

## Electronic Supplementary Information

# Near-infrared Fluorescence Probes Detect Reactive Oxygen Species for Keloid Diagnosis

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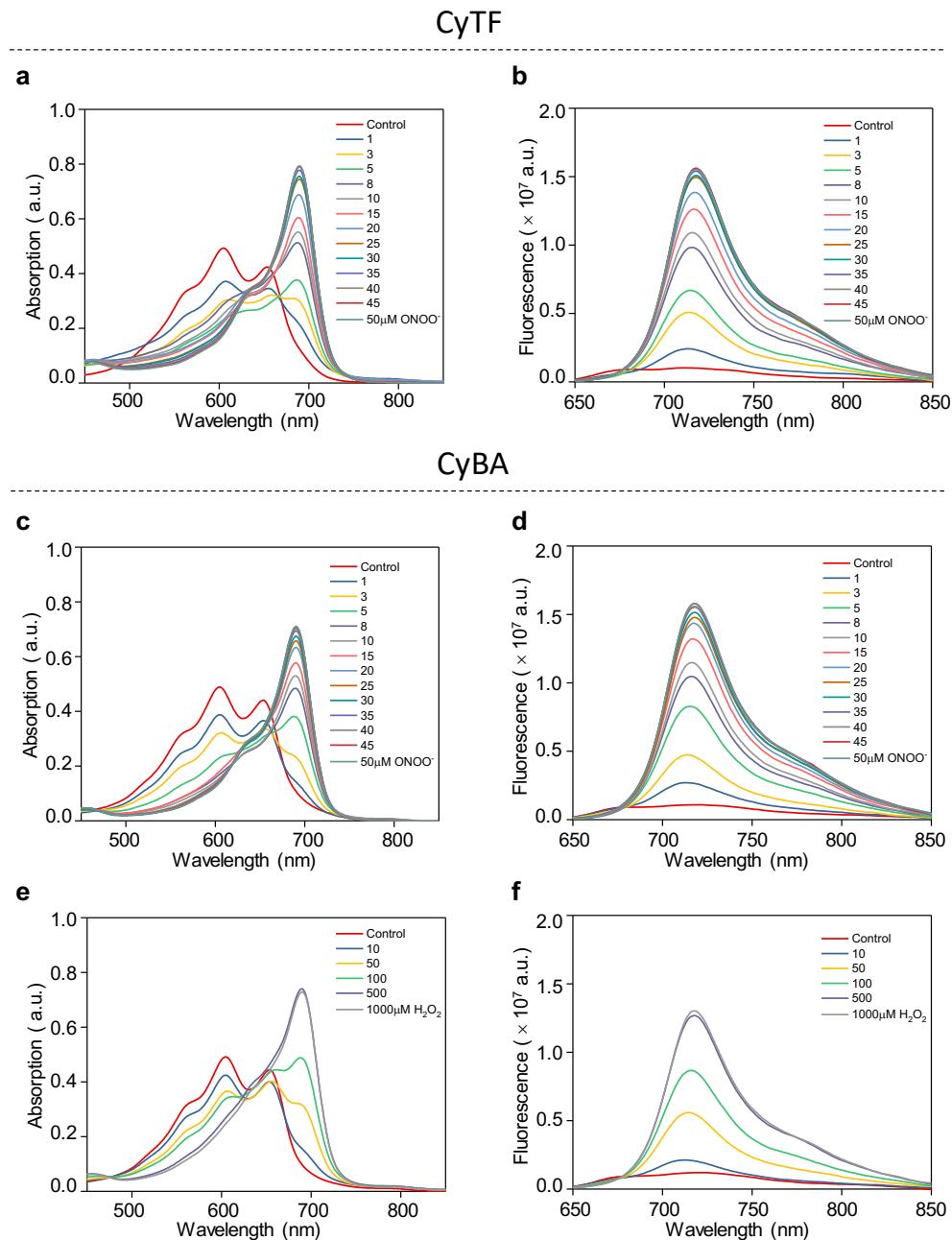
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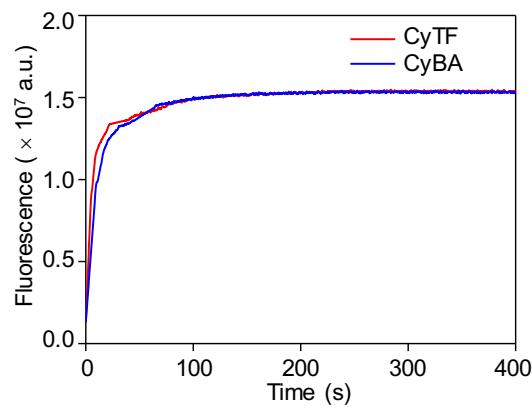
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## 1. UV/Vis absorption and fluorescence spectra in titration experiments



