

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

CoO-modified Co₄N as a heterostructure electrocatalyst for highly efficient overall water splitting in neutral media

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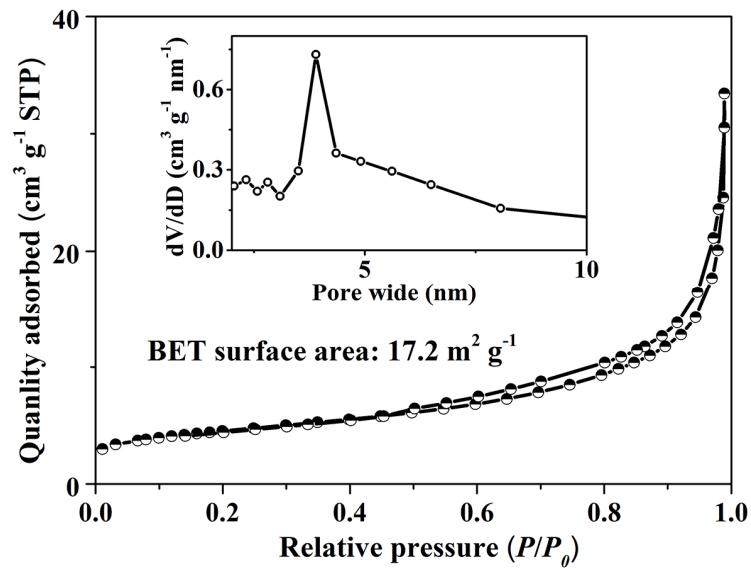


Figure S1. N_2 adsorption-desorption isotherm of CoO/Co₄N. Inset is the corresponding pore size distribution. The Brunauer-Emmett-Teller (BET) surface area of CoO/Co₄N is $17.2 \text{ m}^2 \text{ g}^{-1}$, indicating its porous structure.

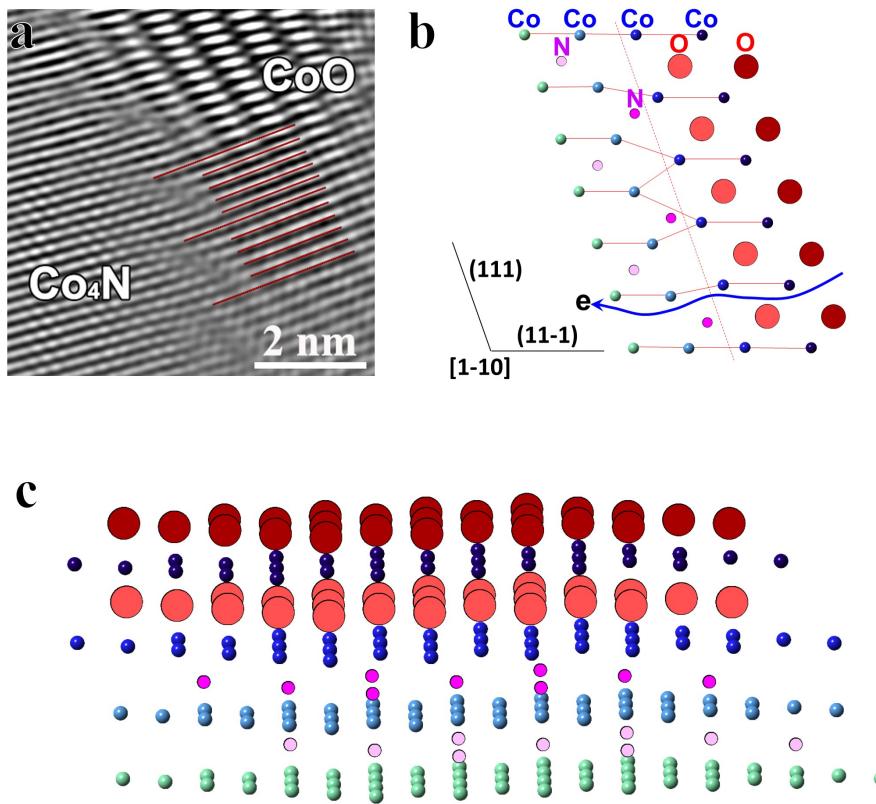


Figure S2. (a) HRTEM image *via* inverse fast Fourier transform filtering of Figure 1g. (b,c) Proposed structures with periodically aligned [11-1] planes every 6 spacings of Co₄N or 5 spacings of CoO, viewed at [1-10] and [-47-4] directions, respectively. The spacing of {111} of Co₄N is calculated to be 0.2053 nm from XRD in Figure 1e, which is *ca.* 5/6 the {111} spacing of CoO (0.24602 nm according to JCPDS 41-0943). This configuration can contribute a smooth electron transport through the interface.

