## **Supporting information**

Mechanically robust double-crosslink network functionalized graphene/polyaniline stiff hydrogels for superior performance supercapacitors

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**Fig. S1.** The photographs of (a) functionalized graphene hydrogel (PGH) and (b–d) PANI synthesized at different conditions ((b). in PA aqueous solution, (c). in 1 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> aqueous solution, (d). in the deionized water).



Fig. S2. The SEM images of the cross-sectional for DN-PGH/PANI<sub>PA</sub> hydrogel piece tensile samples.

Wavenumber (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	The functional groups
3443	N–H stretching vibration
3228	O-H stretching vibration of alcohol hydroxyl or carboxyl in PGH
2905	sp <sup>3</sup> C–H vibration of the alkane in PA
1843	-C=O stretching vibrations in the PGH
1566, 1490	C=C stretching vibrations of quinoid and benzenoid rings in PANI chains
1290	The C–N stretching vibration in the polarized structure
1126	N=Q=N stretching mode (with Q representing the quinoid ring)
1026	C–O stretching vibration in PGH
810	Aromatic C–H bending vibration in and out of plane for the aromatic ring

Table S1 The data of FT-IR for the functional groups of DN-PGH/PANI\_{PA} hydrogel.

## Table S2 The result of XRD test for as-prepared samples.

Samples	2-Theta (degree)	d (Å)
DN-PGH/PANI <sub>PA</sub>	25.3	3.52
SN-PGH/PANI <sub>H2SO4</sub>	25.3	3.51
SN-PGH/PANI <sub>No-acid</sub>	25.4	3.50
PGH	24.9	3.57

	Specific surface area	Average pore diameter	Pore volume	
Samples	$(m^2 g^{-1})$	(nm)	(cc g <sup>-1</sup> )	
DN-PGH/PANI <sub>PA</sub>	84.4	11.7	0.248	
SN-PGH/PANI <sub>H2SO4</sub>	74.4	16.3	0.304	
SN-PGH/PANI <sub>No-</sub>	108.2	10.2	0.275	
PGH	18.4	6.0	0.0278	

Table S3 The data of specific surface area and pore distribution for prepared hydrogel samples.

**Table S4** The PANI mass loading in PGH/PANI composite hydrogels.

Sample	Mass (g)	PANI mass loading (%)
DN-PGH/PANI <sub>PA</sub>	0.06977	89.0%
$SN\text{-}PGH/PANI_{H_2SO_4}$	0.04825	84.1%
SN-PGH/PANI <sub>No-acid</sub>	0.05527	86.1%
PGH	0.00768	

Table S5 The relative content (at.%) of N 1s species for PGH hydrogels.

Samples	Pyridinic-N	amine moieties	Pyrrolic-N	Quaternary-N
Binding energy (eV)	398.8	399.5	400.2	401.1
PGH	20.30	32.18	29.97	17.55

	5	C	
Samples	Stress	Strain	Ref.
DN-PGH/PANI <sub>PA</sub> hydrogel	Tensile 1.39 MPa	0.42%	This work
PCH film, PANI-PCH film	Tensile 0.1 MPa, 0.35 MPa	290%, 300%	[S1]
	Compression 0.1 MPa	43%, 31%	
PANI@AGCAs 74.6 wt%	Compression 465 kPa	28.5%	[82]
D-hydrogel-0.15	Tensile 5.9 MPa	748%	[83]
physically-linked Agar/PAAc-Fe <sup>3+</sup> DN gels	Tensile 320.7 kPa	1130%	[84]
DN-MMs hydrogels	Tensile 1.48 MPa	2100%	[85]
P(AAm/HMA)-LP hydrogels	Tensile 1.8 MPa	2000%	[S6]
	Compression 13.5 MPa	90%	
PAAm-l-MBAm networks	Tensile 1.3 MPa	17%	[S7]
PPH hydrogel film	tensile 5.3 MPa	250%	[S8]
	compression 30 MPa	98%	
PVA-PAAm hybrid gel	Tensile 2.5 MPa	290%	[89]
Agar/PAAm DN hydrogels	Tensile 1.0 MPa	2000%	[S10]
	Compression 38 MPa	98%	
PEDOT-PSS TN hydrogel	Tensile 0.041 MPa	89%	[S11]
PEDOT:PSS-PAAm organogels	Tensile 30 kPa	525%	[S12]
CNT bundle bucky paper	Tensile 17.1 MPa, 25.4 MPa	1.25%, 1.65%	[\$13]
LEPC/PANI aerogels	Compression 1.4 MPa	20%	[S14]
PNAGA hydrogels	Tensile 1.1 MPa	1400%	[815]
PTAA (HEDN 1) hydrogel	Compression 190 kPa	23%	[S16]
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> nanocomposite hydrogels	Tensile 0.33 MPa	2280%	[S17]
HAPAM/PVA-6 gel	Tensile 94 kPa	1875%	[S18]
Polyaniline/poly(vinyl alcohol) cryogel	Tensile 12.2 kPa, 103 kPa	133%, 53.4%	[S19]

Table S6 The comparison of mechanical properties of the reported double-network hydrogel,

mechanical enhanced conducting polymer-based and carbon-based hydrogel and/or films.

