## **Supporting information**

## An AIE fluorescent switch with multi-stimuli responsive property

## and application for quantitatively detecting pH value, sulfite anion

## and hydrostatic pressure

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**Fig. S1** PL spectra of TPE-Sp-CN in acetonitrile solution  $(1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$  before and after different equivalent of acid addition then sufficient base treatment.



Fig. S2 Absorption spectra of TPE-Sp-CN ( $1 \times 10^{-5}$  M) in different volume fraction of MeCN/H<sub>2</sub>O mixture.



**Fig. S3** (a), (c), (e) Absorption spectra and (b), (d), (f) PL spectra of TPE-Sp-CN ( $1 \times 10^{-5}$ M) with 500 eq., 80 eq., 20 eq. HCl in different volume fraction of MeCN/H<sub>2</sub>O mixture, respectively.



Fig. S4 The pictures of TPE-Sp-CN with 20 eq. HCl addition in different volume fraction of water/acetonitrile mixture. The pictures were taken under ambient light and the concentration of TPE-Sp-CN is  $1 \times 10^{-5}$  M.



Fig. S5 Absorption spectra of TPE-Sp-CN solution  $(1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M})$  added with 0.2 mL water sample of pH from 0 to 7. Inset: the amplified absorption spectra from 400 nm to 700 nm. The absorption at about 552 nm originated from TPE-MC-CN which was induced by water.



**Fig. S6** (a) Absorption spectra (b) and PL spectra of TPE-Sp-CN solution  $(1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$  with 90% water with pH from 0 to 7. The obvious red shift of absorption spectra compared with that in Fig. S5 meant that aggregation process happened.



**Fig. S7** The contrast of absorption spectra of TPE-Sp-CN and TPE-SO<sub>3</sub>H-CN. Solution concentration were  $1 \times 10^{-5}$  M. The different absorption in UV range meant that the decolor of solution was due to addition reaction rather than ring-closing process.



Fig. S8 MS spectrum of TPE-SO<sub>3</sub>H-CN. m/z: 715.2626 [M]<sup>+</sup>, calcd: 715.2625.



**Fig. S9** <sup>1</sup>H NMR characterization of addition product TPE-SO<sub>3</sub>H-CN. 1: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of TPE-SO<sub>3</sub>H-CN. 2: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of TPE-MCH-CN. 3: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of TPE-Sp-CN. DMSO- $d_6$  were used as deuterated solvent. TPE-SO<sub>3</sub>H-CN sample was obtained by centrifugation of the detection solution.



**Fig. S10** PL spectra of low concentration TPE-MCH-CN in fourteen anions conditions. TPE-MCH-CN concentration:  $1 \times 10^{-5}$  M, HCl concentration:  $5 \times 10^{-3}$  M, anions concentration:  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  M.



**Fig. S11** Absorption spectra of high concentration TPE-MCH-CN in fourteen anions conditions. TPE-MCH-CN concentration:  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  M, HCl concentration:  $5 \times 10^{-3}$  M, anions concentration:  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  M. Corresponding pictures were taken under ambient light.



**Fig. S12** PL spectra of TPE-Sp-CN doped PMMA film (TPE-Sp-CN@PMMA) and TPE-MCH-CN doped PMMA film (TPE-MCH-CN@PMMA). TPE-MCH-CN@PMMA was obtained by treating TPE-Sp-CN@PMMA with HCl gas. Mass ratio: TPE-Sp-CN: PMMA=1/100.



Fig. S13 Absorption spectra of TPE-MCH-CN solution with different  $HSO_3^-$  concentrations. TPE-MCH-CN concentration:  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  M, HCl concentration:  $5 \times 10^{-3}$  M,  $HSO_3^-$  concentration:  $0 \text{ M} \sim 4 \times 10^{-3}$  M. Corresponding pictures were taken under ambient light.



**Fig. S14** The normalized absorption spectrum of TPE-MCH-CN solution (black dash line), normalized PL spectrum of TPE-Sp-CN aggregates (red dash line), and PL spectrum (blue solid line) of anion detection solution (TPE-Sp-CN:  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  M, HCl:  $5 \times 10^{-3}$  M, KF:  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  M).



**Fig. S15** (a) The structure of protonated ring-open form of SPTPE. (b) The images of SPTPE in fourteen anions detection solution under visible light (up) and 365 nm UV light (down). (c) Absorption spectra and (d) PL spectra of SPTPE in fourteen anions detection solution. Detection solution:  $1 \times 10^{-5}$  M SPTPE,  $5 \times 10^{-3}$  M HCl and  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  M anions.



