

## Supporting information

### Development of G-quadruplex ligand for selective induction of parallel type topology

Yue Ma,<sup>[a]</sup> Yamato Tsushima,<sup>[a]</sup> Mai Sakuma,<sup>[a]</sup> Shogo Sasaki,<sup>[a]</sup> Keisuke Iida,<sup>[b]</sup> Sachiko Okabe,<sup>[c]</sup> Hiroyuki Seimiya,<sup>[c]</sup> Takatsugu Hirokawa,<sup>[d,e,f]</sup> Kazuo Nagasawa\*<sup>[a]</sup>

[a] Department of Biotechnology and Life Science, Tokyo University of Agriculture and Technology, 2-24-16 Naka-cho, Koganei, Tokyo 184-8588 (Japan)  
E-mail: knaga@cc.tuat.ac.jp

[b] Department of Chemistry, Chiba University, 1-33 Yayoi, Inage, Chiba 263-8522 (Japan)

[c] Division of Molecular Biotherapy, Cancer Chemotherapy Center, Japanese Foundation for Cancer Research, 3-8-1 Ariake, Koto-ward, Tokyo 135-8550 (Japan)

[d] Transborder Medical Research center, University of Tsukuba, 1-1-1 Tennodai, Tsukuba, 305-8575 (Japan)

[e] Division of Biomedical Science, University of Tsukuba, 1-1-1 Tennodai, Tsukuba, 305-8575 (Japan)

[f] Molecular Profiling Research Center for Drug Discovery, National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology, 2-4-7 Aomi, Koto-ward, Tokyo 135-0064 (Japan)

#### Table of Contents:

1. Supplementary Methods	S2
2. Supplementary Reference	S2
3. Oligonucleotides Sequences (Table S1)	S3
4. Circular dichroism (CD) spectrometry (Figure S1 – S4)	S3
5. Surface Plasmon Resonance (SPR) assay (Figure S5 and Table S2)	S5
6. PCR stop assay (Figure S6 and Table S3)	S6
7. CD melting analysis (Figure S7)	S7
8. TRAP assay (Figure S8 and Table S4)	S8
9. Magnified view of docking models (Figure 2)	S9
10. <sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra for <b>8</b> , <b>9</b> , <b>3</b> , <b>10</b> , <b>4</b> .	S10

## 1. Supplementary Methods

### PCR stop assay

The PCR stop assay was performed by means of a modified protocol of the previous study.<sup>[1]</sup> Sequences of the test oligonucleotides, including telo24 and telo24 mut, and the corresponding complementary sequence (telo24 rev) used in the current study were presented in Table S1. The chain extension reaction was performed in a final volume of 25  $\mu$ L, in 1 x PCR buffer, containing 0.1 mM dNTP, 1.5 U *Taq* polymerase, 50 pmol of each oligonucleotides and various concentrations of G4 ligands (**1**, **3**, and **4**). The mixture was incubated in a thermocycler with following cycling conditions: 94 °C for 2 min, followed by 30 cycles of 94 °C for 30 sec, 58 °C for 1 min. Amplified PCR products were resolved on 12 % native polyacrylamide gels in 1 X TBE buffer and stained with SYBR Green. Fluorescence was scanned with a phosphorimager (Typhoon 8600, Molecular Dynamics).

### CD melting analysis

A solution of 10  $\mu$ M oligonucleotide (telo24) was performed in 50 mM Tri-HCl buffer without ion. Subsequently, 50  $\mu$ M ligands (**1**, **3**, and **4**) were added. Melting curves were obtained by monitoring the CD intensity at 265 or 290 nm on a J-720 spectropolarimeter (JASCO, Tokyo, JAPAN) by using a quartz cell of 1 mm optical path length, and the temperature was stepwise increase of 5 °C from 25 to 100 °C.

## 2. Supplementary Reference

[1] T. Lemarteleur, D. Gomez, R. Paterski, E. Mandine, P. Mailliet and J. F. Riou, *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* **2004**, 323, 802.

