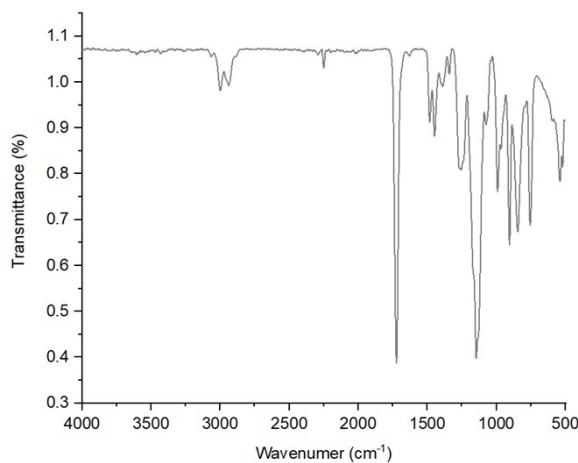


## Electronic Supplementary Information

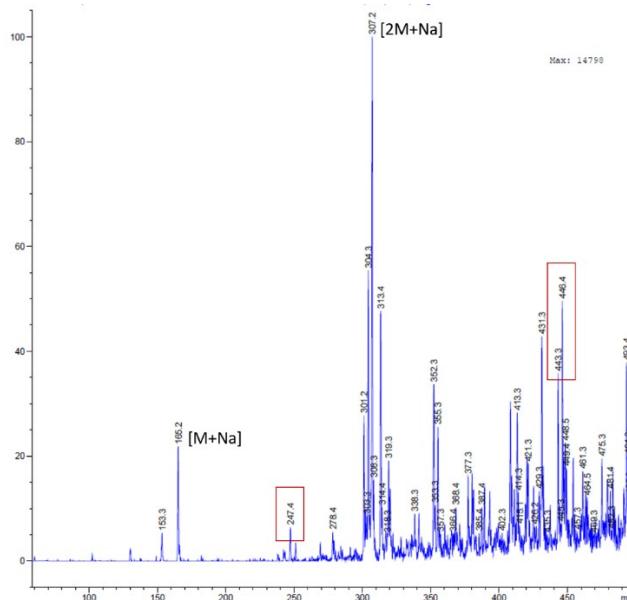
# A Simple and Versatile Route to Amphiphilic Polymethacrylates: Catalytic Chain Transfer Polymerisation (CCTP) Coupled with Post-Polymerisation Modifications

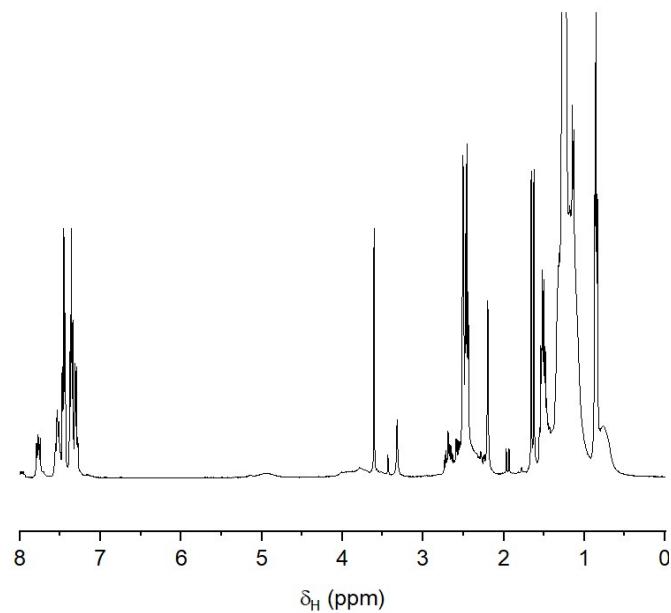
Christophe J. Atkins, Georgios Patias, James S. Town, Alan M. Wemyss, Ahmed M. Eissa, Ataulla Shegiwal and David M. Haddleton

