

## **Supplementary Informations:**

### **Enhanced energy storage properties in a novel lead-free ceramic with multilayer structure**

**Fei Yan, Haibo Yang\*, Ying Lin, and Tong Wang**

School of Materials Science and Engineering, Shaanxi University of Science and Technology,

Xi'an, 710021, Weiyang District, Xi'an, China

#### **AUTHOR INFORMATION**

##### **Corresponding Author (\*Haibo Yang)**

E-mail: [yanghaibo@sust.edu.cn](mailto:yanghaibo@sust.edu.cn)

Table S1 Comparison the energy storage properties of lead free ceramics that prepared by different methods

Methods	Composition	$W_{rec}$	$E_b$	$\eta$	Ref.
		(J/cm <sup>3</sup> )	(kV/cm)	(%)	
Ion substitutions or solid solution	$Na_{1/2}(Bi_{0.98}Gd_{0.02})_{1/2}TiO_3$	0.85	90	65	[40]
	$[Bi_{0.5}(Na_{0.82}K_{0.18})_{0.5}]_{0.97}La_{0.03}Ti_{0.97}Zr_{0.03}O_3$	0.84	80	-	[41]
	$Bi_{0.4}La_{0.1}(Na_{0.82}K_{0.18})_{0.5}Ti_{0.96}Zr_{0.02}Sn_{0.02}O_3$	1.95	155	71	[42]
	$0.90(Bi_{0.5}Na_{0.5}TiO_3-BaTiO_3)-0.10NaTaO_3$	1.2	100	74.8	[32]
	$0.5SrTiO_3-0.5(0.95Bi_{0.5}Na_{0.5}TiO_3-$	1.89	190	77	[11]
	$0.05BaAl_{0.5}Nb_{0.5}O_3)$				
	$0.75Bi_{0.5}Na_{0.5}TiO_3-0.25BaSnO_3$	1.91	190	86.4	[43]
	$0.92(0.65BaTiO_3-0.35Bi_{0.5}Na_{0.5}TiO_3)-$	1.70	172	82	[44]
	$0.08Na_{0.73}Bi_{0.09}NbO_3$				
Additives	$0.55Bi_{0.5}Na_{0.5}TiO_3-$	1.62	189.7	79.51	[45]
	$0.45Ba_{0.85}Ca_{0.15}Ti_{0.85}Zr_{0.1}Sn_{0.05}O_3-5wt\%MgO$				
	$0.95(Na_{0.5}Bi_{0.5})TiO_3-0.05BaTiO_3+3 mol\%(BaO-$	0.68	65	71	[46]
	$B_2O_3-SiO_2)$				
	$Bi_{0.487}Na_{0.427}K_{0.06}Ba_{0.026}TiO_3-x wt\%CeO_2$	0.94	75	54	[13]
Composites	$SrTiO_3/(0.94Bi_{0.5}Na_{0.5}TiO_3-0.06BaTiO_3)$	2.41	237	68	This work

