Supporting Information

Catalytic Enantioselective Radical Coupling of Activated Ketones with *N*-Aryl Glycines

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1. General information

General procedures and methods

Experiments involving moisture and/or air sensitive components were performed under a positive pressure of argon in oven-dried glassware equipped with a rubber septum inlet. Dried solvents and liquid reagents were transferred by oven-dried syringes or hypodermic syringe cooled to ambient temperature in a desiccator. Reactions mixtures were stirred in 10 mL sample vial with Teflon-coated magnetic stirring bars unless otherwise stated. Moisture in non-volatile reagents/compounds was removed in high *vacuo* by means of an oil pump and subsequent purging with nitrogen. Solvents were removed *in vacuo* under ~30 mmHg and heated with a water bath at 30-35 °C using rotary evaporator with aspirator. The condenser was cooled with running water at 0 °C.

All experiments were monitored by analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC). TLC was performed on pre-coated plates, 60 F_{254} . After elution, plate was visualized under UV illumination at 254 nm for UV active material. Further visualization was achieved by staining Ce(SO₄)₂ and anisaldehyde solution. For those using the aqueous stains, the TLC plates were heated on a hot plate.

Columns for flash chromatography (FC) contained *silica gel* 200–300 mesh. Columns were packed as slurry of *silica gel* in petroleum ether and equilibrated solution using the appropriate solvent system. The elution was assisted by applying pressure of about 2 atm with an air pump.

Instrumentations

Proton nuclear magnetic resonance (¹H NMR) and carbon NMR (¹³C NMR) were recorded in CDCl₃ otherwise stated. Chemical shifts are reported in parts per million (ppm), using the residual solvent signal as an internal standard: CDCl₃ (¹H NMR: δ 7.26, singlet; ¹³C NMR: δ 77.16, triplet). Multiplicities were given as: *s* (singlet), *d* (doublet), *t* (triplet), *q* (quartet), *quintet*, *m* (multiplets), *dd* (doublet of doublets), *dt* (doublet of triplets), and *br* (broad). Coupling constants (*J*) were recorded in Hertz (Hz). The number of proton atoms (*n*) for a given resonance was indicated by *n*H. The number of carbon atoms (*n*) for a given resonance was indicated by *n*C. HRMS (Analyzer: TOF) was reported in units of mass of charge ratio (m/z). Mass samples were dissolved in CH₃CN (HPLC Grade) unless otherwise stated.

Optical rotations were recorded on a polarimeter with a sodium lamp of wavelength 589 nm and reported as follows; $[\alpha]_{\lambda}^{T^{\circ}C}$ (c = g/100 mL, solvent). Melting points were determined on a melting point apparatus.

Enantiomeric excesses were determined by chiral High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) analysis. UV detection was monitored at 254 nm and 210 nm at the same time. HPLC samples were dissolved in HPLC grade isopropanol (IPA) unless otherwise stated.

Materials

All commercial reagents were purchased with the highest purity grade. They were used without further purification unless specified. All solvents used, mainly petroleum ether (PE) and ethyl acetate (EtOAc) were distilled. Anhydrous DCM, CH₃CN were freshly distilled from CaH₂ and stored under N₂ atmosphere. THF, Et₂O, MTBE, 1,2-dimethoxyethane, CPME, and toluene were freshly distilled from sodium/benzophenone before use. All compounds synthesized were stored in a -20 °C freezer and light-sensitive compounds were protected with aluminium foil.

2. Optimization of reaction conditions

1

2

Table S1. Optimization of Reaction Conditions.^a



3	DPZ [1.0]	C5	CH_2Cl_2	25	 0
4	DPZ [1.0]	C6	CH_2Cl_2	25	 7
5	DPZ [1.0]	C7	CH_2Cl_2	25	 12
6	DPZ [1.0]	C8	CH_2Cl_2	25	 34
7	DPZ [1.0]	С9	CH_2Cl_2	25	 18
8	DPZ [1.0]	C10	CH_2Cl_2	25	 16
9	DPZ [1.0]	C11	CH_2Cl_2	25	 23
10	DPZ [1.0]	C12	CH_2Cl_2	25	 36
11	DPZ [1.0]	C13	CH_2Cl_2	25	 2
12	DPZ [1.0]	C14	CH_2Cl_2	25	 45
13	DPZ [1.0]	C15	CH_2Cl_2	25	 11
14	DPZ [1.0]	C16	CH_2Cl_2	25	 18
15	DPZ [1.0]	C17	CH_2Cl_2	25	 15
16	DPZ [1.0]	C18	CH_2Cl_2	25	 15
17	DPZ [1.0]	C19	CH_2Cl_2	25	 32
18	DPZ [1.0]	C20	CH_2Cl_2	25	 11
19	DPZ [1.0]	C21	CH_2Cl_2	25	 24
20	DPZ [1.0]	C14	Et ₂ O	25	 41
21	DPZ [1.0]	C14	Tol.	25	 40
22	DPZ [1.0]	C14	CH ₃ CN	25	 61
23	DPZ [1.0]	C22	$\mathrm{CH}_3\mathrm{CN}$	25	 65
24	DPZ [1.0]	C23	CH ₃ CN	25	 41

