

Electronic Supplementary Information

LISICON structured Li₃V₂(PO₄)₃ with high rate and ultralong life for low-temperature lithium-ion batteries

Ruihuan Qin^a, Yaqing Wei^a, Tianyou Zhai^a and Huiqiao Li^{a,b*}

^a State Key Laboratory of Material Processing and Die & Mould Technology, School of Materials Science and Engineering, Huazhong University of Science and Technology (HUST), Wuhan 430074, Hubei, P. R. China

^b Key Laboratory of Advanced Energy Materials Chemistry, Ministry of Education, Nankai University, Tianjin 300071, P. R. China

* Corresponding authors. Tel: +86-2787559826, E-mail address: hqli@hust.edu.cn

Table S1 Structure parameters of the r-LVP/C determined by Rietveld refinement.

Atom	Wyckoff position	Occupancy	x	y	z
Li1	18f	0.94	0.2	0.0064(1)	0.4505(2)
Na1	3a	0.03	0.0749(6)	0.0289(7)	0.0013(6)
Na2	3b	0.03	0.0749(6)	0.0289(7)	0.4986(4)
V1	6c	1	0	0	0.1461
V2	6c	1	0	0	0.6528
P1	18f	1	0.2923	0.0019	0.2513
O1	18f	1	0.1915	-0.0096	0.1919
O2	18f	1	0.7656	0.9126	0.6990
O3	18f	1	0.2434	0.8007	0.2659
O4	18f	1	0.5006	0.8796	0.7556

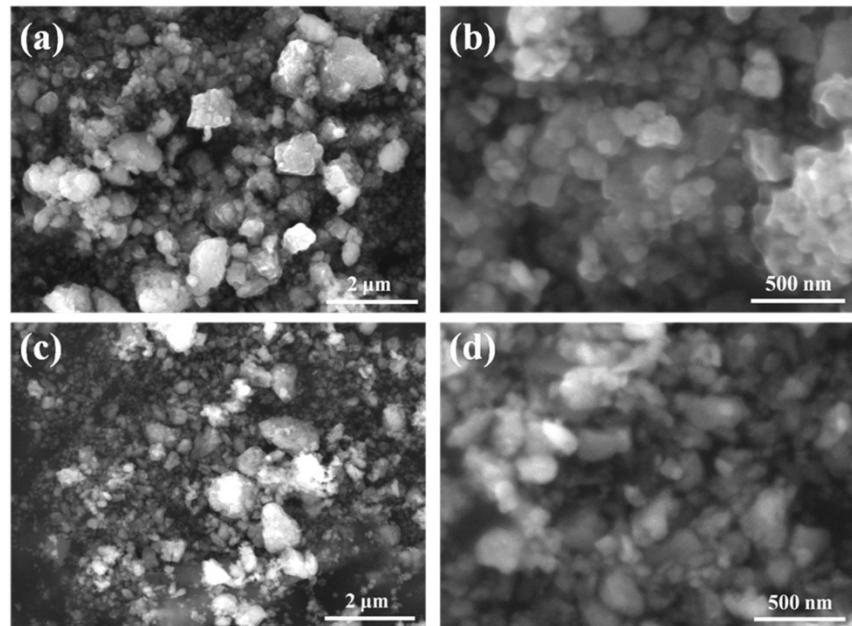


Fig. S1 SEM images of the r-NVP/C precursor (a, b) and the r-LVP/C product (c, d).

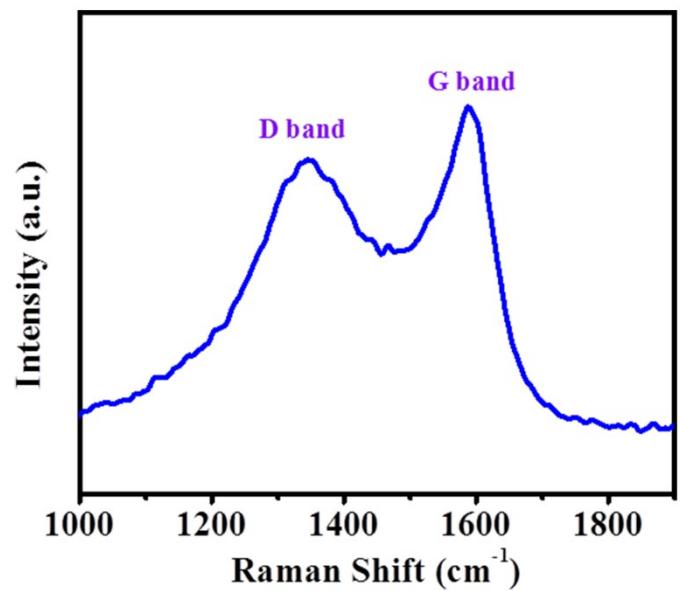


Fig. S2 Raman spectrum of the r-LVP/C.