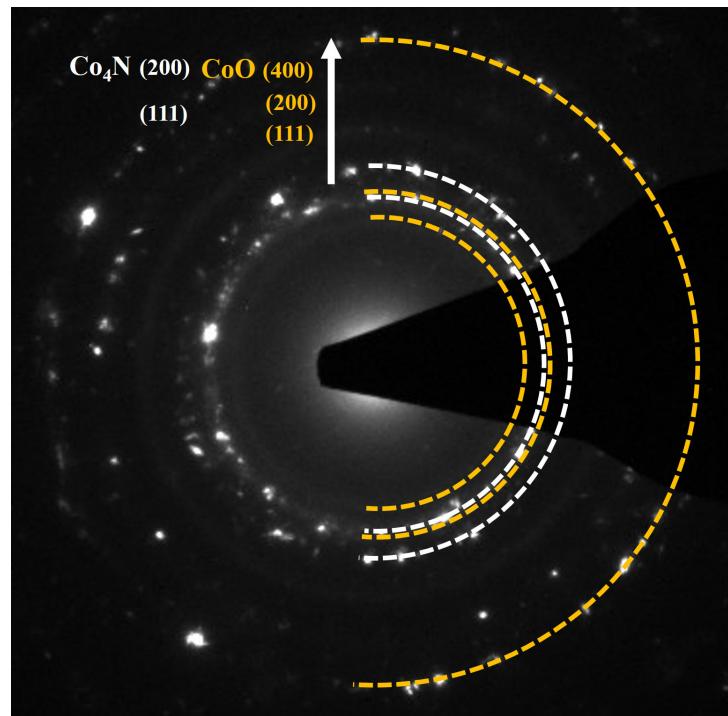


Figure S3. The SAED pattern of CoO/Co₄N.

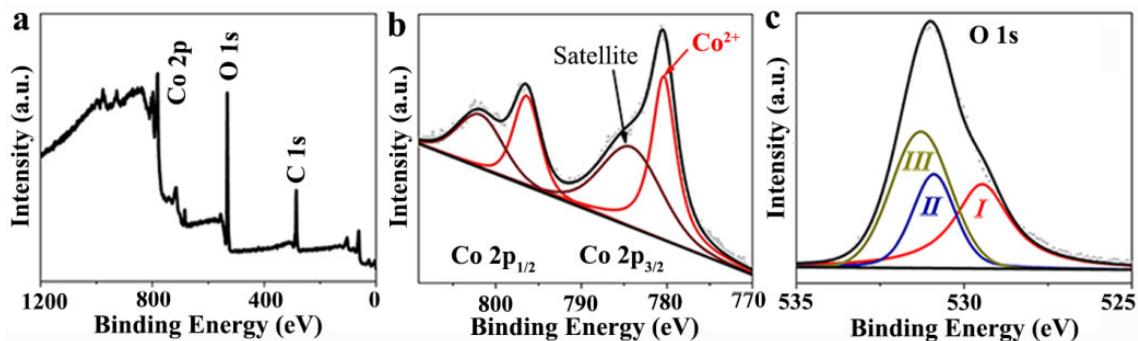


Figure S4. XPS spectra of (a) survey, (b) cobalt, and (c) oxygen scans of Co(OH)F.

