Sang, Yu and Ge, Supporting Information

Supporting Information for

Copper-catalysed Asymmetric Hydroboration of 1,3-Enynes with Pinacolborane to Access Chiral Allenylboronates

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General Remarks

All the manipulations were performed in an argon-filled glovebox, unless mentioned otherwise. THF, toluene, and hexane were purified by passing the degassed solvents (N_2) through a column of activated alumina (solvent purification system purchased from Innovative Technologies, Newburyport, MA). The following chemicals were purchased and used as received: CuOAc (93%, TCI Chemicals), HBpin (Oakwood Chemicals) and chiral ligands (Strem). All 1,3-enynes were prepared according to previously reported procedures.¹ All other reagents and solvents were purchased from commercial sources and used without purification.

¹H and {¹H}¹³C spectra were recorded using Bruker 300 MHz, 400 MHz, or 500 MHz NMR spectrometers. ¹H NMR and {¹H}¹³C NMR spectra were referenced to resonances of the residual signals of the deuterated solvents. As such, the ¹H and {¹H}¹³C signals of CDCl₃ were calibrated to 7.26 ppm (singlet) and 77.16 ppm (triplet) respectively. Multiplicities are recorded as: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, dd = doublet of doublets, dt = doublet of triplets and m = multiplet. GC analysis was acquired on Agilent 6850 gas chromatograph equipped with a flame-ionization detector. HR-MS analyses were performed using Thermo Scientific Exactive (APCI).

Bpin

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_CH₂H

	1a	+ HBpin solvent, 5 °C, 2	20 h CH ₂ H	
Entry	Ligand	a:b ^c	Yield (%)	ee (%)
1	(R,R)-IPr-DUPHOS	10:90	77	68 ^d
2	(R,R)-Me-BPE	30:70	-	-
3	(R,R)-Me-DUPHOS	-	-	-
4	R-DTBM-SEGPHOS	0:100	81	64
5	R-DM-SEGPHOS	0:100	74	21
6	R-(+)-SEGPHOS	5:95	67	45
7	(R)-BINAP	8:92	70	45
8	(R)-DIFLUOROPHOS	5:95	80	40
9	1	9:10	60	7
10	(S,S)-Ph-BPE	1:99	85	97

Cu(OAc) (5 mol%)

ligand (6 mol%)

Reaction screening of ligands for Asymmetric hydroboration of but-3-en-1-yn-1-ylbenzene^a

+ HBpin

^aConditions: but-3-en-1-yn-1-ylbenzene (0.200 mmol), HBpin (0.250 mmol), CuOAc (10.0 µmol), ligand (12.0 µmol), hexane (1.0 mL), 20 h 5 °C; ^bEnantiomeric ratio was determined by chiral HPLC. ^c ratio of a:b = Hydrogenated side product: Desired allenyl boronate product. d Opposite (S)-configuration with respect to the rest was obtained.



Ligand 1

Bpin

86

57

88

94

	+ HBpin - 1a	solvent, 5 °C, 20 h	CH ₂ H H 2a	
Entry	Ligand	a:b ^[a]	Yield (%)	ee (%)
1	Cyclohexane	3:97	60	96
2	THF	9:91	20	96
3	Toluene	6:94	68	97
4	Hexane	0:100	85	97
5	Hexane ^d	2:98	62	95

Cu(OAc) (5 mol%)

Reaction screening of solvent for Asymmetric hydroboration of but-3-en-1-yn-1-ylbenzene^a

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Hexane^e

THF^e

6

7

^aConditions: but-3-en-1-yn-1-ylbenzene (0.200 mmol), HBpin (0.250 mmol), CuOAc (10.0 µmol), (S,S)-Ph-BPE (12.0 µmol), solvent (1.0 mL), 20 h at 5°C; ^bEnantiomeric ratio was determined by chiral HPLC. ^cratio of a:b = Hydrogenated side product: Desired allenyl boronate product. ^d1.5 equiv of HBpin was used instead. ^eReaction was conducted under room temperature for 20 h.