### 3. Oligonucleotides Sequences

Table S1. Sequences of oligonucleotides used in this paper

Oligonucleotide	Sequence
Flu-telo21	5'-FAM-d[GGG TTA GGG TTA GGG TTAGGG]-TAMRA-3'
Flu-dsDNA	5'-FAM-d[TAT AGC TAT ATT TTT TTA TAG CTA TA]-TAMRA-3'
telo24	5'-d[TTA GGG TTA GGG TTA GGGTTA GGG]- 3'
telo24 mut	5'-d[TTA CCC TTA CCC TTA CCC TTA GGG]- 3'
telo rev	5'-d[TCT CGT CTT CCC TAA]- 3'
<i>bcl-2</i>	5'-d[GGG CGC GGG AGG AAT TGG GCG GG]- 3'
TBA	5'-d[GGT TGG TGT GGT TGG]- 3'
Bio-telo24	5'-Biotin-d[TTA GGG TTA GGG TTA GGG TTA GGG]- 3'

### 4. Circular dichroism (CD) spectrometry

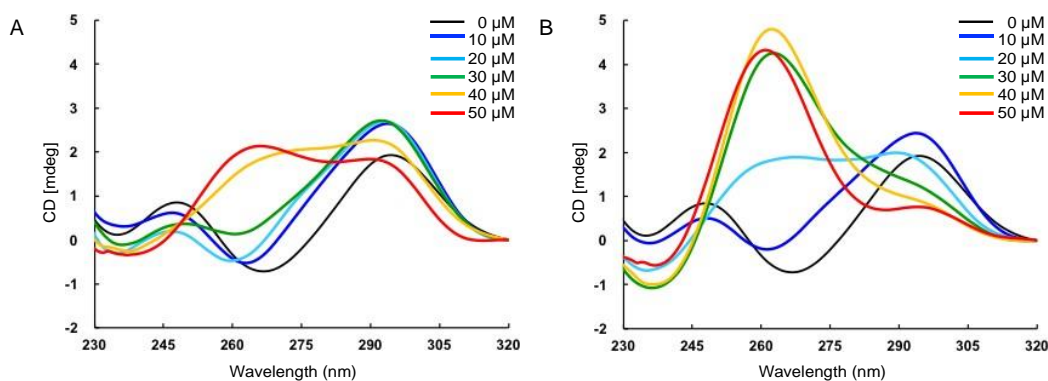


Figure S1. CD spectra of telo24 (10  $\mu$ M) in 50 mM Tris-HCl buffer (with 50 mM NaCl, pH 7.5) in the presence of 0-5 equivalents of ligand; A) L2H2-2M2EA-6OTD (**3**); B) L2G2-2M2EG-6OTD (**4**).

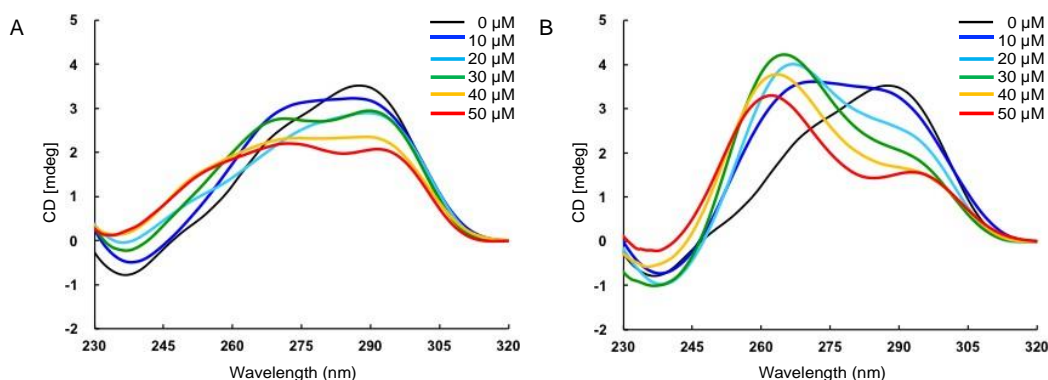


Figure S2. CD spectra of telo24 (10  $\mu$ M) in 50 mM Tris-HCl buffer (with 50 mM KCl, pH 7.5) in the presence of 0-5 equivalents of ligand; A) L2H2-2M2EA-6OTD (**3**); B) L2G2-2M2EG-6OTD (**4**).