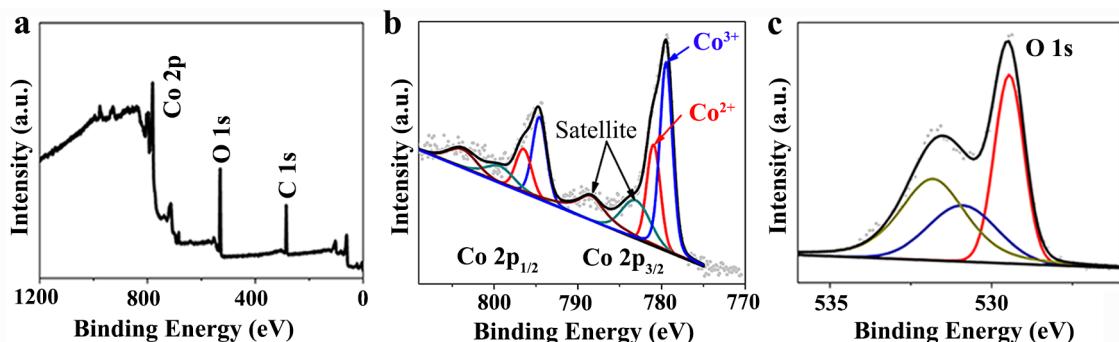


Figure S5. XPS spectra of (a) survey scan, (b) cobalt, and (c) oxygen scans of Co₃O₄.

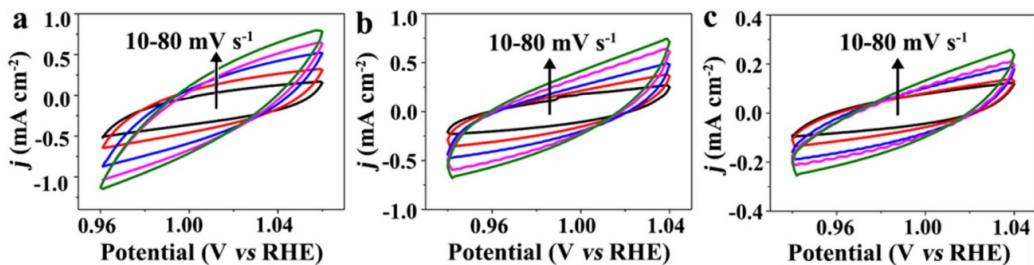


Figure S6. CV curves of (a) CoO/Co₄N, (b) Co₃O₄, and (c) Co(OH)F on NF at scan rates of 10-80 mV s⁻¹ in 1 M PBS.

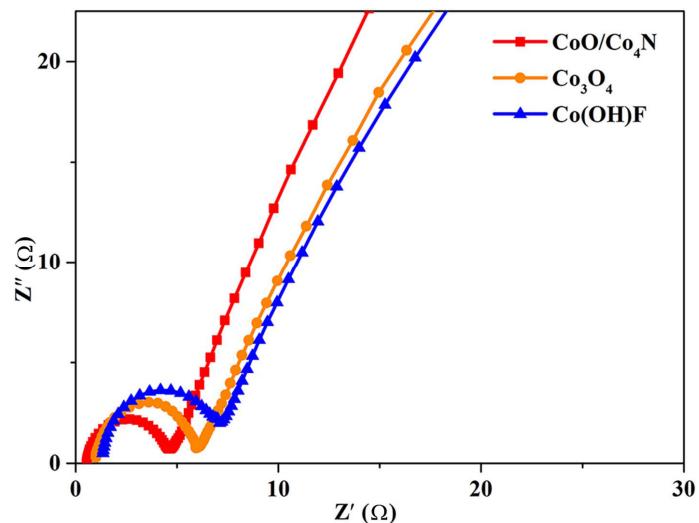


Figure S7. EIS curves of CoO/Co₄N, Co₃O₄ and Co(OH)F. CoO/Co₄N has the lowest low-frequency intercept (0.61 Ω) at horizontal axis, and the smallest diameter braced by the semicircle (4.04 Ω). They illuminate the enhanced conductivity and catalytic activity in CoO/Co₄N, respectively, for electrocatalysis.