3:97

3:97

Discussion:

As illustrated in **Table 2** (of main text), when 1,3-enynes containing electron-deficient aryl groups were employed in this Cu-catalysed hydroboration protocol at 5 °C, there are noticeable decrement of the enantioselectivity as compared to those electron-neutral and electron-rich aryl counterparts.

To investigate whether by lowering the temperature will be beneficial to the presented protocol, several reactions (as shown below) with the use of 1,3-enynes containing electron-deficient aryl groups were conducted at -10 °C. Although the reactions afforded the respective allenylboronates with a slight improvement in terms of the enantioselectivity, it has deleterious effects on the activity of the catalytic system which lowered the yield significantly.

	R	Cu(OAc) (5 m + HBpin <u>(S,S)-Ph-BPE (6</u> hexane 24 h , temper	bol%) b mol%) ature	⊖CH ₂ H H
Entry	Enyne	Temperature (°C)	Yield (%)	ee (%)
1	F ₃ C	-10	69	55
	(Not in maintext)			
2	F ₃ C	5	75	50
	(Not in maintext)			
3	Br	-10	47	92
4	Br	5	65	80

Effect of temperature on hydroboration of 1,3-enynes containing electron-deficient aryl groups

General procedure for Cu-catalysed hydroboration of 1,3-enynes

In an Ar-filled glovebox, a mixture of Cu(OAc) (1.1 mg, 10.0 μ mol) and (S,S)-Ph-BPE (6.1 mg, 12.0 μ mol) in hexane (1 mL) was added into a 4-mL screw-capped vial containing a magnetic stirring bar. The resulting mixture was stirred for 2 mins prior adding HBpin (36.3 μ L, 0.250 mmol) and 1,3-enynes (0.200 mmol) successively. The vial was removed from the glove box, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature or under 5°C for 12 or 24 hours respectively. Subsequently, the residue was purified by flash column chromatography using a mixture of ethyl acetate and hexane as eluent. The details and characterization data of the products are stated below.

(R)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-2-(1-phenylbuta-1,2-dien-1-yl)-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2a)



Bpin

Me

The titled compound was isolated (44.0 mg, 85%, 97% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (100:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 5.42 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.79 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.33 (s, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.96, 136.79,

128.40, 128.06, 126.38, 84.52, 83.89, 24.99, 24.82, 13.22. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₂₁BO₂, [M+H]⁺ 257.1713, Found:257.1628. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -28.56$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u**. HPLC condition: Chiral column IA, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, t_R = 12.4 min for minor isomer, t_R = 13.4 min for major isomer.



(R)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-2-(1-(p-tolyl)buta-1,2-dien-1-yl)-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2b)

The titled compound was isolated (42.1 mg, 78%, 97% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (100:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 5.40 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.78 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.33 (s, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.63,

135.98, 133.77, 129.13, 127.94, 84.34, 83.83, 24.97, 24.81, 21.21, 13.27. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for $C_{17}H_{23}BO_2$, $[M+H]^+$ 271.1869, Found:271.1871. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -9.71$ ($c = 1.0 \text{ g/cm}^3$, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u**. HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.5:0.5, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, $t_R = 12.6$ min for minor isomer, $t_R = 14.6$ min for major isomer.



(R)-2-(1-(4-methoxyphenyl)buta-1,2-dien-1-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2c)



The titled compound was isolated (34.3 mg, 60%, 98% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (50:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 6.85 – 6.82 (m, 2H), 5.40 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 1.78

(d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.32 (s, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.33, 158.40, 129.09, 128.99, 113.94, 84.49, 83.85, 55.42, 24.99, 24.81, 13.35. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₄BO₃, [M+H]⁺ 287.1817, Found:287.1817. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -21.59$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u**. HPLC condition: Chiral column IA, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, t_R = 16.0 min for minor isomer, t_R = 18.3 min for major isomer.



