

Supporting information

Solvent-tuned charge-transfer properties between chiral Pt(II) complexes and TCNQ^{•-} anion

Xiao-Peng Zhang,^{*a} Li-Li Wang,^a Da-Shuai Zhang,^a Xiao-Wei Qi,^a Zai-Feng Shi^{*a} and Qiang Lin^a

^a key Laboratory of Water Pollution Treatment & Resource Reuse of Hainan Province, College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Hainan Normal University, Haikou 571158, People's Republic of China, E-mail:zxp_inorganic@126.com; zaifengshi_hnnu@sina.com; Tel: +86-898-65889422

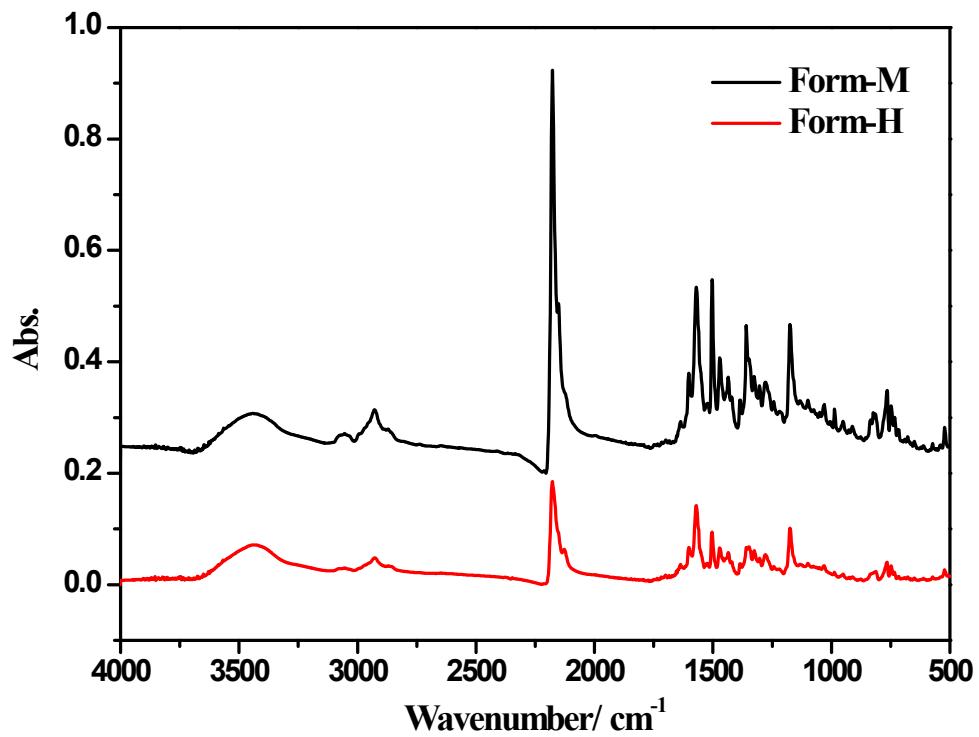


Fig. S1 IR spectra of **Form-M** and **Form-H**.