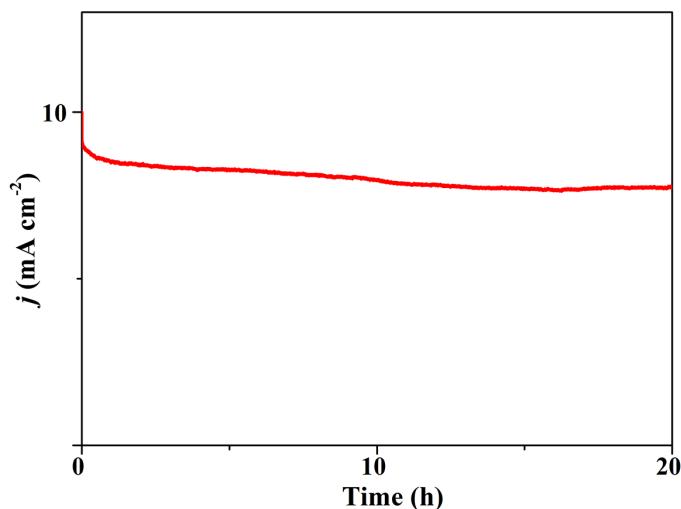


Figure S8. Chronoamperometric curve of the OER of CoO/Co₄N with a current of 10 mA cm⁻².

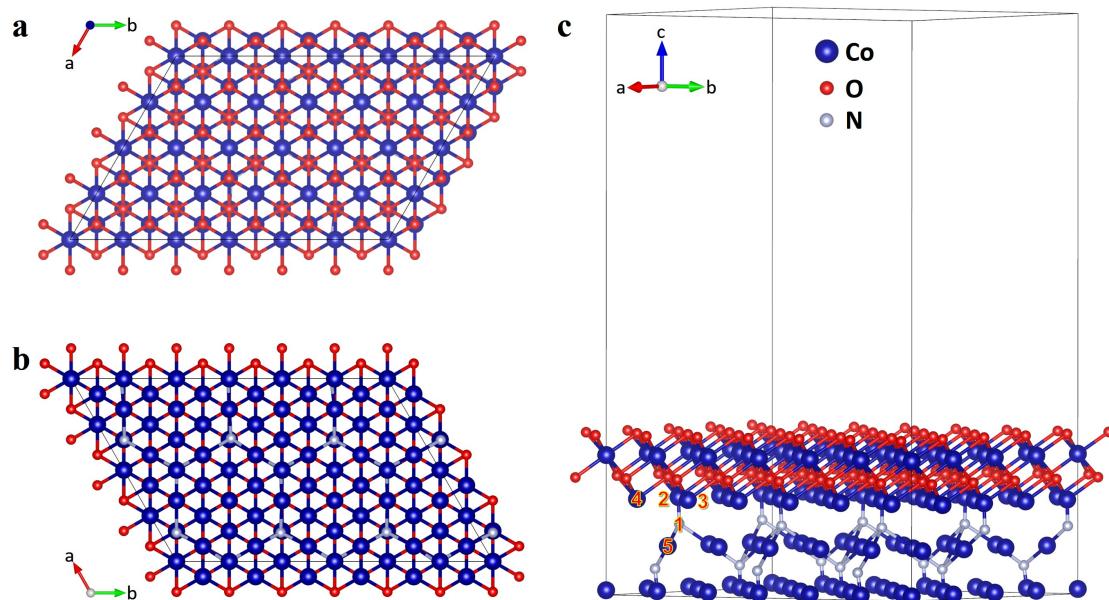


Figure S9. Constructed structure of CoO/Co₄N heterojunction: (a) top, (b) bottom, and (c) side views, respectively.

