Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI) for

Control of circularly polarized luminescence from a boron ketoiminate-based π conjugated polymer *via* conformational lock

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Fig. S1 (a) Plot of (I/I_0) values of polymer-1 versus the compositions of the aqueous mixtures; (b) Quantum yield (Φ_{EM}) changes of polymer-1, upon increasing the concentration water (0–95%), measured after 2 h.



Fig. S2 Dynamic light scattering (DLS) results showing the variation in particle size diameter with increasing the MCH content in the CHCl₃ solution of polymer-1: (a) 90% and (b) 95%.



Fig. S3 AFM image of nanoparticles assembled from polymer-1 for 2 h in the MCH/CHCl₃ solution

(*v*/*v*, 95:5).



Fig. S4 SEM image of nanoparticles assembled from polymer-1 for 2 h in the MCH/CHCl₃ solution

(*v*/*v*, 95:5).



Fig. S5 g_{lum} spectra of polymer-1 in the pure CHCl₃ solution and in the MCH/CHCl₃ system (ν/ν , 10:90, 20:80, 50:50, 70:30, 80:20, 90:10, 95:5). Solution concentration: 10 μ M.



Fig. S6 ¹H NMR spectra of 4 in the CDCl₃ solution.



Fig. S7 ¹³C NMR spectra of 4 in the CDCl₃ solution.



Fig. S8 ¹H NMR spectra of M-1 in the CDCl₃ solution.



Fig. S9¹³C NMR spectra of M-1 in the CDCl₃ solution.



Fig. S10 ¹H NMR spectra of M-2 in the CDCl₃ solution.



Fig. S11 ¹H NMR spectra of polymer-1 in the CDCl₃ solution.