

Supporting Information

Structural Heterogeneity in Polymeric Nitric Oxide Donor Nanoblended Coatings for Controlled Release Behaviors

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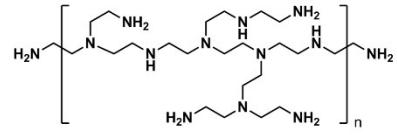
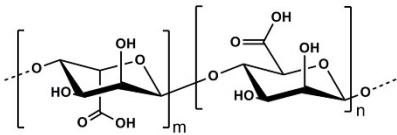
	BPEI  (Branched polyethylene imine)	ALG  (Alginic acid)
Chemical Structures		
MW	25,000	75,000 ^a
pKa	8.5 ^b	3.4 ^c
pH	9	8 or 4

Table S1. Chemical properties of polyelectrolytes in the table. a. Estimated molecular weight of alginate written in the experiment section, b. pKa value of BPEI[1] c. pKa value of ALG[2,3]

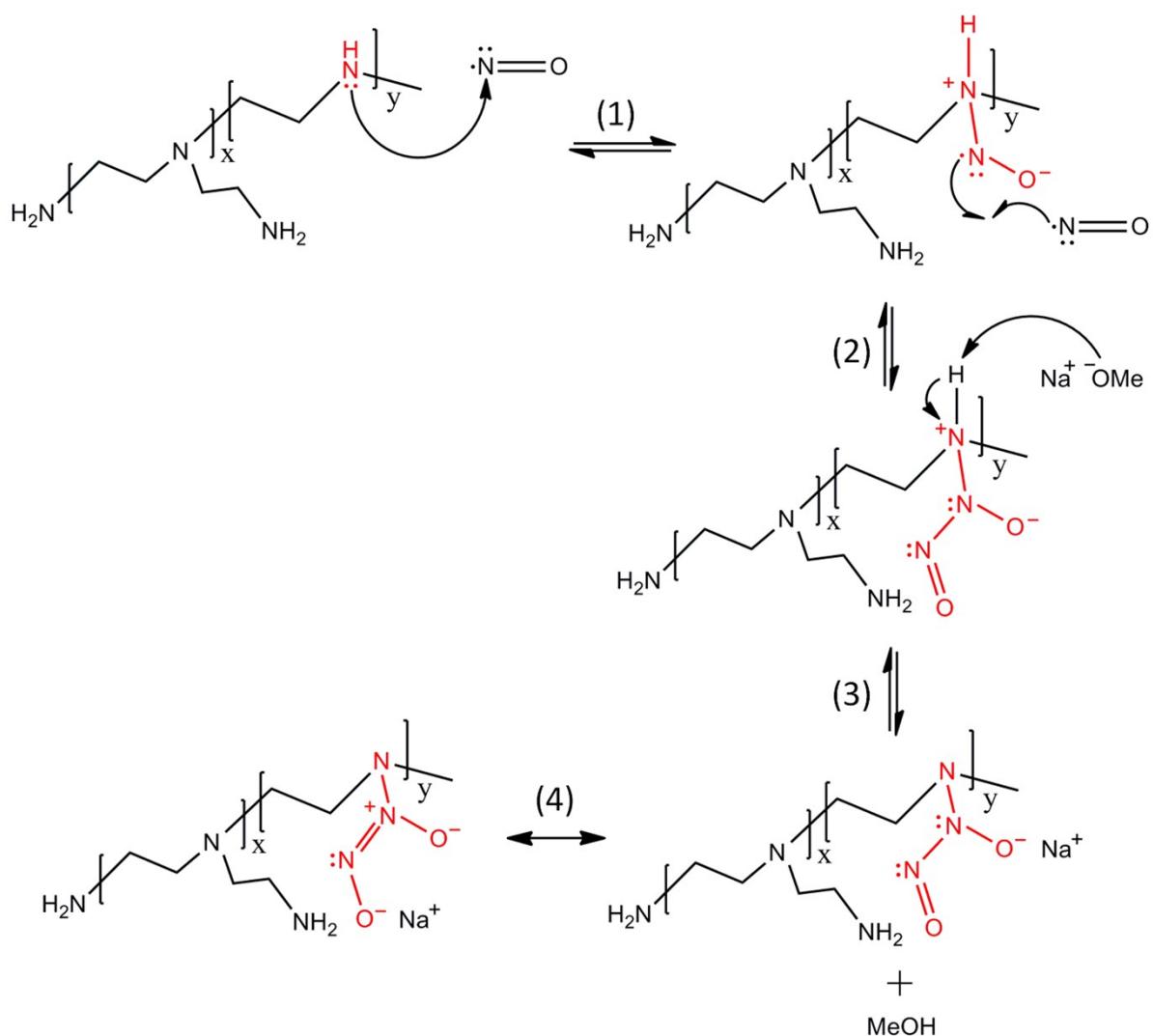


Figure S1. Mechanism of *N*-diazeniumdiolate formation on (BPEI/ALG) nanoblended coatings.

(modified from Drago and Schoenfisch et al.[4-7])

Sodium methoxide (NaOMe) which is a strong base catalyst, leading the deprotonation of the amino nitrogen and following dominant *N*-diazeniumdiolate formation due to the shift of equilibrium at third step (3).