25	DPZ [1.0]	C24	CH ₃ CN	25		51
26	DPZ [1.0]	C25	CH ₃ CN	25		41
27	DPZ [1.0]	C26	CH ₃ CN	25		27
28	DPZ [1.0]	C27	CH ₃ CN	25		33
29	DPZ [1.0]	C28	CH ₃ CN	25		62
30	DPZ [1.0]	C28	THF	25		67
31	DPZ [1.0]	C28	DCM	25		57
32	DPZ [1.0]	C28	Tol.	25		44
33	DPZ [1.0]	C28	Et ₂ O	25		66
34	DPZ [1.0]	C28	CPME	25		69
35	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	25		70
36	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10		74
37	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (25 mg)	80
38	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	4Å MS (25 mg)	78
39	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	3Å MS (25 mg)	68
40	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (35 mg)	75
41	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + K ₃ PO ₄ (0.2 equiv)	23
42	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + K ₂ HPO ₄ (0.2 equiv)	80
43	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + KH ₂ PO ₄ (0.2 equiv)	80
44	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + KPF ₆ (0.2 equiv)	82
45	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + NaPF ₆ (0.2 equiv)	82
46	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + LiPF ₆ (0.2 equiv)	80
47	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + LiBF ₄ (0.2 equiv)	75
48	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + NaBArF (0.2 equiv)	79
49	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + NaOAc (0.2 equiv)	78
50	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + PhCO ₂ Na (0.2 equiv)	75
51	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + NaF (0.2 equiv)	82
52	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + NaBr (0.2 equiv)	82
53	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + Na ₂ S ₂ O ₄ (0.2 equiv)	85
54	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + Na ₂ S ₂ O ₈ (0.2 equiv)	81
55	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + NaI (0.2 equiv)	80
56	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + KBr (0.2 equiv)	77
57	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	20	5Å MS (25 mg) + Na ₂ S ₂ O ₄ (0.2 equiv)	80
58	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	15	5Å MS (25 mg) + $Na_2S_2O_4$ (0.2 equiv)	81
59	DPZ [1.0]	C28	MTBE	0	5Å MS (25 mg) + Na ₂ S ₂ O ₄ (0.2 equiv)	68
60	DPZ [1.0]	C28	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + Na ₂ S ₂ O ₄ (0.2 equiv)	87
61	DPZ [1.5]	C28	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + Na ₂ S ₂ O ₄ (0.2 equiv)	88
62	DPZ [2.0]	C28	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + Na ₂ S ₂ O ₄ (0.2 equiv)	88
63	DPZ [1.5]	C28	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + TBAB (0.3 equiv)	87
64	DPZ [1.5]	C28	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + TBAC (0.3 equiv)	85
65	DPZ [1.5]	C28	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + TBAI (0.3 equiv)	85
66	DPZ [1.5]	C28	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + TOAB (0.3 equiv)	87
67	DPZ [1.5]	C28	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + TBAB (0.5 equiv)	88
68	DPZ [1.5]	C28	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + TBAB (1.0 equiv)	87

69	DPZ [1.5]	C1	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + TBAB (0.3 equiv)	89
70	DPZ [1.5]	C1	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + TBPB (0.3 equiv)	90
71	DPZ [1.5]	C1	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + Na ₂ S ₂ O ₄ (0.2 equiv)	88
72	DPZ [1.5]	C1	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + Na ₂ S ₂ O ₄ (0.5 equiv)	89
73	DPZ [1.5]	C1	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + Na ₂ S ₂ O ₄ (1.0 equiv)	88
74	DPZ [1.5]	C1	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + $Na_2S_2O_4$ (0.5 equiv) + TBPB (0.3 equiv)	93 ^d
75	DPZ [1.5]	C2	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + $Na_2S_2O_4$ (0.5 equiv) + TBPB (0.3 equiv)	76
76	DPZ [1.5]	C3	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + $Na_2S_2O_4$ (0.5 equiv) + TBPB (0.3 equiv)	67
77	DPZ [1.5]	C29	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + $Na_2S_2O_4$ (0.5 equiv) + TBPB (0.3 equiv)	72 ^e
78	$Ru^{2+}[1.5]^{f}$	C3	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + $Na_2S_2O_4$ (0.5 equiv) + TBPB (0.3 equiv)	89
79	RB [1.5] ^g	C3	CPME	10	5Å MS (25 mg) + $Na_2S_2O_4$ (0.5 equiv) + TBPB (0.3 equiv)	91

^a Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.075 mmol), **2a** (0.05 mmol), chiral catalyst (10 mol%), degassed solvent (1.0 mL), irradiation with blue LED (3 W, 450 nm), 12–36 h. ^b Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase. ^c Yield = 62% (Isolated by flash column chromatography on *silica gel*). ^d Yield = 78% (Isolated by flash column chromatography on *silica gel*). ^e Yield = 76% (Isolated by flash column chromatography on *silica gel*). ^f Ru(bpy)₂Cl₂•6H₂O. ^g RB = Rose Bengal.