## Additional Figures and Schemes

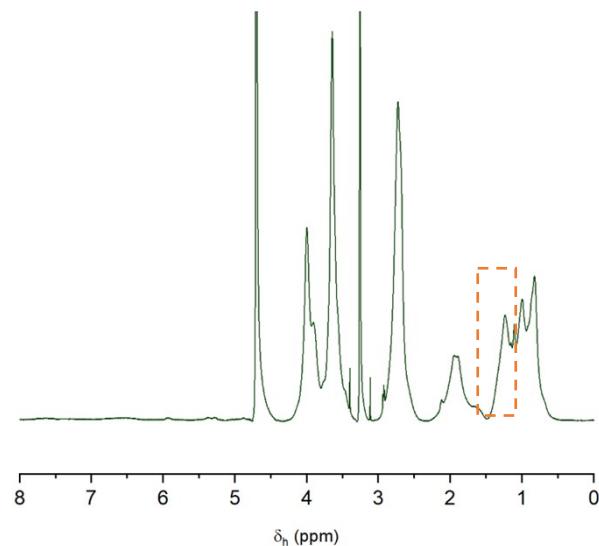


**Figure S1.** Typical FT-IR spectra obtained after CCTP of glycidyl methacrylate

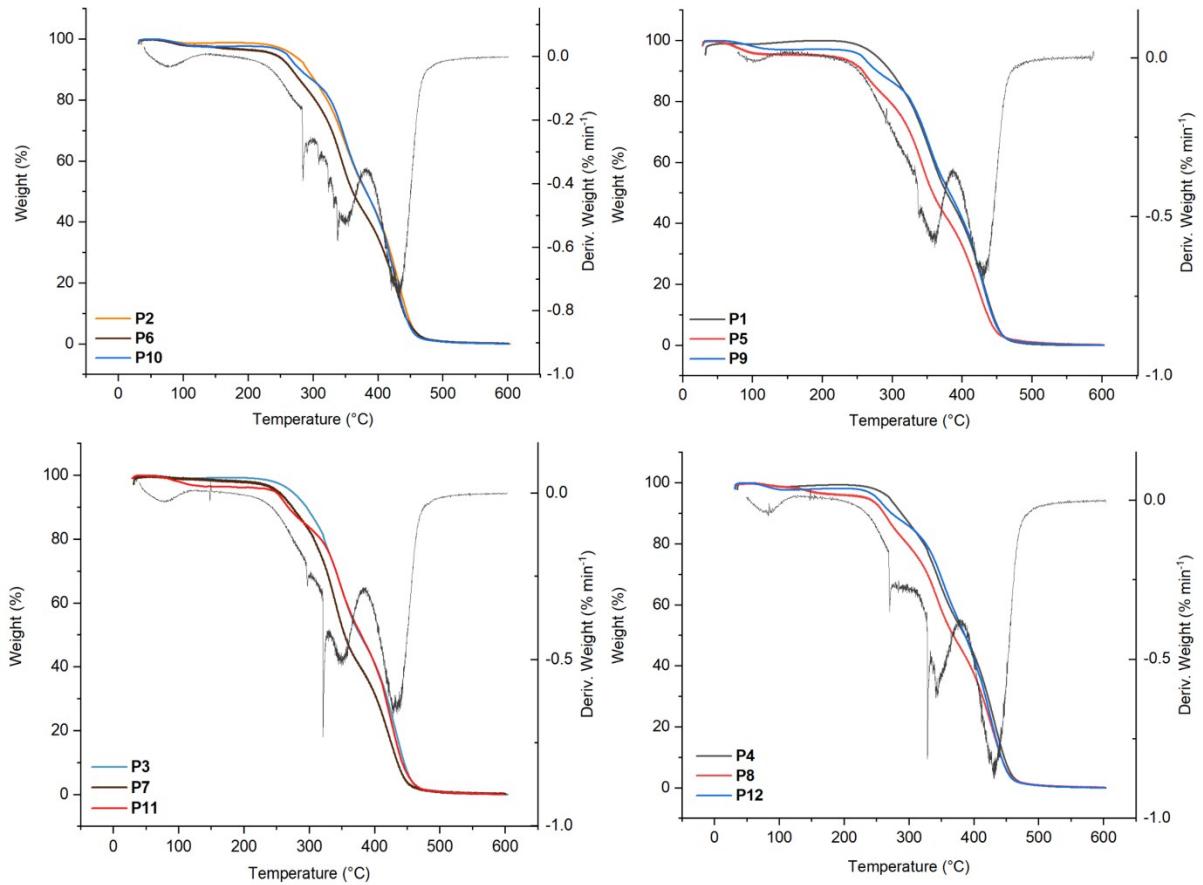




**Figure S3.** <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of unpurified p(GMA) reacted with dodecanethiol after 12 hours of storage, with disappearance of epoxide peaks due to side-reactions.



**Figure S4.** <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectra of **P9** ran with  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  as NMR solvent, with disappearance of dodecane peak between 1 and 1.5 ppm due to self-assembly in solution.



**Figure S5.** Thermogravimetric and differential thermogravimetric (light blue) data of p(GMA), and polymers **P1** to **P12**.

## Polymer Characterisation

### p(GMA).

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR, (500 MHz at 25°C in CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 0.90-1.20 and 1.10-1.20 (m, backbone CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.60-1.70 (br, backbone CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.60-2.70 (m, epoxide CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.8-2.84 (m, epoxide CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.20-3.30 (m, epoxide CH), 3.80-3.90 (m, ester-CH<sub>2</sub>-epoxide), 4.30-3.40 (m, ester-CH<sub>2</sub>-epoxide), 5.60-5.70 (br, terminal vinyl), 6.30-6.40 (br, terminal vinyl)

<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (/ppm, 400 MHz at 25°C in CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 14.08-14.93 (backbone -CH<sub>3</sub>), 43.34 (backbone >C<), 47.06 (epoxide -CH<sub>2</sub>-), 52.31 (epoxide -CH<), 64.17 (ester-CH<sub>2</sub>-epoxide), 115.02 (terminal vinyl -CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 124.44 (terminal vinyl -CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 175.58-175.25-174.42 (carbonyl >C=O)

GPC (CHCl<sub>3</sub>):   **A:** M<sub>n</sub> = 6670 g.mol<sup>-1</sup>, M<sub>w</sub> = 14500 g.mol<sup>-1</sup>, D = 2.17  
**B:** M<sub>n</sub> = 2600 g.mol<sup>-1</sup>, M<sub>w</sub> = 4920 g.mol<sup>-1</sup>, D = 1.87  
**C:** M<sub>n</sub> = 2170 g.mol<sup>-1</sup>, M<sub>w</sub> = 3380 g.mol<sup>-1</sup>, D = 1.55

FT-IR (neat, /cm<sup>-1</sup>): 2962 (C-H, s, medium), 1722 (C=O, s, strong), 1622 (C=C, s, medium), 1445 (CH<sub>2</sub>, medium), 1267 (s), 1141 (s, C-O), 905 (s, epoxide)

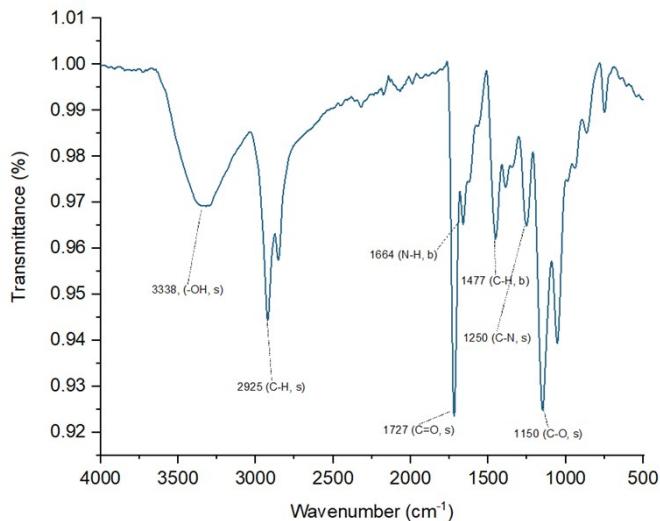
### p(GMA)<sub>n</sub>(DDT)(ETA): P1/P5/P9

