

Inducing hardening and healability in poly(ethylene-*co*-acrylic acid) via blending with complementary low molecular weight additives

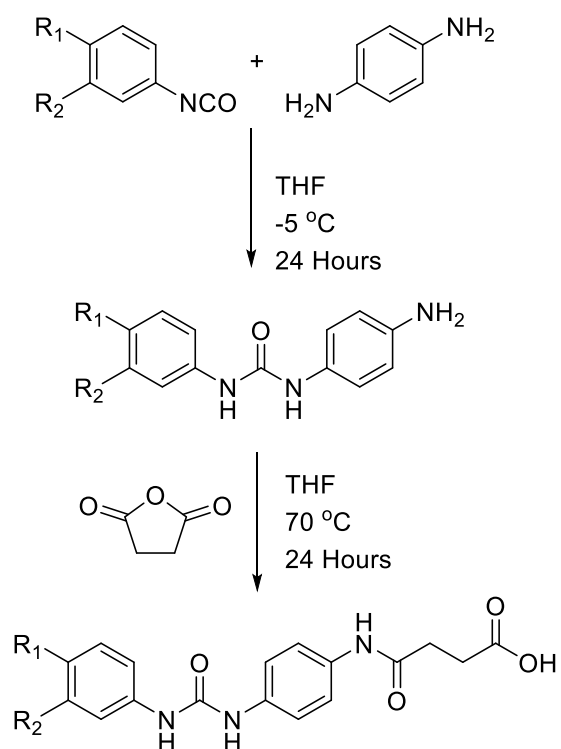
Benjamin C. Baker^a; I. German^b; Gary C. Stevens^b; Howard M. Colquhoun^a; and Wayne Hayes ^{a*}

^a Department of Chemistry, University of Reading, Whiteknights, Reading, RG6 6AD, UK. Email: w.c.hayes@reading.ac.uk, Telephone: +44 118 378 6491, Fax: +44 118 378 6331

^b Gnosys Global Ltd., 17-18 Frederick Sanger Road, The Surrey Research Park, Guildford, Surrey, GU2 7YD, UK

Supplementary Information

Contents		Page
Scheme S1	Synthetic route to compounds 3-5 .	S1
Figures S1-S9	¹ H and ¹³ C NMR spectra of 3-6 in DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆ or CD ₃ OD plus IR spectra.	S2
Figures S10-S12	Gelator 3 : rheology and UV-vis absorption characteristics.	S9
Figure S13	DSC data for pEAA15/1 (10% wt).	S11
Figures S14-S20	Stress-strain curves for pEEA15 and additives 1-7 (1/5% wt).	S11
Figures S21-S24	DSC thermograms for pEAA15/1-3 (0, 1 and 5% wt).	S15
Figures S25-S28	Relaxation DSC scans of pEEA15/1-3 (0, 1 and 5% wt).	S16
Tables S1-S3	Tensile properties of pEAA15 and pEEA15/1-3 after healing.	S18
Figures S29-S39	Stress-strain curves for pEAA15 and pEEA15/1-3 after healing.	S19
Figures S40-S41	DSC thermograms of pEAA5 and pEAA20 with 1 and 3 .	S24
Figures S42-S45	Stress strain curves for pEAA20 with 1 and 3 .	S25



Scheme S1; Generic synthesis of compounds **3-5** (**3**: R₁ = H, R₂ = NO₂. **4**: R₁ = NO₂, R₂ = H. **5**: R₁ = H, R₂ = H).

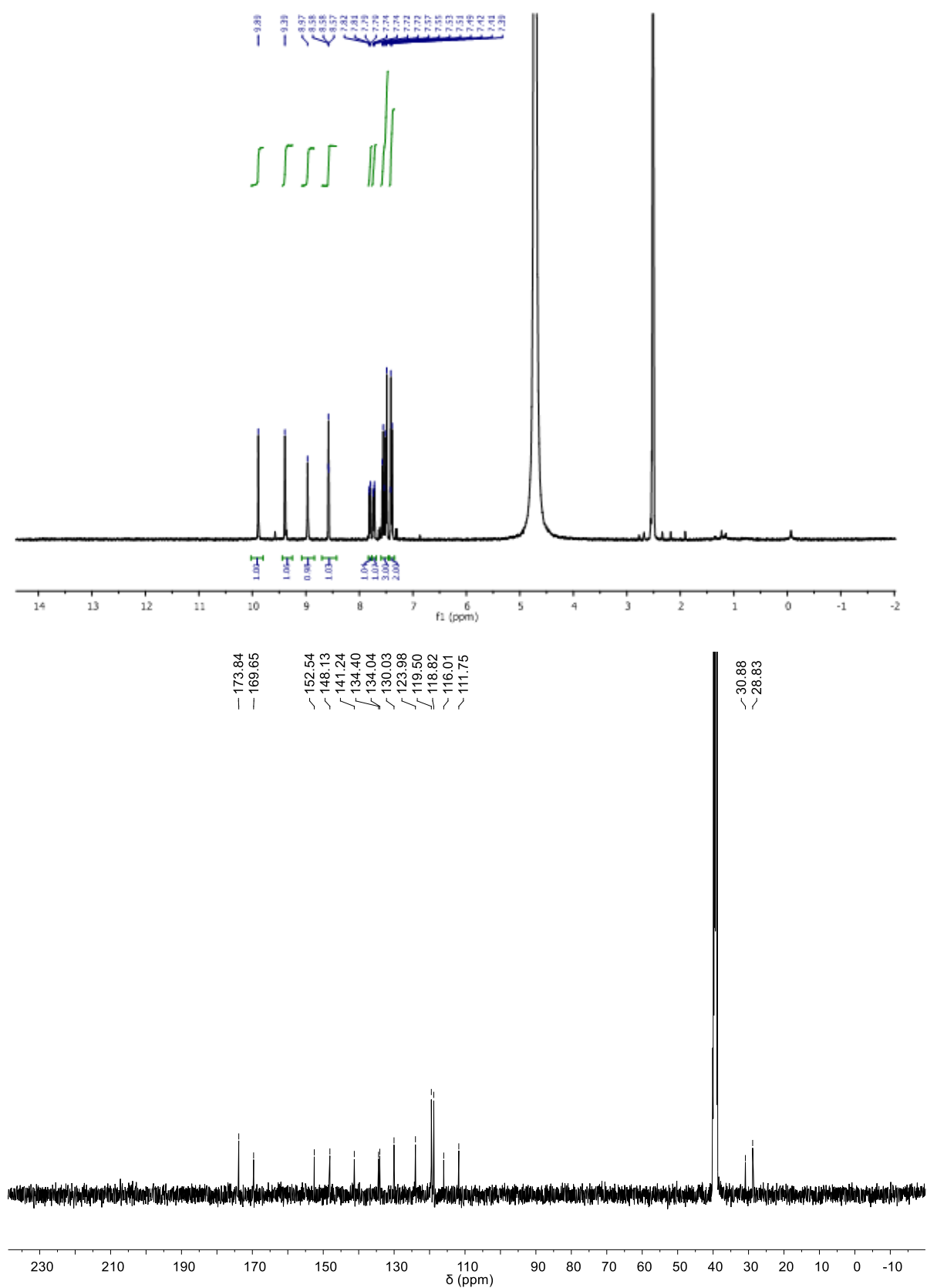


Figure S1; ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra of **3** in $\text{DMSO}-d_6$