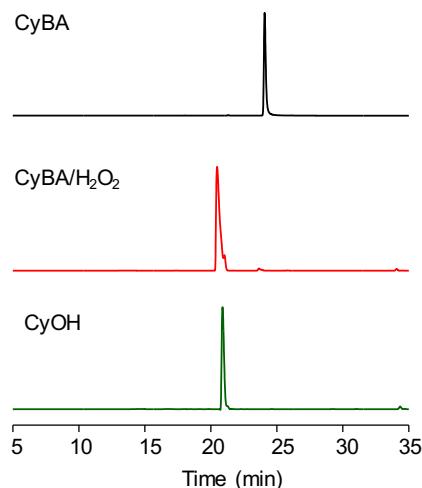
**Fig. S1** (a) UV-Vis absorption spectra and (b) fluorescence of CyTF (20  $\mu$ M) upon titrating different concentrations of  $\text{ONOO}^-$ . (c) UV-Vis absorption and (d) fluorescence of CyBA (20  $\mu$ M) upon titrating different concentrations of  $\text{ONOO}^-$ . (e) UV-Vis absorption and (f) fluorescence of CyBA (20  $\mu$ M) upon titrating different concentrations of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ . Experiments were performed at 25 °C in PBS (1  $\times$ , pH = 7.4) containing 20% DMSO. Excitation: 640 nm.

## 2. Time-dependent fluorescence spectra



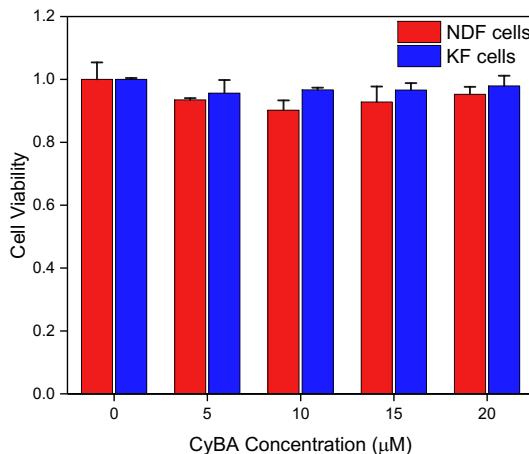
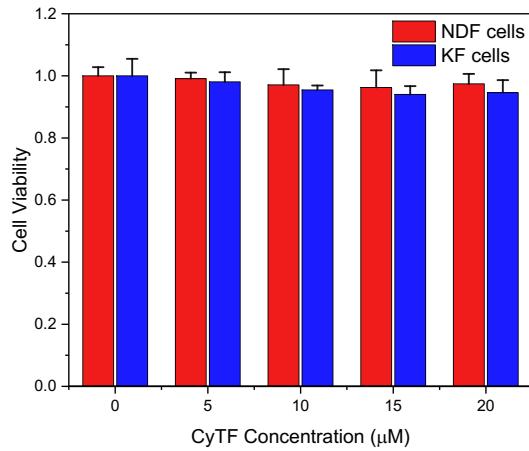
**Fig. S2** Time-dependent fluorescence changes of CyTF (20  $\mu\text{M}$ ) and CyBA (20  $\mu\text{M}$ ) upon addition of 25  $\mu\text{M}$  ONOO<sup>-</sup>.