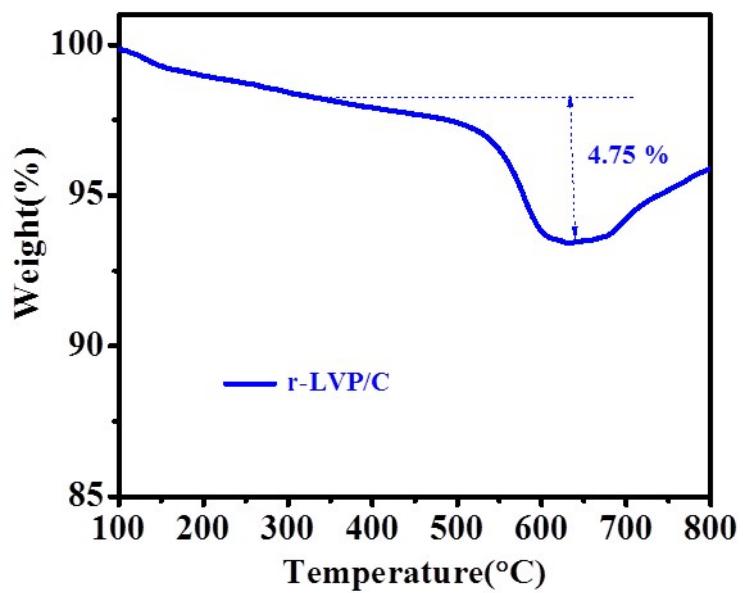


Fig. S3 TG curves of r-NVP/C and r-LVP/C under flow air atmosphere.

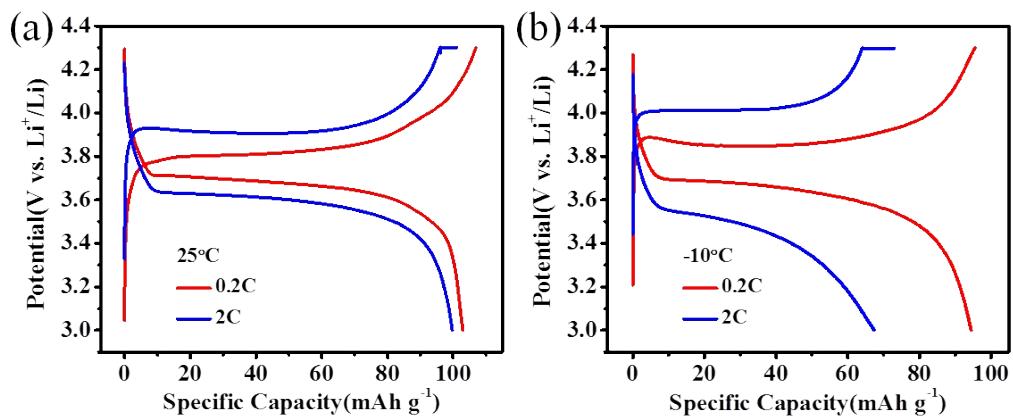


Fig. S4 Galvanostatic charge/discharge curves of the r-LVP/C at 25 °C (a) and -10 °C (b) at a higher mass loading of ~6 mg/cm².

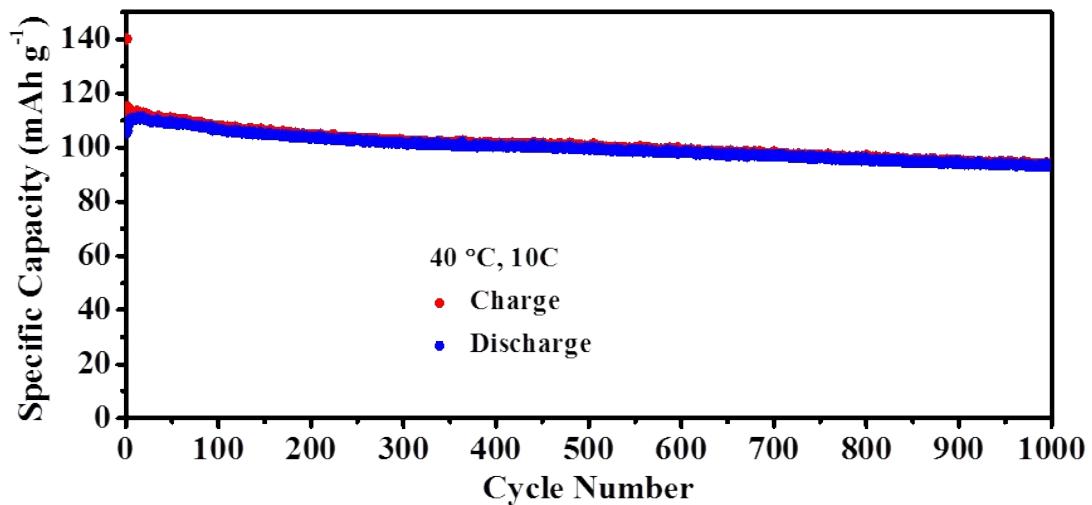


Fig. S5 Cycling performance of the r-LVP/C at 40 °C with a high rate of 10C.

