Electronic supplementary information

Low Defect, Large Area and High Stable All-inorganic Lead Halide Perovskite CsPbBr₃ Thin Film with Microngrains via Heat-spraying Process for Self-driven Photodetector

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Figure S1 Photocurrent density-time characteristics of photodetector based on MG-CsPbBr₃-TF under 300, 330, 360, 390, 410, 420, 450, 480, 510, 540, 630 and 660 nm with 1.33 Hz



Figure S2 Photocurrent density-time characteristics of photodetector based on MG-CsPbBr₃-TF under AM1.5, 100 mW cm⁻² simulated illumination (after placing the device in the air for 7 months).



Figure S3 Picture of CsPbBr₃ single crystals prepared by CsPbBr₃/HBr supernatant



Figure S4 Thermogravimetric analysis of CsPbBr₃ single crystals



Figure S5 UV-Vis absorption spectra of MG-CsPbBr₃-TF thin film and

NG-CsPbBr₃-TF thin film



Figure S6 The photovoltaic-photocurrent performance was obtained under AM1.5, 100 mW cm⁻² simulated illumination.

Table S1 The detailed photoelectric parameters obtained under AM1.5,

	V _{oc} (mV)	$J_{sc}(\mu A)$	FF (%)	PCE (%)
100℃	8.88±2.15	0.0038 ± 0.002	23.9±9.63	0.00
200°C	358±113.5	0.0778 ± 0.00228	29.9±0.468	0.01
250℃	287±10.9	0.0174 ± 0.00322	30.95 ± 0.806	0.00

100 mW cm⁻² simulated illumination.