3. General experimental procedures

(1) General procedure for asymmetric radical-radical cross-coupling of *N*-aryl glycines1 with 1,2-diketones 2



106.3 μ L (0.0015 mmol, 0.015 equiv) of DPZ solution (1.0 mg of DPZ in 200 μ L of toluene) was added into a 10 mL Schlenk tube, and then solvent was removed in *vacuo*. Subsequently, **1** (0.15 mmol, 1.5 equiv), **2** (0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), **C1** (0.01 mmol, 0.10 equiv), TBPB (0.03 mmol, 0.3 equiv), Na₂S₂O₄ (0.05 mmol, 0.5 equiv), 5Å MS (50 mg) and CPME (2.0 mL) were sequentially added, degassed three times by freeze-pump-thaw method. The reaction mixture was stirred under an argon atmosphere at 10 °C (the temperature was maintained in an incubator) and in dark for 30 min, then irradiated by a 3 W blue LED ($\lambda = 450-455$ nm) from a 2.0 cm distance for another 36 h. The reaction mixture was directly loaded onto a short *silica gel* column, followed by gradient elution with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (100/1–50/1 ratio). Removing the solvent in *vacuo*, afforded products **3a–3q**.

For product **3r**, the procedure is similar but with the following reaction conditions: **1** (0.15 mmol), **2** (0.1 mmol), DPZ (1.5 mol%), **C2** (10 mol%), 4 Å MS (50 mg), CPME (2.0 mL), -5 °C, degassed and under an argon atmosphere, 36 h.

(2) General procedure for asymmetric radical-radical cross-coupling of *N*-aryl glycine 1h with isatins 4



70.9 μ L (0.001 mmol, 0.01 equiv) of DPZ solution (1.0 mg of DPZ in 200 μ L of toluene) was added into a 10 mL Schlenk tube, and then solvent was removed in *vacuo*. Subsequently, **1h** (0.15 mmol, 1.5 equiv), **4** (0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), **C3** (0.02 mmol, 0.2 equiv) and THF (2.0 mL) were sequentially added, degassed three times by freeze-pump-thaw method. The reaction mixture was stirred under an argon atmosphere at 10 °C (the temperature was maintained in an incubator) and in dark for 30 min, then irradiated by a 3 W blue LED (λ =

450–455 nm) from a 5.0 cm distance for another 36 h. The reaction mixture was directly loaded onto a short *silica gel* column, followed by gradient elution with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (80/1-5/1 ratio). Removing the solvent in *vacuo*, afforded products **5a–5l**.

4. Mechanism studies

Emission quenching experiments

Emission intensities were recorded on a spectrofluorometer. DPZ solution was excited at 448 nm and the emission intensity at 544 nm was observed. The appropriate amount of quencher was added to a solution of DPZ $(5.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$ in CPME in 5.0 mL volumetric flask under N₂. The solution was transferred to a 1.5 mL quartz cell and the emission spectrum of the sample was collected.



Fig. S1. Stern–Volmer quenching experiment of DPZ and 1a.



Fig. S2. Stern–Volmer quenching experiment of DPZ and 2a. No quenching observed.

5. Procedures of synthetic applications



Step A: To a solution of **3g** (0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in 4.0 mL acetonitrile and 4.0 mL water, TCCA (0.2 mmol, 0.5 equiv) and 0.4 mL H₂SO₄ (1.0 M) were added at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred for 16 h at room temperature. After removal of acetonitrile by evaporation, the resulting aqueous phase washed with 4.0 mL CH₂Cl₂ for three times. The resulting aqueous phase was subsequently regulated to pH 11.0 through addition of saturated Na₂CO₃ solution. The aqueous solution was extracted with 5.0 mL EtOAc for three times. The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in *vacuo* afforded product **6**, which was used for the next step without further purification.

Step B: Product **6**, glyoxal (0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), formaldehyde (0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv), ammonium chloride (0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was dissolved in methanol (0.5 mL). The reaction was heated at 80 °C for 5 h. After cooling to room temperature, the solvent was evaporated, NaOH (2.0 *N*, aq.) was added and the product was extracted with DCM (5 x 5 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated in *vacuo*. The reaction mixture was directly loaded onto a short *silica gel* column, followed by gradient elution with dichloromethane/methanol (100/1–30/1 ratio). Removing the solvent in *vacuo*, afforded product **7** in 65% of yield over two steps and with 92% ee.

