# Supporting Information

# Ring-opening hydroarylation of monosubstituted cyclopropanes enabled by hexafluoroisopropanol

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#### 1. General Information

All Friedel-Crafts reactions were performed in 10 mL Pyrex pressure tubes under an atmosphere of air. Elevated temperatures were achieved by way of a stirrer-hotplate, metal heating block and thermocouple. Purification of reaction products was carried out by flash column chromatography using Merck silica gel (40-63 µm). Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on aluminum sheets pre-coated with silica gel 60 F254 (Merck), cut to size. Visualization was accomplished with UV light followed by staining with basic KMnO<sub>4</sub> solution and heating.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker UltraShield 400 (400 MHz) spectrometer at ambient temperature and are reported in ppm using solvent as internal standard (CDCI<sub>3</sub> at 7.26 ppm). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker UltraShield Plus 400 (100 MHz) spectrometer at ambient temperature and are reported in ppm using solvent as internal standard (CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 77.16 ppm). <sup>19</sup>F-NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker UltraShield 400 (376.5 MHz) spectrometer at ambient temperature and are reported in ppm using trifluoroacetic acid as external standard (at -76.55 ppm) or hexafluorobenzene as an internal standard (at -164.9 ppm). Data are reported as: multiplicity (ap = apparent, br = broad, s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, g = guartet, guint = guintet, sext = sextet, m = multiplet, dd = doublet of doublets, ddd = doublet of doublet of doublets, qd = quartet of doublets, dt = doublet of triplets, dm = doublet of multiplets, td = triplet of doublets, quintd = quintet of doublets), coupling constants (in Hz) and integration. In cases where compounds were isolated as mixtures of regioisomers, signals corresponding to protons of the major regioisomer were integrated as integer values matching the number of protons in the molecule. Non-integer integration values correspond to signals of protons of minor regioisomers or to overlapping signals of regioisomers. Melting points were obtained on a Büchi Melting Point B-450 apparatus. High resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) analysis was performed on instruments GCT 1er Waters (EI and CI) and MicroTOF-Q Bruker (ESI).

#### 2. Materials

All commercial materials were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich, Alfa Aesar and FluoroChem, and were used as received, without further purification. Triflic acid (TfOH) *ReagentPlus*<sup>®</sup>, ≥99% (CAS: 1493-13-6) was purchased from Sigma Aldrich, and HFIP (CAS: 920-66-1) from FluoroChem. The cyclopropane substrates employed in this study are as follows:



#### 3. General Procedures

#### General Procedure A: Arylative Cyclopropane Ring-Opening

A 10 mL Pyrex tube was charged with a stir bar, followed by the requisite cyclopropane (0.25 mmol), nucleophile (0.25-0.75 mmol), HFIP (0.125-0.250 mL) and finally TfOH (2.2  $\mu$ L, 10 mol%). The reaction was then heated at the requisite temperature for the necessary amount of time. At completion, the crude reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* onto silica gel and purified by flash column chromatography over silica in the eluent system stated to give the desired ring-opened product.

#### General procedure B: Suzuki-Miyaura Cross Coupling for cyclopropane synthesis

To a solution of cyclopropylboronic acid (0.286 g, 3.40 mmol, 1.30 equiv), bromoarene (2.6 mmol), tricyclohexyl phosphine (0.072 g, 0.30 mmol, 0.10 equiv) in toluene (10 mL) and water (0.5 mL) was added potassium phosphate (1.64 g, 7.70 mmol, 3.00 equiv) and Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (28.6 mg, 5 mol%) in one portion. The mixture was heated to 100 °C for 3-16 h under Ar. After the reaction was cooled to ambient temperature, water was added and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The desired product was purified by flash column chromatography (10 % of EtOAc in petroleum ether).

# 4. Characterization Data of Ring Opened Hydroarylation Products 1-Phenyl-4-(2,4,6-trimethoxyphenyl)butan-1-one 2a



OMe The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from cyclopropylphenyl ketone (0.035 mL, 0.25 mmol) and 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene (0.084 g, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at 80 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (5% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **2a** as a white solid.

**Yield:** 0.053 g, 67%; **mp:** 84-85 °C; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.93-7.91 (2H, m), 7.52 (1H, dd, J = 8.3, 6.4 Hz), 7.43 (2H, t, J = 7.6 Hz), 6.11 (2H, s), 3.80 (3H, s), 3.71 (6H, s), 2.92 (2H, t, J = 7.4 Hz), 2.69 (2H, t, J = 7.1 Hz), 1.94 (2H, quint. J = 7.2 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  200.8, 159.4, 159.0, 137.5, 132.7, 128.5, 128.1, 110.6, 90.5, 55.6, 55.4, 38.0, 23.9, 21.7; **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+H]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>23</sub>O<sub>4</sub> Found: 315.1569, requires 315.1591.

#### 5-(2,4,6-Trimethoxyphenyl)pentan-2-one 2b



The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from cyclopropylmethyl ketone (0.025 mL, 0.25 mmol) and 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene (0.084 g, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at 80 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (0-10% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **2b** as a pale-yellow liquid.

**Yield:** 0.048 g, 76%; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.11 (2H, s), 3.79 (3H, s), 3.77 (6H, s), 2.57 (2H, t, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 2.38 (2H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 2.10 (3H, s), 1.75 (2H, quint. *J* = 7.4 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  209.9, 159.4, 158.9, 110.5, 90.5, 55.6, 55.4, 43.4, 29.7, 23.7, 21.7; **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+H]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>21</sub>O<sub>4</sub> Found: 253.1408, requires 253.1434.

#### 4-(2,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-1-phenylbutan-1-one 2c and

# 4-(2,6-Dimethoxyphenyl)-1-phenylbutan-1-one 2c'



General Procedure A from cyclopropylphenyl ketone (0.035 mL, 0.25 mmol) and 1,3-dimethoxybenzene (0.065 mL, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at 80 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (0-10% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **2c** and **2c'** as a colourless oil (ca.

2:1 mixture of regioisomers).

**Yield:** 0.068 g, 69%; <sup>1</sup>H **NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.95 (2H, dd, J = 8.3, 1.2 Hz), 7.59-7.53 (1H, m), 7.48-7.44 (2H, m), 7.15 (0.4H, t, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.07 (0.7H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 6.54 (0.8H, d, J = 8.3 Hz), 6.47-6.43 (1.3H, m), 3.83-3.82 (2H, m), 3.76-3.75 (4H, m), 2.98 (2H, q, J = 7.1 Hz), 2.80 (0.75H, t, J = 7.1 Hz), 2.69 (1.25H, t, J = 7.3 Hz), 2.08-1.98 (2H, m); <sup>13</sup>C **NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  200.6, 200.5, 159.2, 158.4, 137.3, 137.2, 132.8, 132.6, 130.2, 128.5, 128.4, 128.0, 126.9, 122.5, 118.2, 103.8, 103.5, 98.5, 55.5, 55.4, 55.2, 37.9, 28.9, 24.6, 23.5, 22.0; **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+H]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>21</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Found: 285.1468, requires 285.1485.