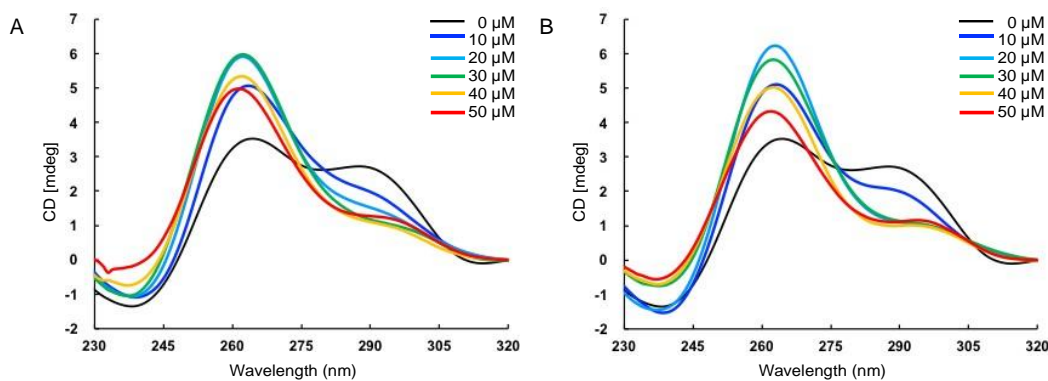


Figure S3. CD spectra of *bcl-2* (10  $\mu$ M) in 50 mM Tris-HCl buffer (with 50 mM KCl, pH 7.5) in the presence of 0-5 equivalents of ligand; A) L2H2-2M2EA-6OTD (**3**); B) L2G2-2M2EG-6OTD (**4**).

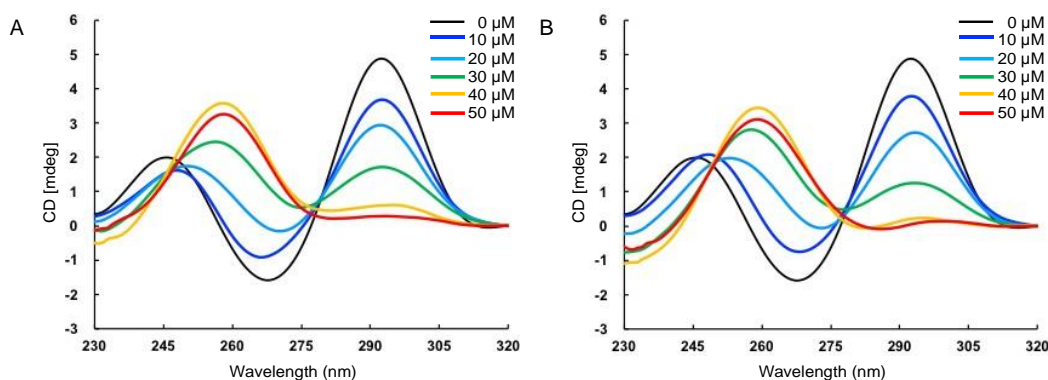


Figure S4. CD spectra of TBA (10  $\mu$ M) in 50 mM Tris-HCl buffer (with 50 mM KCl, pH 7.5) in the presence of 0-5 equivalents of ligand; A) L2H2-2M2EA-6OTD (**3**); B) L2G2-2M2EG-6OTD (**4**).