## 3. HPLC experiments



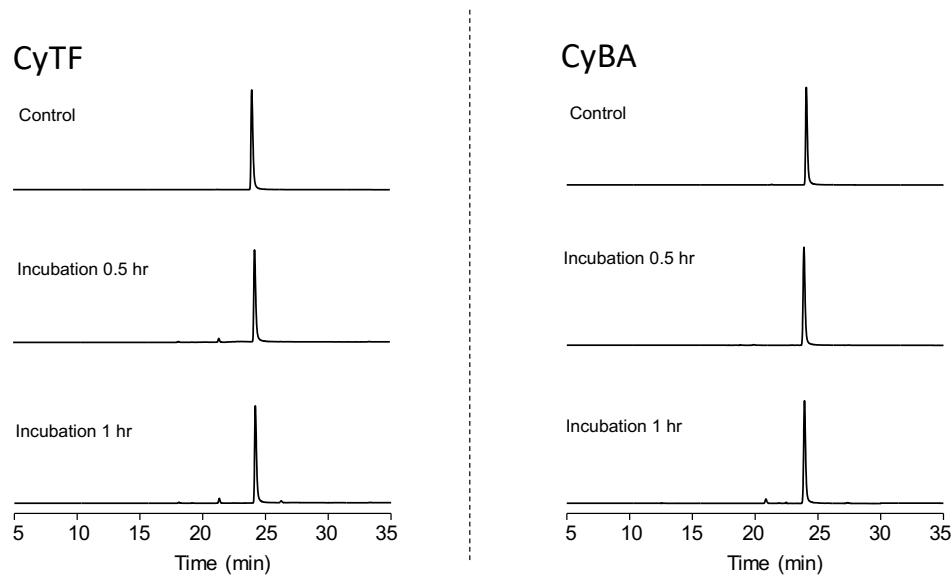
**Fig. S3** High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) traces of the incubation mixture of CyBA in the absence (upper panel) or presence (middle panel) of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (500  $\mu\text{M}$ ), and HPLC traces of CyOH in water (lower panel). Wavelength: 600 nm.

#### 4. Cytotoxicity



**Fig. S4** MTS assay for the relative viability of Normal Dermal Fibroblasts (NDFs) and Keloid-derived fibroblasts (KFs) treated with various concentrations of CyTF and CyBA. Error bars represent the standard deviation of 5 trials.