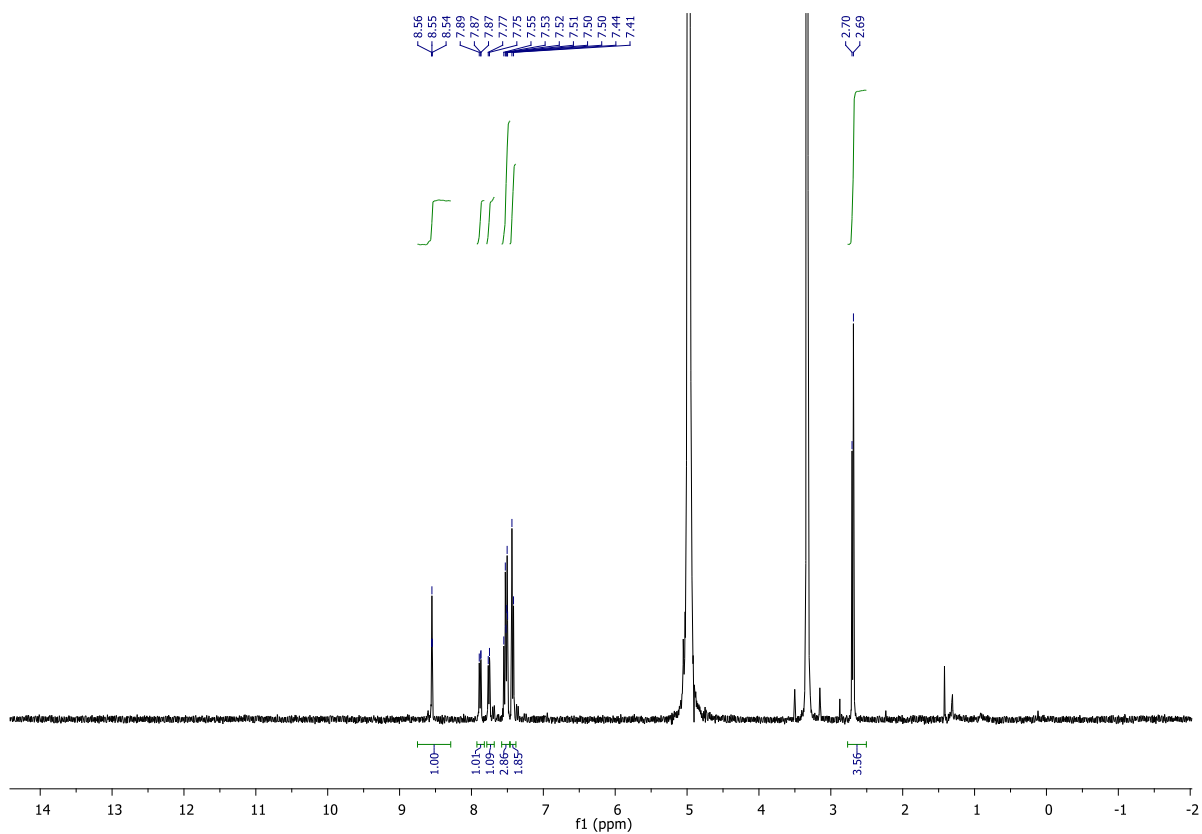


Figure S2; ¹H NMR spectrum of **3** in CD₃OD

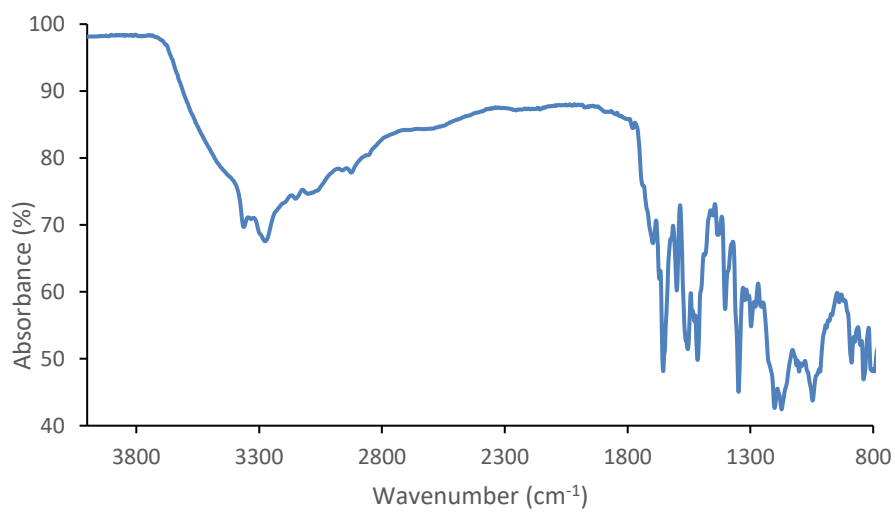


Figure S3; IR spectra of **3**

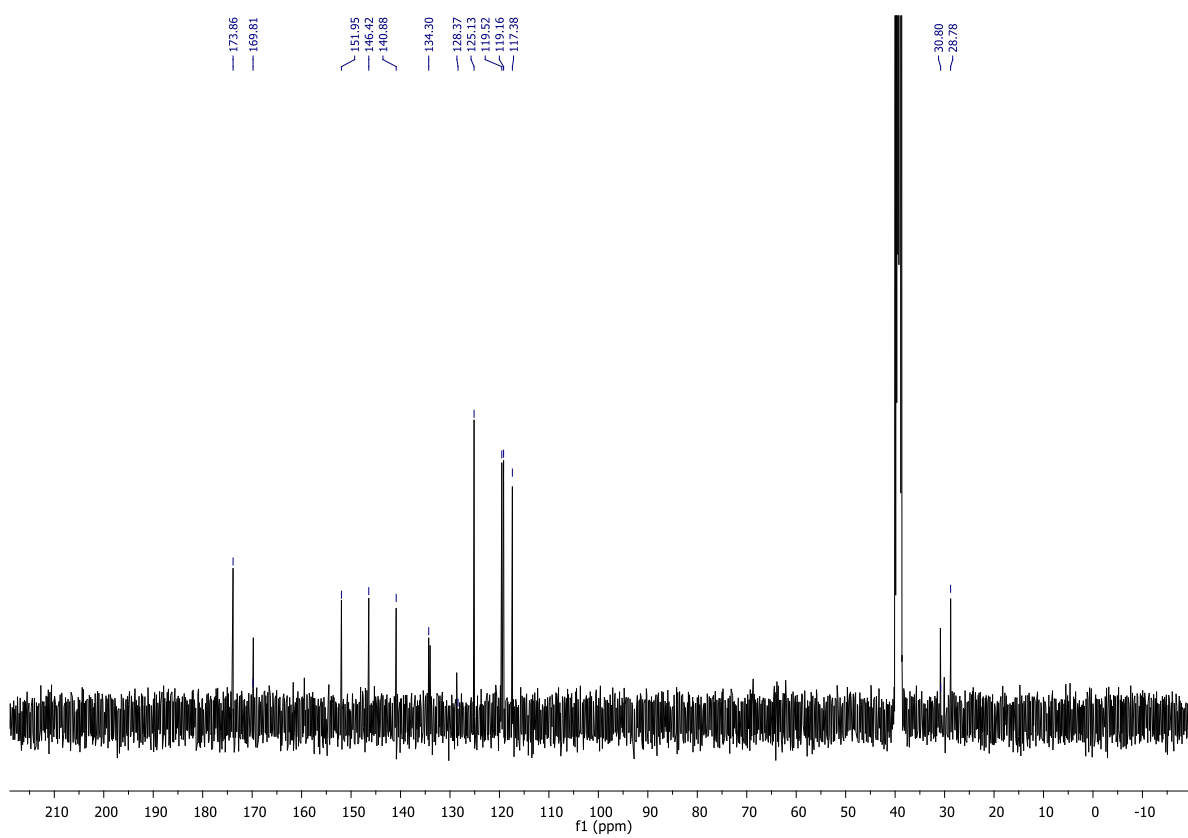
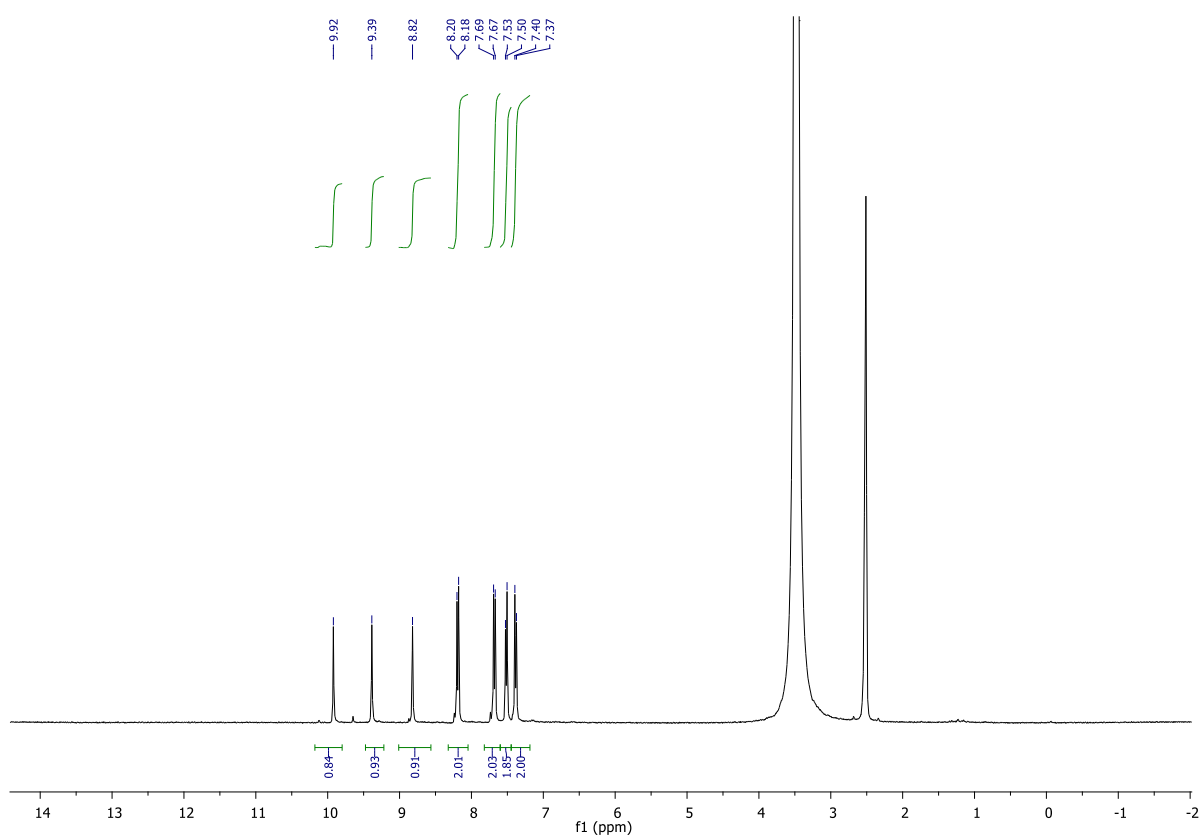


Figure S4; ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of **4** in DMSO-*d*₆

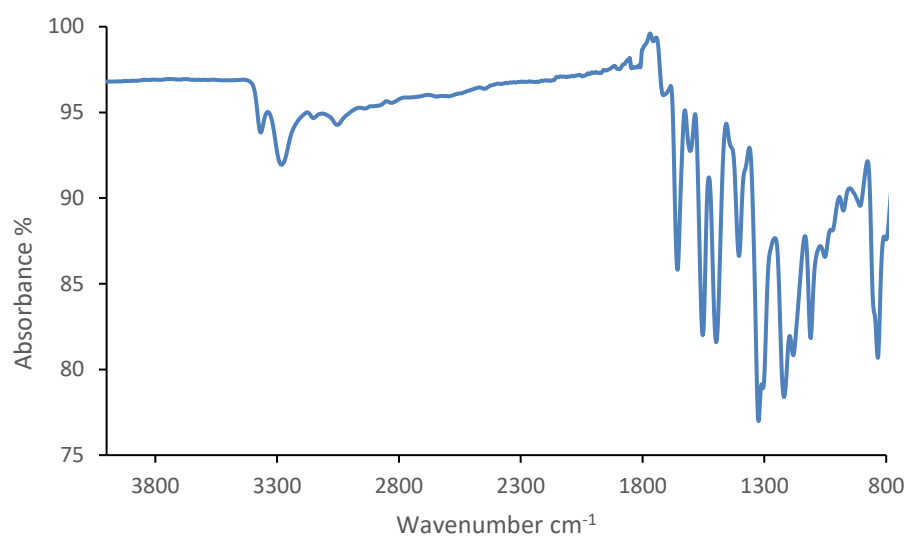


Figure S5; IR spectra of **4**

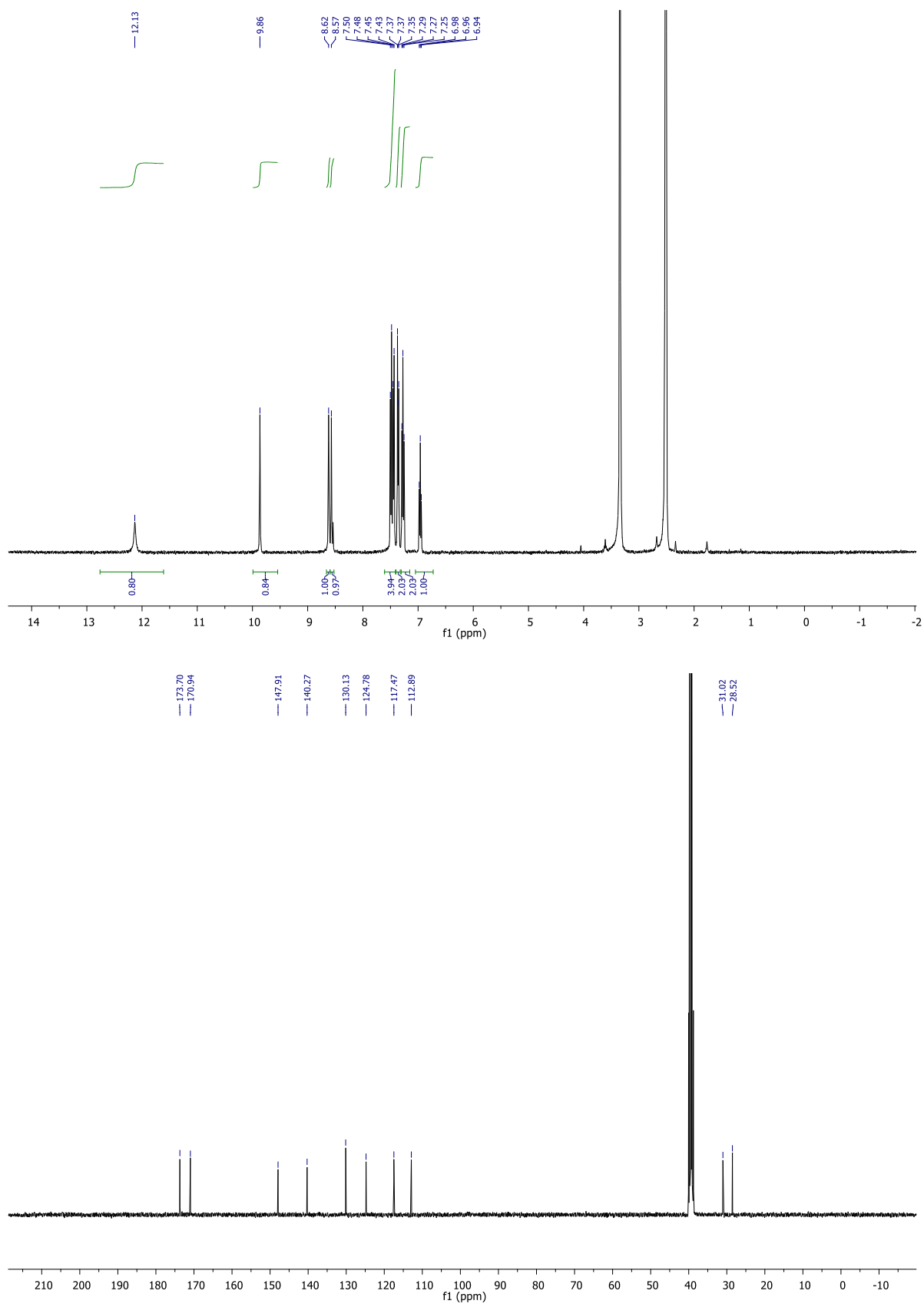


Figure S6; ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of **5** in DMSO-*d*₆