## 5. Surface Plasmon Resonance (SPR) assay

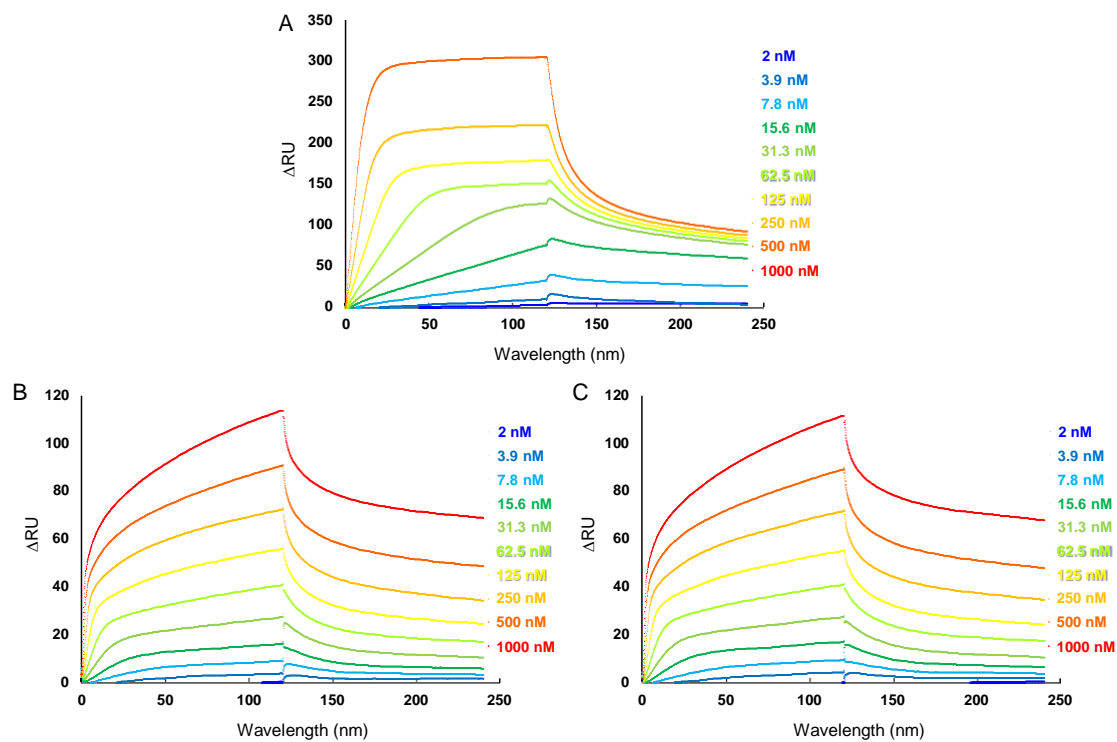


Figure S5. SPR profile of Bio-telo24 bound to ligands; A) L2H2-6OTD (**1**); B) L2H2-2M2EA-6OTD (**3**); C) L2G2-2M2EG-6OTD (**4**).

Table S2. Kinetic parameters for G-quadruplex of Bio-telo24

Ligands	$k_a$ ( $M^{-1} s^{-1}$ )	$k_d$ ( $s^{-1}$ )	$K_D$ (nM)
L2H2-6OTD ( <b>1</b> )	$1.5 \times 10^6$	$4.8 \times 10^{-2}$	31
L2G2-6OTD-2M2EG ( <b>4</b> )	$4.1 \times 10^4$	$3.0 \times 10^{-3}$	74