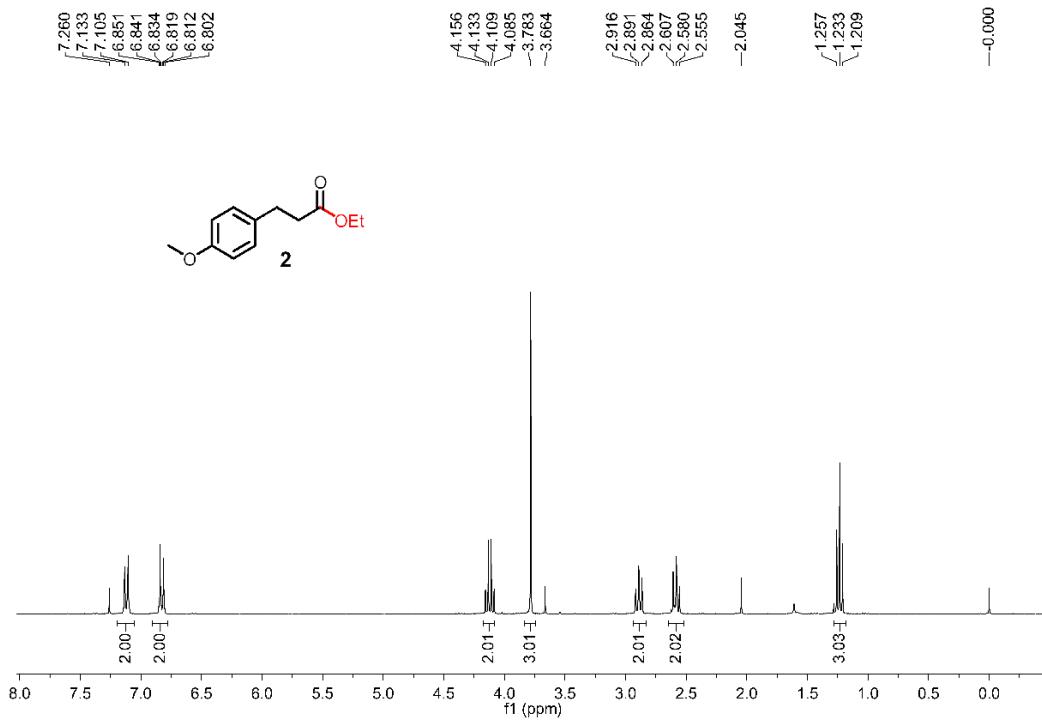
## 5. Stability test



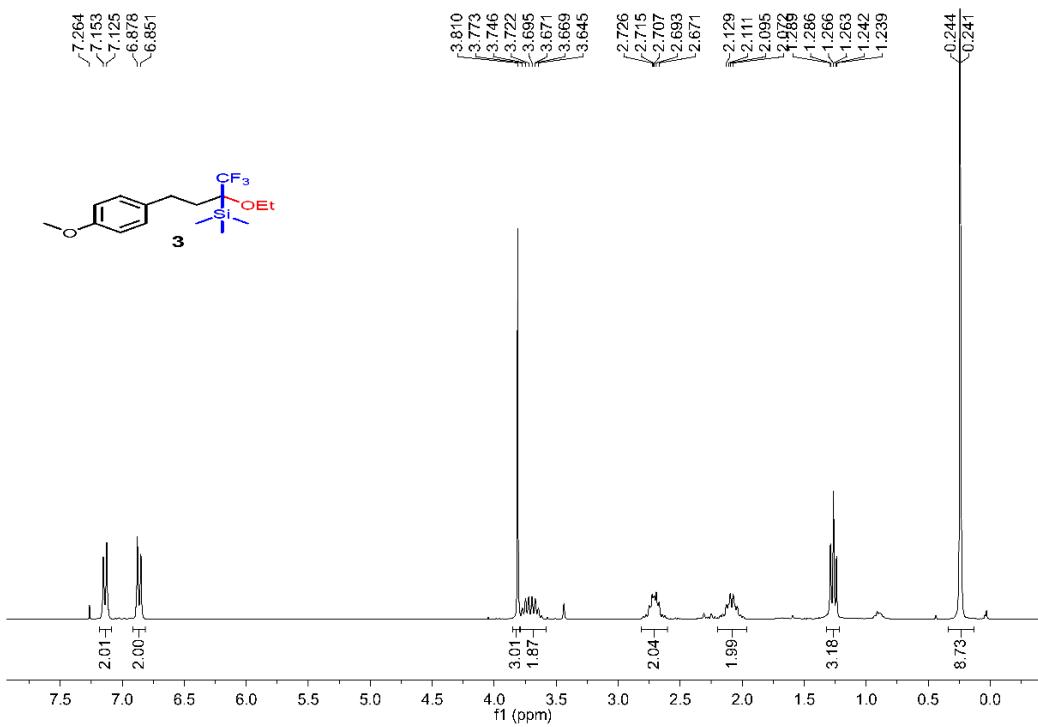
**Fig. S5** HPLC traces of 10  $\mu$ M CyTF and CyBA in DMEM after incubation for 0, 0.5 and 1 h.