Step C: To a solution of **5a** (0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in 4.0 mL DCM, DMAP (0.08 mmol, 0.2 equiv) and di-*tert*-butyl dicarbonate (0.44 mmol, 1.1 equiv) were added at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred for 0.5 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was directly loaded onto a short *silica gel* column, followed by gradient elution with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (30/1-20/1 ratio). Removing the solvent in *vacuo*, afforded product **8** in 98% yield.

Steps D and E: To a solution of 8 (0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in 4.0 mL acetonitrile and 4.0 mL

water, TCCA (0.2 mmol, 0.5 equiv) and 0.4 mL H_2SO_4 (1.0 M) were added at 0 °C. The reaction worked for 16 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was subsequently regulated to pH 11.0 through adding saturated Na₂CO₃ solution. The aqueous solution was extracted with 5.0 mL EtOAc for three times. The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in *vacuo*. The ethyl acetate solution of amine was cooled to 0 °C, and then triethylamine (0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv) with 4-tosyl chloride (0.8 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were added. The reaction was stirred for 5 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was directly loaded onto a short *silica gel* column, followed by gradient elution with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (30/1–5/1 ratio). Removing the solvent in *vacuo*, afforded product **9** in 72% of yield over two steps and with 91% ee.

6. Determination of the absolute configurations

Absolute configurations of **3a-p**, **3r** and **7** are determined by *X*-ray structure analysis of the product **3q**.



Fig. S3 Absolute configuration of 3q (CCDC 1836991).

Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. (Solvent: EA:PE = 1:10) Absolute configurations of **5a-1** are determined by *X*-ray structure analysis of the product **9**.



Fig. S4 Absolute configuration of 11 (CCDC 1843336).

Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. (Solvent: dichloromethane)

7. Characterization of adducts

Yellow oil; 27.0 mg, 85% yield; 93% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +195.8 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.37 – 7.13 (m, 6H), 7.06 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.67 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.54 (s, 1H), 4.05 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.7, 148.3, 140.2, 134.5, 133.0, 130.6, 129.4, 129.2, 128.4, 128.3, 125.2, 119.2, 114.6, 82.4, 53.7; HRMS (ESI) m/z 318.1489 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₁H₂₀N₁O₂ 318.1494.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 95/5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 7.1 min (major) and 8.5 min (minor).





The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 95/5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 7.5 min (major) and 9.2 min (minor).



ArHNPhYellow solid; Mp 74.5 - 75.7 °C; 33.7 mg, 85% yield; 91% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ ArHNPh+137.7 (c 2.0, CHCl_3); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.85 (d, J = 7.5Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.50 - 7.20 (m, 8H), 6.55 (d, J = 8.8**3c**: Ar = 4-BrPhHz, 2H), 4.57 (s, 1H), 4.11 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (d, J = 12.8 Hz,1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 200.6, 147.2, 139.8, 134.2, 133.1, 132.1, 130.5, 129.2,

128.5, 128.3, 125.2, 116.0, 110.8, 82.2, 53.4; HRMS (ESI) m/z 396.0598 (M+H⁺), calc. for $C_{21}H_{19}N_1O_2Br_1$ 396.0599.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 95/5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 7.8 min (major) and 9.7 min (minor).



Yellow oil; 31.3 mg, 89% yield; 90% ee; $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ +120.3 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); 0 ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.74 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, J = ArHN Ph Ph ОН 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.41 – 7.15 (m, 6H), 6.95 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, J = 3d: Ar = 3-CIPh 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (s, 1H), 4.03 (m, 2H), 3.45 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.5, 149.4, 139.8, 135.1, 134.2, 133.2, 130.4, 130.3, 129.2, 128.6, 128.3, 125.3, 118.9, 114.0, 112.8, 82.2, 53.0; HRMS (ESI) m/z 352.1098 (M+H⁺), calc. for $C_{21}H_{19}N_1O_2Cl_1$ 352.1104. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 95/5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 7.4 min (major) and 10.3 min (minor).



0 ArHN Ph Ph ЮН

Yellow oil; 28.2 mg, 85% yield; 91% ee; $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ +94.2 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (m, 3H), 7.19 (m, 3H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 6.53 3e: Ar = 4-MePh (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.62 (s, 1H), 4.03 (d, J = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (d, J = 12.7 Hz, 1H)12.7 Hz, 1H), 2.14 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.6, 145.7, 140.1, 134.3, 132.9, 130.5, 129.8, 129.0, 128.6, 128.3, 128.1, 125.0, 114.9, 82.1, 54.3, 20.5; HRMS (ESI) m/z $332.1660 (M+H^+)$, calc. for $C_{22}H_{22}N_1O_2 332.1651$.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 6.5 min (major) and 7.9 min (minor).