## 6. PCR stop assay

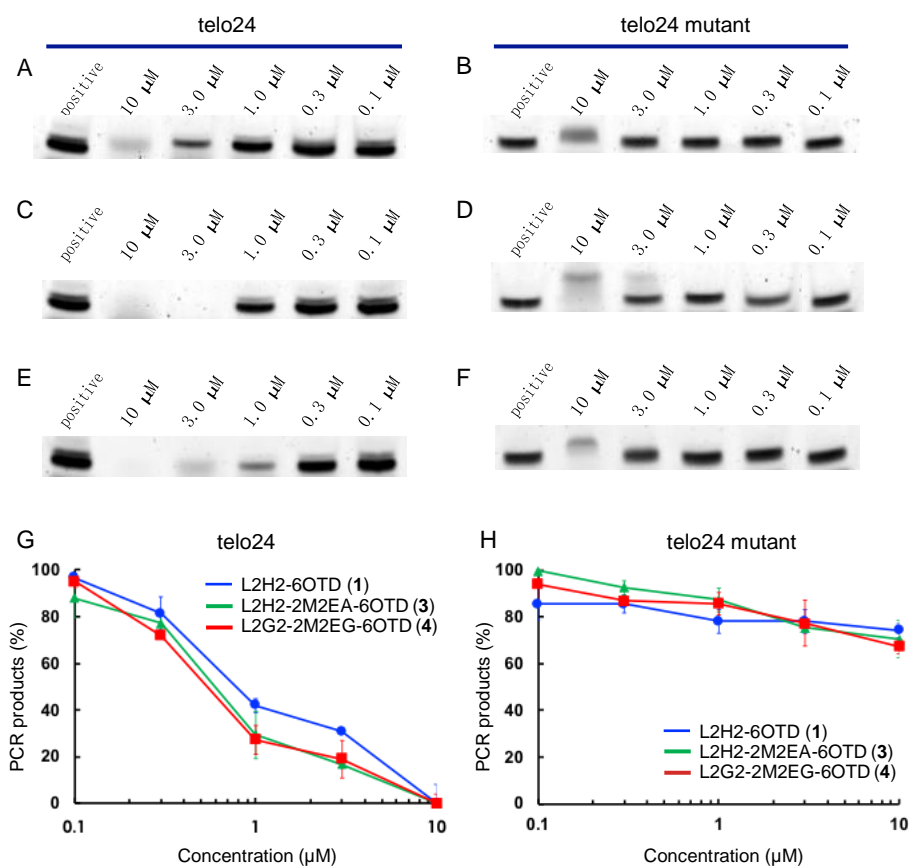


Figure S6. PCR stop assay of **1**, **3**, and **4**. A-F presented the PCR products; A) telo24-**1**; B) telo24 mut-**1**; C) telo24-**3**; D) telo24 mut-**3**; E) telo24-**4**; F) telo24 mut-**4**. G and H presented the quantification of the fluorescent intensity by using phosphorimager; G) telo24-(**1**, **3** and **4**); H) telo24 mut-(**1**, **3** and **4**).

Table S3. DNA sequence selectivity of 6OTDs **1**, **3**, and **4** by the PCR stop assay

Ligands	telo24	telo24 mut
	IC <sub>50</sub> (μM)	
L2H2-6OTD ( <b>1</b> )	0.86 ± 0.1	>10
L2H2-6OTD-2M2EA ( <b>3</b> )	0.70 ± 0.04	>10
L2G2-6OTD-2M2EG ( <b>4</b> )	0.65 ± 0.01	>10