## 6. NMR and MS Data

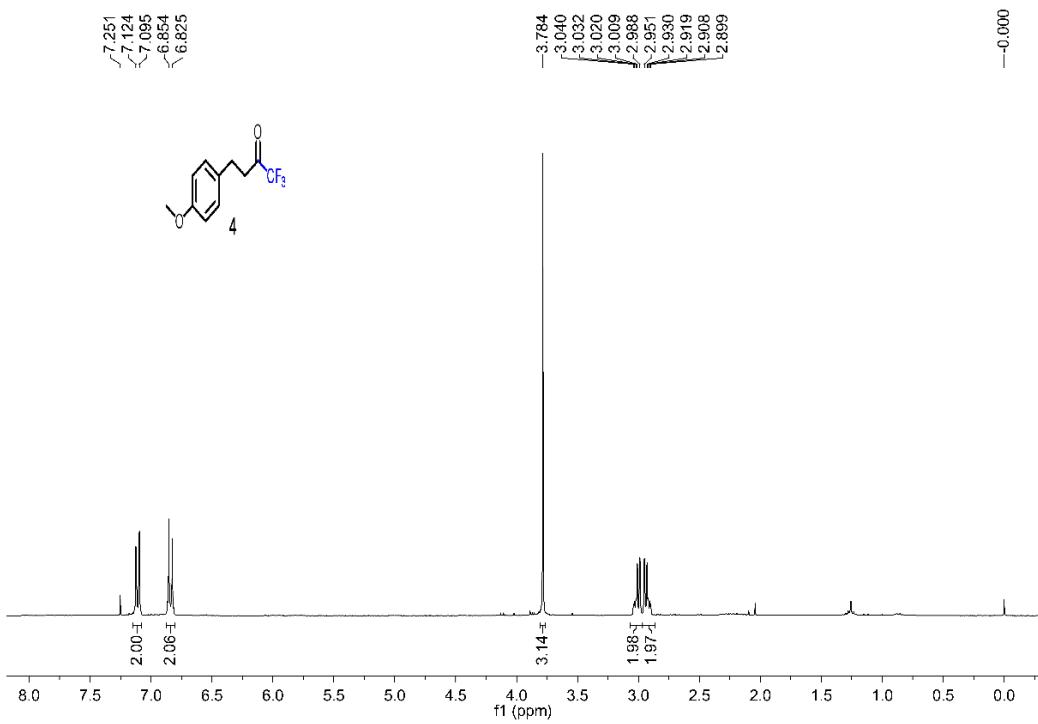
Compound 2:



