Supporting Information

Highly Integrated All-manganese Battery with Supported Oxide Nanoparticles on Cathode and Anode by Super-aligned Carbon Nanotubes

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Fig. S1. (a) SEM image of LMN nanoparticles; (b) The top-view SEM image of LMN/SACNT; (c) SEM image of LMN/SACNT and corresponding element mappings of (d) Mn, (e)Ni, (f) C, and (g) O; (h) EDS profile and element contents.



Fig. S2. SEM images of LMN from the precursor synthesized at -10°C, 10 °C and 25 °C.



Fig. S3. Stress-strain curves of LMN/SACNT and MnO/SACNT electrodes.



Fig. S4. (a, c) Nitrogen adsorption and desorption isotherms and (b, d) pore distribution curves of LMN/SACNT (a, b) and LMN (c, d).



Fig. S5. SEM image of SACNT, indicating the orderly arranging of CNTs in long range.



Fig. S6. TGA curve of LMN/SACNT.



Fig. S7. (a) TEM, (b) HRTEM and (c) HAADF STEM images of LMN nanoparticles; (d) Line scan EDS profile in (c).



Fig. S8. Electrical conductivity of LMN/SACNT and LMN.



Fig. S9. Cycling performance and corresponding Coulombic efficiency of LMN/SACNT electrode with a mass loading of 4.5 mg cm⁻² at 0.3C. Before cycling, an initial activation was performed at 0.1 C for 5 cycles.



Fig. S10. Electrochemical impedance spectra of tLMN/SACNT and LMN electrodes after 200 cycles at 0.3C.



Fig. S11. Cycling performance of LMN/SACNT electrode at various rates (after activation at 0.1 C for 5 cycles) between 2.0-4.8 V.



Fig. S12. SEM images of (a) MnO and (b) MnO/SACNT.



Fig. S13. (a) TEM and (b) HRTEM images of MnO/SACNT.



Fig. S14. Typical charge/discharge profiles of LMN/SACNTIMnO/SACNT full cell when performed with rate capability test in Fig. 5c.



Fig. S15. Typical charge/discharge profiles of LMN/SACNTIMnO/SACNT full cell when performed with cyclic stability test in Fig. 5d



Fig. S16. Evolution of average discharge voltage of LMN/SACNTIMnO/SACNT full cell with cycling at 1 C



Fig. S17. SEM image of LMN/SACNT electrodde from the cycled LMN/SACNTIMnO/SACNT full cell at 1 C for 200 cycles.



Fig. S18. XRD pattern of LMN/SACNT electrode from the cycled LMN/SACNTIMnO/SACNT full cell at 1 C for 200 cycles.



Fig. S19. LMN/SACNT MnO/SACNT pouch cell that power two LEDs under bending conditions.

Samples	R_e / Ω	R_s/Ω	R_{ct}/Ω	R_{total}/ Ω
LMN/SACNT	2.11	165	200	367.11
LMN	2.21	248	355	605.21

 Table S1. Fitting parameters for EIS of two samples.

Sample	Current density / mA g ⁻¹	Voltage window / V	Capacity / mAh g ⁻¹	Energy density / Wh kg ⁻¹	Ref.
rGO/Mn ₃ O ₄ LiMn ₂ O ₄	100	2.0-4.1	100		[1]
MnO _x /CNT LiMn ₂ O ₄ /CNT	150	2.4-3.7	~97		[2]
$Mn_2O_3 {{}^{ }} LiMn_2O_4$	100	1.5-4.2	~99		[3]
MnO@C LiMn ₂ O ₄	25.16	2.4-4.2		397 (Based on the weight of cathode active material)	[4]
$MnO_x/C \ LiMn_2O_4$	29.6	2.0-4.1	~100	350 (Based on the weight of cathode active material)	[5]
$MnO\ LiNi_{0.5}Mn_{1.5}O_{4^-\delta}$	14.8	2.3-4.6		285.5 (Based on the weight of cathode active material)	[6]
LMN/SACNT MnO/SACNT	200	2.0-4.65	253	411 (Based on the total weight of cathode and anode electrodes, separator and electrolyte)	This work

 Table S2. Performance comparisons of our full cell with those reported in literature.

Reference:

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