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR, (/ppm, 500 MHz at 25°C in DMSO-d<sup>6</sup>): 0.78 (br, dodecyl terminal -CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.86-0.96 (br, backbone + terminal -CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.24 (br, dodecyl -CH<sub>2</sub>-), 1.52 (br, -S-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 1.65 (d, -S-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 1.84 (br, backbone -CH<sub>2</sub>-), 2.60 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-S- and -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 3.42 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH), 3.80 (br, ester-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH-), 4.41 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-OH), 5.26 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 5.92 (br, CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C-NMR, (/ppm, 500 MHz at 25°C in DMSO-d<sup>6</sup>): 14.43 (dodecyl -CH<sub>3</sub>), 22.59 (dodecyl -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>), 28.72 (backbone -CH<sub>3</sub>), 29.21-29.52 (dodecyl -CH<sub>2</sub>-), 29.69 (-S-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 31.79 (-CH<sub>2</sub>-S-), 32.46 (-S-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 35.64 (backbone >C<), 52.18-52.71 (-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 58.02-59.56 (backbone -CH<sub>2</sub>-), 60.71 (-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH), 177.33 (carbonyl >C=O)

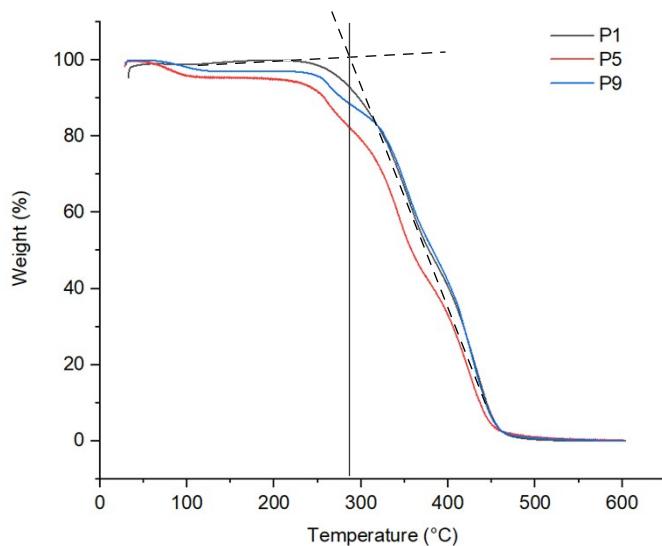
GPC (CHCl<sub>3</sub>):   **P1**:  $M_n = 4652 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $M_w = 13370 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $D = 2.87$   
**P5**:  $M_n = 5850 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $M_w = 11750 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $D = 2.00$   
**P9**:  $M_n = 2420 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $M_w = 4022 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $D = 1.66$

DLS (in water at room temperature, 5 runs average):   **P1**:  $d = 7.48 \text{ nm}$ ,  $PDi = 0.067$   
**P5**:  $d = 8.60 \text{ nm}$ ,  $PDi = 0.889$   
**P9**:  $d = 41.01 \text{ nm}$ ,  $PDi = 0.0961$



**Figure S6.** Typical FT-IT spectra of **P1/P5/P9**.

FT-IR (neat, /cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3338 (-OH, s, broad/medium), 2925 (C-H, s, strong), 1727 (C=O, s, strong), 1664 (N-H, b, medium), 1477 (C-H, b, medium), 1250 (C-N, s, medium), 1150 (C-O, s, strong)



**Figure S7.** TGA graphs of **P1/P5/P9**.

TGA degradation onset (degradation steps temperatures):   **P1**:  $d_s = 287^\circ\text{C}$  ( $356^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $435^\circ\text{C}$ )  
**P5**:  $d_s = 270^\circ\text{C}$  ( $344^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $424^\circ\text{C}$ )  
**P9**:  $d_s = 290^\circ\text{C}$  ( $265^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $353^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $421^\circ\text{C}$ )