Yellow solid; Mp 73.0 – 74.6 °C; 25.8 mg, 78% yield; 90% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ ArHN Ph Ph +83.2 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.48 – 7.27 (m, 6H), 7.06 (m, 1H), 6.61 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (s, 2H), 4.63 (s, 1H), 4.14 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.6, 148.2, 140.2, 139.3, 134.4, 33.0, 130.6, 129.3, 129.1, 128.4, 128.2, 125.2, 120.1, 115.4, 111.8, 82.2, 53.8, 21.7; HRMS (ESI) m/z 332.1652 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₂H₂₂N₁O₂ 332.1651.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 95/5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 7.3 min (major) and 8.9 min (minor).



Yellow oil; 29.5 mg, 85% yield; 92% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +36.2 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (m, 6H), 6.71 (dd, *J* = 27.5, 8.9 Hz, 4H), 4.79 (s, 1H), **3g**: Ar = 4-OMePh 4.12 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.38 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.6, 153.4, 142.1, 140.3, 134.4, 133.0, 130.6, 129.1, 128.3, 128.2, 125.1, 116.4, 114.9, 82.1, 55.8, 55.3; HRMS (ESI) m/z 348.1614 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₂H₂₂N₁O₃ 348.1600.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 95/5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 13.0 min (major) and 18.6 min (minor).





Yellow oil; 24.4 mg, 69% yield; 88% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +62.8 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.98 (m, 2H), 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.19 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (t, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.99 (t, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.58 (s, 1H), 4.12 (d, *J* = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 3.40 (d, *J* = 13.0

Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.6, 167.3, 164.3, 163.9, 161.1, 148.1, 135.8, 135.7, 133.6, 135.5, 130.5, 130.4, 129.5, 126.8, 126.7, 119.5, 116.3, 116.0, 115.6, 115.3, 114.7, 82.0, 54.3; HRMS (ESI) m/z 354.1308 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₁H₁₈N₁O₂F₂ 354.1306.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK cellulose-3 (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 18.6 min (minor) and 22.0 min (major).





Yellow oil; 27.8 mg, 72% yield; 84% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +157.9 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (m, 2H), 7.11 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.73 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 4.47 (s, 1H), 4.03 (d, *J* = 13.1 Hz,

1H), 3.29 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.8, 148.0, 139.7, 138.4, 134.5, 132.4, 132.2, 129.5, 129.4, 128.6, 126.3, 119.6, 114.8, 82.1, 54.2; HRMS (ESI) m/z 386.0719 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₁H₁₈N₁O₂Cl₂ 386.0715.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IB (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 8.4 min (minor) and 9.9 min (major).





Yellow oil; 36.1 mg, 76% yield; 86% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +86.4 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (m, 4H), 7.19 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.53 (s, 1H),

4.11 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.1, 148.1, 139.0, 132.9, 132.5, 132.3, 131.7, 129.6, 128.7, 126.7, 122.8, 119.8, 114.9, 82.3, 54.3. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK cellulose-4 (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 95/5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 9.3 min (minor) and 10.7 min (major) ; HRMS (ESI) m/z 473.9696 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₁H₁₈N₁O₂Br₂ 473.9704.





Yellow solid; Mp 71.4 – 72.5 °C; 28.0 mg, 81% yield; 93% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +156.7 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.83 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.27 – 7.10

(m, 6H), 6.78 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 4.68

(s, 1H), 4.13 (d, J = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 3.55 (d, J = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.34 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.2, 148.3, 143.9, 138.1, 137.4, 131.7, 130.7, 129.8, 129.4, 128.9, 125.1, 119.0, 114.5, 82.0, 53.6, 21.7, 21.3; HRMS (ESI) m/z 346.1808 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₃H₂₄N₁O₂ 346.1807.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 95/5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 9.7 min (major) and 12.3 min (minor).





Yellow oil; 33.3 mg, 83% yield; 91% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +201.6 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.83 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (t, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 4H), 6.73 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 4.10 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 3.54

(d, J = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 2.98 – 2.77 (m, 2H), 1.24 (d, 6H), 1.19(d, 6H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.4, 154.6, 149.1, 148.4, 137.7, 132.1, 131.0, 129.4, 127.3, 126.5, 125.3, 119.0, 114.5, 53.5, 34.4, 34.0, 24.1, 23.8, 23.8; HRMS (ESI) m/z 402.2427 (M+H⁺), calc. for $C_{27}H_{32}N_1O_2$ 402.2433.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 95/5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 8.5 min (major) and 10.5 min (minor).





Yellow solid; Mp 57.7 – 58.5 °C; 36.5 mg, 85% yield; 90% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +89.6 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 0H), 6.67 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H),

4.66 (s, 0H), 4.12 (d, J = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (d, J = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 1.33 (s, 3H), 1.28 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.5, 156.9, 151.4, 148.4, 137.3, 131.7), 130.7, 129.4, 126.2, 125.4, 125., 119.0, 114.6, 82.1, 53.5, 35.3, 34.8, 31.5, 31.2; HRMS (ESI) m/z 430.2754 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₉H₃₆N₁O₂ 430.2746.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 95/5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 7.1 min (major) and 9.0 min (minor).





