Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Journal of Materials Chemistry A. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2018

Supporting information for: Elucidating the origin of superior electrochemical cycling performance: new insights on sodiation-desodation mechanism of SnSb from *operando* spectroscopy

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Figure S1: EXAFS signal of components obtained via MCR-ALS compared to specific experimental spectra,



Figure S2: EXAFS real space components obtained via MCR-ALS compared to specific experimental spectra, i.e #53 = End of first discharge (EOD), #80 = end of first cycle (EOC), for Sb (*left*) and Sn (*right*).



Figure S3: EXAFS signal of components obtained via MCR-ALS and fit in R-space



Figure S4: Mössbauer spectra and fit of sodiated tin reference samples NaSn, Na₉Sn₄, and Na₁₅Sn₄ prepared via ball milling.



Figure S5: Variance plot obtained through PCA analysis of the $^{119}{\rm Sn}$ Mössbauer spectra during sodiation of SnSb. Components below 3% are considered to originate from instrumental noise.



Figure S6: Pure component Mössbauer spectra 1 and 2 obtained via MCR and fit depicted in (a) and (b), respectively.