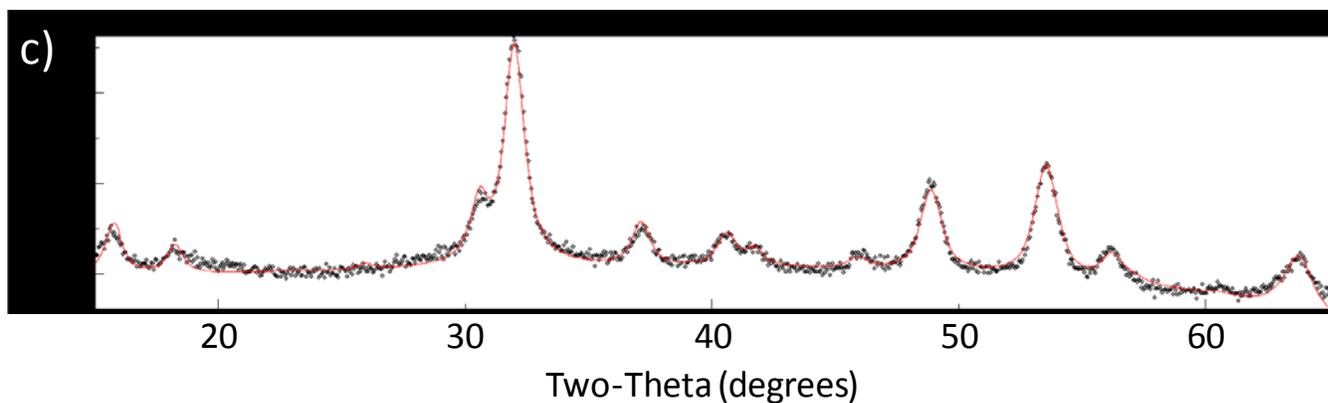
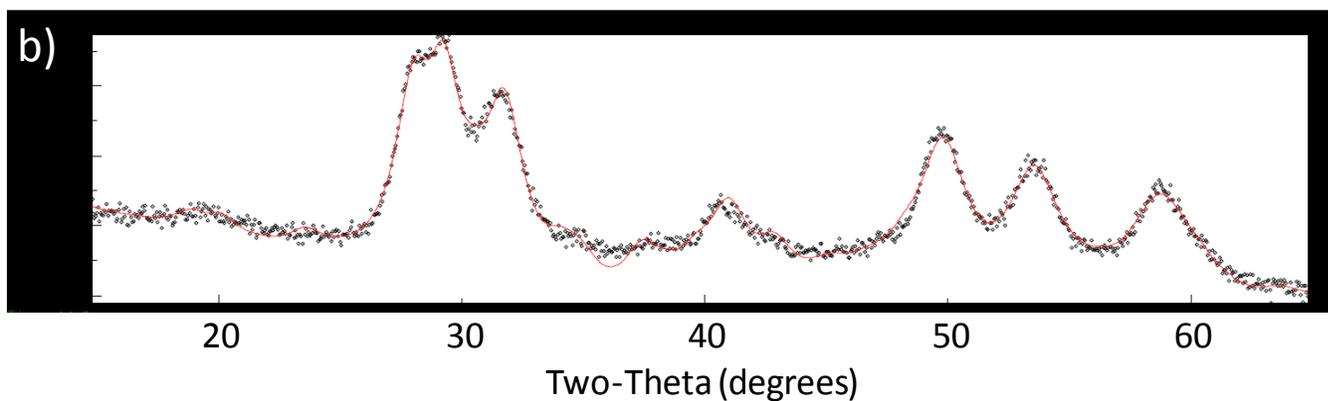
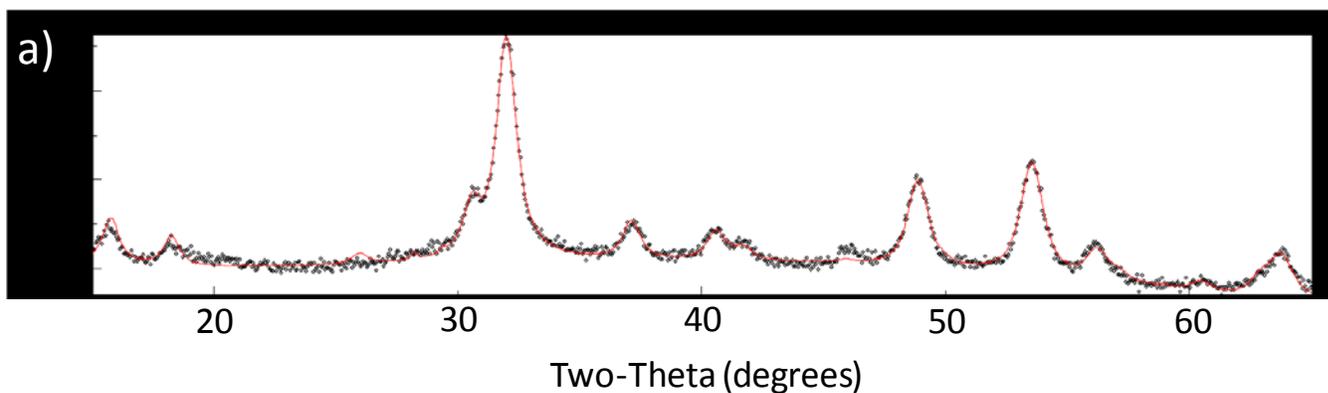
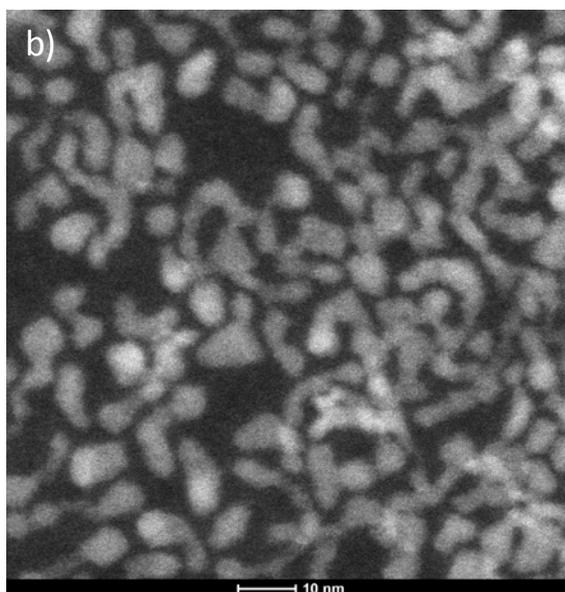
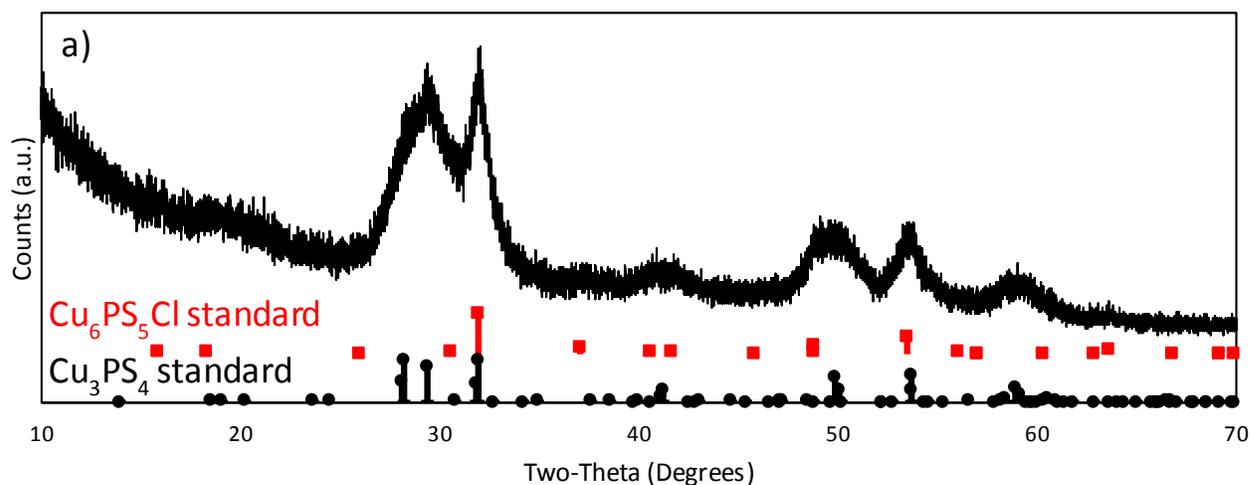