(R)-2-(1-(3-methoxyphenyl)buta-1,2-dien-1-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2d)



The titled compound was isolated (39.0 mg, 69%, 97% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (50:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.20 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (m, 2H), 6.73 (ddd, J = 8.1, 2.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 5.42 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 1.79 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.33 (s, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.92, 159.69, 138.25, 129.25, 120.68, 113.79, 111.87, 84.64, 83.89, 55.25, 24.98, 24.81,

13.18. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₄BO₃, [M+H]⁺ 287.1817, Found:287.1827. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -20.24$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u**. HPLC condition: Chiral column IA, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, t_R = 16.1 min for minor isomer, t_R = 19.0 min for major isomer.



(R)-2-(1-(6-methoxynaphthalen-2-yl)buta-1,2-dien-1-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2e)



The titled compound was isolated (40.1 mg, 60%, 92% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (50:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.13 – 7.08 (m, 2H), 5.49 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 1.84

(d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.37 (s, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.97, 157.50, 133.47, 131.83, 129.72, 129.36, 127.00, 126.73, 126.54, 118.55, 105.83, 84.78, 83.94, 55.40, 25.02, 24.85, 24.73, 13.34. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for C₂₁H₂₅BO₃, [M+H]⁺ 337.1975, Found:337.1974. Optical rotation: [α]²⁰_D = -29.95 (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u.** HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 97.0:3.0, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, t_R = 20.5 min for minor isomer, t_R = 22.4 min for major isomer.



(R)-2-(1-(4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)buta-1,2-dien-1-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2f)



The titled compound was isolated (43.0 mg, 70%, 98% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (100:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.34 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 5.41 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 1.79 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.33 (s, 12H), 1.31 (s, 9H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.84, 149.22,

133.73, 127.68, 125.39, 84.37, 83.83, 34.54, 31.49, 24.97, 24.81, 13.29. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for $C_{20}H_{29}BO_2$, $[M+H]^+$ 313.2339, Found:313.2329. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -16.13$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u**. HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, t_R = 14.8 min for minor isomer, t_R = 17.1 min for major isomer.



(R) - 4, 4, 5, 5 - tetramethyl - 2 - (1 - (3 - (trifluoromethyl)phenyl) buta - 1, 2 - dien - 1 - yl) - 1, 3, 2 - dioxaborolane (2g)



The titled compound was isolated (48.0 mg, 74%, 79% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (30:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.73 – 7.69 (m, 1H), 7.42 – 7.37 (m, 2H), 5.49 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.81 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.34 (s, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 215.35, 137.82, 131.29, 130.67 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 31.8 Hz), 128.70, 124.76 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 3.9 Hz), 124.50 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 272.3 Hz), 122.98 (q, *J*_{C-F})

= 3.8 Hz), 85.37, 84.15, 83.33, 24.92, 24.78, 13.00.¹⁹F NMR (377 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -62.70. HRMS (APCI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₁BF₃O₂, [M+H]⁺ 325.1587, Found:325.1588. Optical rotation: [α]²⁰_D = -21.20 (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u.** HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 100:0, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, t_R = 24.6 min for minor isomer, t_R = 40.3 min for major isomer.





 F_3CO H T.5

The titled compound was isolated (47.6 mg, 70%, 77% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (50:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 – 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.13 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 5.45 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.79 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.33 (s, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 215.29, 147.80,

135.62, 129.27, 120.91, 120.69 ($J_{C-F} = 256.6 \text{ Hz}$), 85.01, 84.06, 24.97, 24.82, 13.09. ¹⁹F NMR (377 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -57.84. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₁BF₃O₃, [M+H]⁺ 341.1536, Found:341.1515. Optical rotation: [α]²⁰_D = -14.60 (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of

2u. HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, $t_R = 11.3 \text{ min}$ for minor isomer, $t_R = 12.1 \text{ min}$ for major isomer.