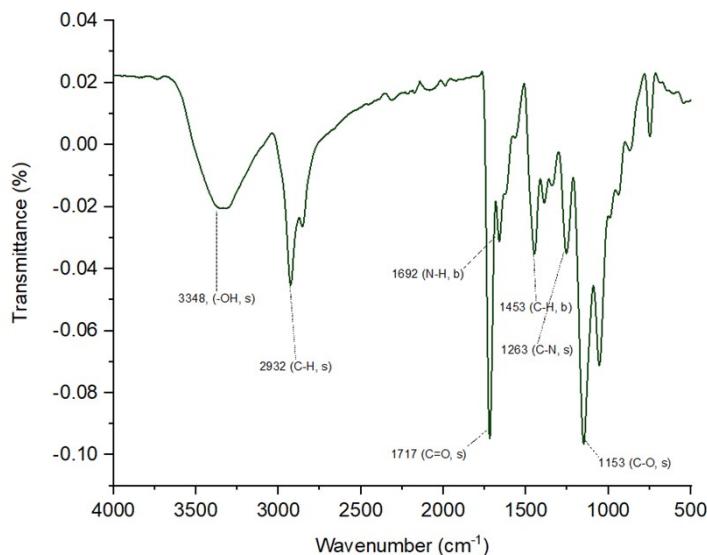
**p(GMA)<sub>n</sub>(CHT)(ETA): P2/P6/P10**

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR, (/ppm, 500 MHz at 25°C in DMSO-d<sup>6</sup>): 0.96-1.26 (br, backbone + terminal -CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.57-1.70 (br, cyclohexane -CH<sub>2</sub>-), 1.93 (br, backbone -CH<sub>2</sub>-), 2.60 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-S- and -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 3.40 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH), 3.78 (br, ester-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH-), 4.46 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-OH), 5.27 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 5.93 (br, CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>)

<sup>13</sup>C-NMR, (/ppm, 500 MHz at 25°C in DMSO-d<sup>6</sup>): 25.99 (cyclohexane -CH<sub>2</sub>-), 33.76 (backbone >C< and -CH<sub>3</sub>), 43.73 (cyclohexane, -S-CH<), 52.23 (-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 52.81 (-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 60.75 (backbone -CH<sub>2</sub>-), 62.48 (-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH), 67.65 (ester-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-), 68.55 (ester-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-), 177.65 (carbonyl >C=O)

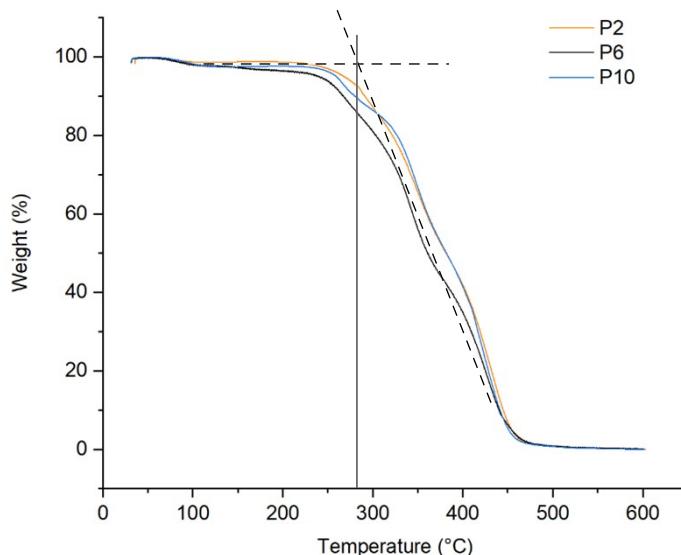
GPC (CHCl<sub>3</sub>):   **P2**:  $M_n = 4540 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $M_w = 8300 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $D = 1.83$   
**P6**:  $M_n = 2800 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $M_w = 5330 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $D = 1.91$   
**P10**:  $M_n = 2560 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $M_w = 5030 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $D = 1.96$