Table S2 The comparison of the low temperature electrochemical performance of the r-LVP/C and the reported cathodes for LIBs.

Electrode Materials	Temperature (°C)	Capacity Retention LT/RT (Rate)	Reference
r-LVP/C	-20	87.0 % (0.2 C)	This work
m-LVP/C	-20	95.3 % (0.1 C)	Ref. S1
m-LVP/C	-20	86.7% (0.3 C)	Ref. S2
m-LVP/C	-20	85.5 % (5 C)	Ref. S3
LFP/C	-25	71.4 % (0.2 C)	Ref. S4
LFP/C	-20	31.5% (0.3 C)	Ref. S2
LFP/C	-20	66.7 % (1 C)	Ref. S5
LFP/C	-20	78.3 % (0.1 C)	Ref. S6
LFP/C	-20	66.9 % (1 C)	Ref. S7
	-40	51.3 % (1 C)	
LiMn _{0.8} Fe _{0.2} PO ₄ /C	-15	64.7 % (0.1 C)	Ref. S8
Li _{1.2} Ni _{0.15} Co _{0.1} Mn _{0.55} O ₂	-20	39.4 % (0.1 C)	Ref. S9
LiNi _{1/3} Co _{1/3} Mn _{1/3} O ₂	-20	72 % (0.2 C)	Ref. S10
LiNi _{0.5} Co _{0.2} Mn _{0.3} O ₂	-20	82.9 % (0.2 C)	Ref. S11

Table S3 Electrode kinetic parameters obtained from equivalent circuit fitting for the r-LVP/C measured at various temperatures.

	25°C	0°C	-10°C	-20°C
Rct (Ω)	101	208	637	1493
D _{Li+} (10 ⁻¹³ cm ² s ⁻¹)	3.3	2.2	1.3	0.9

References

- 1 F. Teng, Z. H. Hu, X. H. Ma, L. C. Zhang, C. X. Ding, Y. Yu and C. H. Chen, *Electrochim. Acta*, 2013, **91**, 43.
- 2 X. H. Rui, Y. Jin, X. Y. Feng, L. C. Zhang and C. H. Chen, *J. Power Sources*, 2011, **196**, 2109.
- 3 Y. Z. Luo, X. Xu, Y. X. Zhang, Y. Q. Pi, Y. L. Zhao, X. C. Tian, Q. Y. An, Q. L. Wei and L. Q. Mai, *Adv. Energy Mater.*, 2014, **4**, 1400107.
- 4 X. L. Wu, Y. G. Guo, J. Su, J. W. Xiong, Y. L. Zhang and L. J. Wan, *Adv. Energy Mater.*, 2013, **3**, 1155.
- 5 H. M. Xie, R. S. Wang, J. R. Ying, L. Y. Zhang, A. F. Jalbout, H. Y. Yu, G. L. Yang, X. M. Pan and Z. M. Su, *Adv. Mater.*, 2006, **18**, 2609.
- 6 F. H. Zheng, C. H. Yang, X. Ji, D. L. Hu, Y. Chen and M. L. Liu, *J. Power Sources*, 2015, **288**, 337.
- 7 X. Z. Liao, Z. F. Ma, Q. Gong, Y. S. He, L. Pei and L. J. Zeng, *Electrochim. Commun.*, 2008, **10**, 691.
- 8 W. C. Yang, Y. J. Bi, Y. P. Qin, Y. Liu, X. H. Zhang, B. C. Yang, Q. Wu, D. Y. Wang and S. Q. Shi, *J. Power Sources*, 2015, **275**, 785.
- 9 J. W. Kou, L. Chen, Y. F. Su, L. Y. Bao, J. Wang, N. Li, W. K. Li, M. Wang, S. Chen and F. Wu, *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces*, 2015, **7**, 17910.
- 10 S. Y. Tan, L. Wang, L. Bian, J. B. Xu, W. Ren, P. F. Hu and A. M. Chang, *J. Power Sources*, 2015, **277**, 139.
- 11 G. Y. Li, Z. J. Zhang, R. N. Wang, Z. L. Huang, Z. C. Zuo and H. H. Zhou, *Electrochim. Acta*, 2016, **212**, 399.