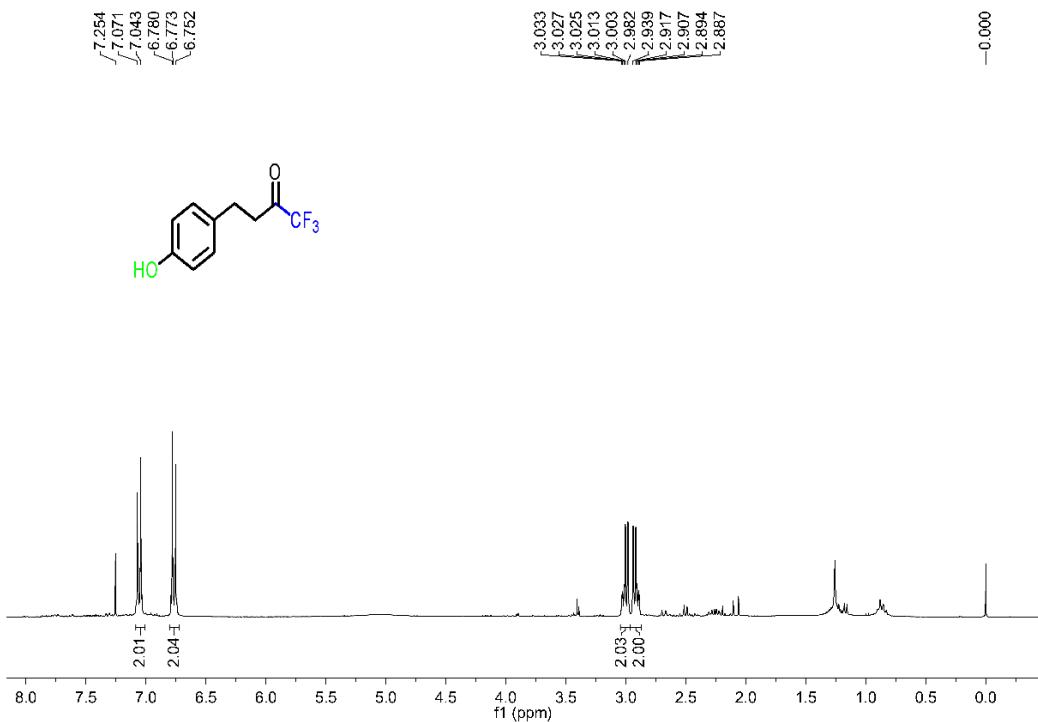
**Compound 3:**



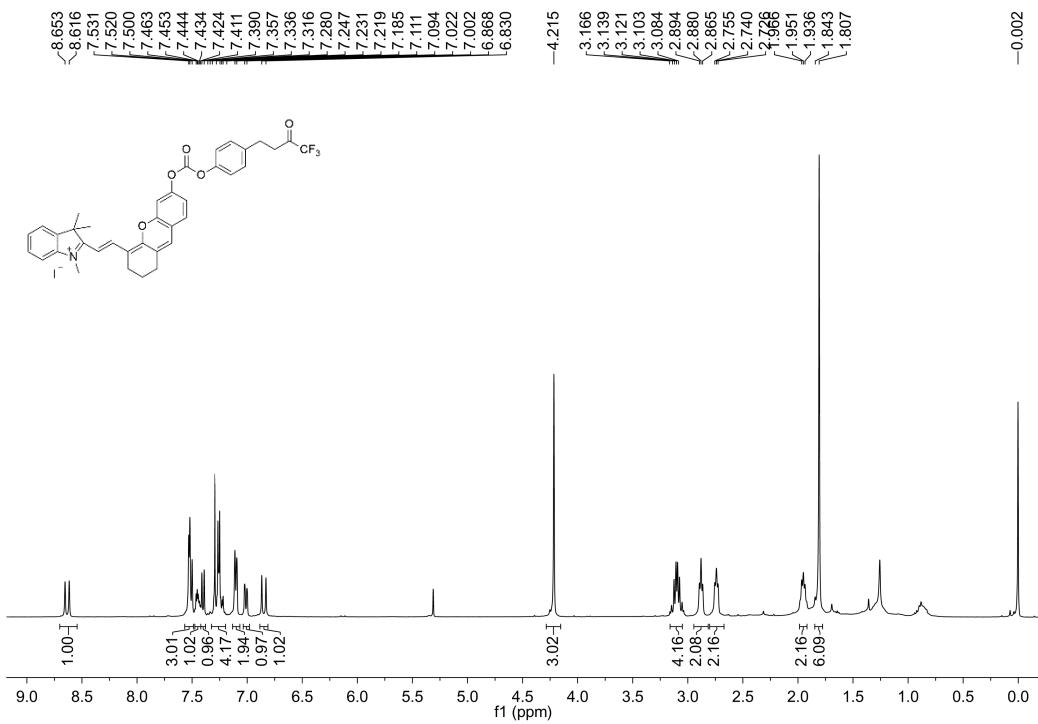