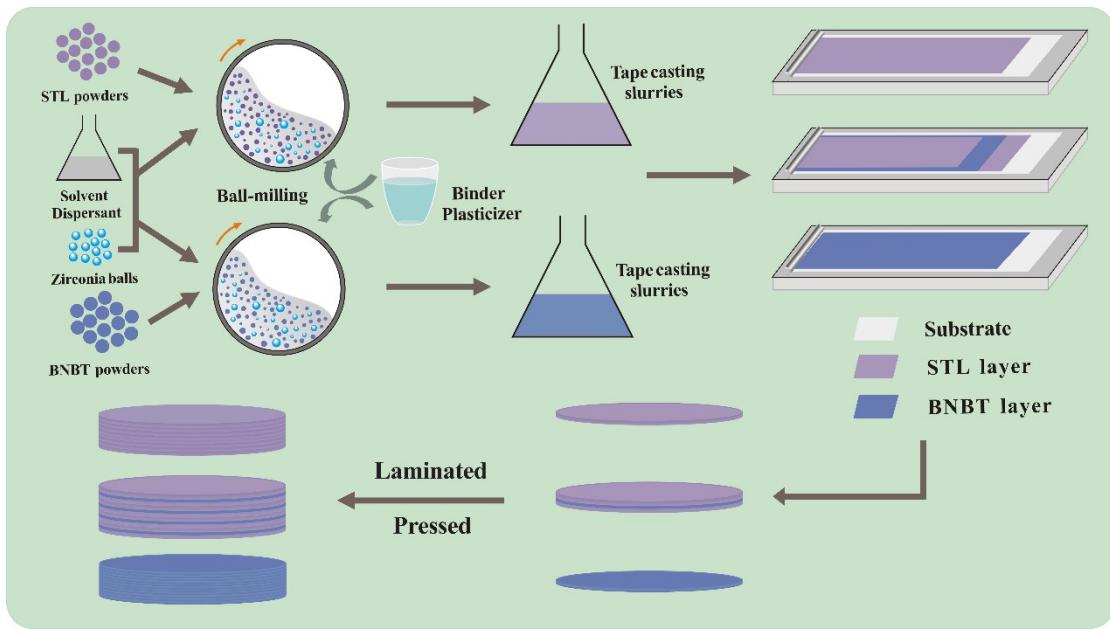


Figure S1 Schematic drawing of the fabrication process for STL ceramic, BNBT

ceramic and STL/BNBT multilayer ceramic

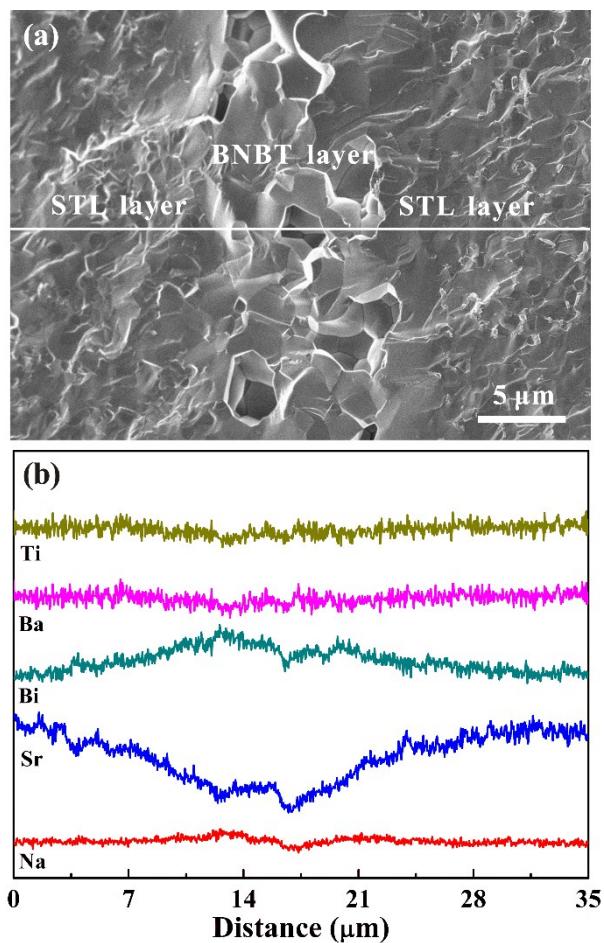


Figure S2(a) SEM and (b) EDS analysis results of STL/BNBT multilayer ceramic

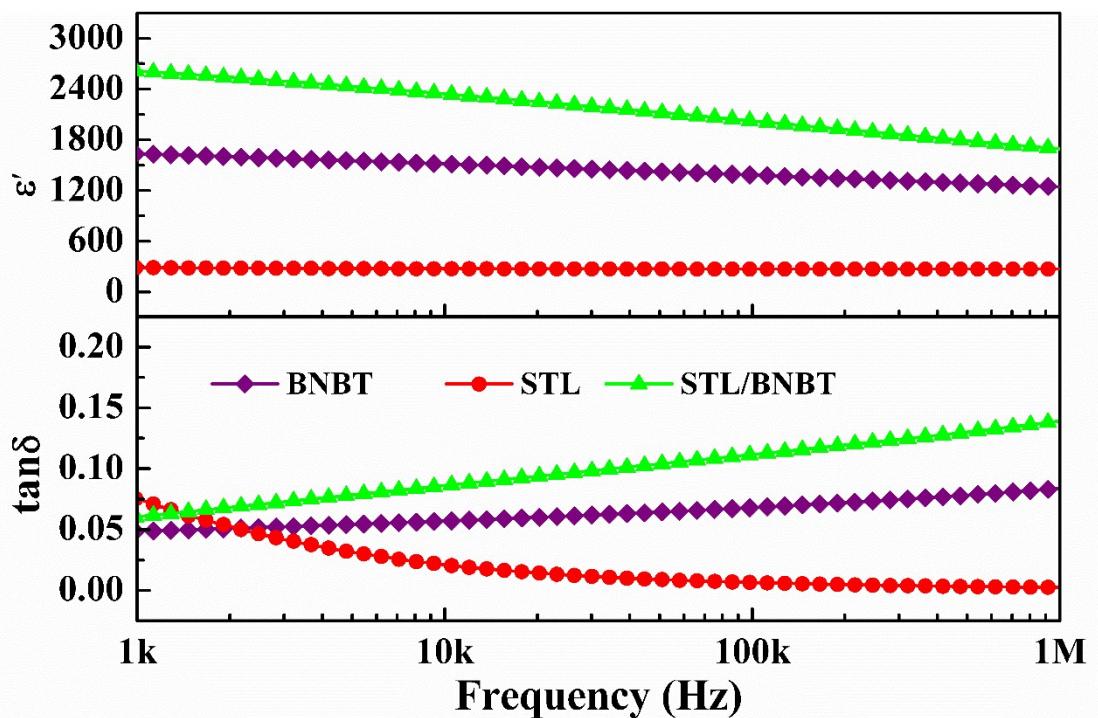


Figure S3 Frequency dependent dielectric constant ( $\epsilon'$ ) and dielectric loss ( $\tan\delta$ ) for STL ceramic, BNBT ceramic and STL/BNBT multilayer ceramic at room temperature