# 4-(2-Fluoro-4,6-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-phenylbutan-1-one 2d and 4-(4-Fluoro-2,6-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-phenylbutan-1-one 2d'



General Procedure A from cyclopropylphenyl ketone (0.034 g, 0.25 mmol) and 1-fluoro-3,5dimethoxybenzene (0.078 mL, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at 100 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (0-30% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **2d** and **2d'** as a colourless oil (ca. 2:1 mixture of regioisomers).

**Yield:** 0.062 g, 82%; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.92 (2H, d, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 7.53 (1H, t, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 7.44 (2H, t, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 6.26 (0.4H, s), 6.23 (0.8H, s), 6.21 (0.8H, s), 3.76 (1.5H, s), 3.70 (1.5H, s), 3.69 (3H, s), 2.93 (2H, app. dt, *J* = 11.6, 7.4 Hz), 2.71-2.69 (2H, m), 1.95 (2H, app. dquint, *J* = 15.5, 7.7 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  200.6 (major), 200.4 (minor), 162.6 (d, *J* = 240.8 Hz – major), 162.2 (d, *J* = 240.6 Hz – minor), 159.3 (d, *J* = 12.5 Hz), 158.9 (d, *J* = 12.5 Hz), 137.4, 137.3, 132.9, 132.8, 128.6, 128.5, 128.1, 113.5 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz – minor), 109.6 (d, *J* = 19.8 Hz), 94.3 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz – major), 92.9 (d, *J* = 28.1 Hz), 91.7 (d, *J* = 25.7 Hz), 55.7, 55.6, 37.9, 24.0, 23.6, 21.8, 21.5, 21.5; <sup>19</sup>**F NMR:** (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -113.4 (minor), -116.2 (major); **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+H]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>18</sub>FO<sub>3</sub> Found: 303.1386, requires 303.1391.

#### 4-(2-Chloro-4,6-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-phenylbutan-1-one 2e and

#### 4-(4-Chloro-2,6-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-phenylbutan-1-one 2e'



General Procedure A from cyclopropylphenyl ketone (0.034 g, 0.25 mmol) and 5-chloro-1,3dimethoxybenzene (0.086 g, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at 100 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (0-30% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **2e** and **2e'** as a colourless oil (ca. 2:1 mixture of regioisomers).

Yield: 0.055 g, 70%

### Major regioisomer 2e

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR**: (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) *δ* 7.96 (2H, d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 7.56 (1H, t, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 7.46 (2H, t, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 6.53 (1H, d, *J* = 2.3 Hz), 6.34 (1H, d, *J* = 2.3 Hz), 3.79 (3H, s), 3.70 (3H, s), 3.00 (2H, t, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 2.85 (2H, t, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 2.00 (2H, quint. *J* = 7.3 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR**: (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) *δ* 200.4, 159.2, 158.8, 137.3, 135.2, 132.9, 128.6, 128.1, 121.0, 105.5, 97.5, 55.7, 55.6, 37.9, 25.7, 23.4; **HRMS**: (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>19</sub><sup>35</sup>ClO<sub>3</sub>Na Found: 341.0926, requires 341.0915.

#### Minor regioisomer 2e'

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR**: (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) *δ* 7.91 (2H, d, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 7.53 (1H, t, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 7.44 (2H, t, *J* – 7.6 Hz), 6.50 (2H, s), 3.70 (6H, s), 2.91 (2H, t, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 2.70 (2H, t, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 1.93 (2H, quint. *J* = 7.2 Hz). <sup>13</sup>**C NMR**: (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) *δ* 200.4, 158.6, 137.3, 132.7, 132.3, 128.4, 128.0, 116.6, 104.4, 55.7, 37.7, 23.3, 21.7; **HRMS**: (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+H]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>20</sub><sup>35</sup>ClO<sub>3</sub> Found: 319.1090, requires 319.1095.

#### 1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-4-(2,4,6-trimethoxyphenyl)butan-1-one 2f



<sup>OMe</sup> The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from cyclopropyl 4-methoxyphenylmethanone (0.044 g, 0.25 mmol) and 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene (0.084 g, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at 80 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (0-15% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **2f** as a colourless oil.

**Yield:** 0.046 g, 61%; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.90 (2H, d, J = 8.9 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, J = 8.9 Hz), 6.11 (2H, s), 3.86 (3H, s), 3.80 (3H, s), 3.71 (6H, s), 2.87 (2H, t, J = 7.4 Hz), 2.67 (2H, t, J = 7.2 Hz), 1.91 (2H, quint. J = 7.3 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  199.5, 163.2, 159.4, 159.0, 130.6, 130.4, 113.6, 110.8, 90.5, 55.6, 55.5, 55.4, 37.8, 24.2, 21.8; **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>5</sub>Na Found: 367.1524, requires 367.1516.

1-(4-Fluorophenyl)-4-(2,4,6-trimethoxyphenyl)butan-1-one 2g



The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A

from cyclopropyl 4-fluorophenylketone (0.036 mL, 0.25 mmol) and 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene (0.084 g, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at 80 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (0-15% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **2g** as a colourless oil.

**Yield:** 0.080 g, 98%; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.96-7.91 (2H, m), 7.12-7.07 (2H, m), 6.10 (2H, s), 3.80 (3H, s), 3.71 (6H, s), 2.88 (2H, t, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 2.67 (2H, t, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 1.92 (2H, quint. *J* = 7.2 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  199.2, 165.6 (d, *J* = 253.7 Hz), 159.5, 159.0, 133.9 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz), 130.7 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz), 115.6 (d, *J* = 21.9 Hz), 110.6, 90.5, 55.6, 55.5, 37.9, 23.9, 21.7; <sup>19</sup>**F NMR:** (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -106.3; **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+H]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>4</sub>F Found: 333.1485, requires 333.1497.

#### 1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-(2,4,6-trimethoxyphenyl)butan-1-one 2h



<sup>CI</sup> The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from cyclopropyl 4-chlorophenylketone (0.045 g, 0.25 mmol) and 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene (0.084 g, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at 80 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (0-15% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **2h** as a white solid.

**Yield:** 0.079 g, 91%; **mp:** 88-89 °C; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.85 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.40 (2H, d, J = 8.4 Hz), 6.10 (2H, s), 3.80 (3H, s), 3.70 (6H, s), 2.88 (2H, t, J = 7.3 Hz), 2.67 (2H, t, J = 7.0 Hz), 1.92 (2H, quint., J = 7.2 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  199.5, 159.5, 159.0, 139.0, 135.8, 129.6, 128.8, 110.5, 90.5, 55.6, 55.4, 37.9, 23.8, 21.6; **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+H]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>4</sub><sup>35</sup>Cl Found: 349.1191, requires 349.1201.

#### 1-(4-Bromophenyl)-4-(2,4,6-trimethoxyphenyl)butan-1-one 2i



<sup>Br</sup> The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from cyclopropyl 4-bromophenylketone (0.050 g, 0.25 mmol) and 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene (0.084 g, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at 80 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (0-15% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **2i** as a white solid.