(R)-2-(1-(3,4-difluorophenyl)buta-1,2-dien-1-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2i)



The titled compound was isolated (38.0 mg, 70%, 80% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (100:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.26 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.05 (m, 1H), 5.46 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.79 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.32 (s, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 215.13, 149.72 (ddd, *J*_{C-F} =

128.7, 115.4, 12.8 Hz), 133.84 (dd, $J_{C-F} = 5.8$, 3.9 Hz), 123.88, 116.89 (d, $J_{C-F} = 13.6$ Hz), 116.72 (d, $J_{C-F} = 14.7$ Hz), 100.15, 85.39, 84.13, 24.89, 13.04. ¹⁹F NMR (377 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -138.65, -138.71, -141.65, -141.71. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for $C_{16}H_{20}BF_3O_3$, [M+H]⁺ 293.1524 Found: 293.1522. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -30.08$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u.** HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, t_R = 13.6 min for minor isomer, t_R = 15.6 min for major isomer.



(R)-2-(1-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)buta-1,2-dien-1-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2j)



Bpin

CI

Me

The titled compound was isolated (46.5 mg, 70%, 88% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (50:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (m, 4H), 7.47 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.37 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.27 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 5.39 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.74 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.27 (s, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

215.12, 141.33, 139.21, 136.22, 135.91, 128.84, 128.44, 127.19, 127.11, 84.68, 83.97, 25.01, 24.85, 13.23. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for $C_{22}H_{26}BO_2$, $[M+H]^+$ 333.2026. Found: 333.2023. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_D = -3.29$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u**. HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.0:1.0, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, t_R = 15.2 min for minor isomer, t_R = 17.8 min for major isomer.



(R)-2-(1-(4-chlorophenyl)buta-1,2-dien-1-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2k)

The titled compound was isolated (31.0 mg, 53%, 88% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (100:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

7.45 – 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.22 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 5.40 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.75 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.29 (s, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 215.05, 135.32, 132.08, 129.33, 128.47, 84.96, 84.02, 24.97, 24.82, 13.09. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₂₁BClO₂, [M+H]⁺ 291.1323. Found: 291.1321. Optical rotation: [α]²⁰_D = -56.75 (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u.** HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, t_R = 15.2 min for minor isomer, t_R = 18.2 min for major isomer.



(R)-2-(1-(4-bromophenyl)buta-1,2-dien-1-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2l)



The titled compound was isolated (43.4 mg, 65%, 80% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (100:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40 (s, 4H), 5.42 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.32 (s, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 215.05, 135.84, 131.42, 129.72, 120.24, 85.01, 84.04, 24.97,

24.82, 13.06. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₂₁BBrO₂, [M+H]⁺ 335.0818. Found: 335.0512. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = -12.68$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u.** HPLC condition: Chiral column IA, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, t_R = 12.6 min for minor isomer, t_R = 13.0 min for major isomer.



(R)-tert-butyldimethyl(4-(1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)buta-1,2-dien-1-yl)phenoxy)silane (2m)



The titled compound was isolated (43.0 mg, 56%, 99% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (200:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.76 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.40 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.32 (s, 12H), 0.98 (s, 9H), 0.18 (s, 6H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, 101 MHz) (101 MHz).

CDCl₃) δ 214.27, 154.41, 129.36, 128.99, 120.05, 84.55, 83.82, 25.87, 25.00, 24.81, 18.38, 13.33, -4.24. HRMS (APCI ⁺) *m*/*z* calcd for C₂₂H₃₆BO₂Si, [M+H]⁺ 387.2527. Found: 387.2518. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -13.91$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u.** HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.5:0.5, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, t_R = 11.3 min for minor isomer, t_R = 11.8 min for major isomer.



(R)-4-(1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)buta-1,2-dien-1-yl)phenyl acetate (2n)

The titled compound was isolated (44.1 mg, 70%, 96% ee) as white solid after chromatography on silica gel (30:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.01 – 6.98 (m, 2H), 5.42 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 1.78 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.32 (s, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 215.12, 169.71,

149.26, 134.46, 129.02, 121.36, 84.73, 83.94, 24.97, 24.81, 21.29, 13.17. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for $C_{18}H_{23}BO_2$, $[M+H]^+$ 315.1768. Found: 315.1764. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -17.28$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u**. HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 97.0:3.0, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, t_R = 18.0 min for minor isomer, t_R = 19.8 min for major isomer.