## 7. CD melting analysis

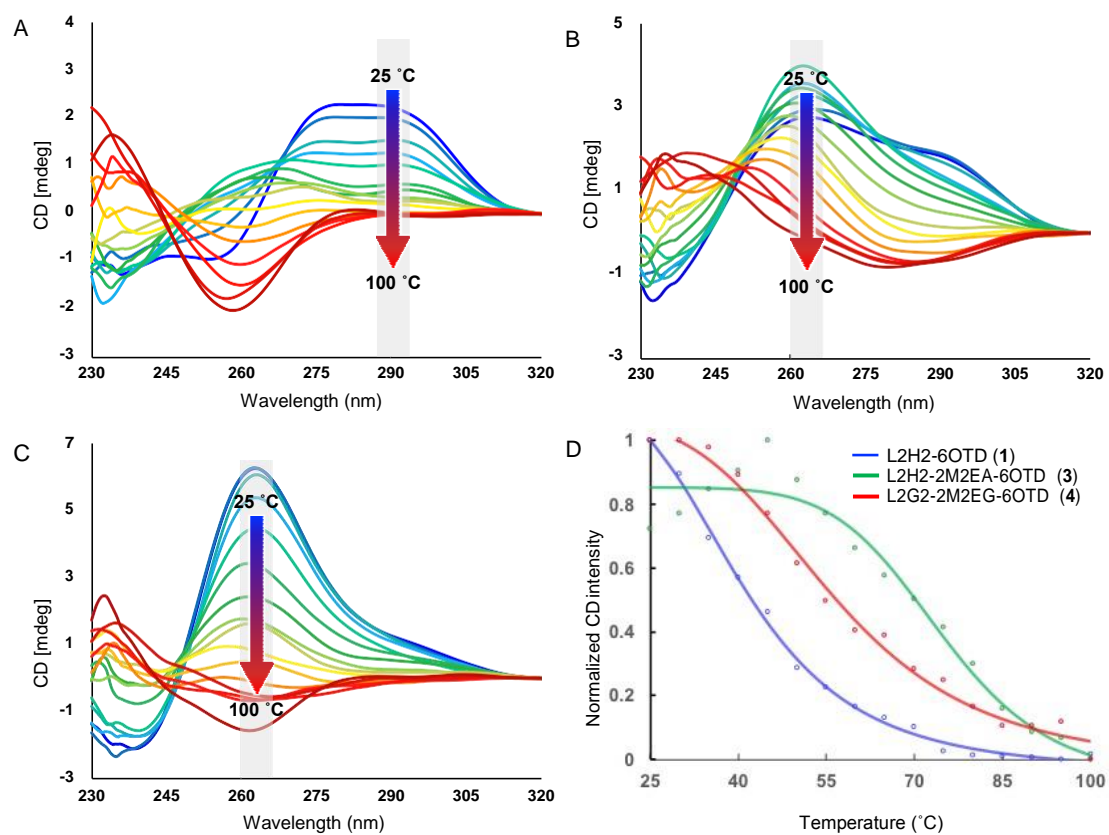


Figure S7. CD melting assay of **1**, **3**, and **4** with tel24. The CD melting profiles for tel24 with ligands; A) L2H2-6OTD (**1**); B) L2H2-2M2EA-6OTD (**3**); C) L2G2-2M2EG-6OTD (**4**). D) The CD melting curves of tel24 were recorded at 290 nm in the presence of **1**, and at 265 nm in the presence of **3** and **4**, respectively.