**Yield:** 0.068 g, 69%; **mp:** 96-97 °C; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.77 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.57 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 6.10 (2H, s), 3.80 (3H, s), 3.70 (6H, s), 2.87 (2H, t, J = 7.3 Hz), 2.67 (2H, t, J = 7.1 Hz), 1.91 (2H, quint. J = 7.2 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  199.7, 159.5, 159.0, 136.2, 131.8, 129.7, 127.8, 110.5, 90.5, 55.6, 55.4, 37.9, 23.8, 21.6; **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+H]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>4</sub><sup>79</sup>Br Found: 393.0676, requires 393.0696.

#### 4-(2-Chloro-4,6-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)butan-1-one 2j and

4-(4-Chloro-2,6-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)butan-1-one 2j'



The title compounds were prepared according to General Procedure A from cyclopropyl 4-chlorophenyl ketone (0.045 g, 0.25 mmol) and 5-chloro-1,3-dimethoxybenzene (0.086 g, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at 100 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (0-30% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **2j** and **2j**' as a colourless oil (ca. 2:1 mixture of regioisomers).

Yield: 0.066 g, 74%

#### Major regioisomer 2j

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR**: (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) *δ* 7.86 (2H, d, *J* = 8.6 Hz), 7.41 (2H, d, *J* = 8.6 Hz), 6.50 (1H, d, *J* = 2.4 Hz), 6.32 (1H, d, *J* = 2.4 Hz), 3.77 (3H, s), 3.68 (3H, s), 2.93 (2H, t, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 2.81 (2H, t, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 1.97 (2H, quint. *J* = 7.3 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR**: (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) *δ* 199.1, 159.2, 158.9, 139.3, 135.6, 135.2, 129.6, 128.9, 120.8, 105.6, 97.5, 55.7, 55.6, 37.9, 25.7, 23.3; **HRMS**: (ESI<sup>+</sup>)  $[M+K]^+$  C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>18</sub><sup>35</sup>Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>K Found: 391.0273, requires 391.0265.

## Minor regioisomer 2j'

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR**: (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) *δ* 7.87 (2H, d, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 7.43 (2H, d, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 6.53 (2H, s), 3.72 (6H, s), 2.90 (2H, t, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 2.71 (2H, t, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 1.94 (2H, quint. *J* = 7.2 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR**: (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) *δ* 199.1, 158.6, 139.1, 132.4, 129.4, 128.7, 116.5, 106.9, 104.4, 55.7, 37.7, 23.2, 21.7; **HRMS**: (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+H]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>19</sub><sup>35</sup>Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Found: 353.0702, requires 353.0706.

#### Dimethyl 2-(2,4,6-trimethoxyphenethyl)malonate 2k



OMe CO<sub>2</sub>Me The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from dimethyl cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylate (0.034 g, 0.25 mmol) and 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene (0.084 g, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at 100 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (10-30% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **2k** as a colourless liquid.

**Yield:** 0.079 g, 98%; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.09 (2H, s), 3.78 (3H, s), 3.75 (6H, s), 3.70 (6H, s), 3.31 (1H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 2.63 (2H, t, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 2.08 (2H, q, *J* = 7.2 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  170.2, 159.7, 159.0, 109.3, 20.4, 55.6, 55.4, 52.4, 51.2, 28.5, 20.1; **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+H]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>23</sub>O<sub>7</sub> Found: 327.1413, requires 327.1438.

#### Diethyl 2-(2,4,6-trimethoxyphenethyl)malonate 2I



OMe CO<sub>2</sub>Et The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from diethyl cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylate (0.044 mL, 0.25 mmol) and 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene (0.084 g, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at 100 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (25% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **2I** as a colourless liquid.

**Yield:** 0.063 g, 71%; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) *δ* 6.10 (2H, s), 4.16 (4H, app. qq, *J* = 10.5, 7.1 Hz), 3.79 (3H, s), 3.76 (6H, s), 3.28 (1H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 2.64 (2H, t, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 2.06 (2H, q, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 1.25 (6H, t, *J* = 7.1 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) *δ* 169.8, 159.6, 159.0, 109.6, 90.4, 61.2, 55.6, 55.4, 51.7, 28.4, 20.2, 14.2; **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>7</sub>Na Found: 377.1552, requires 377.1571.

# Dimethyl 2-(2,4-dimethoxyphenethyl)malonate 2m and

Dimethyl 2-(2,6-dimethoxyphenethyl)malonate 2m'



The title compounds were prepared according

to General Procedure A from dimethyl cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylate (0.034 g, 0.25 mmol) and 1,3dimethoxybenzene (0.065 mL, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125mL) and stirred at 100 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (0-30% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **2m** and **2m**' as a colourless oil (ca. 2:1 mixture of regioisomers).

**Yield:** 0.057 g, 77%; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.15 (0.4H, dd, J = 9.9, 6.8 Hz), 7.02 (0.6H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 6.55-6.42 (2H, m), 3.81-3.79 (7H, m), 3.75-3.73 (5H, m), 3.38 (1H, app. q, J = 7.9 Hz), 2.75 (0.8H, t, J = 7.1 Hz), 2.61 (1.2H, t, J = 7.4 Hz), 2.25-2.12 (2H, m); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  170.1, 170.0, 161.0, 159.4, 158.4, 157.0, 130.4, 130.1, 127.2, 121.2, 116.8, 107.8, 106.2, 103.8, 103.5, 101.5, 98.5, 55.5, 55.4, 55.2, 52.4, 52.3, 51.2, 51.1, 29.1, 28.1, 27.2, 20.4; **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>6</sub>Na Found: 319.1138, requires 319.1152.

#### Dimethyl 2-(2-chloro-4,6-dimethoxyphenethyl)malonate 2n and

#### Dimethyl 2-(4-chloro-2,6-dimethoxyphenethyl)malonate 2n'



General Procedure A from dimethyl cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylate (0.034 g, 0.25 mmol) and 5-chloro-1,3-dimethoxybenzene (0.086 g, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125mL) and stirred at 100 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (0-30% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **2n** and **2n**' as a colourless oil (ca. 2:1 mixture of regioisomers).

Yield: 0.046 g, 56%

# Major regioisomer 2n

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) *δ* 6.52 (1H, d, *J* = 2.4 Hz), 6.35 (1H, d, *J* = 2.4 Hz), 3.79 (3H, s), 3.78 (3H, s), 3.75 (6H, s), 3.38 (1H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 2.79 (2H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 2.14 (2H, q, *J* = 7.5 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) *δ* 169.8, 159.0, 158.9, 135.1, 119.7, 105.5, 97.3, 55.6, 55.5, 52.4, 51.2, 27.8, 24.0; **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+H]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub><sup>35</sup>ClO<sub>6</sub> Found: 331.0958, requires 331.0943.

#### Minor regioisomer 2n'

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR**: (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) *δ* 6.53 (2H, s), 3.79 (6H, s), 3.73 (6H, s), 3.32 (1H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 2.69 (2H, t, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 2.11 (2H, q, *J* = 7.3 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR**: (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) *δ* 170.0, 158.6, 132.7, 115.3, 104.4, 55.7, 55.4, 51.1, 27.9, 20.2.