N-diazeniumdiolate species includes a *N*-diazeniumdiolate anion and an ammonium counteraction, where the ammonium counteraction is from either an adjacent amine on the same structure or a second molecule containing an amine site.

	Film1: (BPEI9/ALG8) _n			Film2: (BPEI9/ALG4) _n		
Number of bilayers (n)	Mass (ug·cm ⁻²)	Thickness (cm)	Density (ug·cm ⁻³)	Mass (ug·cm ⁻²)	Thickness (cm)	Density (ug·cm ⁻³)
2.5	0.60	-	-	1.11	1.17.E-06	9.57.E+05
4.5	0.90	1.33E-06	6.76E+05	6.37	6.15.E-06	1.04.E+06
6.5	2.29	4.22E-06	5.42E+05	14.93	1.45.E-05	1.03.E+06
8.5	4.46	1.19E-05	3.76E+05	38.53	6.96.E-05	5.54.E+05
10.5	8.15	2.70E-05	3.02E+05	66.87	1.13.E-04	5.94.E+05

Table S2. Density of Film 1 and Film2 according to each number of bilayer, calculated by mass and thickness results.

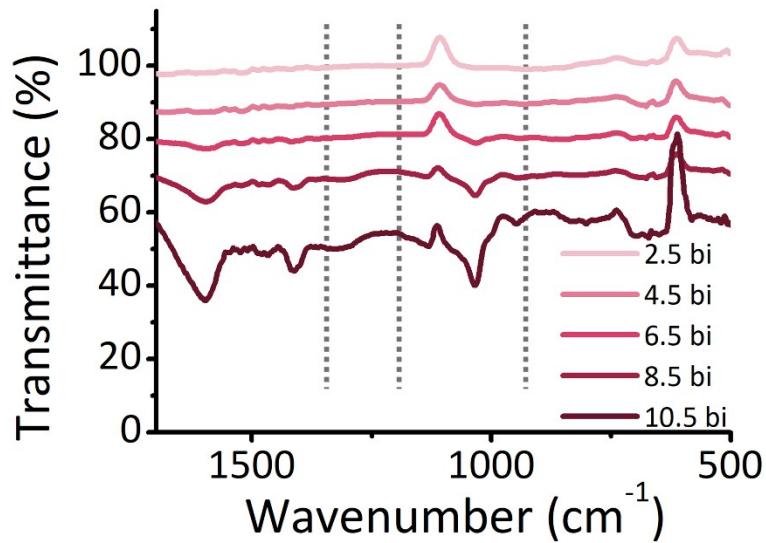


Figure S2. FT-IR spectra of Film 1; $(\text{BPEI9/ALG8})_n$ nanoblended coatings ($n=2.5, 4.5, 6.5, 8.5, 10.5$) before N -diazeniumdiolate generation. The specific parts to be compared with the spectra after generation of N -diazeniumdiolate are indicated by gray-dotted lines.

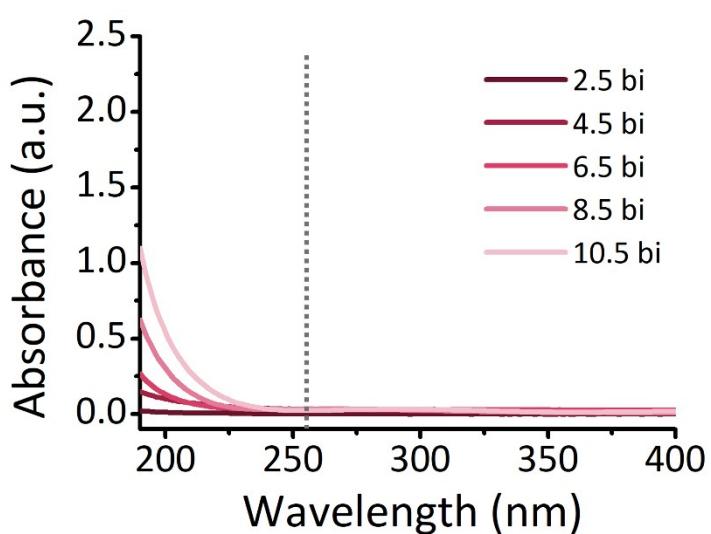


Figure S3. UV-vis absorbance of Film1; $(\text{BPEI9/ALG8})_n$ nanoblended coatings ($n=2.5, 4.5, 6.5, 8.5, 10.5$) before *N*-diazeniumdiolate generation. 252 nm of wavelength is indicated by gray dotted line.

