SUPPORTING INFORMATION

The combination of block copolymers and phospholipids to form Giant Hybrid

Unilamellar Vesicles (GHUVs) does not systematically lead to "intermediate"

membrane properties.

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I- Membrane mechanical properties, micropipette aspiration



Figure S1. Distribution of area compressibility moduli measured for 9 individual DOW GUVs. The average value was $\bar{K}_a = 84.3 \pm 12.2 \text{ mN.m}^{-1}$.



Figure S2. Distribution of area compressibility moduli measured for 21 individual 3K. The average value was $K_a = 84 \pm 13 \text{ mN.m}^{-1}$.

Sampla	K _a ± SD (mN.m ⁻¹)	$lpha_{c}$ ± SD (%)	σ _c ± SD (mN.m ⁻¹)
Sample			
ЗК	84 ± 13	7.3 ± 1.3	5.5 ± 1.7
3K/POPC 95/5	109± 20	1.8 ± 0.6	1.9 ± 0.5
3K/POPC 90/10	128 ± 11	1.8 ± 0.5	2.0 ± 0.4
3K/POPC 80/20	130 ± 30	1.9 ± 0.5	2.0 ± 0.3

Table S1. Mechanical properties under stretching for hybrid vesicles:

II- Lateral diffusion coefficients, FRAP Experiments



Figure S3. Representative FRAP data obtained for different polymersomes: (\Box): DOW, (\Box): 1.5K; (\Box):3K containing 1.5 mol% of DOW-F. The smooth lines correspond to the fits of the formalism described in experimental section.



Figure S4 2D maximum intensity projection images of 1.5K/POPC GHUVs labeled with 1.5% PDMS₂₆-g-(PEO₁₂)₂-FITC: (a): 10% POPC (no macroscopic domains) and (b): 50% POPC (macroscopic POPC domains appear as non-fluorescent phases); scale bars: 5 μ m.



Figure S5: Equatorial images of 1.5K/POPC GHUVs labeled with 0.2 mol% DOPE-Rhod and composed of (a): 10% POPC and (b): 30% POPC.