

Supporting Information

Ca₃La₂Te₂O₁₂:Mn⁴⁺,Nd³⁺,Yb³⁺: An efficient thermal-stable UV/visible-far red/NIR broadband spectral converter for c-Si solar cells and plant-growth LEDs

Kai Li,* and Rik Van Deun

L³ – Luminescent Lanthanide Lab, Department of Chemistry, Ghent University, Krijgslaan 281-S3, B-9000 Ghent, Belgium

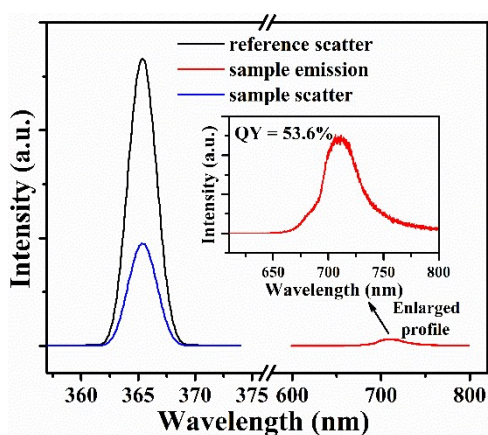


Fig. S1 Quantitative excitation and emission spectra of CLTO:0.004Mn⁴⁺ and reference sample with the assistance of an integrated sphere.

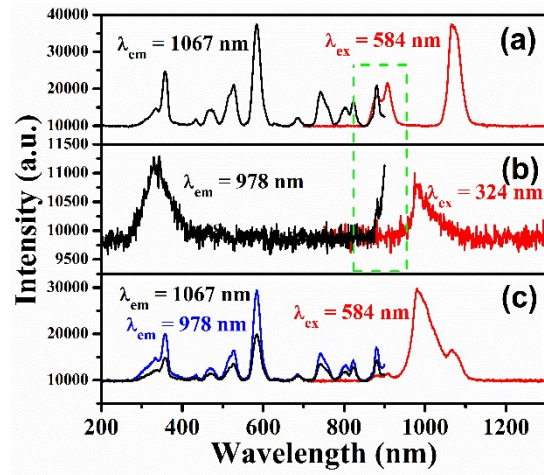


Fig. S2 PL excitation and emission spectra of CLTO:0.04Nd³⁺ (a), CLTO:0.20Yb³⁺ (b) and CLTO:0.04Nd³⁺,0.20Yb³⁺ (c).

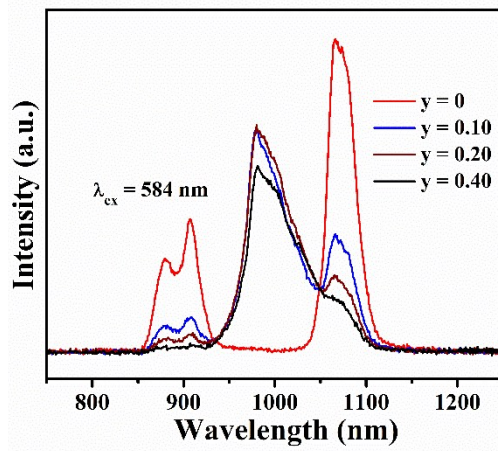


Fig. S3 Variation of emission spectra for CLTO:0.04Nd³⁺,yYb³⁺ samples excited at 584 nm.

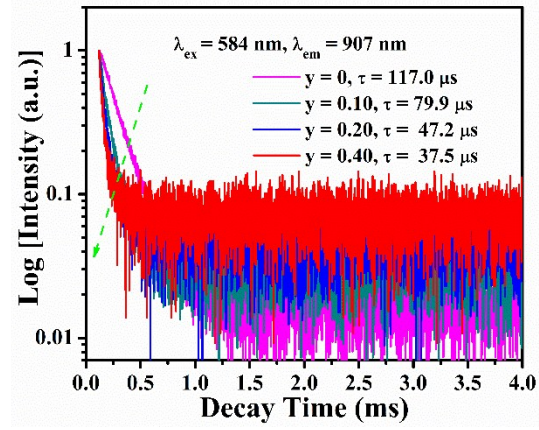


Fig. S4 Variation of decay curves ($\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 584 \text{ nm}, \lambda_{\text{em}} = 907 \text{ nm}$) for CLTO:0.04Nd³⁺,yYb³⁺ samples (y = 0-0.40).

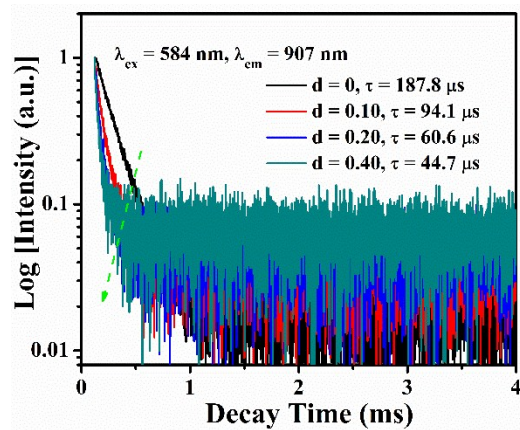


Fig. S5 Variation of decay curves ($\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 584 \text{ nm}, \lambda_{\text{em}} = 907 \text{ nm}$) for CLTO:0.004Mn⁴⁺,0.04Nd³⁺,dYb³⁺ (d = 0-0.40) samples.