## 8. TRAP assay

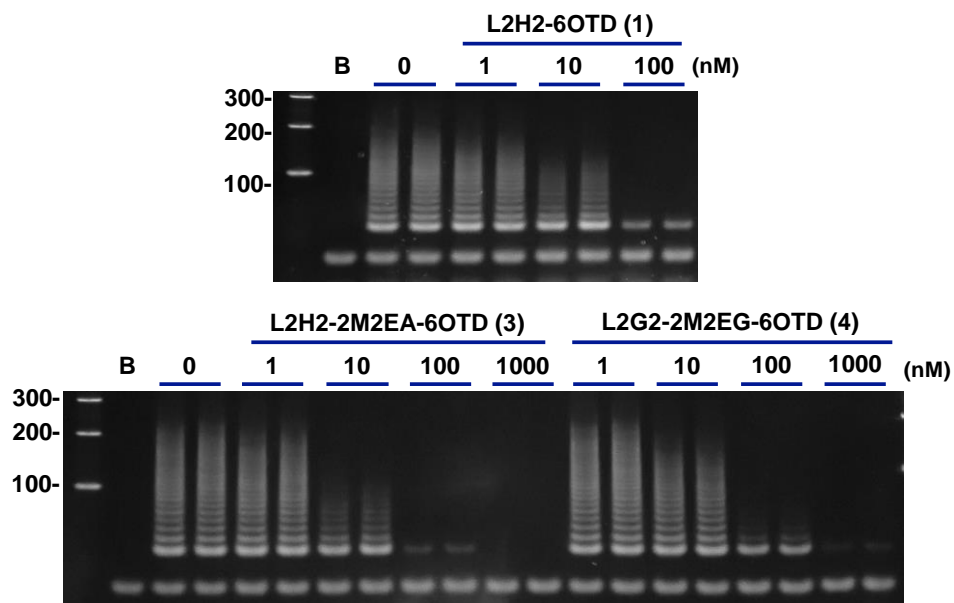


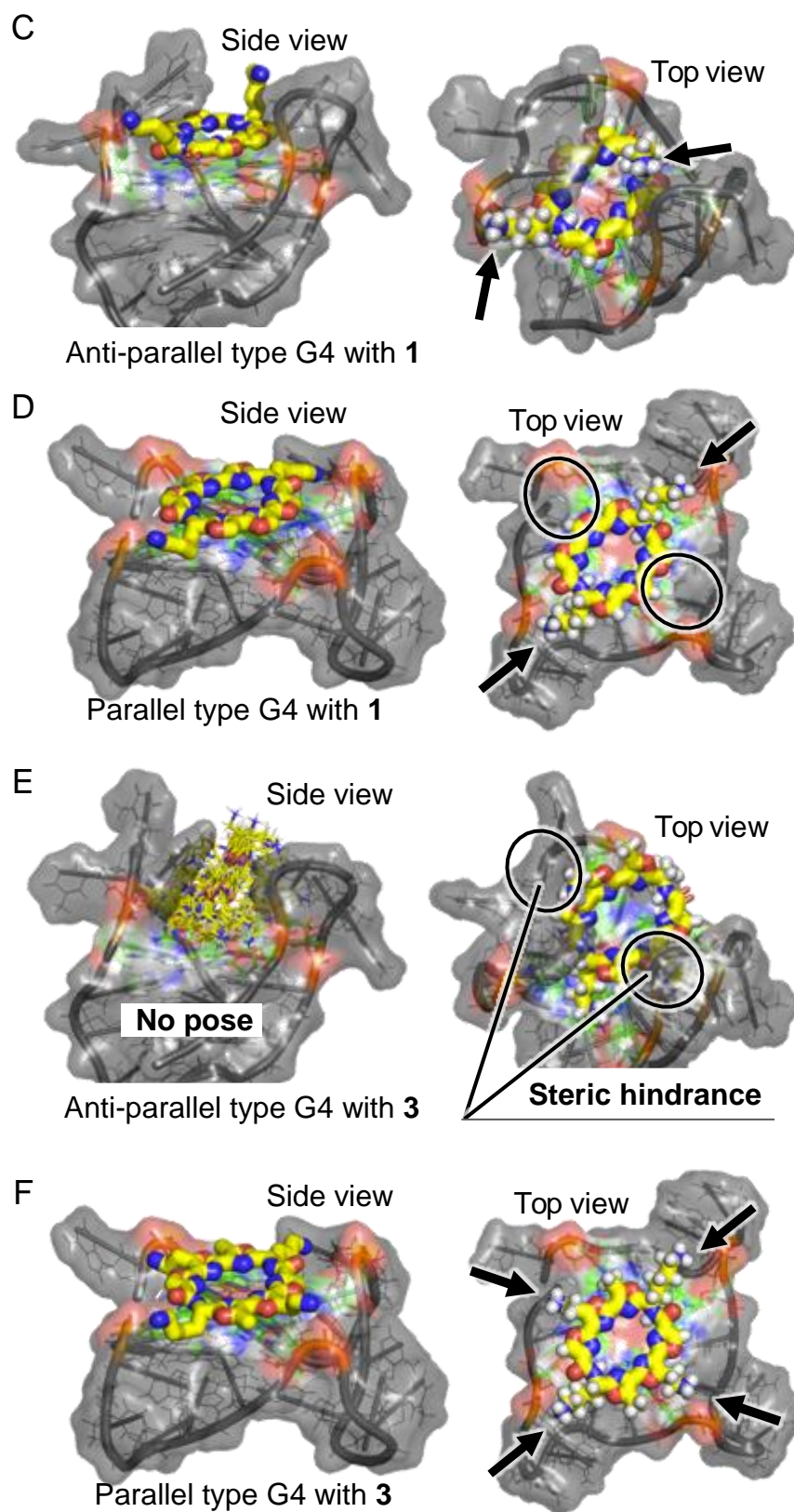
Figure S8. TRAP assay for ligand **1**, **3**, and **4**.