#### Methyl 4-(2,4,6-trimethoxyphenyl)butanoate 2o



**OMe** The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from methyl cyclopropanecarboxylate (0.025 g, 0.025 mmol) and 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene (0.084 g, 0.50 mmol) in 1,2-DCE (0.125 mL) and stirred at 100 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (10% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **20** as a colourless oil.

**Yield:** 0.010 g, 15%; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.11 (2H, s), 3.80 (3H, s), 3.77 (6H, s), 3.64 (3H, s), 2.61 (2H, t, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 2.28 (2H, t, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 1.80 (2H, quint. *J* = 7.5 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  174.7, 159.5, 159.0, 110.4, 90.5, 55.7, 55.4, 51.4, 33.8, 24.7, 21.8; **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+H]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>21</sub>O<sub>5</sub> Found: 269.1388, requires 269.1384.

### Dimethyl 2-(2,5-dimethoxyphenethyl)malonate 2r



The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from dimethyl cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylate (0.034 g, 0.25 mmol) and 1,4-dimethoxybenzene (0.069 g, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at 100 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (0-20% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **2r** as a colourless oil.

**Yield:** 0.014 g, 19%; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 6.75 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.72-6.69 (2H, m), 3.76 (3H, s), 3.76 (3H, s), 3.73 (6H, s), 3.38 (1H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 2.63 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 2.19 (2H, q, J = 7.5 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 170.0, 153.5, 151.9, 130.1, 116.5, 111.7, 111.3, 55.9, 55.8, 52.6, 51.2, 29.0, 28.1; **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>6</sub>Na Found: 319.1119, requires 319.1152.

### 1,2,4-Trimethoxy-5-(1-phenylpropyl)benzene 3a



OMe Ph The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from cyclopropylbenzene (0.031 mL, 0.25 mmol) and 1,2,4-trimethoxybenzene (0.075 mL, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.0125 mL) and stirred at 80 °C. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (1% EtOAc petroleum ether) allowed for partial separation of **3a** from excess nucleophile to provide an analytical sample of **3a** in 90% purity.

Yield (NMR relative to  $CH_2Br_2$ ): 79 %; <sup>1</sup>H NMR: (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.28-7.27 (4H, m), 7.16 (1H, app. dd, J = 8.3, 4.3 Hz), 6.80 (1H, s), 6.52 (1H, s), 4.25 (1H, t, J = 7.8 Hz), 3.88 (3H, s), 3.83 (3H, s), 3.76 (3H, s), 2.08-1.96 (2H, m), 0.92 (3H, t, J = 7.4 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR: (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  151.5, 147.7, 145.4, 143.1, 128.1, 128.0, 125.7, 125.4, 112.2, 98.2, 56.8, 56.7, 56.1, 44.7, 28.0, 12.7; HRMS: (APCl<sup>+</sup>) [M]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Found: 286.1577, requires 286.1563.

#### 2,6-Dimethyl-4-(1-phenylpropyl)phenol 3b



<sup>Ph</sup> The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from cyclopropylbenzene (0.031 mL, 0.25 mmol) and 2,6-dimethylphenol (0.061g, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at room temperature. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (2% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **3b** as a yellow oil.

**Yield:** 0.041 g, 68 %; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.35-7.19 (5H, m), 6.90 (2H, s), 4.51 (1H, s), 3.72 (1H, t, J = 7.7 Hz), 2.26 (6H, s), 2.08 (2H, quint, J = 7.3 Hz), 0.95 (3H, t, J = 7.3 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 150.4, 145.9, 136.9, 128.4, 128.3, 127.9, 125.9, 122.8, 52.6, 28.8, 16.1, 13.0; **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>\*</sup>) [M-H]<sup>\*</sup> C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>19</sub>O Found: 239.1440, requires: 239.1441.

#### 1,2-Dimethoxy-4-(1-phenylpropyl)benzene 3c



<sup>Ph</sup> The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from cyclopropylbenzene (0.132 mL, 1.00 mmol) and 1,2-dimethoxybenzene (0.252 mL, 0.500 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at room temperature. Purification by filtration through Celite ( $CH_2Cl_2$ ) followed by bulb-to-bulb distillation under vacuum (3 mm Hg, 60.4 °C), gave **3c** as a yellow oil.

**Yield:** 0.045 g, 70 %; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR**: (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.32-7.15 (5H, m), 6.82 (2H, s), 6.76 (1H, s), 3.87 (3H, s), 3.86 (3H, s), 3.76 (1H, t, *J* = 7.9 Hz), 2.07 (2H, quint, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 0.92 (3H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR**: (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  148.8, 147.3, 145.4, 137.9, 128.4, 128.0, 127.8, 126.1, 119.8, 111.5, 111.2, 55.9, 52.9, 28.8, 12.9; **HRMS**: (APCl<sup>+</sup>) [M]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>2</sub> Found: 256.1455, requires 256.1456.

#### 1-Fluoro-3,5-dimethoxy-2-(1-phenylpropyl)benzene 3d

MeO ŌМе Ρĥ

OMe Ph The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from cyclopropylbenzene (0.031 mL, 0.25 mmol) and 1-fluoro-3,5-dimethoxybenzene (0.067 mL, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at room temperature. Attempted purification could not separate the product regioisomers from excess nucleophile (ca. 2:1 mix of regioisomers).

**Yield (NMR relative to CH<sub>2</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>):** 83 %; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.38-7.36 (0.7H, m), 7.30-7.23 (2.3H, m), 7.20-7.11 (2.0H, m), 6.30-6.29 (2H, m), 3.81 (4H, s), 3.79-3.78 (2H, m), 2.23-2.01 (2H, m), 0.94-0.86 (3H, m).

#### 1-Methoxy-4-(1-phenylpropyl)benzene 3e

MeO

<sup>bh</sup> The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from cyclopropylbenzene (0.031 mL, 0.25 mmol) and anisole (0.054 mL, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at room temperature. Attempted purification by flash column chromatography over silica (100 % petroleum ether) gave **3e** as a colourless liquid (ca. 3:1 mix of regioisomers), however not all anisole could be removed from the product.

Yield (NMR relative to CH<sub>2</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>): 93 %; <sup>1</sup>H NMR: (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.36-7.12 (7H, m), 7.01-6.93 (0.62H, m), 6.87-6.83 (1.35H, m), 3.85 (1.5H, s), 3.80 (2.5H, s), 3.79-3.73 (1H, m), 2.11-2.02 (2H, m), 0.92 (3H, t, J = 7.3 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR: (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 157.8, 145.6, 137.4, 128.8, 128.3, 127.8, 125.9, 113.7, 55.1, 52.4, 28.8, 12.8; HRMS: (APCl<sup>+</sup>) [M]<sup>+</sup>C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O Found: 226.1356, requires 226.1352.

4-(1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)propyl)-2,6-dimethylphenol 3f



<sup>OMe</sup> The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from cyclopropane S3 (0.037 mg, 0.25 mmol) and 2,6-dimethylphenol (0.061 g, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at room temperature. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (2% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **3f** as a yellow oil.