Yellow oil; 28.0 mg, 81% yield; 93% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +124.8 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (m, 3H), 7.12 (s, 1H), 7.04 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 6.64 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.50 (s, 1H), 4.01 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 3.40

(d, J = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 2.18 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.0, 148.2, 140.1, 138.9, 138.0, 134.4, 133.8, 130.8, 129.4, 129.2, 129.0, 127.8, 127.8, 125.8, 122.2, 119.1, 114.6, 82.3, 53.6, 21.7, 21.5; HRMS (ESI) m/z 346.1810 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₃H₂₄N₁O₂ 318.1494.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 95/5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 7.4 min (major) and 8.9 min (minor).



PhHN OH MeO 30 Yellow solid; Mp 77.6 – 78.9 °C; 31.3 mg, 83% yield; 88% ee; $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ +21.9 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (m, 3H), 6.69 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 4.69 (s, 1H), 4.07

(d, J = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.79(s, 3H), 3.53 (d, J = 12.6 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.0, 163.4, 159.5, 148.3, 133.1, 132.7, 129.4, 126.9, 126.5, 118.9, 114.5, 114.4, 113.5, 81.5, 55.5, 55.4, 53.6; HRMS (ESI) m/z 378.1700 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₃H₂₄N₁O₄ 378.1705.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 80/20; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 10.5 min (major) and 12.4 min (minor).





Yellow solid; Mp 52.8 – 53.6 °C; 25.5 mg, 61% yield; 91% ee; $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ +47.3 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.55 (s, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.93 – 7.81 (m, 3H), 7.80 – 7.66 (m, 4H), 7.57 – 7.40 (m, 4H), 7.18 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.78 (m, 3H), 4.80 (s, 1H), 4.31 (d, *J* =

12.9 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.4, 148.3, 137.8, 135.4, 133.5, 133.2, 133.0, 132.2, 131.6, 123.0, 129.5, 129.1, 128.7, 128.4, 127.9, 127.8, 127.7, 126.6, 126.5, 125.9, 124.3, 122.8, 119.3, 114.68 (s, 6H), 82.7, 54.1; HRMS (ESI) m/z 418.1810 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₉H₂₄N₁O₂ 418.1807.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 95/5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 10.7 min (major) and 13.9 min (minor).





Yellow solid; Mp 108.2 – 109.5 °C; 40.6 mg, 89% yield; 97% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +53.4 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95 – 7.78 (m, 2H), 7.49 – 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.21 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.92 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.78 (d, J = 8.9Hz, 2H), 6.53 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 4.15 (s,

1H), 4.01 (d, J = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 6H), 3.52 (d, J = 12.6 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.8, 163.4, 159.5, 147.3, 133.1, 132.4, 132.0, 126.7, 126.6, 115.9, 114.5, 113.6, 110.4, 81.4, 55.5, 55.4, 53.2; HRMS (ESI) m/z 458.0805 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₃H₂₃N₁O₄Br₁ 458.0790.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 80/20; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 8.3 min (major) and 9.9 min (minor).



Hz, 3H), 0.81 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 215.6, 147.3, 129.5, 128.9, 128.6, 125.9, 119.6, 114.8, 82.3, 50.5, 34.4, 20.5, 19.7; HRMS (ESI) m/z 284.1638 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₁₈H₂₂NO₂ 284.1645.

1H), 3.56 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 3.08 (m, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 0.92 (d, J = 6.8

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IE (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 98/2; flow rate 0.5 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 18.2 min (minor) and 26.4 min (major).





Yellow oil; 36.3 mg, 91% yield; 91% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +110.2 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.74 – 6.53 (m, 3H), 4.26 (s, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.62 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.7, 152.8,

148.8, 139.7, 139.2, 130.5, 127.5, 126.1, 125.6, 124.2, 116.92, 115.42, 112.9, 111.5, 84.9, 74.3, 55.7, 52.0, 28.1, 17.8; HRMS (ESI) m/z 399.1926 (M+H⁺), calc. for $C_{22}H_{27}N_2O_5$ 399.1920.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 21.0 min (major) and 30.9 min (minor).





Yellow oil; 34.6 mg, 80% yield; 85% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ –19.5 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.81 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.74 – 6.63 (m, 3H), 4.13 (m, 2H), 3.83 (s, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.52 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 1.62 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.7, 153.0, 148.6, 141.9, 139.1, 131.7, 131.5,

126.3, 126.1, 124.0, 116.9, 114.0, 113.5, 111.7, 85.4, 75.5, 55.7, 49.3, 28.1, 17.8; HRMS (ESI) m/z 433.1546 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₂H₂₆N₂O₅Cl₁ 433.1530.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 18.9 min (minor) and 21.0 min (major).