DLS (in water at room temperature, 5 runs average):   **P2**: d = 121.65 nm, PDi = 0.294  
**P6**: d = 118.15 nm, PDi = 1.28  
**P10**: d = 11.36 nm, PDi = 0.0870



**Figure S8.** Typical FT-IR spectra of **P2/P6/P10**.

FT-IR (neat, /cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3348 (-OH, s, broad/medium), 2932 (C-H, s, strong), 1717 (C=O, s, strong), 1692 (N-H, b, medium), 1453 (C-H, b, medium), 1263 (C-N, s, medium), 1153 (C-O, s, strong)



**Figure S9.** TGA graphs of **P2/P6/P10**.

TGA (degradation onset /°C, degradation steps temperatures):      **P2:**  $d_s = 286^\circ\text{C}$  ( $351^\circ\text{C}, 435^\circ\text{C}$ )  
**P6:**  $d_s = 273^\circ\text{C}$  ( $343^\circ\text{C}, 429^\circ\text{C}$ )  
**P10:**  $d_s = 293^\circ\text{C}$  ( $265^\circ\text{C}, 347^\circ\text{C}, 421^\circ\text{C}$ )

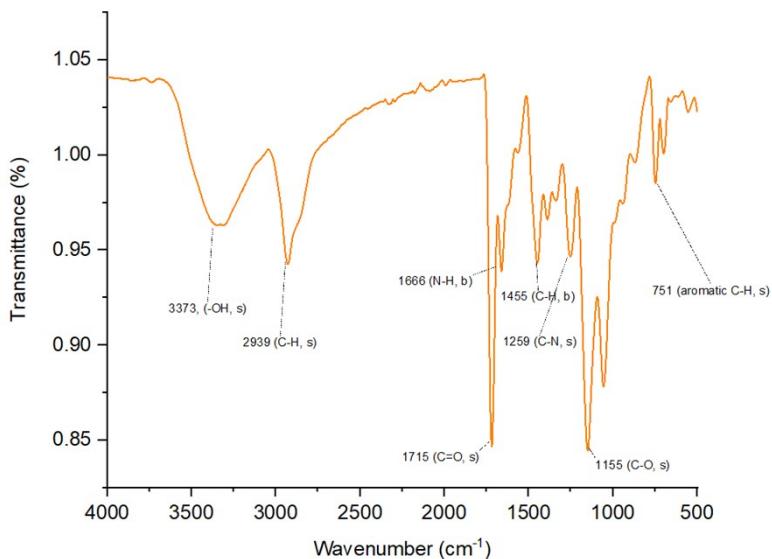
#### **p(GMA)<sub>n</sub>(PET)(ETA): P3/P7/P11**

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR, (/<sup>1</sup>ppm, 500 MHz at 25°C in DMSO-d<sup>6</sup>): 0.78-1.07 (br, backbone + terminal -CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.85 (br, backbone -CH<sub>2</sub>-), 2.60 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-S-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub> and -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 2.81 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 3.47 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH), 3.83 (br, ester-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH-), 4.43 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-OH), 5.24 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 5.48 (br, CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>), 7.24 (br, aromatic -CH=)

<sup>13</sup>C-NMR, (/<sup>13</sup>ppm, 500 MHz at 25°C in DMSO-d<sup>6</sup>): 33.97 (backbone -CH<sub>3</sub>), 35.66-35.91 (-S-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 36.07 (backbone >C<), 42.86 (>CH-CH<sub>2</sub>-S-), 52.19 (-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 52.71 (-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 58.02-58.99-59.52 (backbone -CH<sub>2</sub>-), 60.73 (-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH), 67.76 (ester-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-), 68.28 (ester-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-), 126.58-128.58-128.95 (aromatic =CH-), 140.94 (aromatic -C≤), 177.45 (carbonyl >C=O)