**Yield:** 0.034 g, 50 %; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.15 (2H, d, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 6.84 (2H, d, *J* = 4.7 Hz), 6.83 (2H, d, *J* = 4.2 Hz), 4.461 (1H, s) 3.79 (3H, s) 3.62 (1H, t, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 2.22 (6H, s), 2.0 (2H, quint, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 0.89 (3H, t, *J* = 7.3 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  157.7, 150.3, 138.0, 137.3, 128.7, 127.9, 122.7, 113.7, 55.2, 51.7, 29.0, 16.1, 12.9; **HRMS:** (APCl<sup>+</sup>) [M+H]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>23</sub>O<sub>2</sub> Found: 271.1642, requires 271.1614.

#### 1,2-Dimethoxy-4-(1-(4-methoxyphenyl)propyl)benzene 3g



<sup>OMe</sup> The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from cyclopropane S3 (0.037 g, 0.25 mmol) and 1,2-dimethoxybenzene (0.063 mL, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at room temperature. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (1-7% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **3g** as a colourless liquid.

**Yield:** 0.035 g, 49 %; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.16 (2H, d, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 6.85 (2H, d, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 6.80 (2H, d, *J* = 2.7 Hz), 6.74 (1H, s), 3.86 (6H, d, *J* = 3.8 Hz), 3.80 (2H, s), 3.71 (1H, t, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 2.03 (2H, quint, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 1.28 (1H, s), 0.91 (3H, t, *J* = 7.4 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  157.8, 148.8, 147.2, 138.3, 137.6, 128.7, 119.6, 113.7, 111.3, 111.1, 55.9, 55.8, 55.2, 52.0, 29.0, 12.9; **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Na Found: 309.1464, requires 309.1461.

#### 2,4-Dimethoxy-1-(1-(4-nitrophenyl)propyl)benzene 3h and

1,3-dimethoxy-2-(1-(4-nitrophenyl)-propyl)benzene 3h'



Procedure A from cyclopropane S2 (0.041 g, 0.25 mmol) and 1,3-dimethoxybenzene (0.065 mL, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at room temperature. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (100 % petroleum ether) gave **3h** and **3h**' as a colourless oil (a ca. 3:1 mix of regioisomers). **Yield:** 0.024 g, 32 %.

# Major Regioisomer 3h

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR**: (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.09 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz), 7.36 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz), 7.13 (1H, d, J = 8.4 Hz), 6.48 (1H, dd, J = 8.4, 2.4 Hz), 6.41 (1H, d, J = 2.4 Hz), 4.23 (1H, t, J = 7.8 Hz), 3.79 (3H, s), 3.72 (3H, s), 2.09-1.96 (2H, m), 0.90 (3H, t, J = 7.3 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR**: (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 159.6, 158.1, 153.9, 146.1, 128.9, 127.8, 124.3, 123.5, 104.2, 98.8, 55.5, 55.4, 45.1, 27.6, 12.7; **HRMS**: (APCl<sup>+</sup>) [M]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO<sub>4</sub> Found: 301.1304, requires 301.1309.

#### Minor Regioisomer 3h'

<sup>1</sup>H NMR: (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.06 (2H, d, J = 8.9 Hz), 7.50 (2H, dd, J = 8.9, 0.6 Hz), 7.16 (1H, t, J = 8.3 Hz), 6.53 (2H, d, J = 8.3 Hz), 4.67 (1H, t, J = 7.9 Hz), 3.73 (6H, s), 2.26-2.17 (2H, m), 0.87 (3H, t, J = 7.4 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR: (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 158.5, 153.8, 145.6, 128.7, 128.0, 122.8, 119.8, 104.4, 55.6, 41.4, 24.1, 12.7.

### 2,6-Dimethyl-4-(1-(4-nitrophenyl)propyl)phenol 3i



 $^{\dot{N}O_2}$  The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from cyclopropane S2 (0.041 g, 0.25 mmol) and 2,6-dimethylphenol (0.061 g, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at room temperature. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (100 % petroleum ether) gave **3i** and **3i'** as a yellow oil (a ca. 3:1 mix of regioisomers).

**Yield:** 0.043 g, 60 %; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (*only data for the major regioisomer are reported*) δ 8.13 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz), 7.37 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz), 6.80 (2H, s), 4.51 (1H, s), 3.76 (1H, t, J = 7.8 Hz), 2.21 (6H, s), 2.08-2.01 (2H, m), 0.90 (3H, t, J = 7.4 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (*only data for the major regioisomer are reported*) δ 153.7, 150.9, 134.9, 128.9, 128.6, 127.9, 123.7, 123.2, 52.4, 28.4, 16.0, 12.7; **HRMS:** (APCI<sup>+</sup>) [M]<sup>+</sup>C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> Found: 285.1353, requires 285.1359.

#### 2,6-Dimethyl-4-(1-(3-bromophenyl)propyl)phenol 3j



<sup>Br</sup> The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from cyclopropane (0.147 g, 0.750 mmol) and 2,6-dimethylphenol (0.091 g, 0.75 mmol) in HFIP (0.250 mL) and stirred at room temperature. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (10% EtOAc in petroleum ether) gave **3j** as a yellow oil.

**Yield:** 0.233 g, 97 %; <sup>1</sup>H NMR: (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 7.44 (1H, br s), 7.36-7.34 (1H, m), 7.21-7.17 (2H, m), 6.88 (2H, s), 4.64 (1H, s), 3.68 (1H, t, J = 7.8 Hz), 2.27 (6H, s), 2.06 (2H, quint. J = 7.4 Hz), 0.95 (3H, t, J = 7.3 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR: (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 150.7, 148.4, 136.0, 130.9, 130.0, 129.1, 128.0, 126.5, 123.1, 122.6, 52.3, 28.7, 16.2, 12.9; **HRMS:** (APCl<sup>+</sup>) [M]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>19</sub><sup>79</sup>BrO Found: 318.0620, requires 318.0614.

### 2-Methoxy-1-(1-phenylpropyl)naphthalene 3k



**OME** Ph The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from cyclopropylbenzene (0.033 mL, 0.25 mmol) and 2-methoxynaphthalene (0.079 g, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at room temperature. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (100% petroleum ether) gave **3k** as an off-white solid.

**Yield:** 0.065 g, 94 %; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.78-7.71 (3H, m), 7.39-1.16 (8H, m), 4.00 (1H, t, *J* = 7.9 Hz), 3.95 (3H, s), 2.26-2.12 (2H, m), 1.02 (3H, t, *J* = 7.3 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 157.4, 145.3, 140.4, 133.2, 129.3, 129.1, 128.4, 128.1, 127.4, 126.9, 126.1, 125.9, 118.7, 105.7, 55.3, 53.1, 28.5, 12.9; **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+H]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>21</sub>O Found: 277.1578, requires 277.1587.

#### 1-Methoxy-4-(1-phenylpropyl)naphthalene 3I



OMe The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure A from cyclopropylbenzene (0.033 mL, 0.25 mmol) and 1-methoxynaphthalene (0.072 mL, 0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.125 mL) and stirred at room temperature. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (100% petroleum ether) gave **3I** as a colourless oil (ca. 4:1 mix of regioisomers).