Yellow oil; 36.8 mg, 77% yield; 85% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ –31.8 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.19 (m, 1H), 6.74 – 6.61 (m, 3H), 4.14 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (s, 1H), 3.77 (s, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.52 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.7, 153.0, 148.5, 142.0,

139.0, 131.7, 129.5, 126.1, 125.5, 119.4, 116.9, 114.5, 113.6, 111.7, 85.4, 75.9, 55.7, 49.2, 28.1, 17.8; HRMS (ESI) m/z 477.1033 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₂H₂₆N₂O₅Br₁ 477.1025.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 20.0 min (minor) and 22.5 min (major).





Yellow oil; 36.6 mg, 88% yield; 92% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +122.6 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 (m, 1H), 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.09 (m, 1H), 6.74 – 6.56 (m, 3H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.57 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 1.63 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.7, 152.8, 148.8, 139.7, 139.2, 130.5, 127.5, 126.1,

125.2, 124.7, 116.9, 115.4, 112.9, 111.5, 84.9, 74.3, 55.7, 52.0, 28.1, 17.8; HRMS (ESI) m/z 417.1840 (M+H⁺), calc. for $C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_5F_1$ 417.1826.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 15.6 min (major) and 25.3 min (minor).





Yellow oil; 38.1 mg, 88% yield; 90% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +20.3 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (m, 1H), 6.77 – 6.58 (m, 3H), 4.21 (s, 1H), 3.96 (s, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.58 (d, *J* = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 1.63 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.0,

153.2, 148.7, 139.1, 138.3, 130.8, 130.6, 129.3, 126.4, 124.6, 117.1, 116.9, 113.7, 111.7, 85.4, 74.2, 55.8, 52.2, 28.2, 17.9.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 14.5 min (major) and 36.7 min (minor) ; HRMS (ESI) m/z 433.1543 (M+H⁺), calc. for $C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_5Cl_1$ 433.1530.


Entry	Retention Time	Area	Height	%Area
1	14.474	51.2996	83.88	51.00
2	36.266	49.2937	35.56	49.00





Yellow solid; Mp 46.0 – 47.5 °C; 42.0 mg, 88% yield; 94% ee; $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ –9.7 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (m, 1H), 6.73 – 6.59 (m, 3H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.58 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 1.62 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.9,

153.2, 148.7, 139.0, 138.8, 133.5, 129.6, 127.5, 126.4, 118.2, 117.2, 117.1, 113.2, 111.6, 85.4, 74.1, 55.8, 52.1, 28.1, 17.9; HRMS (ESI) m/z 477.1031 (M+H⁺), calc. for $C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_5Br_1$ 477.1025.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 14.8 min (major) and 45.9 min (minor).





Yellow solid; Mp 49.6 – 50.8 °C; 37.5 mg, 91% yield; 90% ee; $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ +51.3 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.73 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.73 – 6.59 (m, 3H), 4.19 (s, 1H), 4.00 (s, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.62 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 3.31 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 1.63 (s, 9H); ¹³C

NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.9, 153.0, 148.9, 139.4, 137.4, 135.0, 131.0, 127.4, 126.2, 124.7, 117.0, 115.3, 113.0, 111.6, 84.8, 74.2, 55.8, 52.1, 28.2, 21.1, 17.9; HRMS (ESI) m/z 413.2074 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₃H₂₉N₂O₅ 413.2076.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 26.1 min (major) and 39.9 min (minor).



MeO HO N Boc 5h

Yellow oil; 38.6 mg, 90% yield; 85% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +59.4 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.77 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.71 - 6.57 (m, 3H), 4.21 (s, 1H), 3.96 (s, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.59 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 3.33 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.62 (s, 9H); ¹³C

NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.7, 157.4, 152.9, 148.9, 139.3, 132.9, 128.7, 126.1, 117.0, 116.6, 115.7, 112.9, 111.6, 109.9, 84.8, 74.6, 55.8, 55.7, 52.2, 28.2, 17.8; HRMS (ESI) m/z 429.2028 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₃H₂₉N₂O₆ 429.2026.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 15.3 min (major) and 29.1 min (minor).





Yellow oil; 30.8 mg, 74% yield; 93% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +164.6 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.65 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (m, 1H), 6.70 – 6.57 (m, 3H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.58 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 1.63 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.5, 165.7, 162.5, 153.3,

148.8, 141.4, 141.2, 139.3, 126.4, 125.7, 125.6, 123.3, 123.2, 117.2, 113.3, 112.2, 111.9, 111.8, 104.8, 104.4, 85.6, 74.2, 55.9, 52.4, 28.3, 18.0; HRMS (ESI) m/z 417.1832 (M+H⁺), calc. for $C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_5F_1$ 417.1826.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 95/5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 29.1 min (major) and 54.1 min (minor).





Yellow oil; 32.9 mg, 76% yield; 93% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +12.2 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.70 – 6.57 (m, 3H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.57 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 1.63 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.2, 153.1.