(R)-methyl 4-(1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)buta-1,2-dien-1-yl)benzoate (20)



Bpin

AcO

Me

The titled compound was isolated (42.6 mg, 68%, 65% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (40:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.97 – 7.92 (m, 2H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.48 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 1.80 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.33 (s, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

215.89, 167.33, 142.02, 129.72, 127.90, 85.07, 84.07, 52.06, 24.96, 24.81, 12.96. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for $C_{18}H_{23}BO_2$, $[M+H]^+$ 315.1768. Found: 315.1775. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_D = -28.72$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u**. HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 97.0:3.0, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, $t_R = 18.6$ min for minor isomer, $t_R = 21.2$ min for major isomer.



(R)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-2-(1-phenylpenta-1,2-dien-1-yl)-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2p)



The titled compound was isolated (26.7 mg, 50%, 98% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (200:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56 – 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.31 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.19 – 7.14 (m, 1H), 5.53 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.25 – 2.06 (m, 3H), 1.33 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 12H), 1.08 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, 1.54) (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, 1.55) (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1.55) (t, J = 6.5 Hz,

CDCl₃) δ 213.93, 136.78, 128.41, 127.91, 126.37, 91.74, 83.87, 25.09, 24.66, 21.19, 13.75. HRMS (APCI ⁺) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₄BO₂, [M+H]⁺ 271.1869. Found: 271.1856. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -11.92$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u.** HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, t_R = 16.9 min for minor isomer, t_R = 23.5 min for major isomer.



(R)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-2-(1-(thiophen-3-yl)buta-1,2-dien-1-yl)-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2q)



The titled compound was isolated (36.4 mg, 69%, 95% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (100:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54 – 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.21 (dd, J = 5.0, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (dd, J = 5.0, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.40 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.33 (s, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.84,

137.14, 127.66, 124.77, 121.66, 84.42, 83.94, 25.01, 24.87, 13.30. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₄H₂₀BO₂S, [M+H]⁺ 263.1277. Found: 263.1284. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = -34.05$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u**. HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, t_R = 16.7 min for minor isomer, t_R = 19.9 min for major isomer.



(R)-methyl 4-(1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)buta-1,2-dien-1-yl)benzoate (2r)

Bpin We H The titled compound was isolated (35.8 mg, 69%, 99% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (100:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.06 (m, 1H), 5.27 – 5.18 (m, 1H), 2.10 (m, 4H), 1.69 – 1.67 (m, 3H), 1.66 – 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.60 – 1.52 (m, 2H), 1.28 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 212.30, 132.83, 126.12, 84.53, 83.57, 27.39, 26.28, 24.93, 24.72, 23.10, 22.48, 13.82.

GC-MS (EI) m/z calcd for $C_{16}H_{25}BO_2$, $[M]^+$ 2660.19. Found: 260.20. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = 0.98$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u**. HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 220 nm, t_R = 14.2 min for minor isomer, t_R = 18.2 min for major isomer.



(R)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-2-(1-phenylpenta-2,3-dien-2-yl)-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2t)



The titled compound was isolated (41.0 mg, 76%, 99% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (100:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.19 – 7.12 (m, 4H), 7.10 – 7.04 (m, 1H), 4.91 (m, 1H), 3.28 (dd, J = 4.4, 2.4 Hz, 2H), 1.52 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.14 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

213.54, 141.62, 129.00, 128.06, 125.77, 83.72, 82.49, 36.85, 24.85, 24.77, 13.33. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for $C_{17}H_{24}BO_2$, $[M+H]^+$ 271.1869. Found: 271.1872. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_D = 1.09$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u.** HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 220 nm, t_R = 13.7 min for minor isomer, t_R = 14.9 min for major isomer.