**Compound 4:**

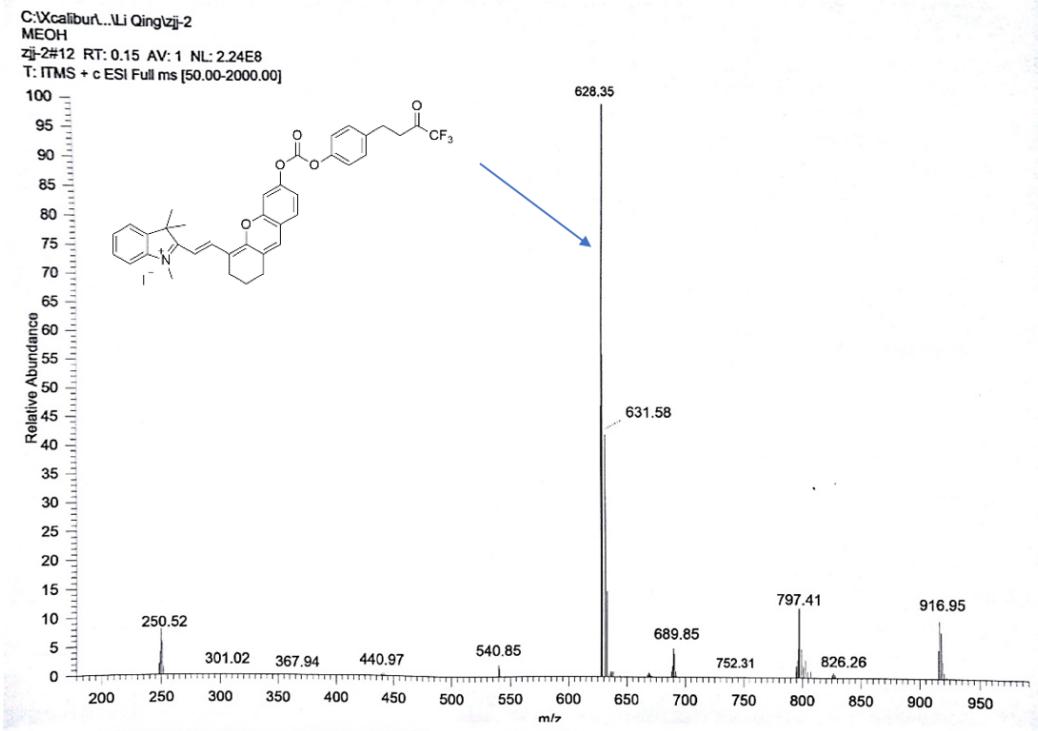


Compound 5:

