

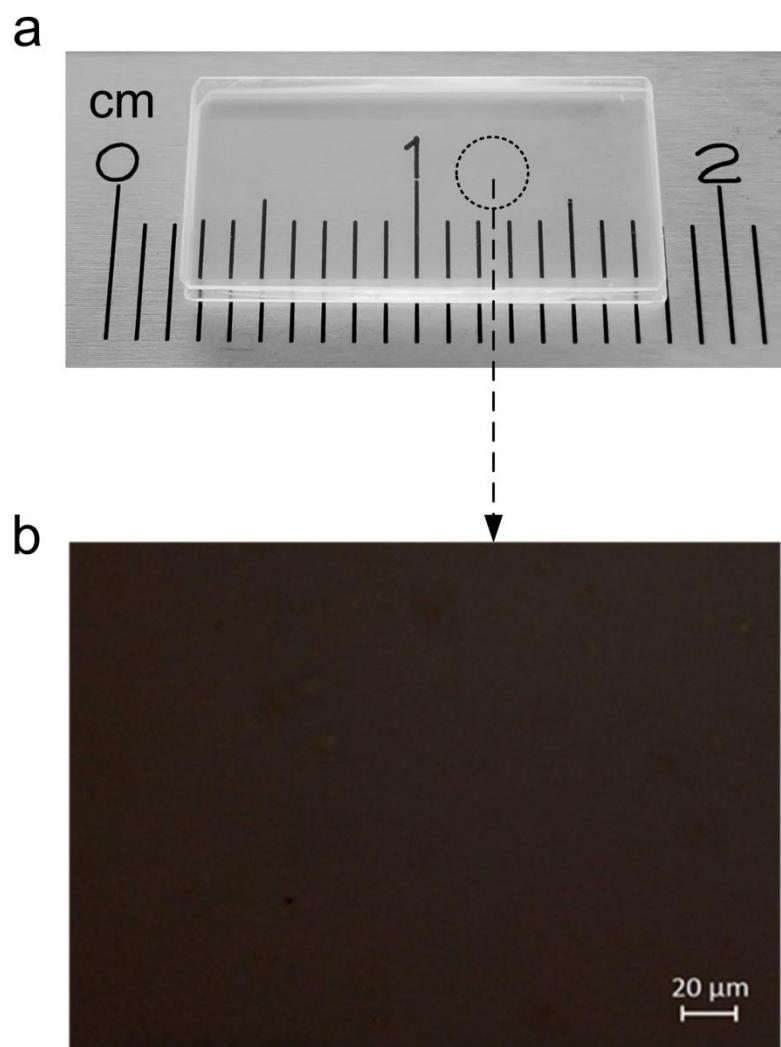
**Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI) for**

**A photostable vitrified film based on a terbium(III)  $\beta$ -diketonate complex as a sensing element for reusable luminescent thermometers**

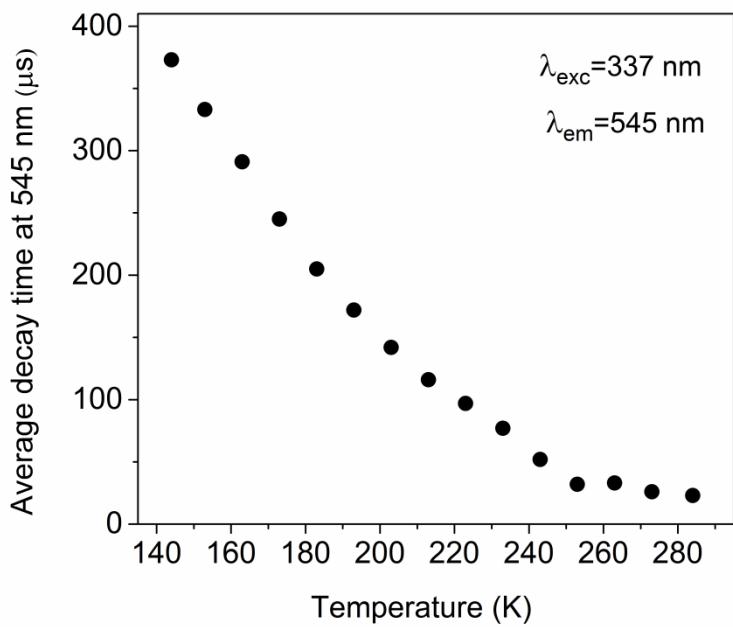
Dmitry V. Lapaev,<sup>\*a</sup> Victor G. Nikiforov,<sup>a</sup> Vladimir S. Lobkov,<sup>a</sup> Andrey A. Knyazev,<sup>b</sup>  
Yury G. Galyametdinov<sup>ab</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Zavoisky Physical-Technical Institute, Federal Research Center “Kazan Scientific Center of RAS”, Sibirsky trakt str., 10/7, 420029, Kazan, Russia. E-mail: [d\\_lapaev@mail.ru](mailto:d_lapaev@mail.ru)