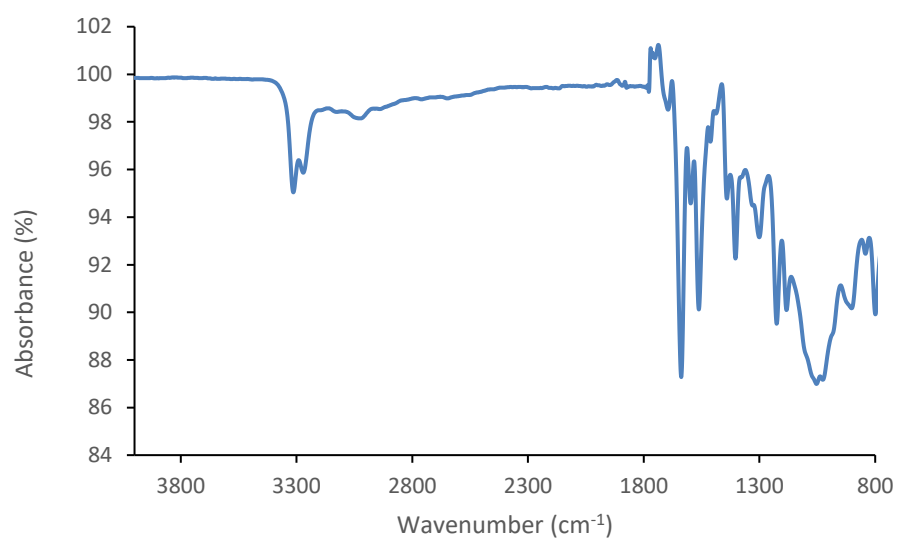


Figure S7; IR spectra of **5**

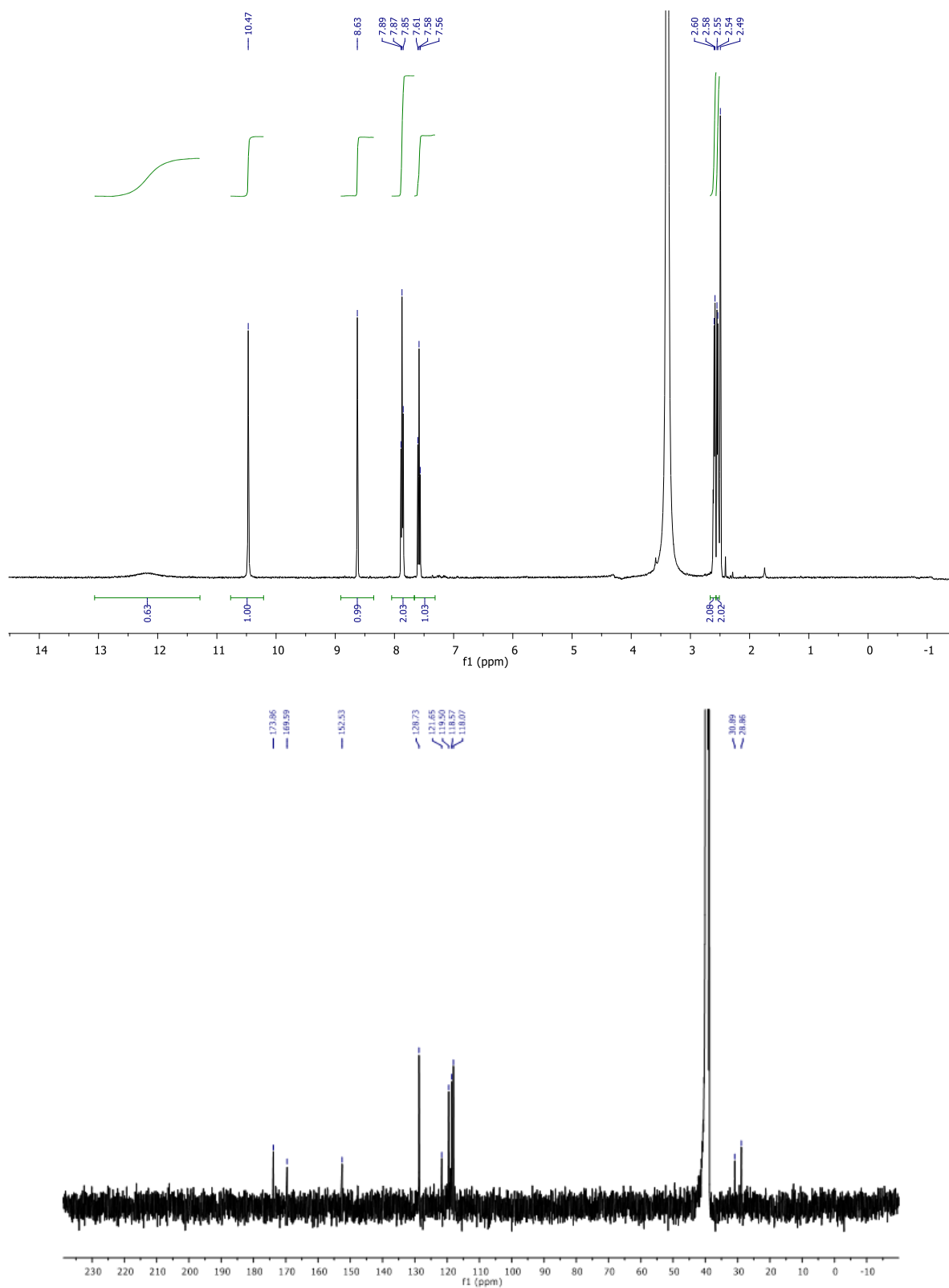


Figure S8; ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra of **6** in $\text{DMSO-}d_6$

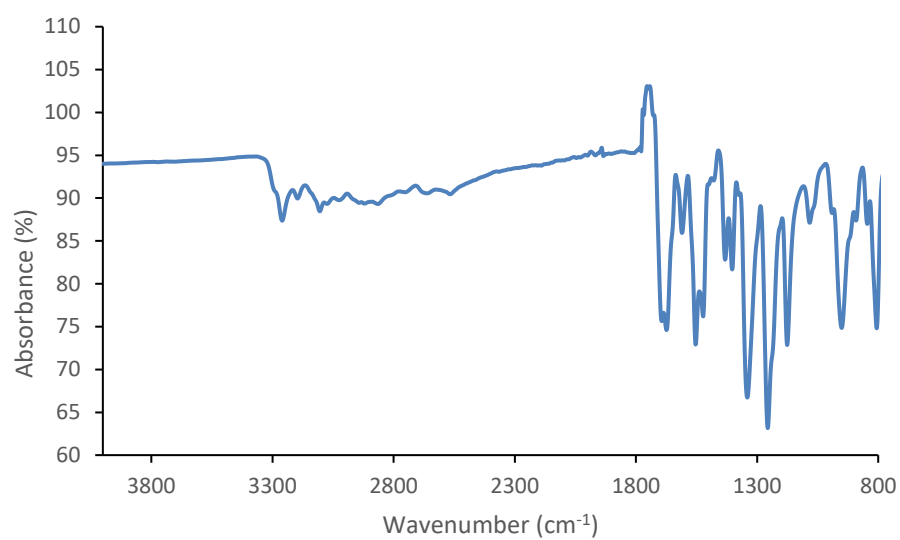


Figure S9; IR spectra of **6**



Figure S10; Hydrogelator **3**, CGC 2.7 mM (0.1%wt)

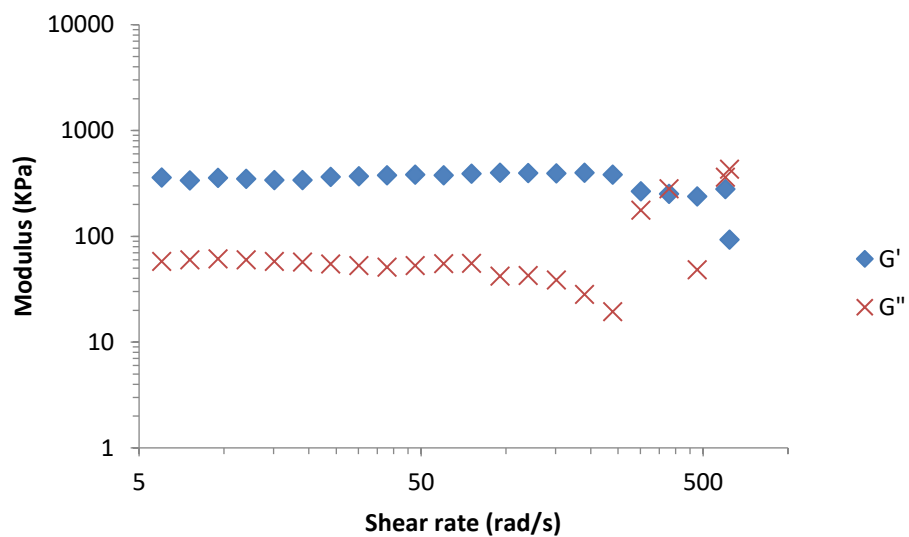


Figure S11; Rheology of aqueous gel of hydrogelator **3** (20 mM).

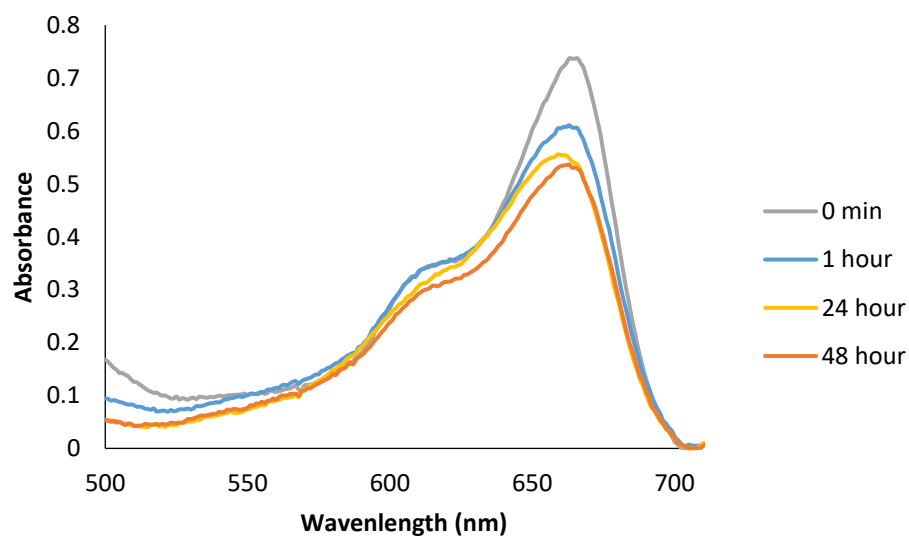


Figure S12; UV/vis absorption spectra of stirred solution of aqueous methylene blue (250 mL, 8 mg L⁻¹) after addition of hydrogelator **3** (1 mL, 80 mM).