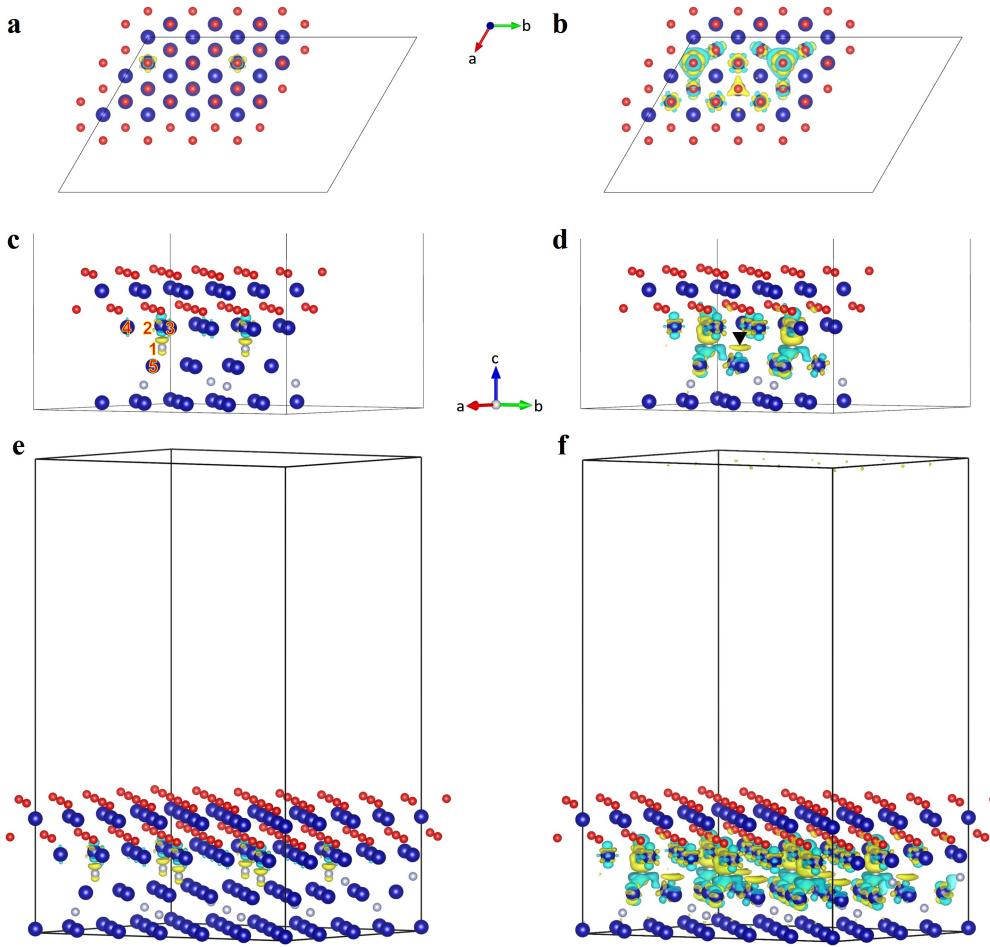


Figure S10. (a,b) Top and (c-f) side views of charge density difference of CoO/Co₄N via the subtraction between charge densities before and after meeting CoO and Co₄N, drawn at isosurfaces of 0.025 and 0.005 e Bohr⁻³, respectively. The total amount of atoms in (a-d) is reduced by four for clear diagram. Yellow regions represent electron accumulation, and cyan ones represent consumption. There exists some electron decrement at cobalt atoms, and some accumulation at nitrogen atoms at the interface. The nitrogen-nearest neighbor, cobalt labeled as Co-2, contributes a large fraction of the electron transfer from cobalt to nitrogen (the residual electrons of Co-2 perform shrinkage as shown by some interspersed yellow regions). The nitrogen-next-nearest neighbors, cobalts labeled as Co-3 and Co-4, also contribute to the electron transfer from cobalt to nitrogen. For quantification, the net formal charges are -0.77, -0.57, -0.57, -0.36 and 0.69 for Co-2, 3, 4, 5, and N-1, respectively, according to the calculated Bader charges. It is noticeable that the interfacial bonding has some delocalization figure, as indicated by a delocalized electron accumulation marked by ▼ in (d).