(R)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-2-(octa-2,3-dien-4-yl)-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2u)



The titled compound was isolated (27.0 mg, 61%, 99% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (100:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.05 – 4.97 (m, 1H), 2.04 – 1.99 (m, 2H), 1.66 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.40 – 1.31 (m, 4H), 1.26 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 12H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

212.73, 83.51, 81.83, 31.58, 29.68, 24.92, 24.80, 22.37, 14.16, 13.67. GC-MS (EI) m/z calcd for C₁₄H₂₅BO₂, [M]⁺ 236.19. Found: 236.25. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = 17.9$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by comparing with the optical rotation reported in the literature². HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 220 nm, t_R = 11.7 min for minor isomer, t_R = 12.5 min for major isomer.



(R)-2-(1-cyclohexylpenta-2,3-dien-2-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2v)



The titled compound was isolated (39.9 mg, 72%, 99% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (100:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.97 (qt, *J* = 7.0, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.74 – 1.60 (m, 9H), 1.41 – 1.32 (m, 1H), 1.25 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 12H), 1.18 – 1.11 (m, 2H), 0.87 (m, 2H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

213.15, 83.49, 81.06, 38.05, 37.85, 33.24, 26.85, 26.53, 26.51, 24.86, 24.76, 13.53. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₃₀BO₂, [M+H]⁺ 277.2339. Found: 277.2355. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = 9.44$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u**. HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-

PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 220 nm, $t_R = 12.5$ min for minor isomer, $t_R = 14.1$ min for major isomer.



(R)-2-(1-cyclopentylbuta-1,2-dien-1-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2w)

Bpin , Me H The titled compound was isolated (34.4 mg, 69%, 99% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (100:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.05 (qd, J = 7.0, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 2.53 – 2.44 (m, 1H), 1.82 – 1.74 (m, 2H), 1.66 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.56 – 1.48 (m, 2H), 1.38 (m, 2H), 1.26 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR

(101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 211.04, 83.43, 82.96, 40.00, 32.90, 32.84, 24.99, 24.94, 24.91, 24.77, 13.73. HRMS (APCI ⁺) *m/z* calcd for C₁₅H₂₆BO₂, [M+H]⁺ 249.2026. Found: 249.2021. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = 11.14$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u.** HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 220 nm, t_R = 11.9 min for minor isomer, t_R = 13.1 min for major isomer.



(R)-2-(8-chloroocta-2,3-dien-4-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2x)



The titled compound was isolated (30.4 mg, 63%, 99% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (100:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.07 (qt, *J* = 7.0, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.55 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.19 – 2.12 (m, 2H), 1.92 (m, 2H), 1.67 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.26 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ 212.80, 83.71, 82.67, 44.72, 32.26, 27.30, 24.91, 24.81, 13.56. HRMS (APCI ⁺) *m/z* calcd for C₁₃H₂₃BClO₂, [M+H]⁺ 257.1480. Found: 256.2637. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = 9.58$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u**. HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 220 nm, t_R = 13.4 min for minor isomer, t_R = 14.5 min for major isomer.



(R)-2-(7-(benzyloxy)hepta-2,3-dien-4-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (2y)

= 2.3 Hz, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 212.72, 138.88, 128.44, 127.80, 127.56, 83.58, 82.32, 73.00, 70.21, 29.34, 26.49, 24.90, 24.80, 13.61. HRMS (APCI ⁺) *m*/*z* calcd for C₂₀H₃₀BO₂, [M+H]⁺ 329.2288. Found: 329.2284. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = 12.25$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u**. HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.5:0.5, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 220 nm, t_R = 16.5 min for minor isomer, t_R = 18.0 min for major isomer.