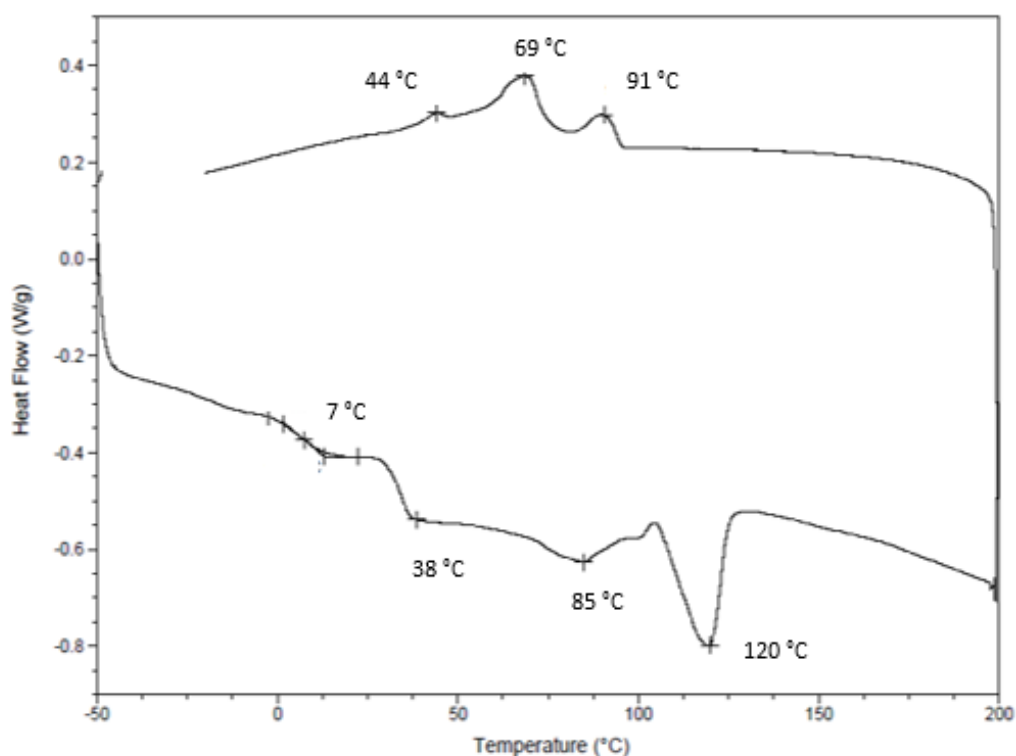


Figure S13; DSC heating (lower) and cooling (upper) curves for **pEEA15/1** (10% wt) showing phase separation of polymer and dicarboxylic acid **1** (represented by the melting transition at 120 °C).

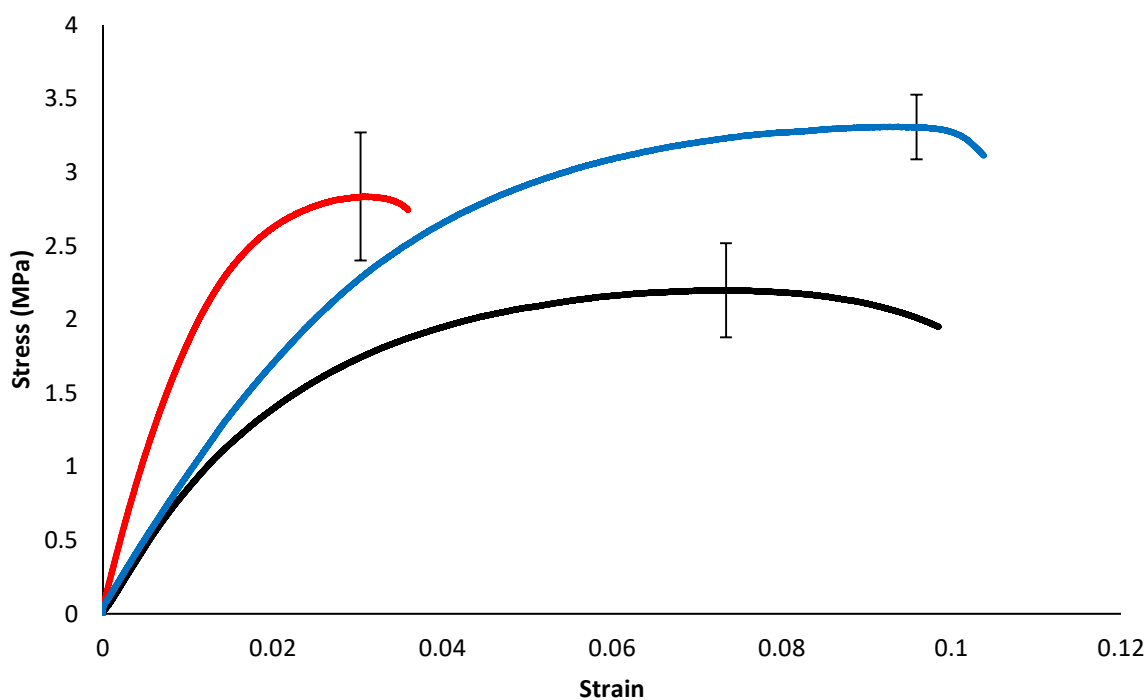


Figure S14; Stress strain curves (average of five samples) for; **pEEA15** (black), **pEEA15/1** (1% wt.) (red) and **pEEA15/1** (5% wt.) (blue).

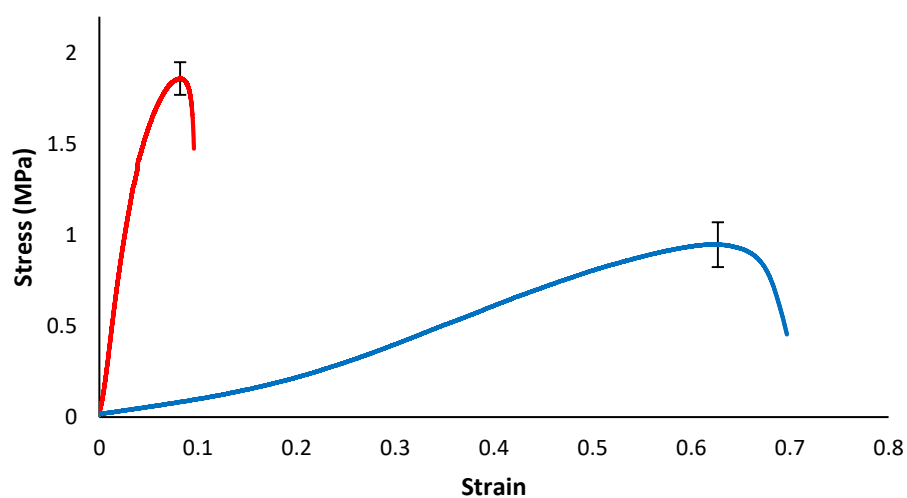


Figure S15; Stress strain curves (average of five samples) for **pEEA15/2** (1% wt) (red) and **pEEA15/2** (5% wt) (blue).

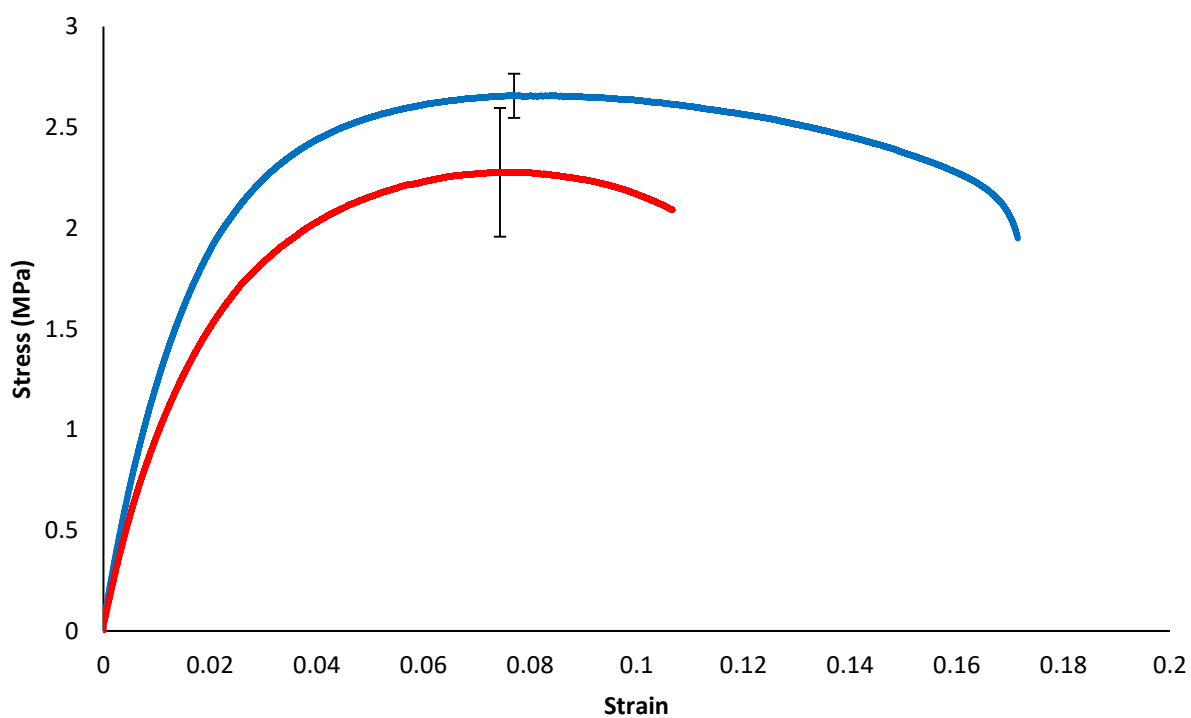


Figure S16; Stress strain curves (average of five samples) for **pEEA15/3** (1% wt) (red) and **pEEA15/3** (5% wt) (blue).