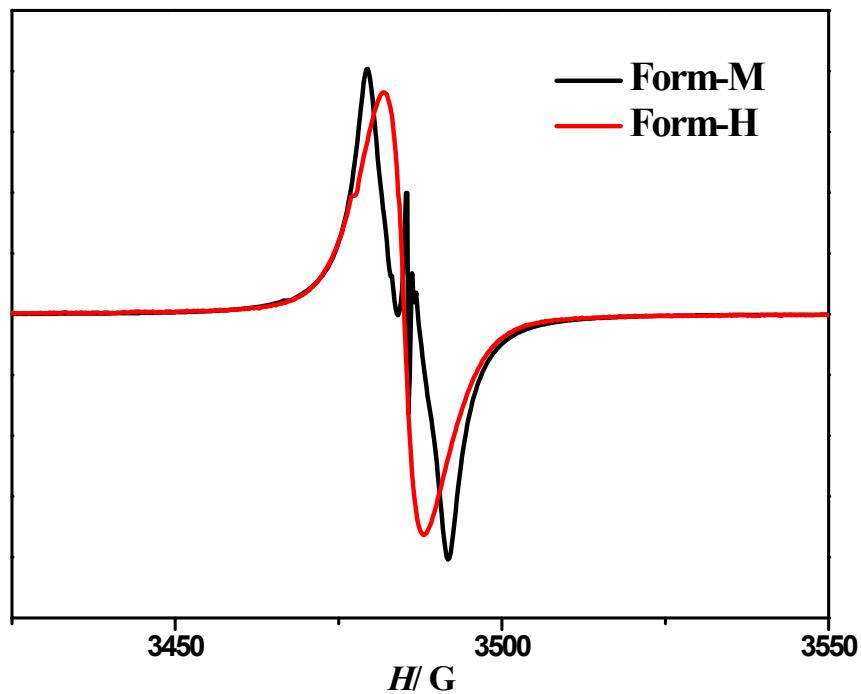


Fig. S2 EPR spectra of **Form-M** and **Form-H**.

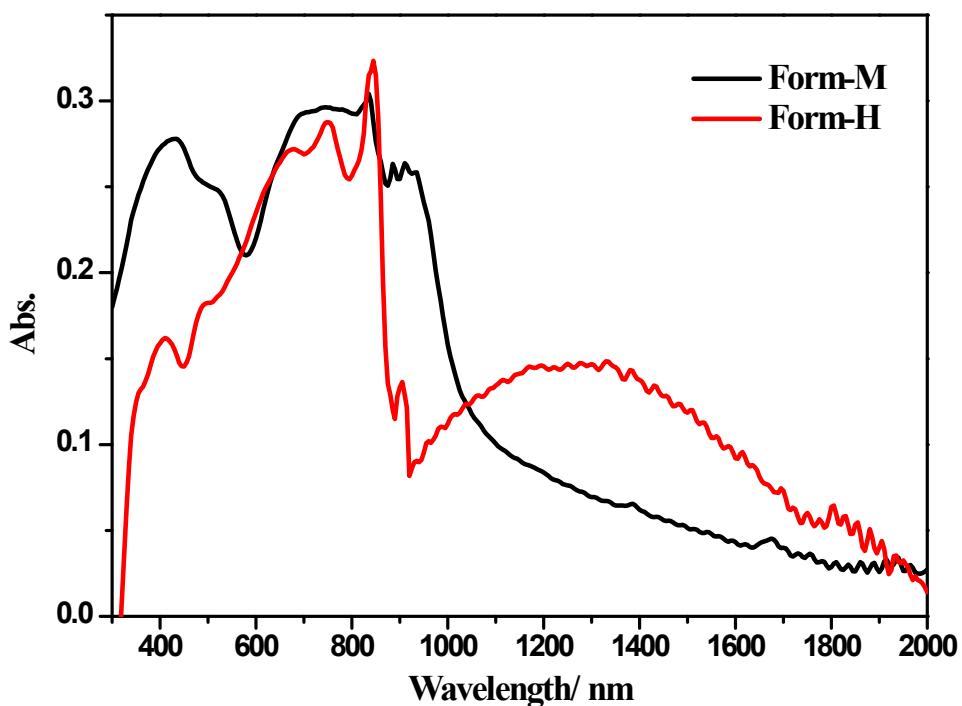


Fig. S3 Solid-state absorption spectra of **Form-M** and **Form-H**.