**Yield:** 0.065 g, 94 %; <sup>1</sup>**H** NMR: (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (only data for the major regioisomer are reported)  $\delta$ 8.29 (1H, s), 7.79 (1H, d, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 7.45-7.34 (8H, m), 6.88 (1H, d, *J* = 7.7 Hz), 4.10-4.03 (1H, m), 4.07 (3H, s), 2.32-2.26 (2H, m), 1.04 (3H, t, *J* = 6.7 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C** NMR: (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (only data for the major regioisomer are reported - one carbon resonance is not observed/overlaps with other resonances)  $\delta$  155.3, 145.3, 142.1, 133.2, 128.4, 128.1, 127.7, 127.3, 126.0, 125.3, 120.1, 120.0, 103.9, 55.5, 53.6, 28.5, 12.9; **HRMS:** (ESI<sup>+</sup>) [M+K]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>20</sub>KO Found: 315.1159, requires 315.1146.

#### 1,2,3,4,5-Pentafluoro-6-(3-mesitylbutyl)benzene 3m



<sup>F</sup> The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure B from (cyclopropylmethyl)pentafluorobenzene **S5** (60.2 mg, 0.244 mmol, 90% pure), mesitylene (67.9  $\mu$ L, 0.488 mmol) and TfOH (2.2  $\mu$ L, 0.025 mmol) in 0.125 mL of HFIP (24 h, 100 °C). Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (100% petroleum ether) gave **3m** as an off-white solid.

**Yield:** 0.082 g, 88%; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.84 (2H, s), 3.31 (1H, sext, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 2.74–2.62 (1H, m), 2.62–2.50 (1H, m), 2.40 (3H, s), 2.35–2.28 (3H, s), 2.26 (3H, s), 2.18–2.04 (1H, m), 2.04–1.89 (1H, m), 1.37 (3H, d, *J* = 7.2 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  145.1 (dm, *J* = 244.0 Hz), 139.5 (dm, *J* = 249.6 Hz), 137.5 (dm, *J* = 244.9 Hz), 138.6, 136.3 (br), 135.4, 131.4 (broad), 130.5, 129.4 (br), 115.6 (td, *J* = 18.7, 3.6 Hz), 35.0, 35.0, 21.6 (br, 2C), 21.4 (br), 20.7, 19.1; <sup>19</sup>**F NMR:** (376.5 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H - ext. std.)  $\delta$  –143.4 (2F, dd, *J* = 22.4, 8.4 Hz), –157.2 (1F, t, *J* = 20.6 Hz), 162.0 (2F, dq, *J* = 21.1, 10.8 Hz); **HRMS:** (APCl<sup>+</sup>) [M+H]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>20</sub>F<sub>5</sub> found 342.1416; requires 342.1407.

#### 1,3,5-Trimethyl-2-(4-(4-nitrophenyl)butan-2-yl)benzene 3n



 $O_2N$   $Me^{-}$   $Me^{-}$   $Me^{-}$   $Me^{-}$  The title compound was prepared according to General Procedure B from 1-cyclopropylmethyl-4-nitrobenzene **S6** (45.3 mg, 0.256 mmol), mesitylene (71.1  $\mu$ L, 0.511 mmol) and TfOH (2.3  $\mu$ L, 0.026 mmol) in 0.125 mL of HFIP (24 h, 100 °C). Purification by flash column chromatography over silica (100% petroleum ether) gave **3m** as a yellow oil (mixture of two regioisomers in the ratio 4:1, according to the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum). Only data for the major regioisomer is reported.

**Yield:** 0.068 g, 88%; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.11 (2H, d, J = 8.8 Hz), 7.25 (2H, d, J = 8.4 Hz), 6.81 (2H, s), 3.21 (1H, sext, J = 7.6 Hz), 2.72–2.53 (2H, m), 2.34 (3H, s), 2.24 (3H, s), 2.20–2.07 (4H, s), 2.07–1.97 (1H, m), 1.32 (3H, d, J = 7.2 Hz); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR:** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 150.7, 146.4, 138.9, 136.4, 131.4, 129.3, 129.3, 123.7, 36.7, 34.7, 34.4, 21.6, 20.8, 19.2; **HRMS:** (APCl<sup>+</sup>) [M]<sup>+</sup> C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>23</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>, found 297.1731; requires 297.1723.

### 5. Preparation of Non-Commercial Cyclopropanes

# 1-Cyclopropyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene S3



F<sub>3</sub>C Prepared according to General Procedure B with corresponding analytical data.<sup>1</sup> Yield: 96 %; <sup>1</sup>H NMR: (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.52 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 1.98-1.95 (m, 1H), 1.09-1.05 (m, 2H), 0.79-0.76 (m, 2H).

### 1-Cyclopropyl-4-methoxybenzene 1k



MeO Prepared according to General Procedure B with corresponding analytical data.<sup>2</sup> Yield: 20 %; <sup>1</sup>H NMR: (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.04 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 1.89-1.86 (m, 1H), 0.93-0.91 (m, 2H), 0.65-0.63 (m, 2H).

# 1-Cyclopropyl-4-nitrobenzene 11

O<sub>o</sub>N

O<sub>2</sub>N Prepared according to General Procedure B with corresponding analytical data.<sup>3</sup>
 Yield: 74 %; <sup>1</sup>H NMR: (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.12 (d, *J*=8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, *J*=8.9 Hz, 2H), 2.05-1.99 (m, 1H), 1.16-1.13 (m, 2H), 0.88-0.81 (m, 2H).

## Ethyl N-methyl-N-nitrosocarbamate S4

FtO Мe

<sup>Me</sup> The title compound was prepared according to a literature procedure with corresponding spectral data.<sup>4</sup> To stirring ethyl *N*-methylcarbamate (0.41 g, 4.00 mmol), a solution of  $H_3PO_4$  (0.340 g, 3.44 mmol) in  $H_2O$  (0.34 mL) was added carefully. Then, a solution of NaNO<sub>2</sub> (0.340 g, 4.90 mmol) in  $H_2O$  (0.79 mL) was added slowly, over 1 h, under stirring, and the reaction mixture stirred at room temperature for 16 h. The mixture was extracted with toluene (2 x 5 mL) and used as a crude solution for the preparation of the following cyclopropanes (**S5** and **S6**).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ (ppm): 4.56 (2H, q, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 3.16 (3H, s), 1.47 (3H, t, *J* = 7.2 Hz).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Y-Y. Zhou, C. Uyeda, Angew. Chem. Int. Ed., 2016, 55, 3171-3175.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> L. Ackermann, A. R. Kapdi and C. Schulzke, Org. Lett., 2010, 12, 2298-2301.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> G. A. Somorjai, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2016, *138*, 8533-8537.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> F. Shroeder, Ruethi, F. WO2015059290 (A1), 2015.