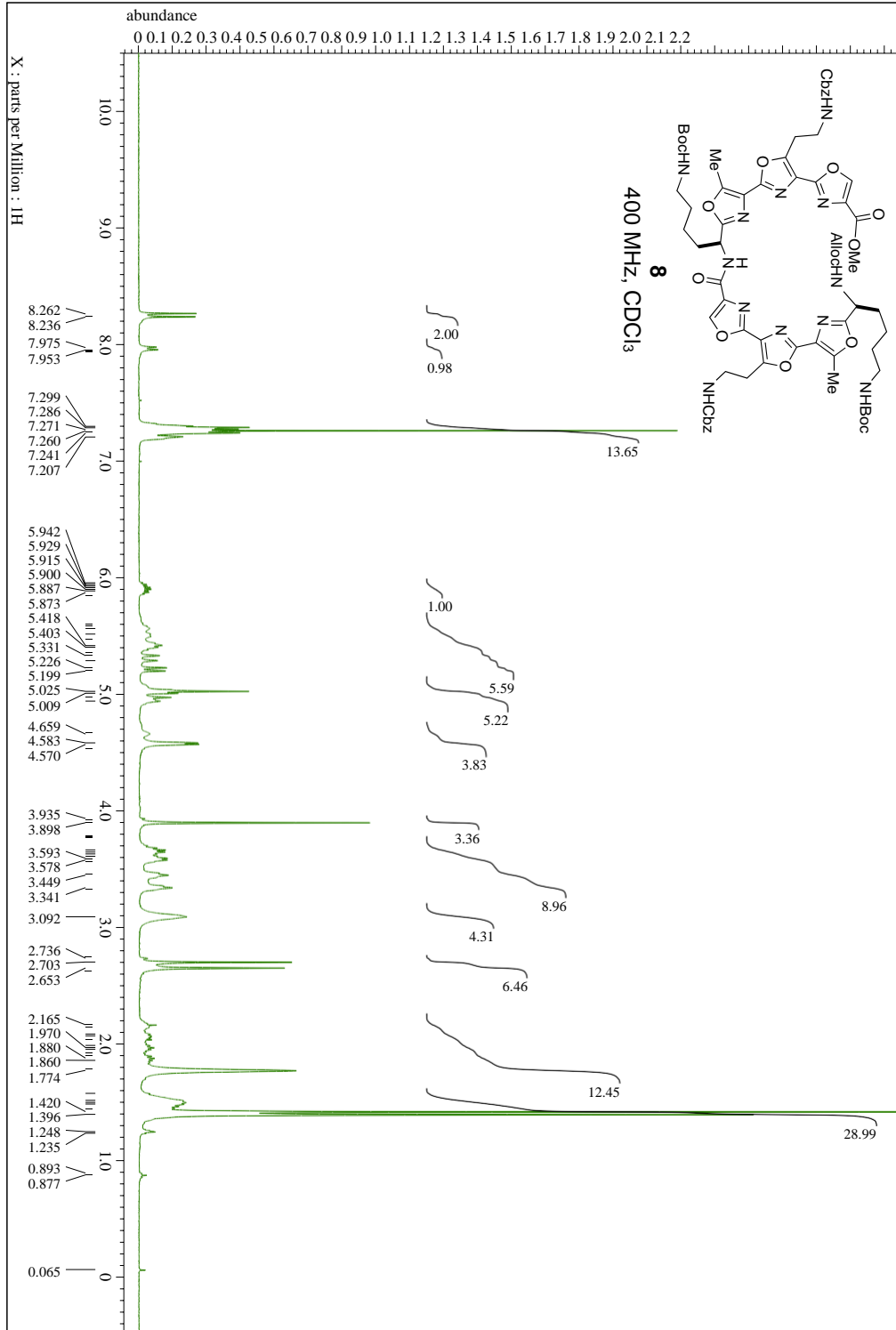
Table S4. Telomerase inhibitory activities of 6OTDs **1**, **3**, and **4** by the TRAP assay

Ligands	IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)
L2H2-6OTD ( <b>1</b> )	97.5
L2H2-6OTD-2M2EA ( <b>3</b> )	6.8
L2G2-6OTD-2M2EG ( <b>4</b> )	40.3



## 9. Magnified view of docking model (Figure 2)





10. <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra for 8, 9, 3, 10, 4.