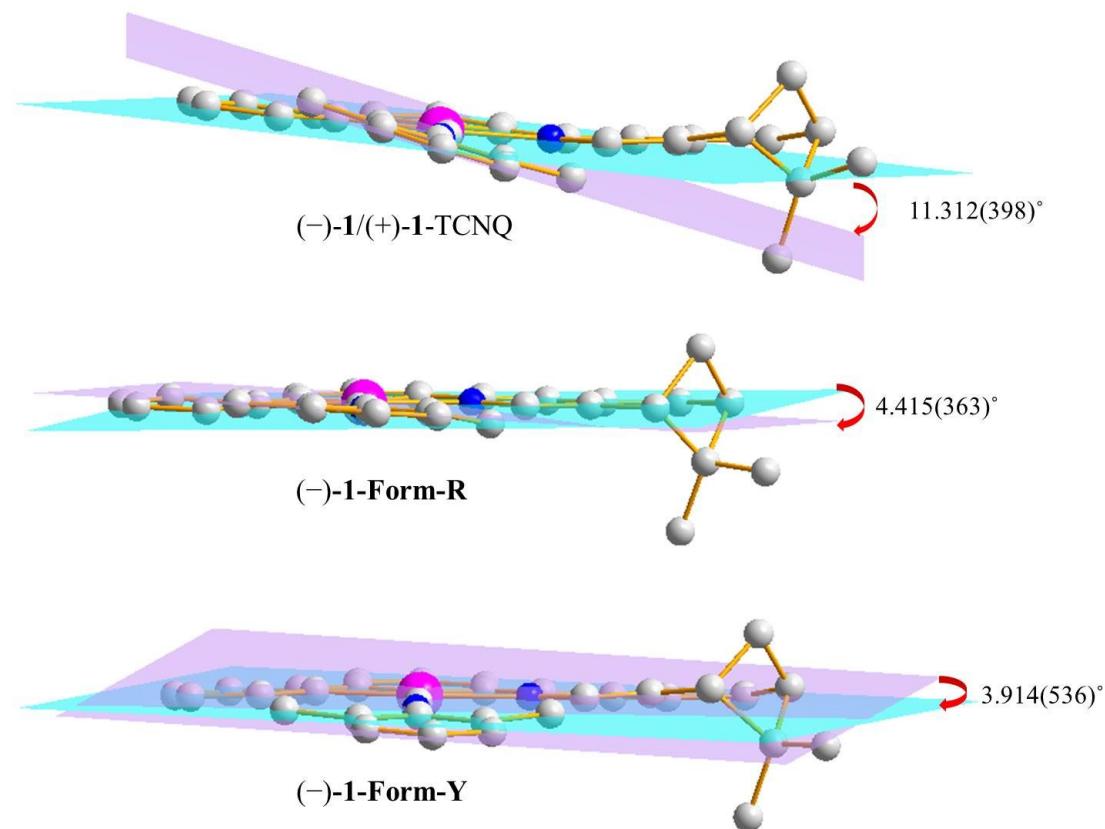


Fig. S4 Torsion angles between $\text{Pt}(\text{C}^{\wedge}\text{N}^{\wedge}\text{N})$ unit and the moiety of 2,6-dimethylphenyl isocyanide.

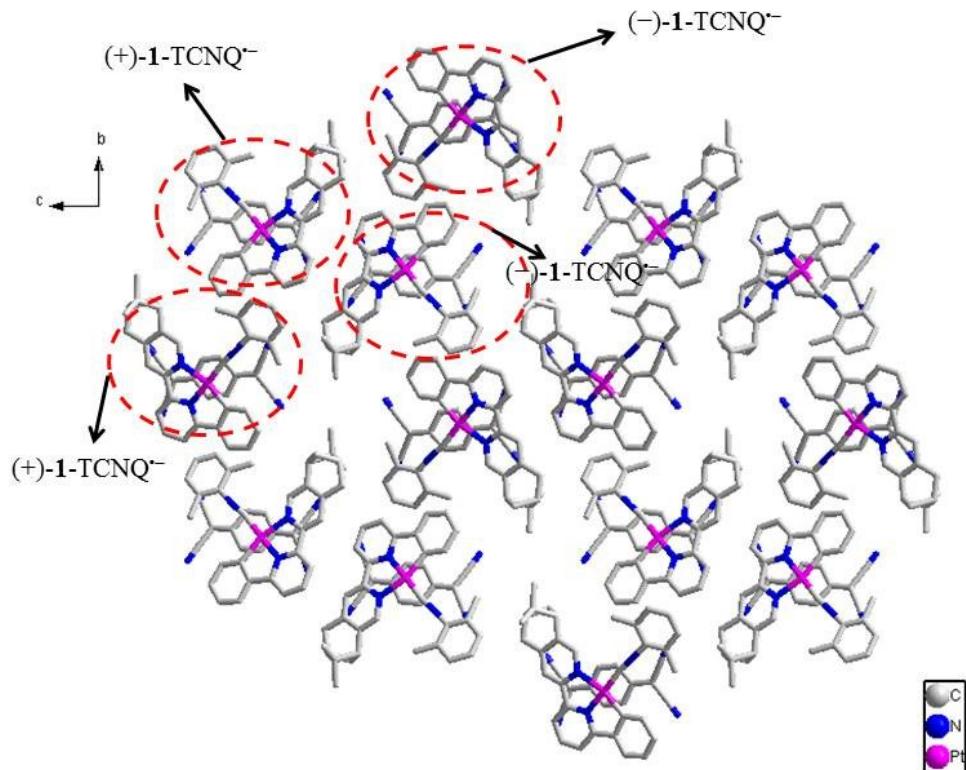


Fig. S5 Crystal packing diagram of $(-)\text{-1}/(+)\text{-1-TCNQ}$ in bc plane.