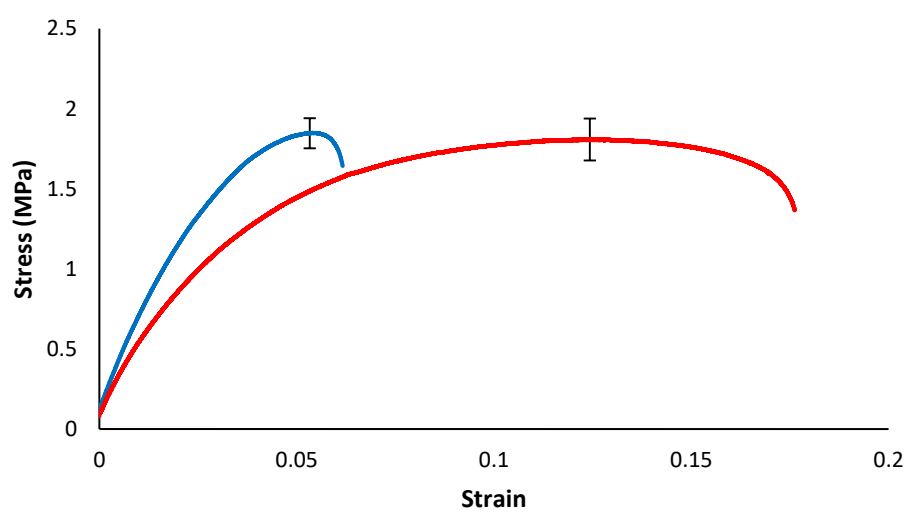


Figure S17; Stress strain curves (average of five samples) for **pEAA15** and **4** at 1% (red) and 5% (blue) wt.

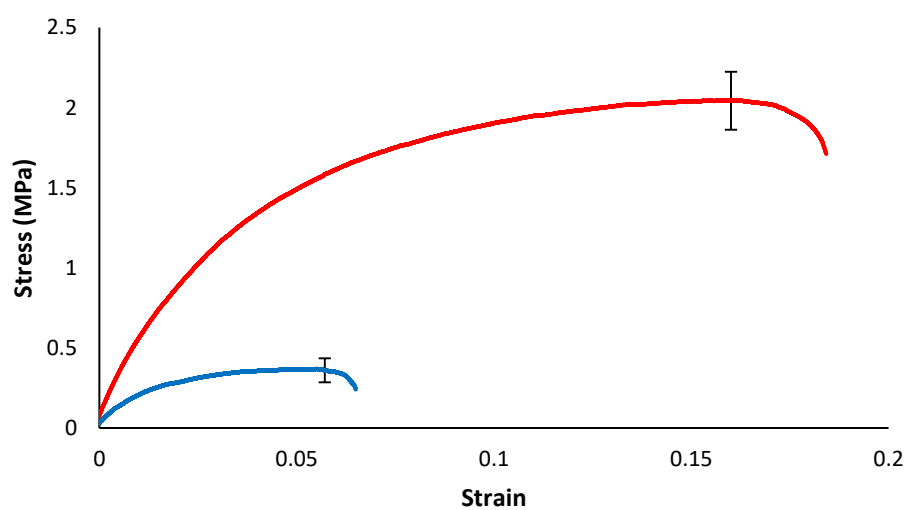


Figure S18; Stress strain curves (average of five samples) for **pEAA15** and **5** at 1% (red) and 5% (blue) wt.

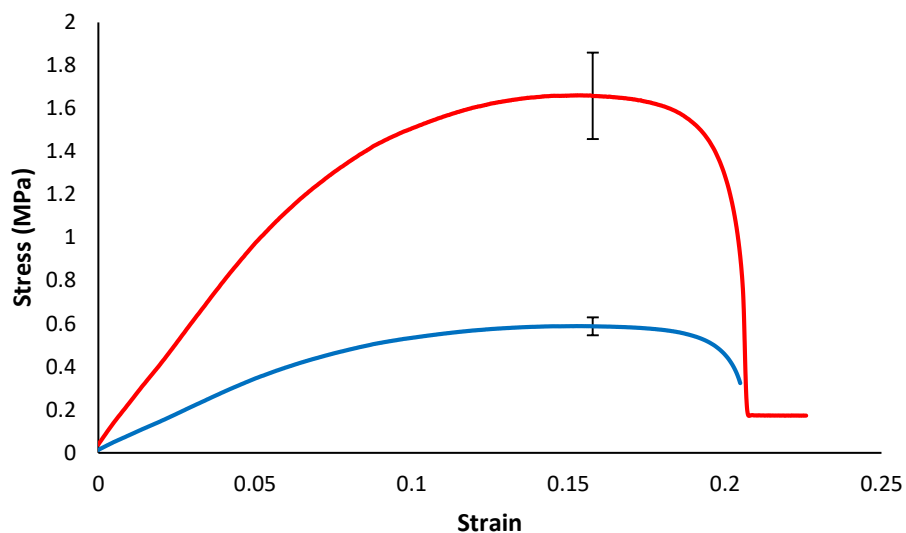


Figure S19; Stress strain curves (average of five samples) for **pEAA15** and **6** at 1% (red) and 5% (blue) wt.

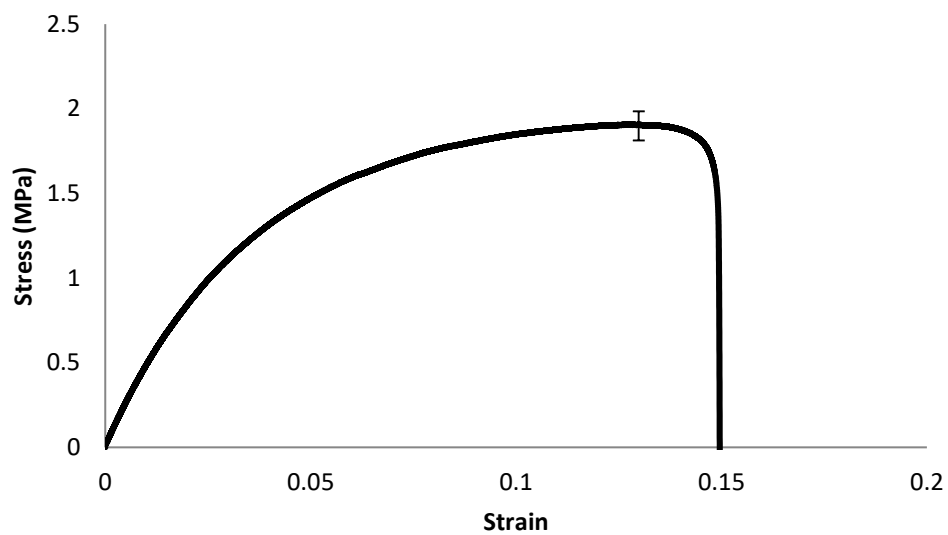


Figure S20; Stress strain curve (average of five samples) for **pEAA15** and **7** at 1% wt.

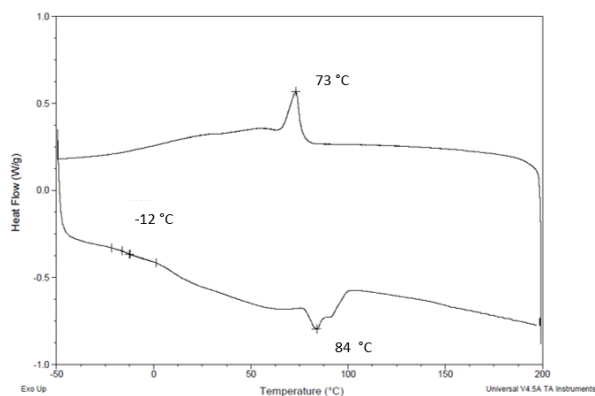


Figure S21; DSC heating scan (below) and subsequent cooling scan (above) of **pEEA15**.

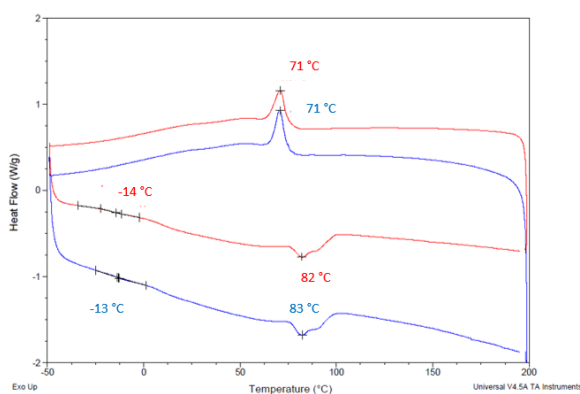


Figure S22; DSC heating/cooling scans of **pEEA15/1** at 1% (red) and 5% weight (blue).

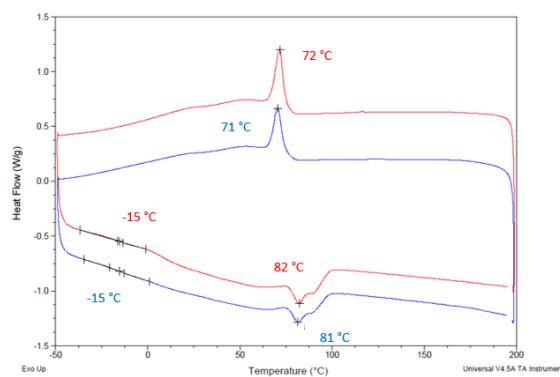


Figure S23; DSC heating/cooling scans of **pEEA15/2** at 1% (red) and 5% weight (blue).

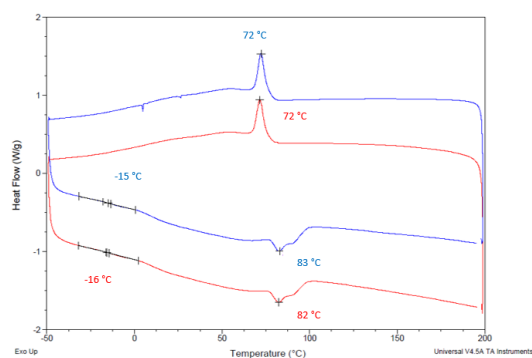


Figure S24; DSC heating/cooling scans of **pEEA15/3** at 1% (red) and 5% weight (blue).

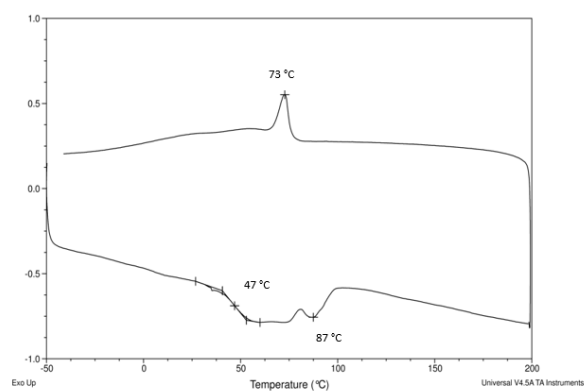


Figure S25; Relaxation DSC scan of **pEEA15** (48 hours after scan shown in **Figure S19**).

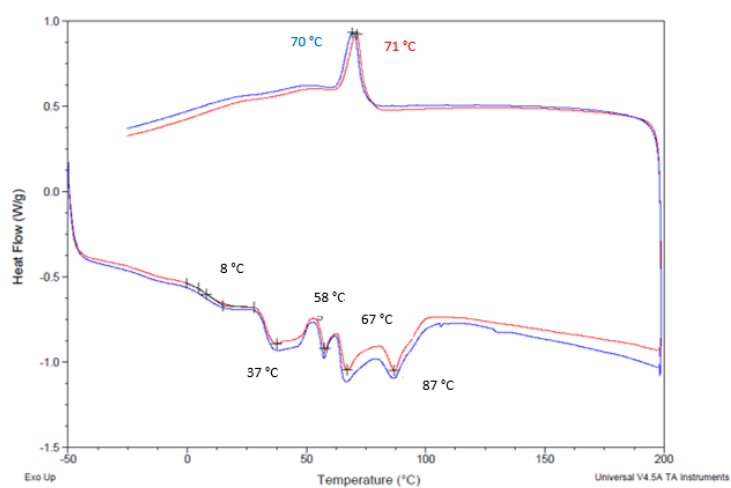


Figure S26; Relaxation DSC scans of **pEEA15 /1** at 1% (red) and 5% wt. (blue) (taken 48 hours after scan shown in **Figure S20**).