**Fig. S16** (a) The structure of protonated ring-open form of TPE-Sp. (b) The images of TPE-Sp in fourteen anions detection solution under visible light (up) and 365 nm UV light (down). (c) Absorption spectra and (d) PL spectra of TPE-Sp in fourteen anions detection solution. Detection solution:  $1 \times 10^{-5}$  M TPE-Sp,  $5 \times 10^{-3}$  M HCl and  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  M anions.



**Fig. S17** Time-resolved decay spectra of cTPE-Sp-CN, single crystal TPE-Sp-CN, aTPE-Sp-CN and cTPE-MCH-CN.

Table S1. The quantum yields, lifetimes, irradiation rate and non-irradiationrates of cTPE-Sp-CN, single crystal TPE-Sp-CN, aTPE-Sp-CN and cTPE-MCH-CN.

| Sample                      | φ <sub>F</sub> (%) | τ <sub>1</sub>  | τ2              | k <sub>r</sub>                        | K <sub>nr</sub>                       |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| cTPE-Sp-CN                  | 2.76%              | 0.80 ns(50.91%) | 2.30 ns(49.09%) | $1.7965 \times 10^{7} s^{-1}$         | $6.329 \times 10^{8} s^{-1}$          |
| Single crystal<br>TPE-Sp-CN | 6.15%              | 1.40 ns(34.02%) | 3.04ns(65.98%)  | $2.477 \times 10^{7} s^{-1}$          | 3.781×10 <sup>8</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> |
| aTPE-Sp-CN                  | 34.62%             | 1.47ns(41.29%)  | 3.61ns(58.71%)  | $1.2698 \times 10^8 s^{-1}$           | $2.398 \times 10^{8} s^{-1}$          |
| cTPE-MCH-CN                 | 4.52%              | 0.41ns(84.94%)  | 1.14ns(15.06%)  | $8.694 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{s}^{-1}$ | $1.8365 \times 10^{9} s^{-1}$         |



**Fig. S18** (a) The unit cell of single crystal TPE-Sp-CN, and the packing patterns viewed down (b) a axis, (c) b axis and (d) c axis, respectively.



**Fig. S19** (a) The CIE graph of single crystal of TPE-Sp-CN emission under pressure from 0.00 GPa to 3.99 GPa; (b) The CIE graph of cTPE-MCH-CN emission under pressure from 0.00 GPa to 6.05 GPa.



Fig. S20 The insitu absorption spectra of cTPE-MCH-CN in pressure releasing process.



**Fig. S21** The insitu IR spectra of cTPE-MCH-CN in pressurization and depressurization process.



Fig. S22 <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of M4 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



Fig. S23 <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of M4 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



Fig. S25 <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of M5 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



Fig. S27 <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of TPE-Sp-CN in DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>.



Fig. S28 MS spectrum of M4.



Fig. S29 MS spectrum of M5.



Fig. S30 MS spectrum of TPE-Sp-CN.

| Identification code         |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Empirical formula           |  |  |  |
| Formula weight              |  |  |  |
| Temperature                 |  |  |  |
| Wavelength                  |  |  |  |
| Crystal system, space group |  |  |  |
| Unit cell dimensions        |  |  |  |
|                             |  |  |  |

Table S2. Crystal data and structure refinement for TPE-Sp-CN.

Volume Z, Calculated density Absorption coefficient *F*(000) Crystal size Theta range for data collection Limiting indices Reflections collected / unique Completeness to theta = 25.00Absorption correction Max. and min. transmission Refinement method Data / restraints / parameters Goodness-of-fit on  $F^2$ Final *R* indices  $[I \ge 2\sigma(I)]^a$ *R* indices (all data) Extinction coefficient Largest diff. peak and hole

**TPE-Sp-CN** C47H38Cl2N2O 717.69 273(2) K 0.71073 Å Monoclinic, P21/c a=20.728(9) Å  $\alpha=90^{\circ}$ b=11.337(5) Å  $\beta=107.633(8)^{\circ}$ c=17.818(8) Å  $\gamma=90^{\circ}$ 3990(3) Å<sup>3</sup> 1.195 g/cm<sup>-3</sup> 4. 0.200 mm<sup>-1</sup> 1504.0 0.22× 0.20× 0.18 mm 1.03 to 25.00°  $-22 \le h \le 24$ ,  $-11 \le k \le 13$ ,  $-21 \le l \le 20$  $22165 / 6987 [R_{int} = 0.1070]$ 99.3% Multi-scan 0.9649 and 0.9574 Full-matrix least-squares on  $F^2$ 6987 / 61 / 501 0.890 R1 = 0.0866, wR2 = 0.2215*R*1= 0.2198, w*R*2= 0.2971 0.0053(11)0.533 and -0.324 e.Å<sup>-3</sup>