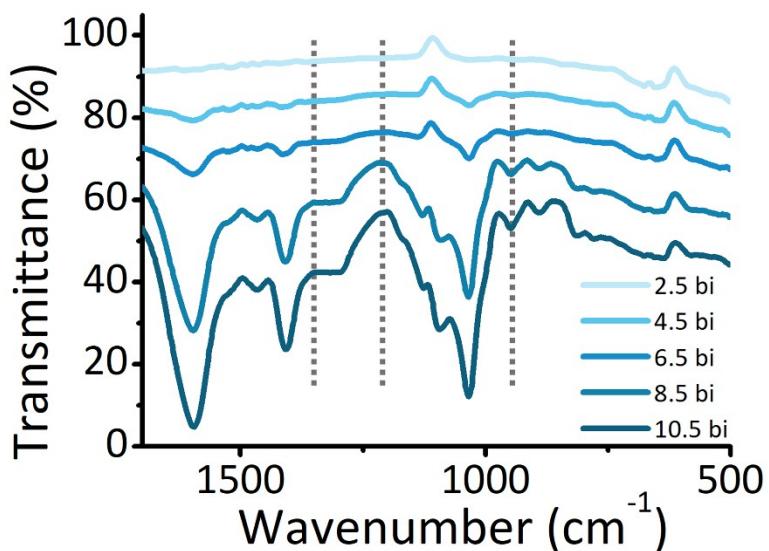


Figure S4. FT-IR spectra of Film2; $(\text{BPEI9/ALG4})_n$ nanoblended coatings ($n=2.5, 4.5, 6.5, 8.5, 10.5$) before N -diazeniumdiolate generation. The specific parts to be compared with the spectra after generation of N -diazeniumdiolate are indicated by gray-dotted lines.

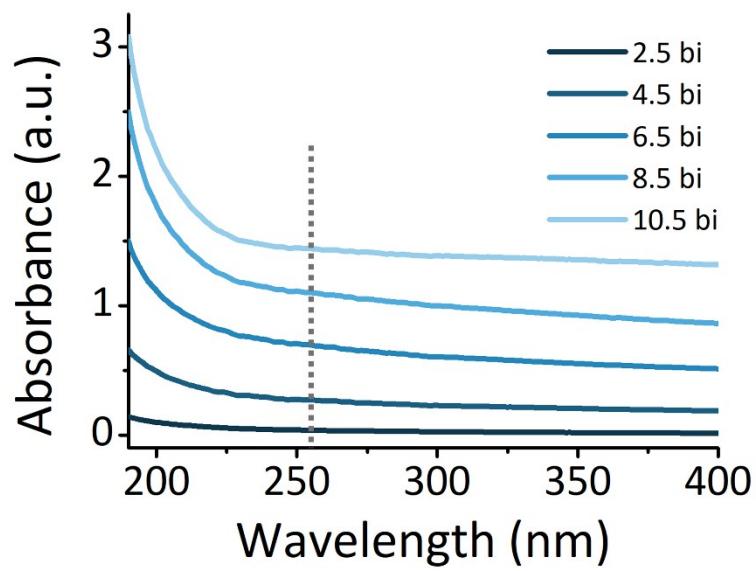


Figure S5. UV-vis absorbance of Film2; $(\text{BPEI9/ALG4})_n$ nanoblended coatings ($n=2.5, 4.5, 6.5, 8.5, 10.5$) before N -diazeniumdiolate generation. 252 nm of wavelength indicated by gray dotted line.

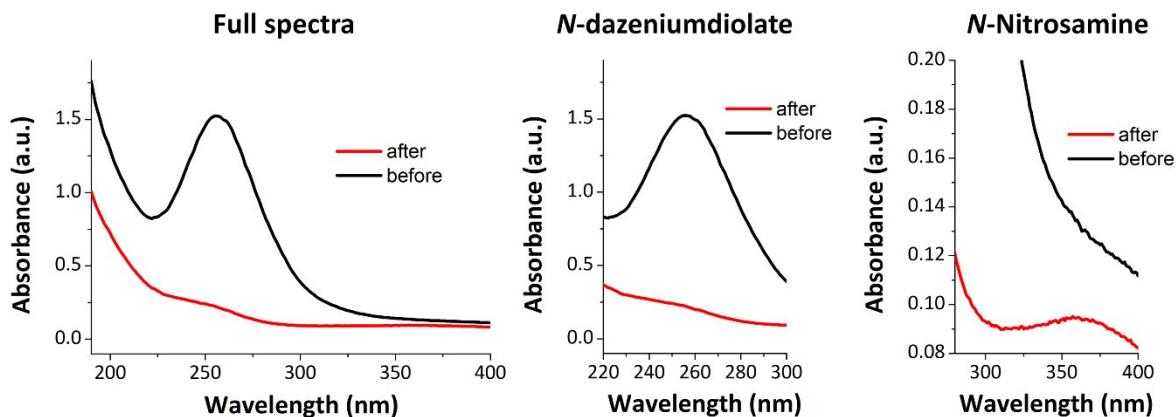


Figure S6. UV-vis absorbance of Film 1; $(\text{BPEI9/ALG8})_{10.5}$ nanoblended coating after NO release. From the full spectra, the regions of *N*-diazeniumdiolate and *N*-nitrosamine were each magnified as individual graphs. Black spectrum indicates the film before NO release and red spectrum indicates after NO release at 37°C in PBS for 43 hours.

Compared with the absorbance at 252 nm of both spectra, it can be seen that 13.7% of *N*-diazeniumdiolate was remained after NO release. The peak of *N*-nitrosamine was detected at around 350 nm.

References

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