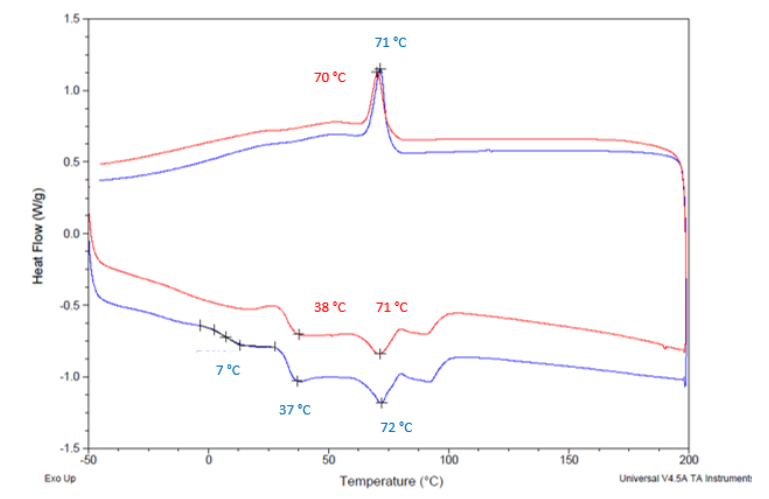


Figure S27; Relaxation DSC scan of **pEEA15/2** at 1% (red) and 5% wt. (blue) (taken 48 hours after scan shown in **Figure S21**).

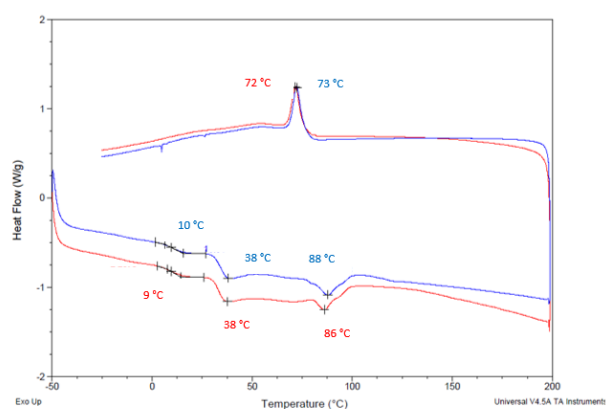


Figure S28; Relaxation DSC scan of **pEEA15/3** at 1% (red) and 5% wt. (blue) (taken 48 hours after scan shown in **Figure S22**).

Table S1; Tensile properties after heating fractured films at 50 °C for 8 hours.

Film System	% wt additive	Tensile Strength (MPa)	Fracture Stress (MPa)	Uniform Strain (%)	Strain to Fracture (%)	Energy absorbed (MPa)	Young's Modulus (MPa)
pEEA15		0.12	0.12	1.56	1.60	0.002	5.68
pEEA15/1	5	0.09	0.09	0.53	0.56	0.001	13.12
pEEA15/2	1	0.57	0.57	1.50	1.58	0.013	23.23
pEEA15/3	5	0.88	0.88	2.30	2.42	0.013	18.61

Table S2; Tensile properties after heating fractured films at 60 °C for 2 hours.

Film System	% wt additive	Tensile Strength (MPa)	Fracture Stress (MPa)	Uniform Strain (%)	Strain to Fracture (%)	Energy absorbed (MPa)	Young's Modulus (MPa)
pEEA15		0.39	0.37	1.67	1.74	0.008	14.22
pEEA15/1	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
pEEA15/2	1	0.72	0.63	4.43	5.26	0.03	17.97
pEEA15/3	5	1.12	1.12	2.29	2.37	0.021	28.53

Table S3; Tensile properties after pressing (0.98 MPa) fractured films for 8 hours.

Film System	% wt additive	Tensile Strength (MPa)	Fracture Stress (MPa)	Uniform Strain (%)	Strain to Fracture (%)	Energy absorbed (MPa)	Young's Modulus (MPa)
pEEA15		1.00	0.84	6.15	7.38	0.06	26.31
pEEA15/1	5	1.35	0.93	6.75	9.68	0.10	21.83
pEEA15/2	1	0.20	0.15	1.07	1.23	0.007	18.60
pEEA15/3	5	1.95	0.96	5.62	7.48	0.14	41.43

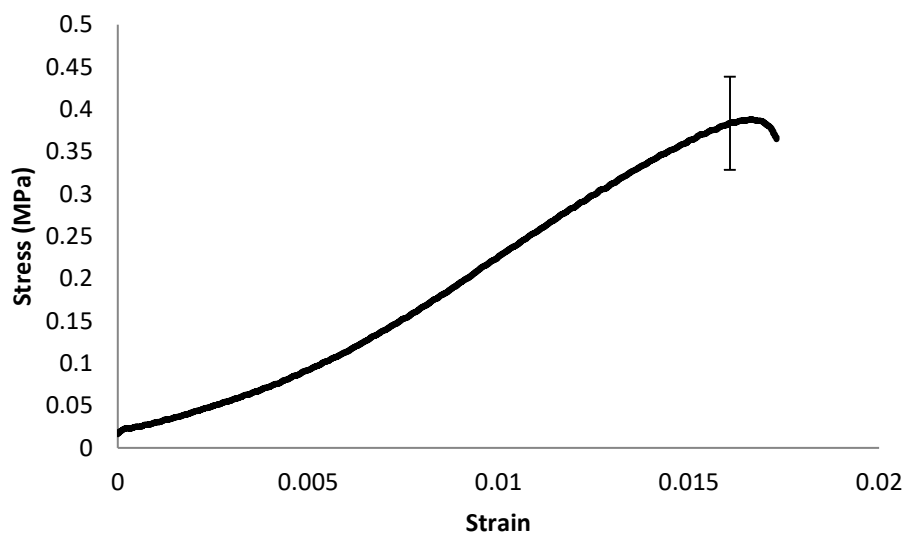


Figure S29; Stress-strain curve (average of five samples) for **pEAA15** after healing at 60 °C (2 hours)

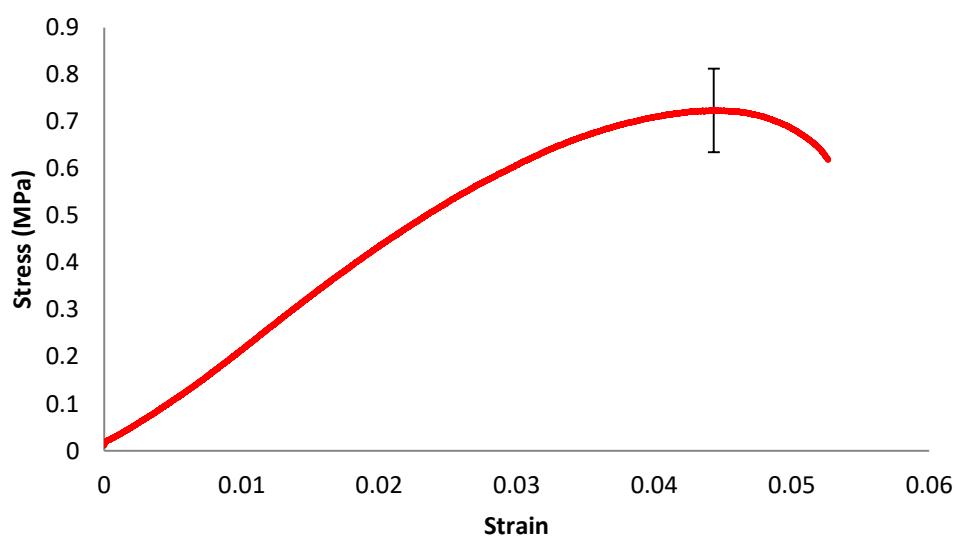


Figure S30; Stress-strain curve (average of five samples) for **pEAA15/2 (1% wt)** after healing at 60 °C (2 hours)

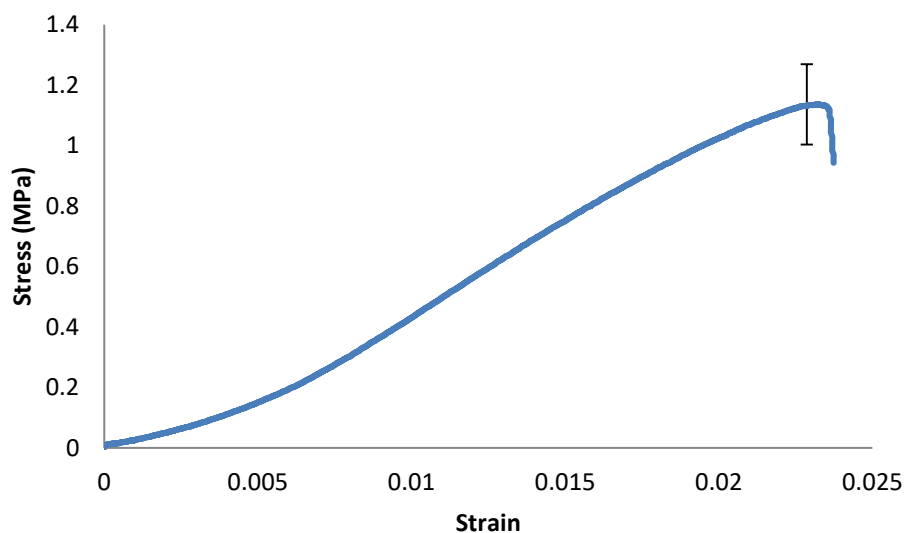


Figure S31; Stress-strain curve (average of five samples) for **pEAA15/3** (5% wt) after healing at 60 °C (2 hours)

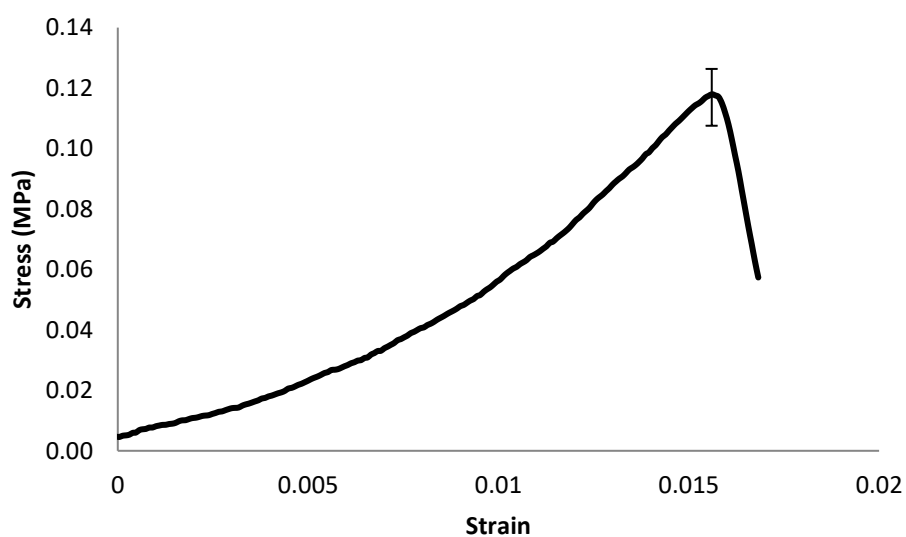


Figure S32; Stress-strain curve (average of five samples) for **pEAA15** after healing at 50 °C (8 hours).