(R)-tert-butyldimethyl((4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)hepta-4,5-dien-1-yl)oxy)silane (2z)



The titled compound was isolated (54.6 mg, 77%, 99% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (40:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.02 (qt, *J* = 7.0, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.07 – 2.00 (m, 2H), 1.68 – 1.62 (m, 5H), 1.25 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 12H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.04 (s, 6H). {¹H}¹³C NMR

(101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 212.65, 83.54, 82.18, 63.05, 32.56, 26.15, 24.91, 24.80, 18.52, 13.62, -5.07. HRMS (APCI ⁺) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₃₈BO₃Si, [M+H]⁺ 353.2683. Found: 353.2680. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = 10.55$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u.** HPLC condition: Chiral column IC, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 220 nm, t_R = 11.6 min for minor isomer, t_R = 12.8 min for major isomer.



(R)-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)hexa-3,4-dien-1-yl 2-naphthoate (2aa)



The titled compound was isolated (52.9 mg, 70%, 99% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (20:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.61 (d, *J* = 0.5 Hz, 1H), 8.07 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.96 – 7.92 (m, 1H), 7.87 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 2.4 Hz, 2H), 7.60 – 7.50 (m, 2H), 5.10 (qd, *J* = 7.1, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.56 (m, 2H), 1.64 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H),

1.27 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 213.66, 166.91, 135.61, 132.64, 131.11, 129.45, 128.22, 128.13, 127.98, 127.88, 126.68, 125.51, 83.84, 82.70, 64.78, 29.52, 24.91, 24.84, 13.52. GC-MS (EI) m/z calcd for C₂₃H₂₇BO₂₄, [M]⁺ 378.20. Found: 378.20. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = 3.42$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u.** HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.0:1.0, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 220 nm, t_R = 48.5 min for minor isomer, t_R = 50.3 min for major isomer.



(R)-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)hexa-3,4-dien-1-yl acetate (2ab)



The titled compound was isolated (33.2 mg, 62%, 99% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (20:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.11 – 5.04 (m, 1H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 2.44 (m, 2H), 2.37 – 2.29 (m, 2H), 1.64 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.25 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 212.41,

173.96, 83.72, 83.47, 51.52, 33.63, 25.06, 24.90, 24.82, 13.55. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₄H₂₄BO₄, [M+H]⁺ 267.1768. Found: 267.1774. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = 16.10$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u**. HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.0:1.0, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 220 nm, t_R = 20.5 min for minor isomer, t_R = 21.2min for major isomer.



(R)-2-(4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)hepta-4,5-dien-1-yl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (2ac)



The titled compound was isolated (58.4 mg, 80%, 94% ee) as white solid after chromatography on silica gel (3:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (m, 2H), 7.71 – 7.66 (m, 2H), 5.09 – 5.01 (m, 1H), 3.71 – 3.65 (m, 2H), 2.12 – 2.06 (m, 2H), 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.66 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.24 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 12H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 212.65, 168.50, 133.88, 132.42,

123.22, 83.64, 82.80, 37.98, 28.04, 27.25, 24.87, 24.78, 13.58. HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for C₂₁H₂₇BNO₄, [M+H]⁺ 368.2033. Found: 368.2032. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = 9.58$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u**. HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 93.0:7.0, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 220 nm, t_R = 39.6 min for minor isomer, t_R = 32.5 min for major isomer.



(R)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-2-(1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)buta-1,2-dien-1-yl)-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (Not in maintext)



The titled compound was isolated (48.7 mg, 75%, 50% ee) as colorless oil after chromatography on silica gel (30:1 hexane/EtOAc). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.63 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 5.49 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.81 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.33 (s, 12H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 215.86, 140.87 (*J*_{C-F} = 1.4 Hz),

128.29 ($J_{C-F} = 32.2 \text{ Hz}$), 128.22, 125.27 ($J_{C-F} = 3.7 \text{ Hz}$), 124.59 ($J_{C-F} = 271.7 \text{ Hz}$), 85.15, 84.14, 24.90, 12.98.

HRMS (APCI ⁺) m/z calcd for $C_{17}H_{21}BF_3O_2$, $[M+H]^+$ 325.1587, Found:325.1588. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -12.10$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). HPLC condition: Chiral column IE, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 100:0, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, t_R = 18.5 min for minor isomer, t_R = 23.2 min for major isomer.