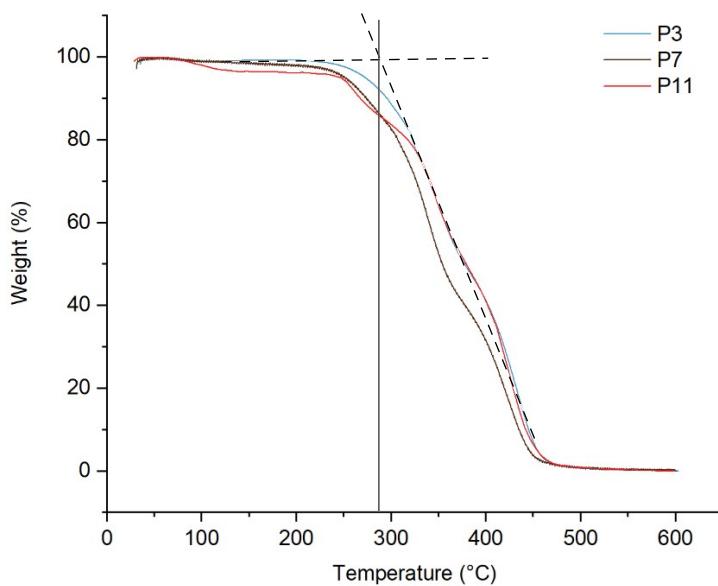
GPC (CHCl<sub>3</sub>):      **P3:**  $M_n = 5270 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $M_w = 9050 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $D = 1.72$   
**P7:**  $M_n = 3250 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $M_w = 6274 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $D = 1.93$   
**P11:**  $M_n = 3530 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $M_w = 6100 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $D = 1.73$

DLS (in water at room temperature, 5 runs average):      **P3:**  $d = 119.43 \text{ nm}$ ,  $PDi = 0.306$   
**P7:**  $d = 15.27 \text{ nm}$ ,  $PDi = 0.0851$   
**P11:**  $d = 6.16 \text{ nm}$ ,  $PDi = 0.0663$



**Figure S10.** Typical FT-IT spectra of **P2/P6/P10**.

FT-IR (neat, /cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3373 (-OH, s, broad/medium), 2939 (C-H, s, strong), 1715 (C=O, s, strong), 1666 (N-H, b, medium), 1455 (C-H, b, medium), 1259 (C-N, s, medium), 1155 (C-O, s, strong), 751 (aromatic C-H, s, medium)



**Figure S11.** TGA graphs of **P3/P7/P11**.

TGA (degradation onset /°C, degradation steps temperatures):   **P3**: d<sub>s</sub> = 286°C (351°C, 433°C)  
**P7**: d<sub>s</sub> = 270°C (342°C, 422°C)  
**P11**: d<sub>s</sub> = 296°C (260°C, 347°C, 423°C)

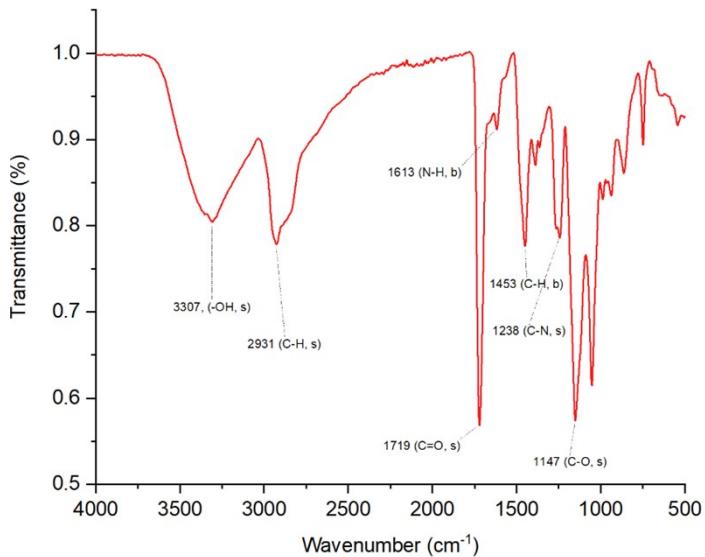
#### p(GMA)<sub>n</sub>(i-PT)(ETA): **P4/P8/P12**