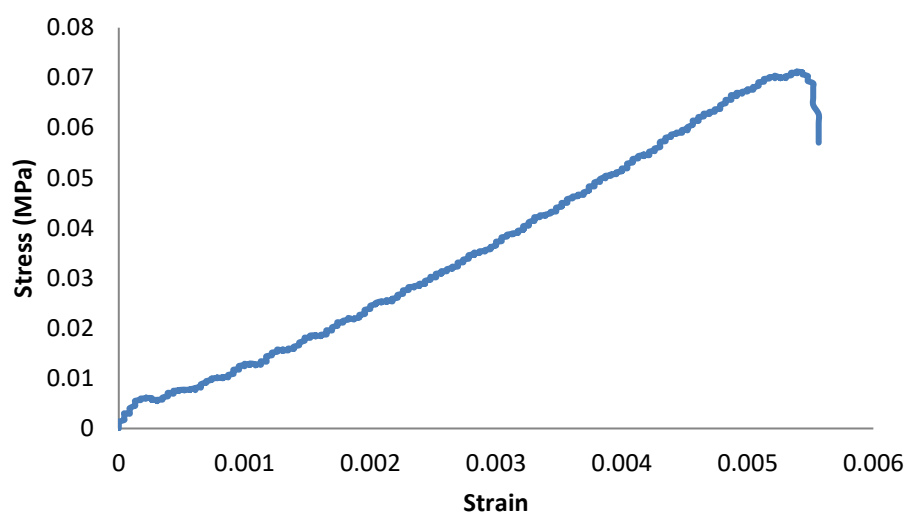


Figure S33; Stress-strain curve for **pEAA15/1** (5% wt) after healing at 50 °C (8 hours)

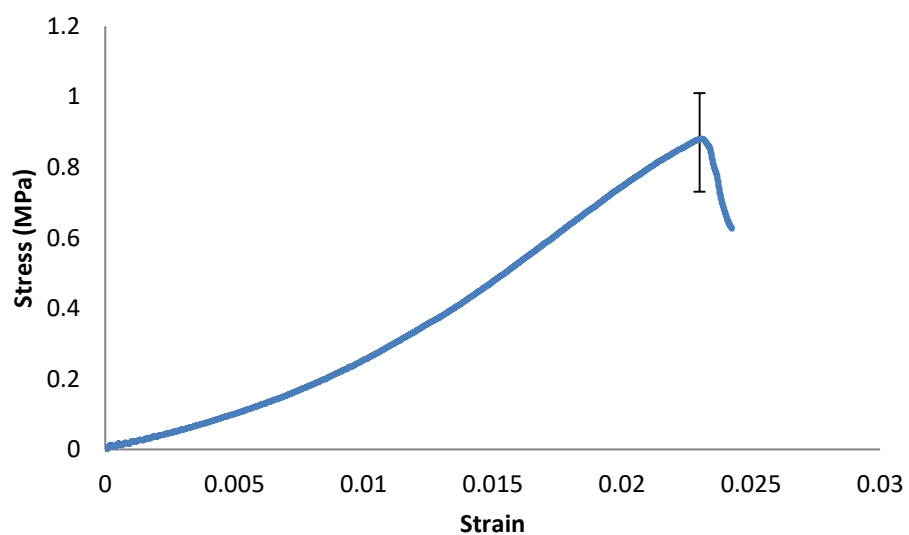


Figure S34; Stress-strain curve (average of five samples) for **pEAA15/3** (5% wt) after healing at 50 °C (8 hours)

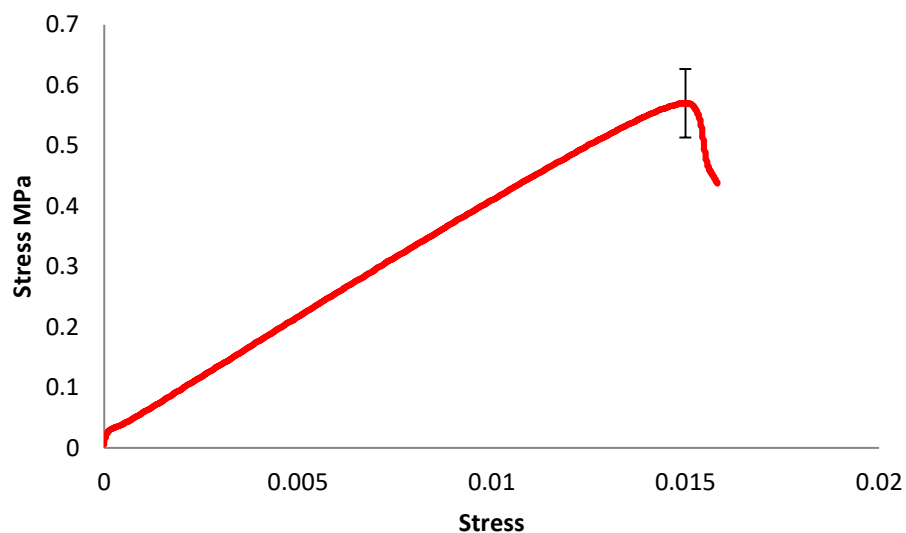


Figure S35; Stress-strain curve (average of five samples) for **pEAA15/2** (1% wt) after healing at 50 °C (8 hours)

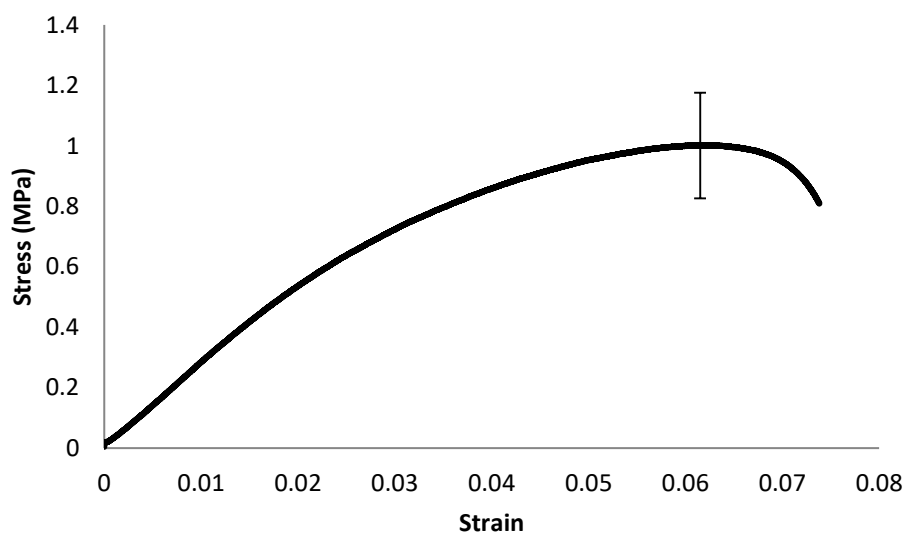


Figure S36; Stress-strain curve (average of five samples) for **pEAA15** after healing under pressure (0.98 MPa, 8 hours)

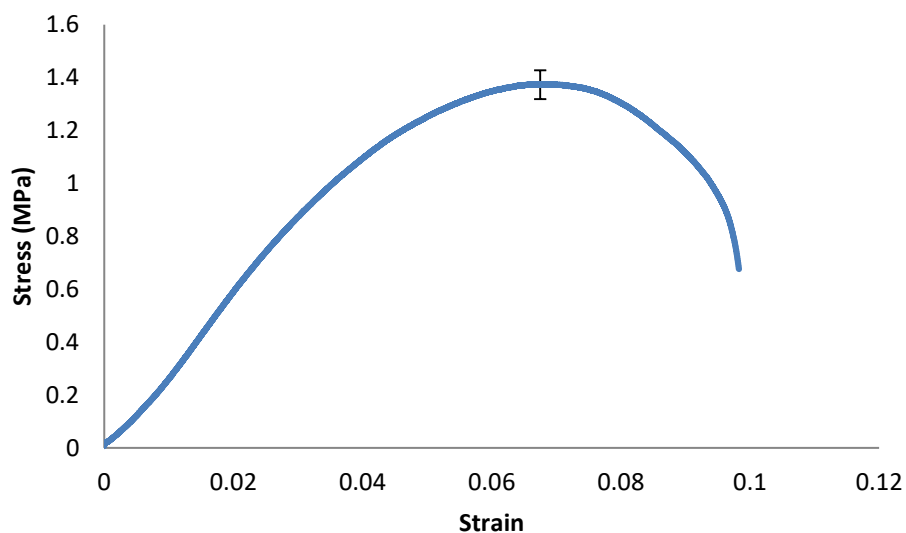


Figure S37; Stress-strain curve (average of five samples) for **pEAA/5/1** (5% wt) after healing under pressure (0.98 MPa, 8 hours)

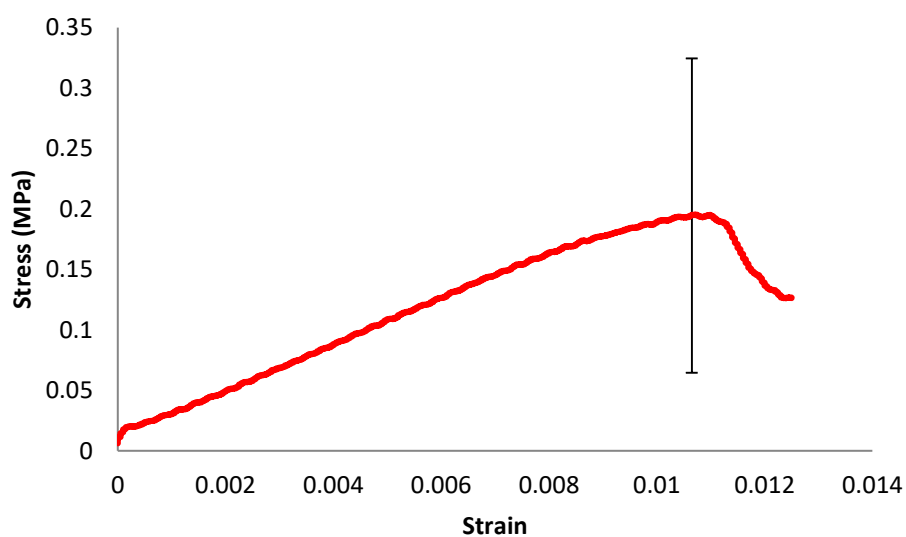


Figure S38; Stress-strain curve (average of five samples) for **pEAA/5/2** (1% wt) after healing under pressure (0.98 MPa, 8 hours)