General procedure for gram scale for Cu-catalysed hydroboration of 1,3-enynes

CuOAc (19.6 mg, 0.160 mmol) and (S,S)-Ph-BPE (122.0 mg, 0.240 mmol) were weighted and added into a 100 mL Schlenk flask inside the glovebox. The resulting mixture was stirred for 15 mins prior adding HBpin (1.28 g, 10.0 mmol) and but-3-en-1-yn-1-ylbenzene (1.00 g, 8.0 mmol) successively. The Schlenk flask was removed from the glove box, and the mixture was stirred at 5°C for 24 hours. The residue was then purified by flash column chromatography using a mixture of hexane and ethyl acetate (100:1) as eluent yielding (R)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-2-(1-phenylbuta-1,2-dien-1-yl)-1,3,2-dioxaborolane, **2a** (1.76 g, 85 %, 94% ee) as a pale yellow oil. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -15.06$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃). The absolute configuration was assigned by analog to that of **2u**. HPLC condition: Chiral column IA, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 99.9:0.1, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, t_R = 12.2 min for minor isomer, t_R = 13.1 min for major isomer.



General procedure for Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling of bromoarene and allenylboronate

A mixture of 1-iodo-4-methylbenzene (65.4 mg, 0.300 mmol), Na₂CO₃ (43.4 mg, 0.400 mmol) and PdCl₂(PPh₃)₂ (7 mg, 10 μ mol) was added into a mixture of methanol (0.8 mL) and toluene (0.2 mL) in a 4-mL screw-capped vial containing a magnetic stirring bar inside the glovebox. Subsequently, (R)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-2-(1-phenylbuta-1,2-dien-1-yl)-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (51.2 mg, 0.200 mmol) was added into the reaction mixture and then stirred at room temperature for 12 hours. After the completion of the reaction, waster was added into the reaction mixture. It was then extracted with diethyl ether, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was then purified by flash column chromatography using hexane and ethyl acetate as eluents yielding (S)-1-methyl-4-(1-phenylbuta-1,2-dien-1-yl)benzene, **3** (23.3 mg, 53%, 90% ee).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38 – 7.33 (m, 4H), 7.29 – 7.25 (m, 3H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 5.67 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 1.86 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). {¹H}¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.32, 137.62, 136.91, 134.46, 129.18, 128.57, 128.51, 128.41, 127.07, 109.19, 88.84, 21.29, 14.53. HRMS (APCI ⁺) *m/z* calcd for

 $C_{17}H_{17}$, $[M+H]^+$ 221.1330. Found: 221.1322. Optical rotation: $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = 7.90$ (c = 1.0 g/cm³, CHCl₃).HPLC condition: Chiral column IC, n-hexane/i-PrOH = 100:0, flow rate = 0.35 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm, t_R = 17.4 min for minor isomer, t_R = 18.1 min for major isomer.



Mechanistic studies

Procedure for Deuterium-labeling Experiments

In an Ar-filled glovebox, a mixture of Cu(OAc) (1.1 mg, 10.0 μ mol) and (S,S)-Ph-BPE (6.1 mg, 12.0 μ mol) in hexane (1 mL) was added into a 4-mL screw-capped vial containing a magnetic stirring bar. The resulting mixture was stirred for 2 mins prior adding DBpin (32.3 mg, 0.250 mmol) and but-3-en-1-yn-1-ylbenzene (26.0 mg, 0.200 mmol) successively. The vial was removed from the glove box, and the mixture was stirred at under 5°C for 24 hours respectively. Subsequently, the residue was purified by flash column chromatography using a mixture of hexane and ethyl acetate (100:1) as eluent. The details and characterization data of the products are stated below. Equimolar of chloroform-*d* was added as the internal standard for ²H NMR analysis.











References

- 1.
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NMR Spectra (¹H, {¹H}¹³C and ¹⁹F)



















































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