## 2.2 Catalyst characterization

X-ray diffraction(XRD) patterns were recorded at 2  $^{\circ}$ /min with the step size of 0.02  $^{\circ}$  in the range from 10 to 80 ° on the 6100 X-ray diffraction Analyzer (Japan, Shimadzu, Cu K<sub>α</sub>, λ=0.15406 nm). N<sub>2</sub> adsorption-desorption were measured at -196 °C using Micromeritics ASAP2450 Surface Area and Porosity Analyzer. The X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) data were obtained using a ESCALAB-250 Scanning X-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy(USA, Thermo Fisher Scientific, Al K<sub>q</sub>(1486.7 eV)) with the Binding energy calibrated using C 1s peak(BE=284.8 eV) as standard. H<sub>2</sub>-TPR and NH<sub>3</sub>-TPD experiments were carried out on AutoChem II with TCD detection(Micromeritics, USA). Prior to H<sub>2</sub>-TPR experiments, the samples(100 mg) were firstly pretreated in a flow of Ar(99.999%, 30 ml/min) at 300 °C for 30 min and then cooled down to 50 °C. The reactor temperature was raised linearly to 1000 °C at the rate of 10 °C/min in  $H_2(10$ vol.%)/Ar(40 ml/min). Prior to NH<sub>3</sub>-TPD experiments, the samples(100 mg) were pretreated at 500 °C under He atmosphere(99.999%, 30 ml/min) for 1 h, and then cooled down to 100 °C. The samples were exposed to a flow of NH<sub>3</sub>(20 vol.%)/He(120 ml/min) at 100 °C, and followed by He(99.999%, 30 ml/min) purge for another 1 h. Finally, the temperature was raised to 500 °C in He flow at the rate of 10 °C/min. The in situ DRIFTS experiments were performed on a Fourier transform infrared spectrometer (FTIR, Nicolet Nexus IS50) equipped with a liquid-nitrogencooled MCT/A detector, accumulating 100 scans with a resolution of 4 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

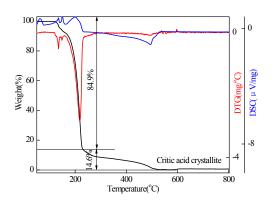


Fig. S1 TG-DTG-DSC curves of the critic acid crystallite

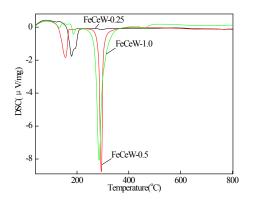


Fig. S2 DSC curves of magnetic FeCeW-m(m=0.25, 0.5 and 1.0) catalysts sol-gel

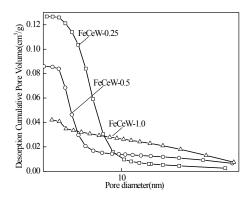


Fig.S3 Differential cumulative pore volume of magnetic FeCeW-m(m=0.25, 0.5 and 1.0) catalysts