## Design, synthesis and characterization of novel chromone based-copper (II) antitumor agents with *N*,*N*-donor ligands: comparative DNA/RNA binding profile and cytotoxicity.

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Fig S1. FT-IR spectra of complexes 1(a), 2 (b) and 3 (c).





Fig. S2. ESI mass spectrum of complexes 1 (a), 2 (b) and 3 (c).



Fig. S3. X–band EPR spectrum of complexes 1 (a), 2 (b) and 3 (c) at room temperature.



**Fig. S4**. Packing diagram showing possible intermolecular hydrogen bonding between C–O…H and N–O…H atoms.



Fig. S5. UV-vis absorption spectra of complexes 1 (a), 2 (b) and 3 (c) in DMSO at different time intervals (0 h, 2 h, 12 h and 24 h).



**Fig. S6**. Absorption titration curves of complexes **1** (a), **2** (b) and **3** (c)  $(2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M})$  with ct–DNA (0.0– 4.0 ×10<sup>-5</sup> M), in Tris–HCl buffer (pH 7.2). Arrows depicts the intensity change with increase in concentration of ct–DNA. Inset: Plots of [DNA]/ ( $\epsilon a - \epsilon f$ ) (M<sup>2</sup> cm) vs. [DNA].



Fig. S7. Emission spectra of complexes 1 (a), 2 (b) and 3 (c)  $(2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M})$  with ct–DNA [DNA] =  $(0-4.00 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$  in Tris–HCl buffer (pH 7.2). Arrows depicts the intensity change upon increasing concentration of ct–DNA.



**Fig. S8**. Emission spectra of EB–ct–DNA in absence and presence of complexes 1 (a), 2 (b) and 3 (c) in Tris–HCl buffer (pH 7.2). [Complexes 1-3] = [EB] = [DNA] =  $1.11 \times 10^{-4}$  M. Arrow depicts the intensity change with increasing concentration of complexes 1-3.



**Fig. S9**. CD spectra of (a) ct–DNA alone (blue), ct–DNA + 1 (brown), ct-DNA + 2 (pink) and ct–DNA + 3 (green); (b) tRNA alone (pink), tRNA + 1 (red), tRNA + 2 (black), tRNA + 3 (green) in Tris–HCl buffer (pH = 7.2).



**Fig. S10**. X–band EPR spectra of (a) 0.3 mM complex 2 (red), 0.3 mM complex 2 + 1.4 mg mL<sup>-1</sup> tRNA (black) and 0.3 mM complex 2 + 1.4 mg mL<sup>-1</sup> ct–DNA (blue); (b) 0.3 mM complex 3 (red), 0.3 mM complex 3 + 1.4 mg mL<sup>-1</sup> tRNA (blue) and 0.3 mM complex 3 + 1.4 mg mL<sup>-1</sup> ct–DNA (black). Experimental conditions: T = 298 K; Microwave frequency = 9.46 GHz; microwave power = 20 mW; 10 G field modulation amplitude; time constant 81.92 ms; conversion time 81.92 ms; 3 accumulations.





**Fig. S11**. Molecular docked model of complex **1** with (a) ct–DNA (PDB ID: 1BNA), (b) tRNA (PDB ID: 6TNA); complex **3** with (a') ct–DNA (PDB ID: 1BNA) and (b') tRNA (PDB ID: 6TNA).