Polyaniline-poly(vinyl alcohol) hydrogel	Tensile 16.3 MPa	407%	[S20]
F-hydrogels	Tensile 2.1 MPa	830%	[S21]
Polyaniline-poly(vinyl alcohol) hydrogels	Tensile 16.3 MPa	407%	[S20]
GABN hydrogels	Compression 800 kPa	90%	[\$22]
RGO films	Tensile 1.91 MPa	12%	[\$23]
g-rGO films	Tensile 614 MPa	6%	[S24]
Graphene paper	Tensile 293.3 MPa	0.8%	[825]
Oriented graphene hydrogel	Tensile 1.1 MPa	1.5%	[S26]



Fig. S3. The photographs of DN-PGH/PANI<sub>PA</sub> hydrogels in various states. (a) Without pressuring,

(b) Under pressure in its initial state, and (c) Under pressure in its bending state.



**Fig. S4.** The photographs of (a) DN-PGH/PANI<sub>PA</sub>, (b) SN-PGH/PANI<sub>H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, (c) SN-PGH/PANI<sub>No-</sub> acid and (d) PGH with a weight loading showing the stiffness. The distance between the center of weight and the center of hydrogel is calculated as ~8 mm.</sub>



Fig. S5. The photographs of  $GH/PANI_{PA}$  (left) and DN-PGH/PANI<sub>PA</sub> (right).



**Fig. S6.** The tensile stress-strain curves of double-crosslink network hydrogels with different aniline concentration (0.1 M, 0.15 M, 0.2 M (DN-PGH/PANI<sub>PA</sub>), and 0.25 M).



**Fig. S7.** The SEM image of double-crosslink network hydrogel with the aniline concentration of 0.25 M.

It can be clearly observed that the PANI bulk is aggregated in the sheets structure, which may decrease the mechanical strength of sample.



**Fig. S8.** The electrochemical performance of DN-PGH/PANI<sub>PA</sub>, SN-PGH/PANI<sub>H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, SN-PGH/PANI<sub>No-acid</sub> and PGH hydrogels based on a three-electrode system: (a) CV curves at the scan rate of 5 mV s<sup>-1</sup>; (b) The plots of the current density versus scan rate from CV curves; (c) galvanostatic charge/discharge curves at a current density of 1 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>; (d) The areal specific capacitance versus different current densities (1–50 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>); (e) Nyquist plots (Inset shows the magnified high-frequency regions).</sub>

**Table S7** The comparison on areal specific capacitance, volumetric specific capacitance, areal energy density and power density for carbon based PANI, PANI and carbon hydrogel and/or films supercapacitor electrodes.

Sample	$C_a (mF cm^{-2})$	C <sub>v</sub> (F cm <sup>-3</sup> )	$E_a (\mu Wh \ cm^{-2})$	$P_a (\mu W \text{ cm}^{-2})$	Ref.
DN-PGH/PANI <sub>PA</sub> hydrogel	3488.3 <sup>a</sup>	872 <sup>a</sup>	155, 67.5	200, 20015	This work
PANI(0.5 mol L-1)-PCH film	488 <sup>a</sup>		42, 30	160, 1600	[S1]
PAn@MGTF@GPs film	538 <sup>b</sup>				[\$27]
CNT/PANI hydrogel film	680 <sup>b</sup> , 184.6 <sup>a</sup>				[S28]
PANI/GN/BC film	1320 <sup>a</sup>		120, 18	100, 4450	[\$29]
SWCNT/PANI nanoribbon paper	330 <sup>b</sup>	40.5 <sup>b</sup>			[S30]
3D-RGO/PANI film	500 <sup>a</sup>				[\$31]
3D-G/PANI film	1470 <sup>a</sup>	990 <sup>b</sup> , 866 <sup>a</sup>	64, 55	500, 15000	[\$32]
CNT@PANI film	1147.12 <sup>a</sup>		50.98, 31.56	2294, 28404	[\$33]
PANI/CNT composite papers	1506 <sup>a</sup>		29.4, 13.5	391, 5068	[\$34]
3D rGN/PANI film		581 <sup>b</sup>			[\$35]
PANI/MWCNT/PDMS film	481 <sup>b</sup> , 150 <sup>a</sup>				[\$36]
Flexible CNF/CCS/PANI <sub>2:2:1</sub> film	1838.5 <sup>b</sup>				[\$37]
FGS-SSG/PANI film	1360 <sup>b</sup>				[\$38]
rGO/PANI hybrid film	1600 <sup>b</sup>				[\$39]
PANI/carbon cloth	787.4 <sup>b</sup>				[S40]
PANI-polyvinyl alcohol hydrogel	2320 <sup>b</sup> , 306 <sup>a</sup>		27.2, 23.5	200, 2600	[S8]
ABA/PANI hydrogel (HCH)	2702 <sup>b</sup>				[S41]
PANI orderly nanotube array film	237.5 <sup>a</sup>				[S42]
PANI hydrogel	522 <sup>a</sup>	17.4 °	185		[S43]
RGO hydrogel film	71 <sup>a</sup>		8.4, 4.9	4900, 40000	[\$23]
3D graphene gel film	33.8 <sup>a</sup>		4.66/2.73	124000/369800	[S44]
Carbon cloth (CC)	88 <sup>b</sup> , 76 <sup>a</sup>		4.9	5000	[845]

