## **Supplementary Information**

Hierarchical structured Mn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> nanomaterials with excellent electrochemical properties for lithium ion batteries

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Fig.S1 TG curve of leave-template adsorbed Mn(CH<sub>3</sub>COO)<sub>2</sub>



Fig. S2 TEM images of G-Mn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (a,b), P-Mn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (c,d) and T-Mn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (e,f).



Fig.S3 XPS spectra of  $G-Mn_2O_3$  material at different discharge state (a) pristine material, (b) discharge state at 0.25 V and (c) discharge state at 0.01 V.



Fig.S4 SEM images of the powder-Mn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.



Fig.S5 (a) Cycle performance and (b) rate capability of powder -Mn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3.</sub>



Fig.S6 Electrochemical impedance spectra test were performed after cycling at 0.3 C in 300th cycle. The OCV of all the cells was 0.01 V (Discharge period).

Morphology	Cpacity (mAh g <sup>-1</sup> )/cycles/ current density (mA g <sup>-1</sup> )	Rate capability(mAh g <sup>-1</sup> )			References
		1000	2000	3000	
Hierarchically microsphere	920/100/200		528.4		[1]
Porous nanoplates	813.7/50/100		448.4		[2]
nanowires	502.3/100/100	220			[3]
Hierarchically porous single crystals	845/50/100	410			[4]
porous octahedra	755/100/200	509	411		[5]
Hollow core-shell microspheres	620/500/1000	343	237		[6]
Hierarchically porous structure	1274.6/300/300	503.1	419.5	381.5	Our work

Table S1 Comparison of electrochemical performance of  $Mn_2O_3$  materials prepared in this study with those reported in the literatures.

Cycle number	R <sub>e</sub>	R <sub>ct</sub>
1 <sup>st</sup>	7.0	582.6
100 <sup>th</sup>	7.8	286.2
200 <sup>th</sup>	12.5	58.5
300 <sup>th</sup>	9.2	46.8

Table S2 Related resistance parameters of  $G-Mn_2O_3$  electrode in the 1<sup>st</sup>, 100<sup>th</sup>, 200<sup>th</sup>, and 300<sup>th</sup> cycles.

## References

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