Supplementary Information

Dual dye-loaded Au@Ag coupled to a lateral flow immunoassay for the accurate and sensitive detection of *Mycoplasma* pneumonia infection

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- † Electronic supplementary information (ESI) available.
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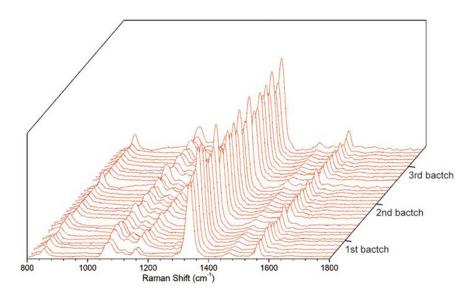


Figure S1. The repeatability of the proposed SERS-LFIA strips for human IgM detection (10 ng/mL). The SERS spectra collected randomly from 10 spots on the three different batches of SERS-LFIA strips.

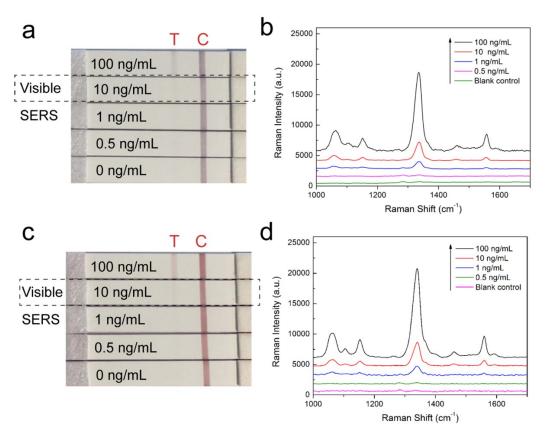


Figure S2. Photographs of the SERS-LFIA strips based on Au/DTNB (a) and Au@Ag/DTNB NPs (c) as the SERS tags after applying different concentrations of human IgM. (b) and (d) Corresponding SERS spectra obtained from the T line of (a) and (c), respectively. The integration times were 5 s and the excitation laser energy

was 10 mW.

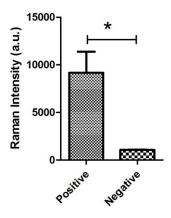


Figure S3. Comparison of positive group (20 MP-specific IgM positive serum specimens) and negative group (10 MP-specific IgM negative serum specimens) based on SERS-LFIA strips. *p < 0.05.

Table S1. Characteristics of the SERS-based LFIA strip developed in this work compared to other recently reported LFIA strip for respiratory pathogens detection.

Strategy	Respiratory	Limit of detection	Tested	Reference
	pathogen	(LOD)	sample	
Fluorescence	Influenza A (H1N1)	250 ng⋅mL ⁻¹	Allantoic fluid	Suwussa Bamrungsap et al
Au NPs	Influenza A (H1N1)	47 TCID ₅₀ mL ⁻¹	Influenza A infected MDCK cells	Natpapas Wiriyachaiporn et al
Au NPs with silver amplification	Influenza A (H5N1)	$0.5~{\rm ng~mL^{-1}}$	Allantoic fluid	Atsuhiko Wada et al
Quantum dot	Influenza A (H9N2)	0.25 HAU	Human serum	Feng Wu et al
SERS	Influenza A (H1N1)	$6.7~\mathrm{ng~mL^{-1}}$	Allantoic fluid	Maneeprakorn et al
SERS	Mycoplasma pneumoniae	$0.1~{\rm ng~mL^{-1}}$	Human serum	This work