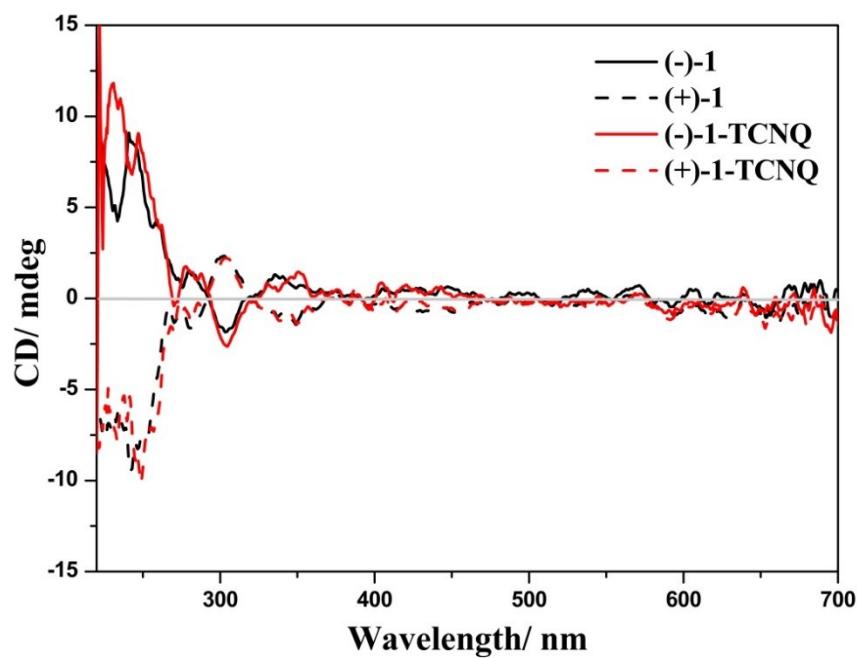


Fig. S6 ECD spectra of complexes $(-)\text{-1}$, $(+)\text{-1}$, $(-)\text{-1-TCNQ}$ and $(+)\text{-1-TCNQ}$ in MeOH.

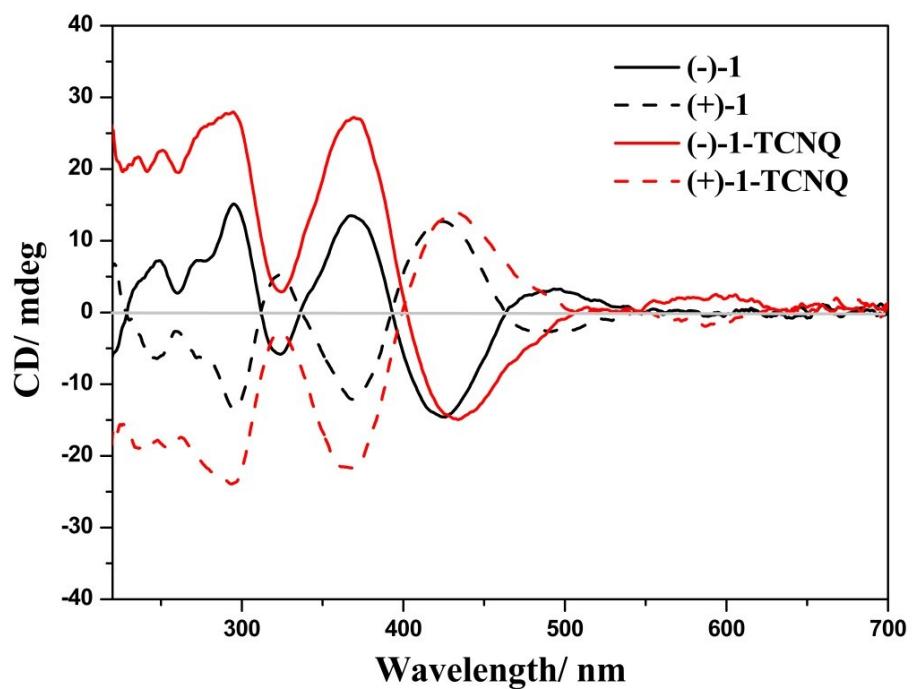


Fig. S7 ECD spectra of complexes **(-)-1**, **(+)-1**, **(-)-1-TCNQ** and **(+)-1-TCNQ** in H_2O .