148.7, 140.7, 139.1, 136.4, 126.3, 126.0, 125.3, 125.2, 117.0, 116.3, 113.2, 111.7, 85.5, 74.1, 55.8, 52.2, 28.1, 17.9; HRMS (ESI) m/z 433.1517 (M+H⁺), calc. for $C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_5Cl_1$ 433.1530.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 13.7 min (major) and 23.4 min (minor).





Yellow oil; 37.2 mg, 78% yield; 90% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +124.4 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.09 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 6.70 – 6.56 (m, 3H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.56 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 3.33 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 1.63 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.1, 153.1, 148.6, 140.8, 139.1, 128.2,

126.5,126.3, 125.5, 124.3, 119.1, 117.0, 113.2, 111.6, 85.6, 74.2, 55.8, 52.1, 28.1, 17.9; HRMS (ESI) m/z 477.1027 (M+H⁺), calc. for $C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_5Br_1$ 477.1025.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 95/5; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 31.4 min (major) and 55.4 min (minor).





Yellow solid; Mp 68.1 – 69.7 °C; 31.6 mg, 73% yield; 94% ee; $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ –173.6 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.16 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.72 – 6.57 (m, 3H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.58 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 1.62 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.6, 153.2, 147.6, 139.2, 137.0, 132.2, 131.0, 126.4, 125.9,

122.8, 119.3, 117.1, 113.1, 111.7, 86.1, 75.2, 55.8, 52.1, 27.8, 17.9; HRMS (ESI) m/z 433.1518 (M+H⁺), calc. for $C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_5Cl_1$ 433.1530.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 90/10; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 19.0 min (major) and 32.3 min (minor).





White solid; Mp 164.1 – 165.7 °C; 76.0 mg, 65% yield; 92% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +54.2 (*c* 0.5, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO) δ 7.89 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.37 – 7.24 (m, 6H), 7.14 (s, 1H),

7.05 (s, 1H), 6.68 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 2H), 4.57 (q, J = 14.3 Hz, 2H); ¹³C

NMR (75 MHz, DMSO) δ 199.3, 139.2, 138.2, 134.3, 132.9, 130.2, 128.5, 128.1, 127.8, 127.0, 124.8, 120.8, 81.5, 54.9; HRMS (ESI) m/z 293.1283 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₁₈H₁₇N₂O₂ 293.1285.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK OZ-H (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 80/20; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 8.2 min (major) and 11.7 min (minor).





Yellow oil; 195.4 mg, 98% yield; 91% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +125.0 (*c* 0.5, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.65 – 6.54 (m, 2H), 6.43 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (d, *J* = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.60 (d, *J* = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 3.37 (s, 1H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.61 (s, 9H), 1.36 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.0,

152.3, 150.7, 148.8, 140.3, 139.2, 130.5, 125.6, 124.8, 123.0, 116.7, 115.5, 112.4, 111.5, 84.6, 84.3, 79.8, 55.7, 51.1, 28.1, 27.6, 17.6; HRMS (ESI) m/z 499.2449 (M+H⁺), calc. for $C_{27}H_{35}N_2O_7$ 499.2444.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK OZ-H (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 80/20; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 19.0 min (major) and 23.4 min (minor).



Boc NHTs White solid; Mp 87.4 – 88.5 °C; 153.4 mg, 72% yield; 91% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ -24.6 (*c* 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.83 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, H), 7.63 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.09 (s, 1H), 3.52 – 3.26 (m, 2H),

2.39 (s, 3H), 1.62 (s, 9H), 1.29 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.1, 149.2, 147.6, 142.7, 138.9, 135.6, 129.8, 128.9, 126.1, 124.0, 123.3, 122.7, 114.5, 84.1, 83.6, 77.3, 47.5, 27.1, 26.5, 20.6; HRMS (ESI) m/z 533.1961 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₆H₃₃N₂O₈S₁ 533.1958. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 80/20; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 210 nm; retention time: 38.4 min (major) and 43.8 min (minor).





Yellow oil; 11.6 mg, 35% yield; 15% ee; $[\alpha]_D^{22}$ +8.1 (*c* 0.5, CHCl₃); h ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.47 - 7.29 (m, 4H), 7.25 - 7.11 (m, 4H), 6.80 (m, 3H),

11 4.44 (d, J = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (s, 1H), 3.53 (d, J = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 2.67 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.1, 141.7, 135.37, 135.07, 132.8, 130.7, 130.1, 129.3, 129.1, 128.1, 128.0, 124.8, 115.1, 82.1, 64.0. 34.0; HRMS (ESI) m/z 332.1642 (M+H⁺), calc. for C₂₂H₂₂N₂O₂ 332.1645.

The ee was determined by HPLC analysis: CHIRALPAK IC (4.6 mm i.d. x 250 mm); Hexane/2-propanol = 97/3; flow rate 1.0 mL/min; 25 °C; 254 nm; retention time: 5.3 min (minor) and 6.5 min (major).


































































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