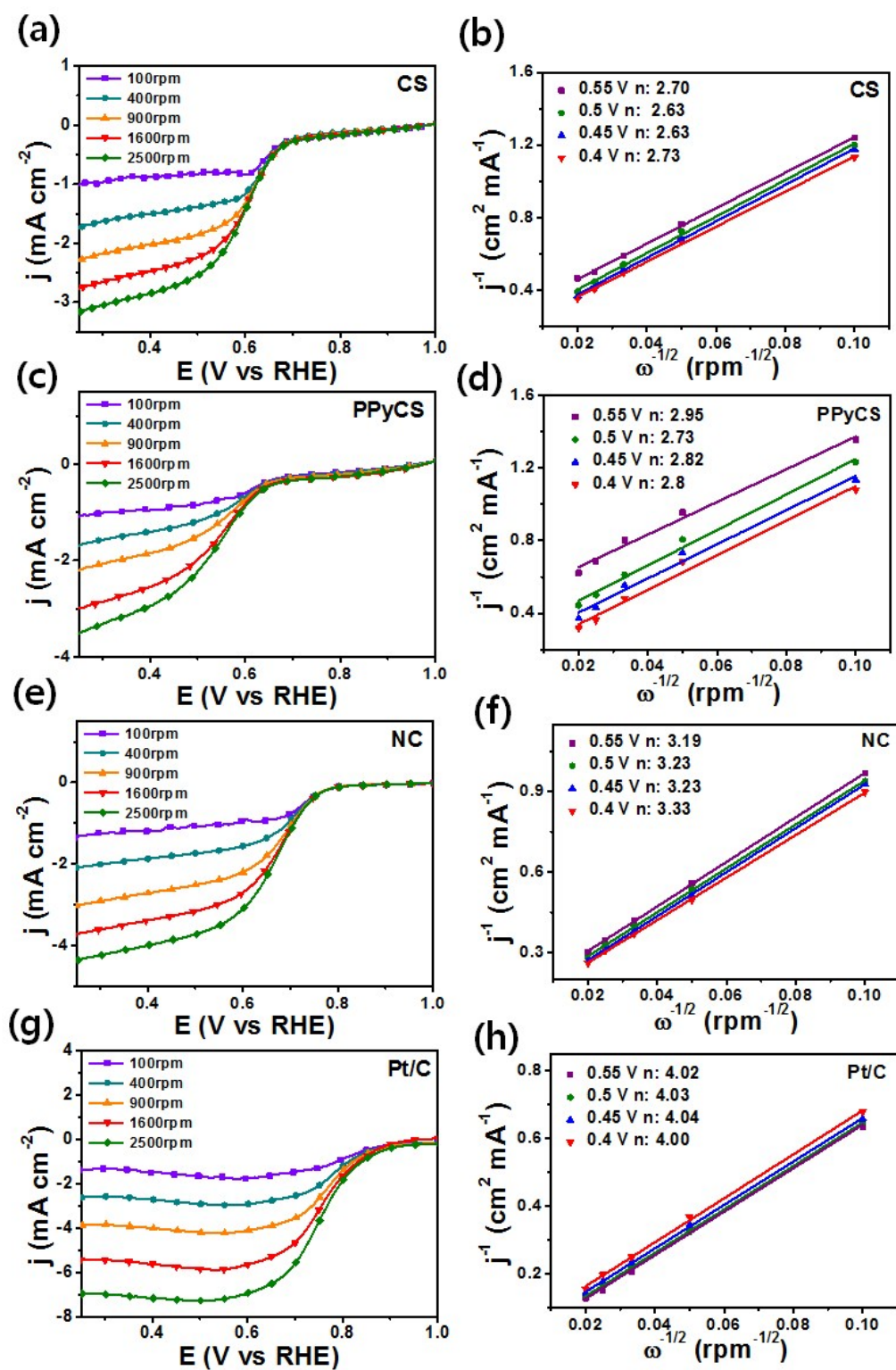
**Fig. S6** ORR polarization curves of various N-doped porous carbons prepared under different activation parameters.



**Fig. S7** CV curves of (a) CS, (b) PPyCS, (c) NC and (d) Pt/C in 0.1 M KOH electrolyte saturated with  $N_2$  or  $O_2$  at a scan rate of  $50 \text{ mV s}^{-1}$ .

