

Supporting Information

Red blood cell-like carbon hollow sphere anchored ultrathin $\text{Na}_2\text{Ti}_3\text{O}_7$ nanosheets as long cyclic and high rate-performance anodes for sodium-ion batteries

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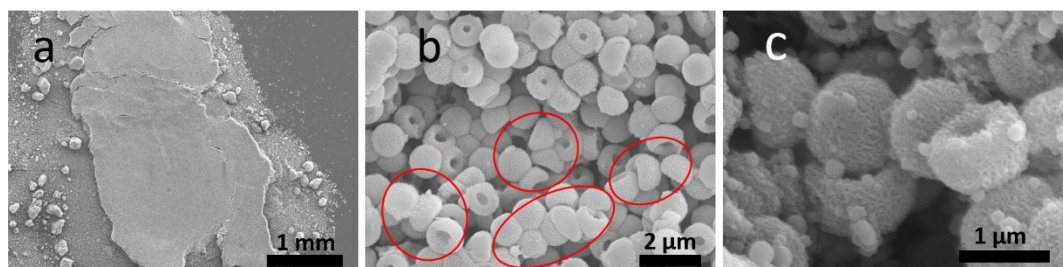
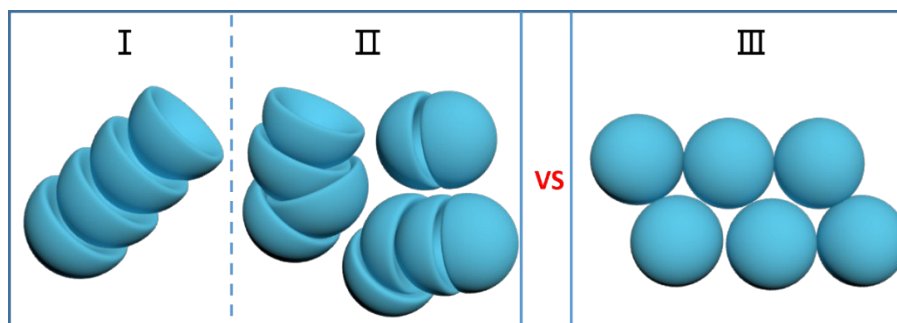


Fig S1 (a) and (b) SEM images of different magnification of $\text{Na}_2\text{Ti}_3\text{O}_7$ @RHCS powder; (c) Post-mortem SEM image of $\text{Na}_2\text{Ti}_3\text{O}_7$ @RHCS after 100 cycles



Scheme S1. (I) orderly arrangement of RHCS; (II) irregularly arrangement of RHCS; (III) arrangement of HCS.

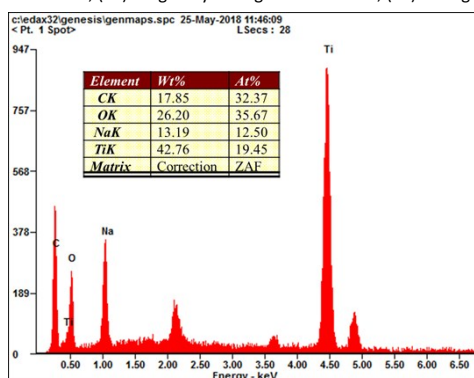


Fig S2 Energy Dispersive Spectrometer (EDS) pattern of $\text{Na}_2\text{Ti}_3\text{O}_7$ @RHCS; the inserted table is content of C, Na, Ti, and O.

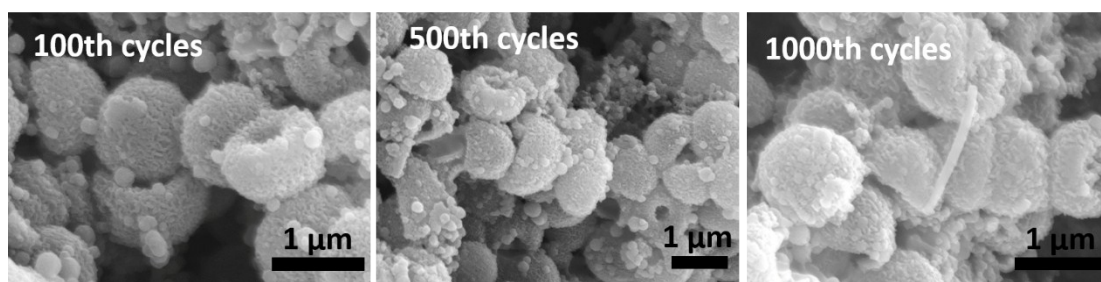


Fig S3 Post-mortem FESEM images of $\text{Na}_2\text{Ti}_3\text{O}_7@\text{RHCS}$ after 100, 500, 1000 cycles at 10 C.