#### (Cyclopropylmethyl)pentafluorobenzene S5



<sup>F</sup> In a 100 mL round bottom flask, allyl pentafluorobenzene (766  $\mu$ L, 5.00 mmol) was dissolved in 5 mL of toluene, together with 2.5 mL of 40% KOH(aq) solution and Pd(acac)<sub>2</sub> (30 mg, 0.10 mmol) and cooled to 0 °C. Then, 10 mL of crude ethyl *N*-methyl-*N*-nitrosocarbamate **S4** in toluene solution was added, the reaction mixture stirred at 0 °C for 1 h, and then at ambient temperature for 16 h. At completion, the organic layer was decanted, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was filtered through a celite plug and concentrated to give **S4** as a yellow oil, which was used without further purification.

Yield: 0.621 g, 56%; <sup>1</sup>H NMR: (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 2.61 (2H, d, J = 6.8 Hz), 1.05–0.89 (1H, m), 0.50 (2H, d, J = 7.6 Hz), 0.25 (2H, d, J = 4.4 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR: (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 145.2 (dm, J = 243.0 Hz), 139.7 (dm, J = 249.5 Hz), 137.6 (dm, J = 248.4 Hz), 117.3, 115.2 (td, J = 19.4, 3.7 Hz), 27.2, 11.0, 4.9; <sup>19</sup>F NMR: (376.5 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) CF<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H - ext. std.) δ –143.1 (2F, dd, J = 22.5, 8.4 Hz), -157.0 (1F, t, J = 21.0 Hz), -161.9 (2F, dq, J = 21.0, 10.8 Hz); HRMS: (ESI) *m*/z for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>7</sub>F<sub>5</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) calculated 222.0462; found 222.0454.

#### 1-Cyclopropylmethyl-4-nitrobenzene S6

 $O_2N$  The title compound was prepared from 4-nitrobenzyl chloride (346 mg, 2.01 mmol), potassium cyclopropyltrifluoroborate (452 mg, 3.05 mmol),  $Pd_2(dba)_3$  (94 mg, 0.10 mmol), RuPhos (100 mg, 0.21 mmol) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (556 mg, 4.02 mmol). The reactants were dissolved in a degassed mixture of toluene/water (19:1, mL/mL) under an argon atmosphere. The reaction was stirred for 9 h at 120 °C. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and MgSO<sub>4</sub>, and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Purification by automated flash column chromatography over silica (with a mixture of petroleum ether and ethyl acetate) gave **S6** as a pale yellow oil.

**Yield:** 0.225 g, 63%; <sup>1</sup>**H NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.15 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 2.65 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.06–0.93 (m, 1H), 0.63–0.51 (m, 2H), 0.24 (q, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H). Spectral data are in agreement with the literature.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> V. Colombel, F. Rombouts, D. Oehlrich, G. A. Molander J. Org. Chem. 2012, 77, 2966.

# 6. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR Titration Data

# 1,3,5-Trimethoxybenzene and TfOH in HFIP/C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub> (95:5)



# 1,2,3-Trimethoxybenzene and TfOH in HFIP/C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub> (95:5)



# 50 mol% TfOH



# 1,2,4-Trimethoxybenzene and TfOH in HFIP/C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub> (95:5)



0% TfOH





100 mol% TfOH



# Cyclopropyl phenyl ketone and TfOH in HFIP/C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub> (95:5)



Cyclopropyl phenyl ketone and 1,3,5-Trimethoxybezene (1:1, molar ratio) with TfOH in HFIP  $(CD_2Cl_2 - external standard)$ 



### 7. Relative Rate Experiments & Hammett Analysis

A comparison of the relative rates (determined *via* [product] formation/time) of the arylation of the following cyclopropyl ketones was undertaken and monitored by <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectroscopy at 65 °C.



As indicated on the chart above, methyl cyclopropyl ketone exhibited the fastest rate of arylation. The phenyl and 4-methoxyphenyl ketone derivatives displayed much slower rates of arylation, suggesting that mesomeric stabilization of nascent positive charge retards this arylation reaction. This observation strongly suggests that a mechanism involving direct protonation of the cyclopropane ring is not a contributing mechanistic pathway and that protonation initially occurs on the carbonyl group side-chain.

# Standard Procedure for <sup>1</sup>H NMR Time Course Experiments



A screw-top NMR tube containing capillaries of external standard  $C_6D_6$  and tetrachloroethane was charged with a 1M solution of the requisite cyclopropane (0.50 mmol) in HFIP (0.500 mL) followed by 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene (1.0 mmol, 0.168 g). After introduction to the NMR probe, this sample was heated at 77 °C and allowed to rest at this temperature for 5 min. The sample was then locked and shimmed. After removing the NMR tube, TfOH (4.4  $\mu$ L, 10 mol%) was added to the mixture, the tube capped, inverted 3 times, reintroduced into the machine and acquisition begun after 120 seconds. The reaction was then followed by <sup>1</sup>H NMR over time (ns = 4, 300 s/36 experiments or every 600s/24 experiments). Conversion to product was calculated relative to the internal standard as below and plotted between 2-10% conversion to determine initial rates.



Average initial rates were determined via the average of at least 3 congruent values – the values being given in Table **S1** below.

	Ph	p-F	p-Cl	p-Me	p-MeO	
Run 1	0.000286082	0.000225879	0.000411375	0.000385802	0.000230652	
Run 2	0.000481448		0.000211763	0.000434392	0.000172799	
Run 3	Poorly Shimmed	0.000209991	0.000243308	0.000331549	0.00030776	
Run 4	0.000242146	0.000221579	Poorly Shimmed		0.000256576	
Run 5	0.000264584	0.000287866	0.000127467		0.000242874	
Run 6	0.000322052		0.000385617			
Run 7	0.000333308		0.000218328			
Run 8	0.000429073					
Run 9	0.000292829					
Average	0.00033144	0.000236329	0.00026631	0.000383914	0.000242132	
log kobs	-3.479594916	-3.62648358	-3.574613259	-3.4157659	-3.615947344	
log (kobs/KH)	0	-0.146888664	-0.095018343	0.063829016	-0.136352428	
s value	0	0.34	0.23	-0.17	-0.27	
s+ value	-0.18	-0.07	0.11	-0.31	-0.78	

 Table S1: Initial rates data for Hammett Analysis. Average initial rates are shown in purple, log(kobs) are given in blue and the relative rates for Hammett analysis are shown in red.



Figure S1: Hammett Plot.

#### 8. DFT Calculations

DFT calculations were performed using Gaussian 16 A03.[1] The  $\omega$ B97X-D exchange-correlation functional [2] and the def2-TZVP basis set [3] was used in all calculations. The SMD solvent model [4] was used with parameters adapted for HFIP. An absolute Gibbs energy of solvation for the proton of -267 kcal/mol was included in calculations involving charged species.