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR, (/ppm, 500 MHz at 25°C in DMSO-d<sup>6</sup>): 0.78-1.07 (br, backbone + terminal -CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.21 (isopropyl -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>) 1.85 (br, backbone -CH<sub>2</sub>-), 2.60 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-S-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub> and -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 2.73 (isopropyl -CH<), 2.98 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 3.47 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH), 3.79 (br, ester-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH-), 4.45 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-OH), 5.25 (br, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 5.92 (br, CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>), 7.59 (aromatic >CH-, small, DMPP contamination **P4** and **P8**)

<sup>13</sup>C-NMR, (/ppm, 500 MHz at 25°C in DMSO-d<sup>6</sup>): 23.86 (isopropyl -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 34.19 (backbone -CH<sub>3</sub>), 35.18 (isopropyl -CH<), 43.95 (>CH-CH<sub>2</sub>-S-), 52.23 (-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 52.78 (-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 60.75 (backbone -CH<sub>2</sub>-), 62.60 (-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH), 67.92 (ester-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-), 68.38 (ester-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-), 177.76 (carbonyl >C=O)

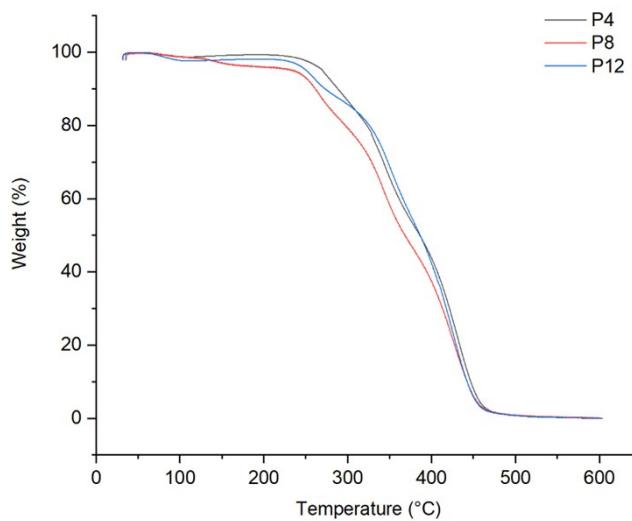
GPC (CHCl<sub>3</sub>):   **P4**:  $M_n = 4510 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $M_w = 8100 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $D = 1.79$   
**P8**:  $M_n = 3210 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $M_w = 5920 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $D = 1.85$   
**P12**:  $M_n = 3000 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $M_w = 4050 \text{ g.mol}^{-1}$ ,  $D = 1.35$

DLS (in water at room temperature, 5 runs average):   **P4**:  $d = 101.42 \text{ nm}$ ,  $PDi = 0.467$   
**P8**:  $d = 13.53 \text{ nm}$ ,  $PDi = 0.0896$   
**P12**:  $d = 9.66 \text{ nm}$ ,  $PDi = 0.0769$



**Figure S12.** Typical FT-IR spectra of **P4/P8/P12**.

FT-IR (neat, /cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3307 (-OH, s, broad/medium), 2931 (C-H, s, strong), 1719 (C=O, s, strong), 1613 (N-H, b, medium), 1453 (C-H, b, medium), 1238 (C-N, s, medium), 1147 (C-O, s, strong)



**Figure S13.** TGA graphs of **P4/P8/P12**.

TGA (degradation onset /°C, degradation steps temperatures):   **P4**:  $d_s = 289^\circ\text{C}$  ( $344^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $437^\circ\text{C}$ )  
**P8**:  $d_s = 267^\circ\text{C}$  ( $264^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $340^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $431^\circ\text{C}$ )  
**P12**:  $d_s = 292^\circ\text{C}$  ( $259^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $349^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $429^\circ\text{C}$ )