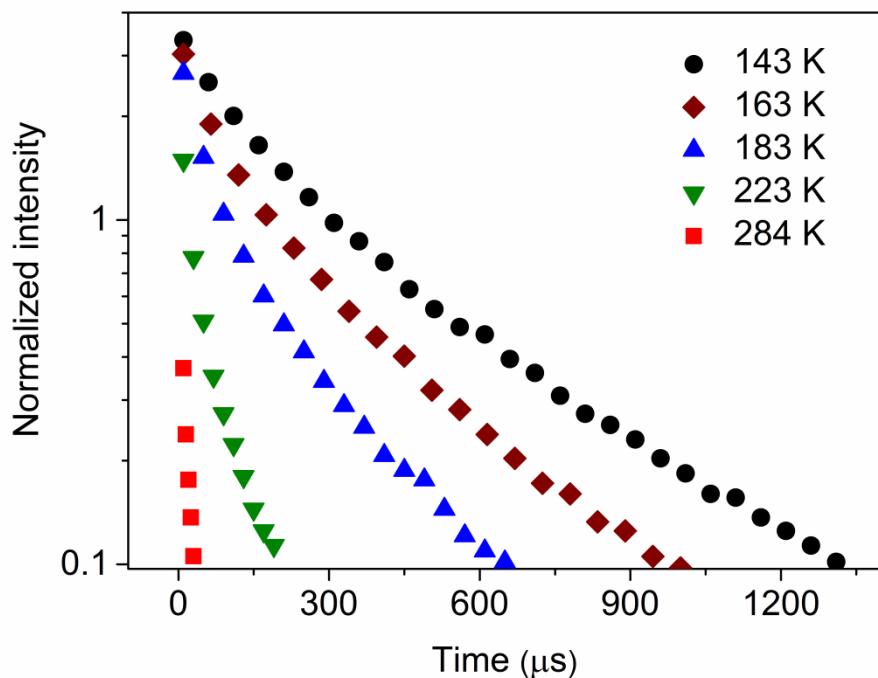
<sup>b</sup> Kazan National Research Technological University, K. Marks str., 68, 420015, Kazan, Russia



**Fig. S1** (a) Photographic image of the 20  $\mu\text{m}$  thick vitrified  $\text{Tb}(\text{CPDK}_{3-7})_3\text{phen}$  film sandwiched between two quartz plates with the size of  $7 \times 15 \times 0.5$  mm in daylight. The dashed ring indicates the exposed surface area of the film. (b) Room temperature POM image of the surface area of the  $\text{Tb}(\text{CPDK}_{3-7})_3\text{phen}$  film viewed under crossed polarizers and  $500\times$  magnification.



**Fig. S2** Temperature dependence of the average luminescence decay time ( $\lambda_{\text{exc}}=337 \text{ nm}$ ,  $\lambda_{\text{em}}=545 \text{ nm}$ ) of the 20  $\mu\text{m}$  thick vitrified  $\text{Tb}(\text{CPDK}_{3-7})_3\text{phen}$  film.



**Fig. S3** Temperature dependence of the luminescence decay curve ( $\lambda_{\text{exc}}=337 \text{ nm}$ ,  $\lambda_{\text{em}}=545 \text{ nm}$ ) of the 20  $\mu\text{m}$  thick vitrified  $\text{Tb}(\text{CPDK}_{3-7})_3\text{phen}$  film.

**Table S1** Parameters of the function  $I(t) = \sum_{i=1}^n A_i \exp(-t / \tau_i)$  fitting the luminescence decay

curve ( $\lambda_{\text{em}}=545$  nm) of the 20  $\mu\text{m}$  thick vitrified  $\text{Tb(CPDK}_{3-7}\text{)}_3\text{phen}$  film at different temperatures, and temperature dependences of the average luminescence decay time  $\langle\tau\rangle$  and the mean luminescence intensity  $\langle I \rangle$

Temperature (K)	$A_1$	$\tau_1$ ( $\mu\text{s}$ )	$A_2$	$\tau_2$ ( $\mu\text{s}$ )	$\langle\tau\rangle$ ( $\mu\text{s}$ )	$\langle I \rangle$	Correlation coefficient $R^2$
143	1.6±0.001	109±1.1	1.8±0.01	434±2	373±9	956±10	0.9997
153	1.7±0.01	89±1	1.6±0.01	394±2	333±10	782±10	0.9997
163	1.8±0.01	73±1	1.4±0.01	350±2	291±10	621±9	0.9994
173	1.9±0.01	57±1	1.3±0.01	298±2	245±9	496±8	0.9992
183	1.9±0.01	46±0.5	1.1±0.01	257±2	205±9	370±6	0.9992
193	1.9±0.01	38±0.5	0.9±0.01	221±2	172±8	271±5	0.9988
203	1.9±0.01	31±0.3	0.7±0.01	190±2	142±8	192±4	0.9987
213	1.7±0.01	26±0.4	0.6±0.01	159±2	116±8	140±4	0.9985
223	1.6±0.01	22±0.3	0.5±0.01	137±2	97±8	104±3	0.9984
233	1.4±0.01	18±0.3	0.4±0.01	113±2	77±7	70±2	0.9983
243	1.2±0.01	14±0.3	0.4±0.01	75±2	52±6	47±2	0.9993
253	1.2±0.04	9±0.4	0.4±0.02	49±2	33±7	30±3	0.9988
263	1±0.02	10±0.4	0.3±0.02	49±3	33±9	25±2	0.9992
273	0.9±0.04	8±0.5	0.2±0.02	38±2	26±8	15±2	0.9985
284	0.8±0.04	7±0.4	0.2±0.01	35±1	23±5	13±1	0.9985