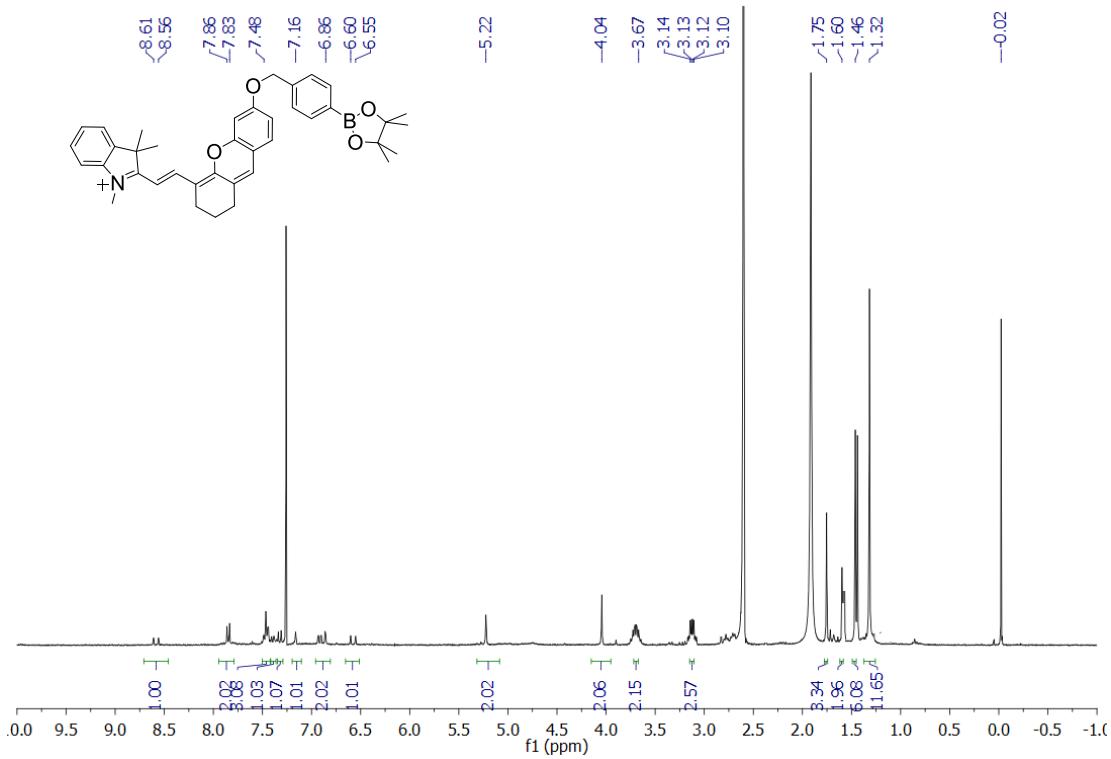


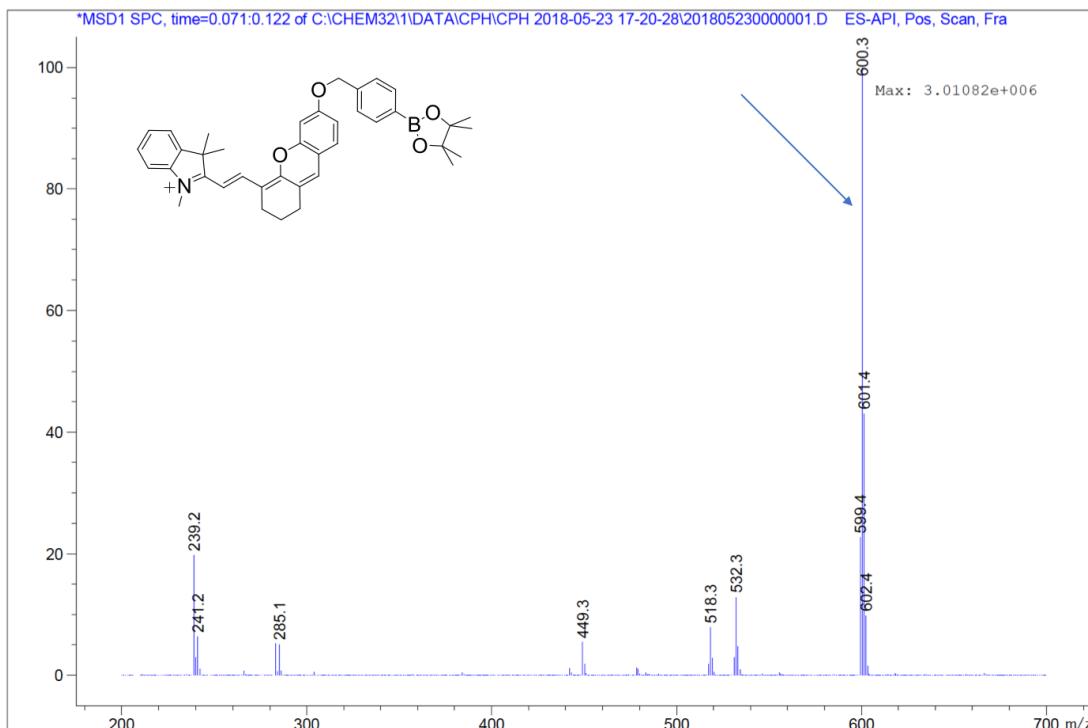
CyTF:





CyBA:





## 7. HPLC condition for ROS cleavage experiment and stability test

Time (minute)	Flow (ml/min.)	H <sub>2</sub> O %	CH <sub>3</sub> CN %
0	1.0	70	30
3	1.0	70	30
35	1.0	30	90
37	1.0	30	90
38	1.0	70	30
40	1.0	70	30