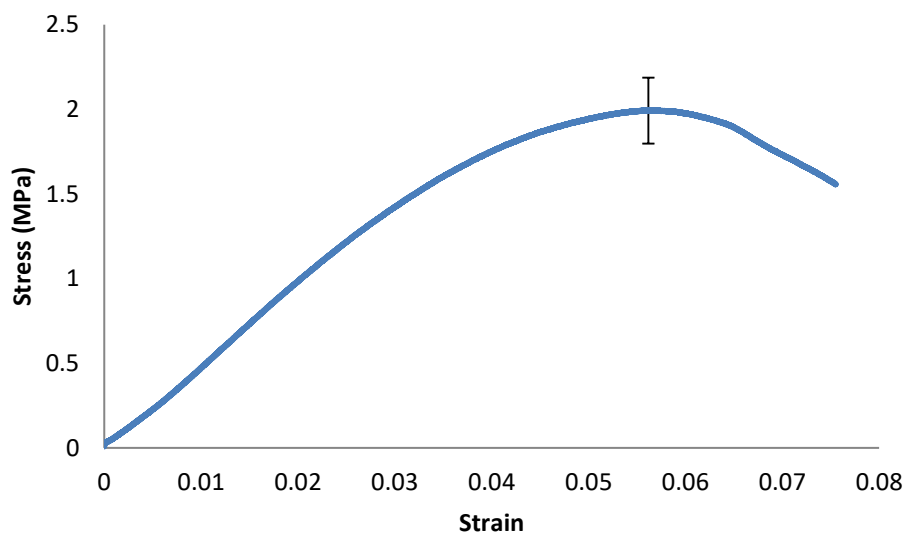


Figure S39; Stress-strain curve (average of five samples) for **pEAA15/3** (5% wt) after healing under pressure (0.98 MPa, 8 hours)

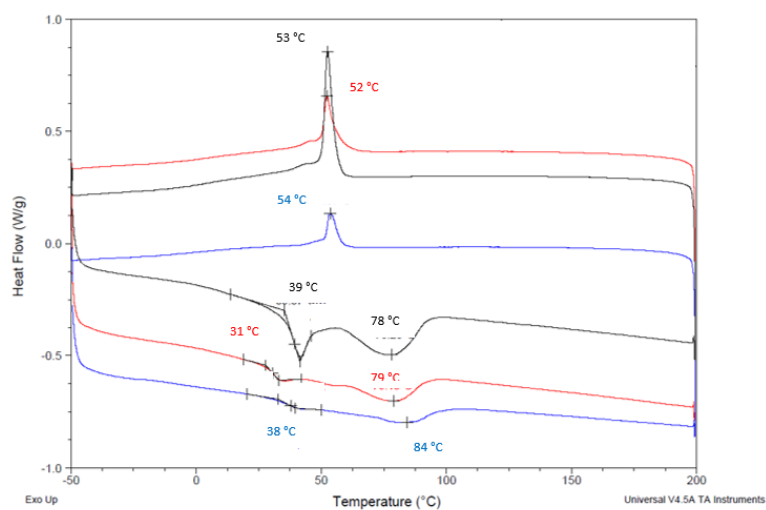


Figure S40; DSC thermograms for **pEAA20** (black) and **pEAA20/1** (blue) and **3** (red) each at 10% wt. The three lower traces are the heating scans and the three upper traces are the cooling scans.

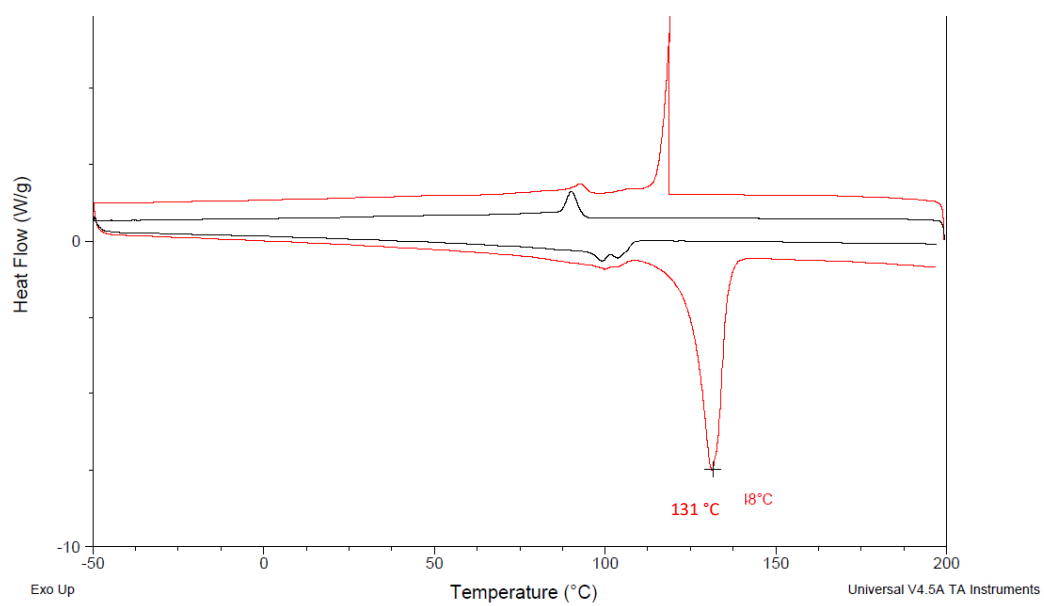


Figure S41; DSC thermograms for **pEAA5** (black) and **pEAA5/1** (red) at 2% wt.

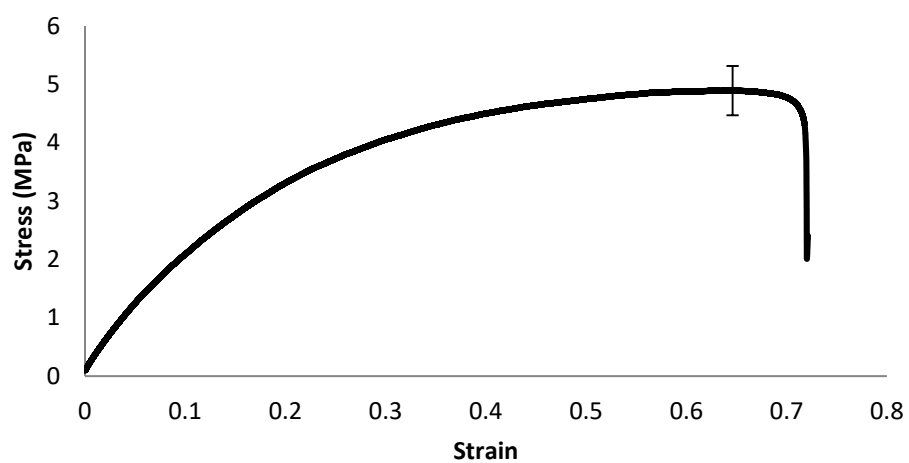


Figure S42; Stress-strain curve (average of five samples) of **pEAA20**.

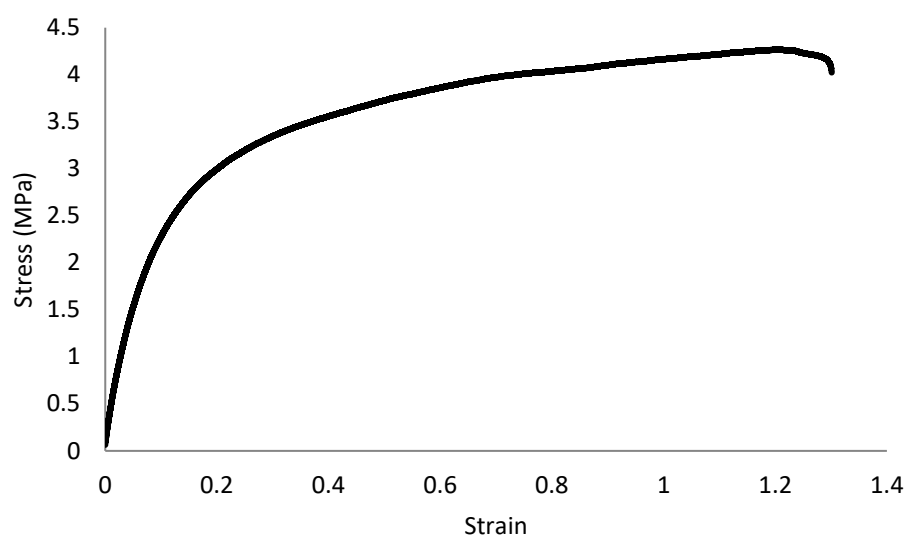


Figure S43; Stress-strain curve of **pEAA20/1** (10% wt).

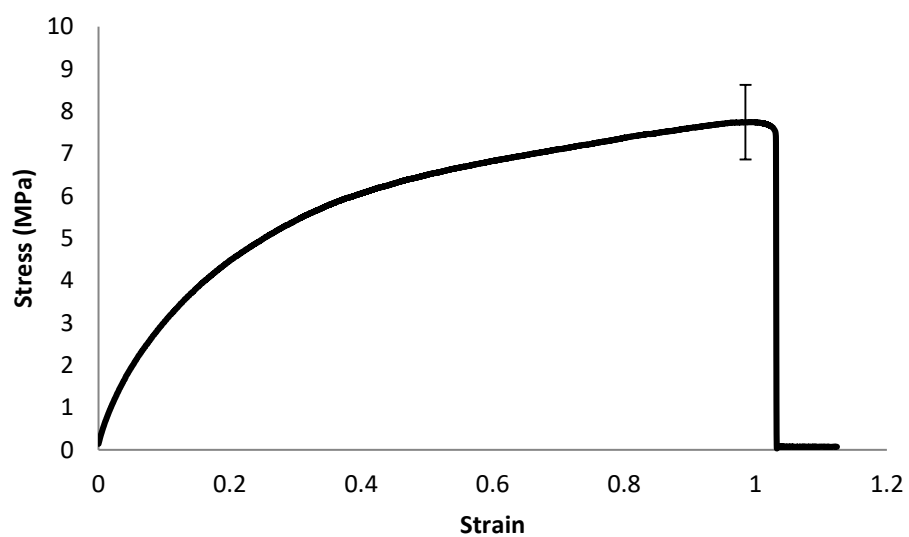


Figure S44; Stress-strain curve (average of five samples) of **pEAA20/3** (10% wt).

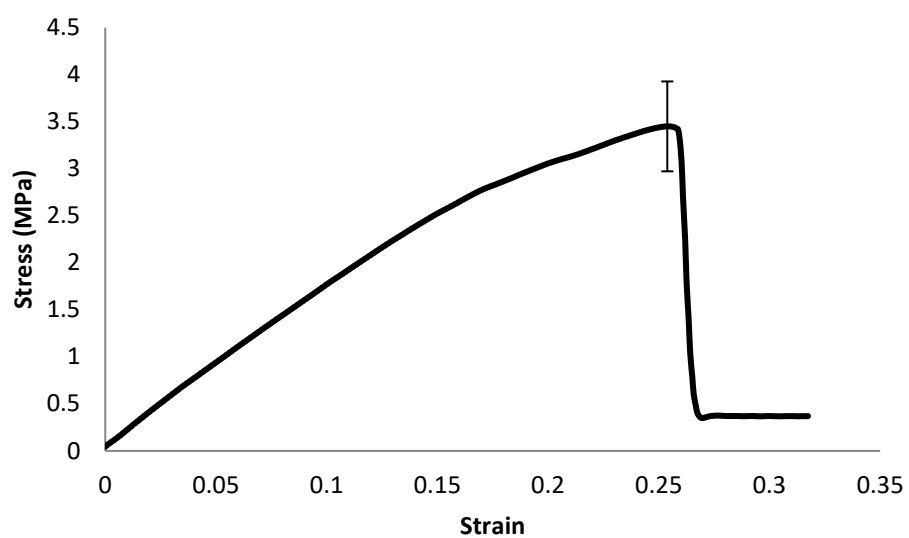


Figure S45; Stress-strain curve (average of five samples) of **pEAA20/3** (10% wt) after healing under pressure (0.98 MPa, 8 hours).