- Gaussian 16, Revision B.01, M. J. Frisch, G. W. Trucks, H. B. Schlegel, G. E. Scuseria, M. A. Robb, J. R. Cheeseman, G. Scalmani, V. Barone, G. A. Petersson, H. Nakatsuji, X. Li, M. Caricato, A. V. Marenich, J. Bloino, B. G. Janesko, R. Gomperts, B. Mennucci, H. P. Hratchian, J. V. Ortiz, A. F. Izmaylov, J. L. Sonnenberg, D. Williams-Young, F. Ding, F. Lipparini, F. Egidi, J. Goings, B. Peng, A. Petrone, T. Henderson, D. Ranasinghe, V. G. Zakrzewski, J. Gao, N. Rega, G. Zheng, W. Liang, M. Hada, M. Ehara, K. Toyota, R. Fukuda, J. Hasegawa, M. Ishida, T. Nakajima, Y. Honda, O. Kitao, H. Nakai, T. Vreven, K. Throssell, J. A. Montgomery, Jr., J. E. Peralta, F. Ogliaro, M. J. Bearpark, J. J. Heyd, E. N. Brothers, K. N. Kudin, V. N. Staroverov, T. A. Keith, R. Kobayashi, J. Normand, K. Raghavachari, A. P. Rendell, J. C. Burant, S. S. Iyengar, J. Tomasi, M. Cossi, J. M. Millam, M. Klene, C. Adamo, R. Cammi, J. W. Ochterski, R. L. Martin, K. Morokuma, O. Farkas, J. B. Foresman, and D. J. Fox, Gaussian, Inc., Wallingford CT, 2016.
- J.-D. Chai and M. Head-Gordon, "Long-range corrected hybrid density functionals with damped atom-atom dispersion corrections," *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.*, 10 (2008) 6615-20. DOI: 10.1039/B810189B
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4. V. Marenich, C. J. Cramer, and D. G. Truhlar, "Universal solvation model based on solute electron density and a continuum model of the solvent defined by the bulk dielectric constant and atomic surface tensions," J. Phys. Chem. B, 113 (2009) 6378-96. DOI: 10.1021/jp810292n

Arene	Ketone	Protonated Cyclopropane	Transition State	Intermediate	Enol	Product
1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene	-C(=O)Me	4.37	32.25	1.23	-0.09	-12.66
1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene	-C(=O)OCH <sub>3</sub>	10.74	43.14	20.89	14.17	-13.07
1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene	-(C(=O)OCH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	10.21	33.45	2.99	0.03	-12.64
1,4-dimethoxybenzene	-C(=O)Me	4.37	37.49	17.63	-1.06	-15.02
1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene	-(C(=O)Ph	7.52	32.92	0.01	0.69	-12.94
1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene	-(C(=O)Ph-F)	8.23	34.00	1.48	1.73	-12.22
1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene	-(C(=O)Ph-OMe)	5.71	33.55	0.76	1.68	-12.51
1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene	-(C(=O)Ph-Cl)	8.75	33.88	-0.13	0.31	-12.53
1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene	-(C(=O)Ph-Me)	7.07	33.88	1.65	2.74	-11.73
1,2,3-trimethoxybenzene	-(C(=O)Ph	7.52	36.41	10.10	-1.92	-14.61
1,2,4-trimethoxybenzene	-(C(=O)Ph	7.52	33.71	5.20	-1.56	-14.30

Table S2. Reaction energies for all reactions modelled according to Path B. All values are Gibbs energies in kcal/mol, calculated using  $\omega$ B97X-D/def2-TZVP with an SMD solvation correction.

#### Sample Input File

%nproc=8 %mem=4000MB %chk=TS.chk #wb97xd scrf=(SMD, solvent=generic, read) def2tzvp freg Transition state - TMB plus MVK 1 1 C,-0.6083978893,0.0093030874,-1.5287832584 C,-1.5383033942,-0.8855814596,-0.9809255084 C,-0.5216755045,1.3088109006,-0.9946604833 H,-0.1634669627,-0.2056374392,-2.4910289034 C,-2.2785091037,-0.5528803305,0.1447664484 0,-1.6164358589,-2.0732330925,-1.5995938361 C, -1.2518454133, 1.6658483416, 0.1198162327 0,0.3506369088,2.1177385057,-1.6168641608 C,-2.1188236137,0.7236013993,0.6822448269 H,-2.9640901569,-1.2563454706,0.5869233666 C,-2.4926799262,-3.065415725,-1.081101858 H,-1.1812443815,2.6413843474,0.5769074489 C, 0.5514599301, 3.4290543023, -1.1067699894 0,-2.7798636091,1.1459706971,1.770419731 H,-2.3814901999,-3.9275630883,-1.7345252451 H,-2.212277047,-3.3412768212,-0.061967864 H,-3.5294757355,-2.7225855528,-1.1045078299 H,1.3023356964,3.8844023442,-1.7483724641 H,-0.3709497979,4.0121048125,-1.1541398035 H,0.9191015574,3.3988357366,-0.0784862186 C,-3.6955466689,0.2694813636,2.4132934283 H,-4.0972935619,0.8295211601,3.2545766487 H,-4.5094844946,-0.0098654303,1.740592916 H,-3.1889307964,-0.6258322577,2.7811447536 C,1.2567397218,-0.7901142688,-0.5132309731 H,1.8039498357,-0.0599181029,-1.090982152 H,1.0797071639,-1.7564758397,-0.9651924766 C,1.1813864651,-0.6543798846,0.9319258493 H,0.4352955019,-1.2750238438,1.416212896 H,1.1785708813,0.360207151,1.3135694927 C,2.5353022382,-1.329106747,0.9085913315 H,2.5636695438,-2.4034887871,1.0279936529 C, 3.7085453335, -0.6689046172, 0.7195621555 0,4.820559006,-1.402126798,0.743996041 C, 3.882259886, 0.7922323201, 0.5116178298 H,5.6048042111,-0.8575558027,0.6052340146 H,2.9400813002,1.3313539058,0.4598741006 H,4.4752011844,1.198741522,1.3351378923 H,4.4369677504,0.9627884622,-0.4144400324 stoichiometry=C3H2O1F6 eps=17.8 solventname=2-propanol epsinf=1.89 molarvolume=94.1 rsolv=2.82 SurfaceTensionAtInterface=23.23 ElectronegativeHalogenicity=0.6 HBondAcidity=0.57

```
hbondbasicity=0.25
density=0.158
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# 9. Spectral data for Products













**2c (major)** and **2c'(minor)**  ${}^{13}$ C (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)





**2c (major)** and **2c'(minor)** <sup>1</sup>H (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)
















































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ÓMe 2h <sup>13</sup>C (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

`CI



































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**2m (major)** and **2m'(minor)** <sup>13</sup>C (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)















**2n** <sup>13</sup>C (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)























---6.112

3.798 3.774 3.642 -2.623 -2.6623 -2.5605 -2.2605 -1.7832 -1.776 -1.776

































**3b** <sup>13</sup>C (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)



-52.571



-28.828

16.105 12.952

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**3c** <sup>13</sup>C (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)
















-12.811









**3e** <sup>1</sup>H (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)













MeO,

















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MeO、









**3h** <sup>1</sup>H (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)





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**3h'** <sup>13</sup>C (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)



158.470 153.801



104.437

41.392

-55.630

12.704





3.749



0.907 0.889 0.870



**3h'** <sup>1</sup>H (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)



















**3j** <sup>13</sup>C (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)



-52.263

6.146 2.867

5.5

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4.635

















ppm



















ppm 200



