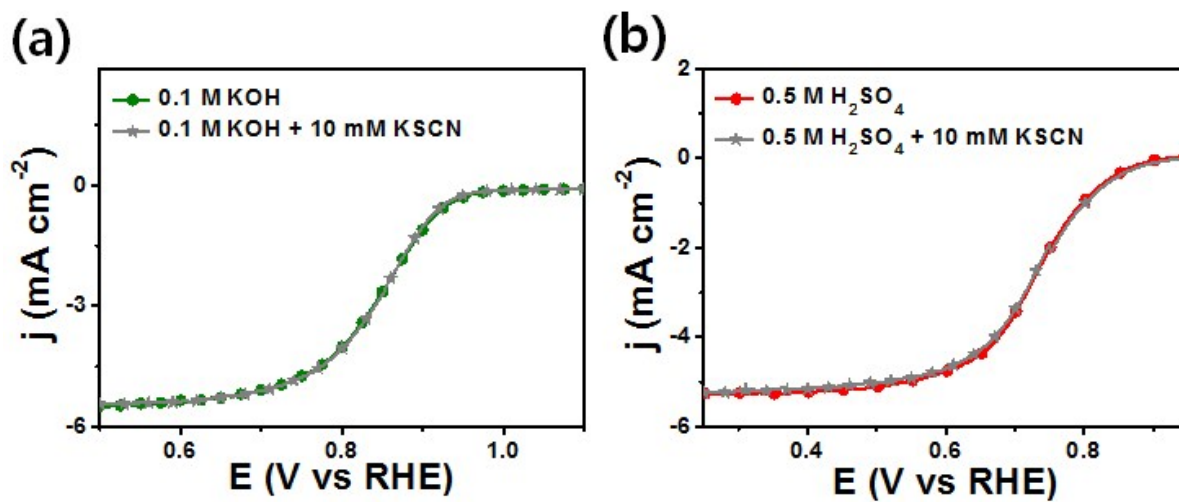


**Fig. S8** ORR polarization curves of (a) CS, (c) PPyCS (e) NC and (g) Pt/C in 0.1 M KOH electrolyte under different rotating rates and the corresponding Koutecky-Levich plots of (b) CS, (d) PPyCS (f) NC and (h) Pt/C at different potentials.

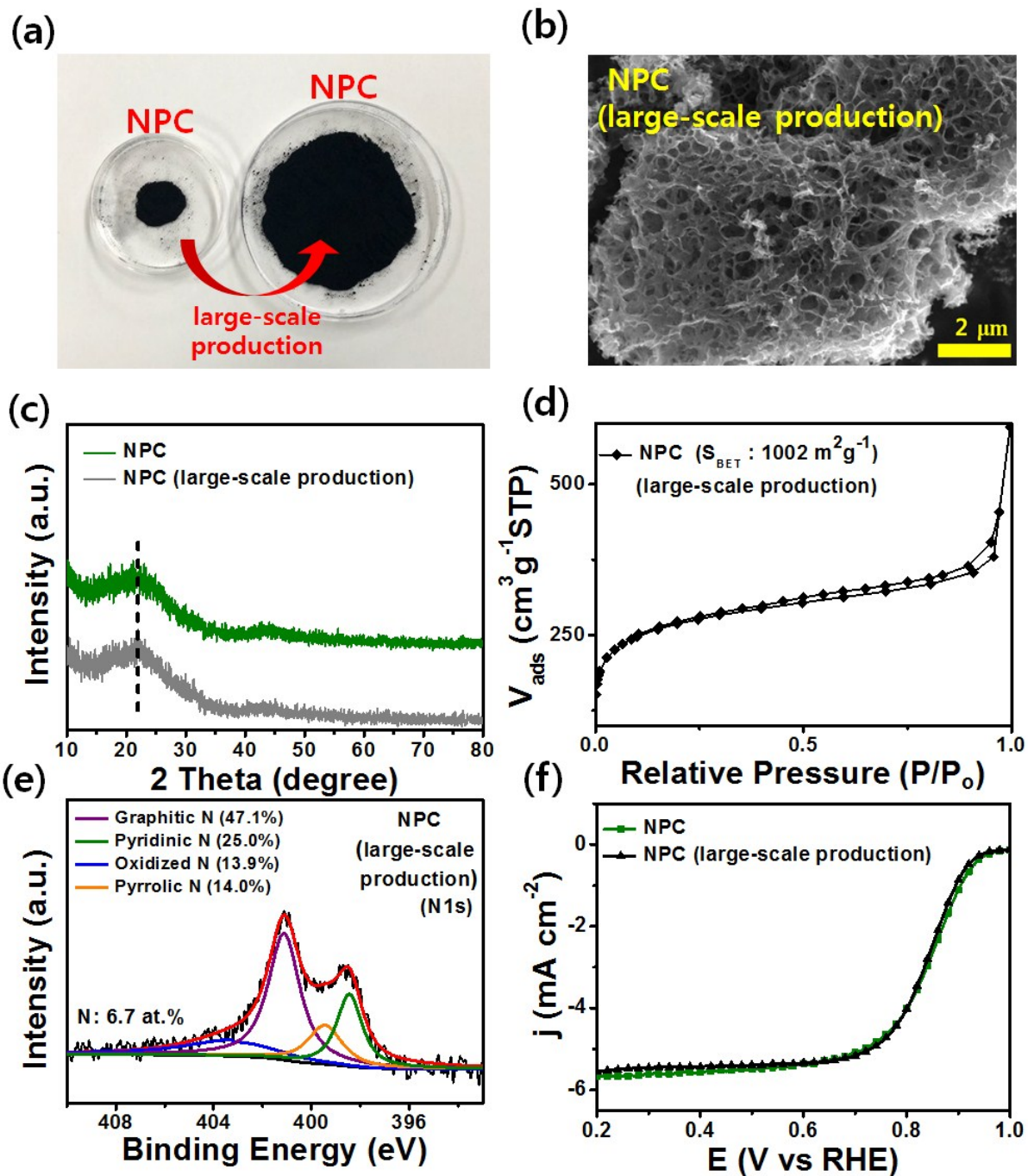


**Fig. S9** ORR polarization curves of (a) CS, (c) PPyCS (e) NC and (g) Pt/C in 0.5 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> electrolyte under different rotating rates and the corresponding Koutecky-Levich plots of (b) CS, (d) PPyCS (f) NC and (h) Pt/C at different potentials.





**Fig. S10** ORR polarization curves of NPC in (a) 0.1 M KOH electrolyte (with and without 10 mM KSCN) and (b) 0.5 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> electrolyte (with and without 10 mM KSCN) saturated with O<sub>2</sub> at a scan rate of 10 mV s<sup>-1</sup> under 1600 rpm.



**Fig. S11** (a) Photograph of NPC and NPC (large-scale production), (b) SEM image, (c) XRD patterns, (d) N<sub>2</sub> sorption isotherm, (e) high resolution N 1s spectra and (f) ORR activity of NPC (large-scale production).