<sup>a</sup> two-electrode cell, <sup>b</sup> three-electrode cell, and <sup>c</sup> total supercapacitor based on two-electrode cell.



**Fig. S9.** (a) The galvanostatic charge/discharge curves at a current density of 1 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>; (b) the areal specific capacitance versus different current densities (0.5–50 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>) for GH/PANI<sub>PA</sub> and DN-PGH/PANI<sub>PA</sub> hydrogel.



Fig. S10. The volumetric specific capacitance versus different current densities of DN-PGH/PANI<sub>PA</sub> hydrogel.



Fig. S11. The gravimetric specific capacitance of DN-PGH/PANI\_{PA}, SN-PGH/PANI\_{H\_2SO\_4}, SN-PANI\_{H\_2SO\_4}, SN-PANI\_{H\_2SO\_4}, SN-PANI\_{H\_2SO\_4}, SN-PANI\_{H\_2SO\_4}, SN-PANI\_{H\_2SO\_4}, SN-PANI\_{H\_2SO\_4}, SN-PANI\_{H\_2SO\_4}, SN-PANI\_{H\_2SO\_4}, SN-PANI\_

PGH/PANI<sub>No-acid</sub> and PGH hydrogels.

 Table S8 The comparison of gravimetric specific capacitance, volumetric specific capacitance and

 maximum galvanostatic energy density for carbon based PANI hydrogel and/or film electrodes

 based on two-electrode system.

Sample	$C_{g}\left(F~g^{\text{-}1}\right)/I\left(A~g^{\text{-}1}\right)$	C <sub>v</sub> (F cm <sup>-3</sup> )	$E_g$ (Wh kg <sup>-1</sup> )	Ref.
DN-PGH/PANI <sub>PA</sub> hydrogel	443.2 / 0.5 (mA cm <sup>-2</sup> )	872	9.8	This work
3D-RGO/PANI film	385 / 0.5			[S31]
G-PNF <sub>30</sub> film	210 / 0.3	160	18.7	[S46]
PANI-rGO/CF paper	464 / 0.5			[S47]
PANI/graphene composite hydrogel	546 / 0.1, 430 / 0.5	802	12.1, 9.6	[S48]
PANI-GNRs-40	340 / 0.25		7.56	[S49]
flexible PANI/CNT film	400 / 0.1		8.9	[S50]
free-standing PANi/graphene hydrogel	223.8 / 0.4	225.42		[S51]
Compact PANI-CCG film	450 / 5	572		[852]
Nano graphene platelet/PANI film	269 / 20 mV s <sup>-1</sup>		9.3	[853]
Phase-separated 3D-PANI/CCG	712 / 1.08			[S54]
graphene wrapped PANI NFs film	844 / 1	358.3	29.3	[855]
3D-G/PANI composite film	680	866	15.1	[S32]
HNHG-PANI <sub>300</sub>	526 / 0.5	763		[S56]



**Fig. S12.** The electrochemical performance of DN-PGH/PANI<sub>PA</sub> hydrogels with different concentrations of aniline (0.1 M, 0.15 M, 0.2 M (DN-PGH/PANI<sub>PA</sub>), and 0.25 M): (a) The CV curves at the scan rate of 5 mV s<sup>-1</sup>; (b) The galvanostatic charge/discharge curves versus a current density of 1 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>; (c) The areal specific capacitance versus different current densities (0.5–50 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>); (d) Nyquist plots (Inset showed the magnified high-frequency regions); (e) The gravimetric specific capacitance versus different current densities (0.5–50 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>).

**Table S9** The conductivity of as-prepared DN-PGH/PANI<br/>PANI<br/>PANI<br/>PANI<br/>No-acid.SN-PGH/PANI<br/>PANI<br/>No-acid.

Samples	DN-PGH/PANI <sub>PA</sub>	$\text{SN-PGH/PANI}_{\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4}$	SN-PGH/PANI <sub>No-acid</sub>
Conductivity (S cm <sup>-1</sup> )	0.114	0.105	0.030



**Fig. S13.** Ragone plots of gravimetric energy density and power density of DN-PGH/PANI<sub>PA</sub>, SN-PGH/PANI<sub>H,SO4</sub>, SN-PGH/PANI<sub>No-acid</sub> and PGH supercapacitor.

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