S1) HR TEM images and d-spacing measurements for a) Cu₆PS₅Cl and b) Cu₃PS₄. These measurements agree with standard crystallography data



S2) Rietveld fits for PXRD spectra a) $\text{Cu}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Cl}$ nanoparticles using both Cu_3PS_4 and $\text{Cu}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Cl}$ standards b) Cu_3PS_4 nanoparticles using both Cu_3PS_4 and $\text{Cu}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Cl}$ standards c) and $\text{Cu}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Cl}$ nanoparticles using $\text{Cu}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Cl}$ standard. Due to the lack of any visible Cu_3PS_4 peak in the Raman spectra of the $\text{Cu}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Cl}$ nanoparticles and that the Rietveld fitting for the $\text{Cu}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Cl}$ nanoparticles using only the $\text{Cu}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Cl}$ standard is able to account for all visible peaks, means that we believe the <1% Cu_3PS_4 reported in the quantitative analysis is likely due to experimental error and not the presence of any actual Cu_3PS_4 . For the Cu_3PS_4 spectra, the refinement calculated 0% $\text{Cu}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Cl}$. (Cu_3PS_4 standard JCPDS: 01-071-3306, $\text{Cu}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Cl}$ standard JCPDS: 01-073-5736)



S3) Data taken from an aliquot of the Cu_3PS_4 synthesis just after it reached $250\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. From the Raman spectra shown in figure 4b) $250\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, we expect both $\text{Cu}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Cl}$ and Cu_3PS_4 to be present in the sample. a) Shows the PXRD spectra for this sample along with standards for both Cu_3PS_4 and $\text{Cu}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Cl}$ (Cu_3PS_4 standard JCPDS: 01-071-3306, $\text{Cu}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Cl}$ standard JCPDS: 01-073-5736) b) HAADF TEM image of the particles.