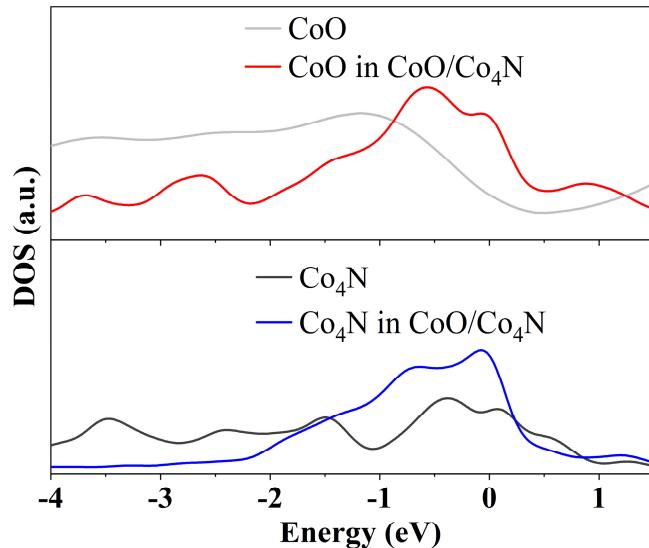


Figure S11. Partial DOS of CoO slab and Co₄N slab in CoO/Co₄N, as compared to DOS of pure phases CoO and Co₄N, respectively, indicating the mutual regulation of electron structures. Both partial DOS of CoO and Co₄N in CoO/Co₄N have clear increases around Fermi level, contributing to improving conductivity. The band modulation results from the interfacial coupling. Moreover, there is a DOS local peak for CoO slab in CoO/Co₄N at Fermi level. It implies that such CoO is more active for electron transfer benefiting electrocatalysis.^{S1}

Table S1. Constituents of Co(OH)F, Co₃O₄, and CoO/Co₄N according to XPS. The nitrogen fraction of CoO/Co₄N is higher than the stoichiometric number owing to popular overestimation to light elements.

Samples	Co 2p _{3/2}					Lattice oxygen		Chemisorbed oxygen				Co:O in oxides	Co:N in nitride	
	Co ⁰	Co ³⁺	Co ²⁺		Peak I	Peak II		Peak III						
Co(OH)F	-	-	-	-	780.4	100	529.5	36	530.9	23	531.6	41	0.97:1	-
Co ₃ O ₄	-	-	779.3	65	780.9	35	529.5	35	530.9	24	531.8	41	0.70:1	-
CoO/Co₄N	779.2	33	-	-	780.8	67	529.5	18	530.9	32	531.7	50	1.05:1	2.1:1

Table S2. Comparison of OER activity of catalysts in neutral media in this work and recent reports.

Catalysts	η at 10 mA cm ⁻² (mV)	Tafel slop (mV dec ⁻¹)	Current density at 1.8 V (mA)	References
CoO/Co₄N/NF	398	83	102	This work
a-Co ₂ P	592	94.4	-	25
Cobalt borate	-	160	14.4	26
Cobalt phosphate	450	187	27	27
S-NiFe ₂ O ₄ /NF	494	118.1	-	31
Co _{1-x} Fe _x P/CNT	500	-	-	S2
FeNi-P	429	136	-	S3
Co ₃ S ₄	-	151	2.4	S4
Co(CO ₃) _{0.5} (OH)·0.11H ₂ O	460	284	-	S5
Mn ₅ O ₈	-	-	5	S6
Co ₃ O ₄ /SWNT	-	-	6	S7
Fe-based film	-	-	5.6	S8
Co(PO ₃) ₂	590	74.1	-	S9
ZnCo ₂ O ₄	-	76	2.7	S10

Table S3. Comparison of HER activity of catalysts in neutral media in this work and recent reports.

Catalysts	η at 10 mA cm ⁻² (mV)	Tafel slop (mV dec ⁻¹)	References
CoO/Co₄N/NF	145	80	This work
Co-NRCNTs	540	-	50
S-NiFe ₂ O ₄ /NF	197	81.3	31
SiO ₂ /PPy/NTs	>180	100.2	S11
Co-C-N	273	107	S12
Co-SNP/CC	74	111	S13
Co ₉ S ₈	175	-	S14
H ₂ -CoCat	>385	140	S15
WP ₂	244	92	S16
CoP/NF	180	189	S17
CoP	106	93	S18
Ni _{1-x} Co _x Se ₂	82	78	S19
Cobalt sulfide	160	93	S20
FeP nanorod	202	71	S21
MoS ₂ /N-doped graphene	261	230	S22

Table S4. Comparison of overall water splitting of bifunctional catalysts in neutral media in this work and state-of-the-art reports.

Catalysts	Cell voltage at 10 mA cm ⁻² (V)	Electrolyte	References
CoO/Co₄N/NF	1.79	1.0 M PBS	This work
Doped carbon/oxidized carbon cloth	>1.9	0.2 M PBS	28
NiFeO _x /carbon fiber paper	1.83	1 M K ₂ HPO ₄ /KH ₂ PO ₄	29
CoO/CoSe ₂ /titanium mesh	2.18	0.5 M PBS	30
S-NiFe ₂ O ₄ /NF	1.95	1.0 M PBS	31

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