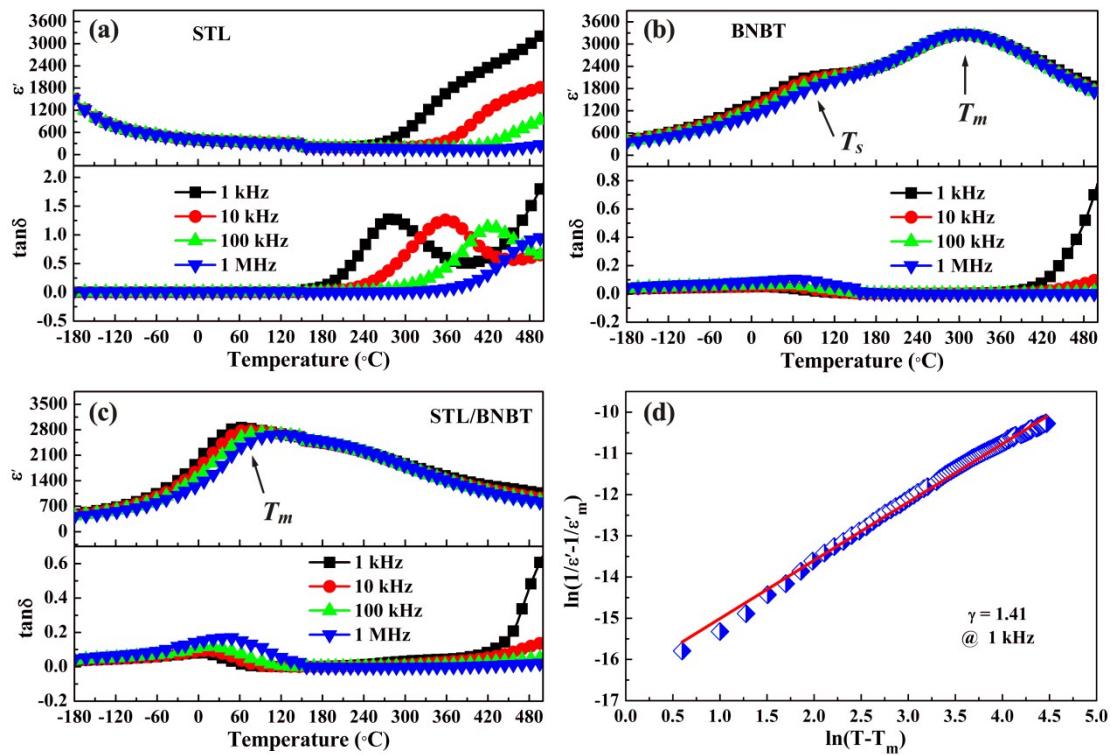


Figure S4(a)-(c) Temperature dependent dielectric constant ( $\epsilon'$ ) and dielectric loss ( $\tan\delta$ ) for STL ceramic, BNBT ceramic and STL/BNBT multilayer ceramic at room temperature from 1 kHz to 1 MHz; (d) Plot of  $\ln(1/\epsilon' - 1/\epsilon'_m)$  as a function of  $\ln(T - T_m)$  for STL/BNBT multilayer ceramic (Symbols: experimental date; solid line: fit)

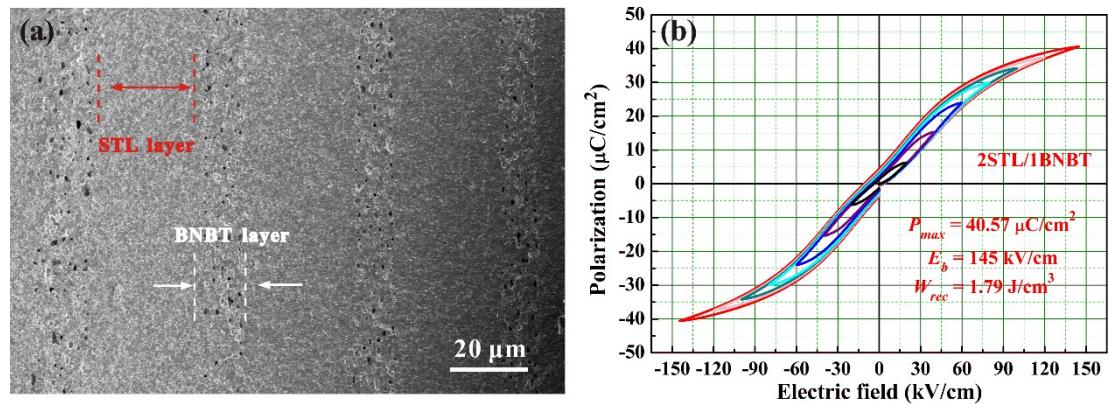


Figure S5 (a) Cross-section image of the 2STL/1BNBT multilayer ceramic; (b)  $P$ - $E$  loops of the 2STL/1BNBT multilayer ceramic