

Supporting Information

Photoluminescence of Sn²⁺-I⁻-mixed molecular perovskites

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Experimental section

Synthesis of starting materials. MDABCO (MDABCO = N-methyl-N²-diazabicyclo(2,2,2)octonium) slats. MDABCO slats were prepared by evaporation of a solution containing stoichiometric MDABCO iodide and the HBF₄ or HReO₄ in air. The materials were heating at around 333 K for one day to remove yellow I₂ impurities. The Mdabco iodide was prepared by reaction of dabco and CH₃I in toluene.

Crystal growth. MDABCO(NH₄)(BF₄)₃ (**I**) or MDABCO(NH₄)(ReO₄)₃ (**II**) was obtained as crystal by evaporation of a solution containing stoichiometric MDABCO(BF₄)₂ or MDABCO(ReO₄)₂ and NH₄BF₄ or NH₄ReO₄ at around 333 K. The purity of the bulk phases was verified by PXRD (Fig. S1).

Mixing of Sn²⁺. The crystals of Sn²⁺-mixed compound were grown as the same method as that for non-mixed compound, except that SnCl₂ and H₃PO₂ were used. The used volume amounts of H₃PO₂ solution (50%) is about one sixth of the whole. The use of H₃PO₂ is to avoid of the oxidation of Sn²⁺. To avoid contamination of the impurities, the crystals were separated before the drying of the solution in the evaporation.

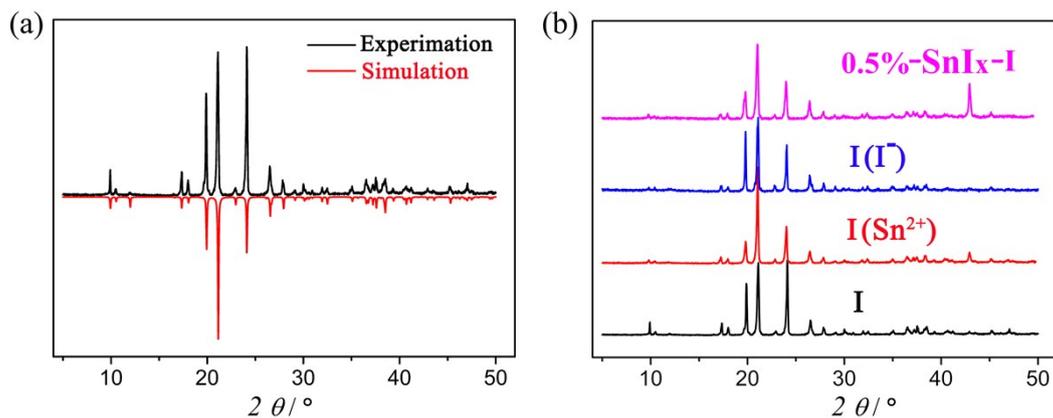


Figure S1. Powder X-ray diffraction pattern of (a) **I** and (b) mixing of SnI_xY^- measured at room temperature, verifying the purity of the bulk.

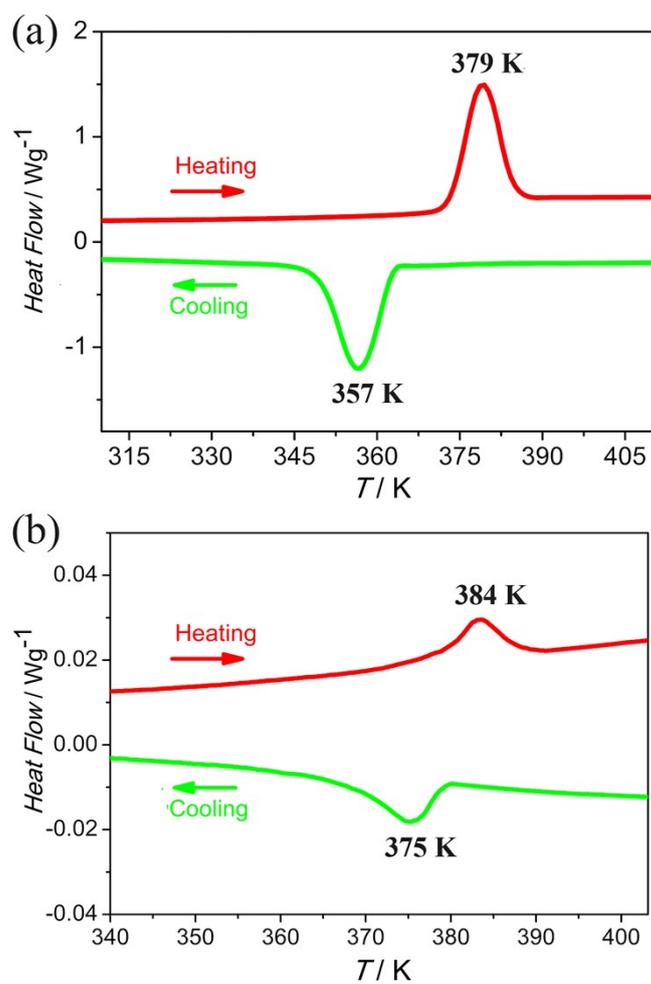


Figure S2. DSC curves of (a) **I** and (b) **II** measured in the heating-cooling cycle.

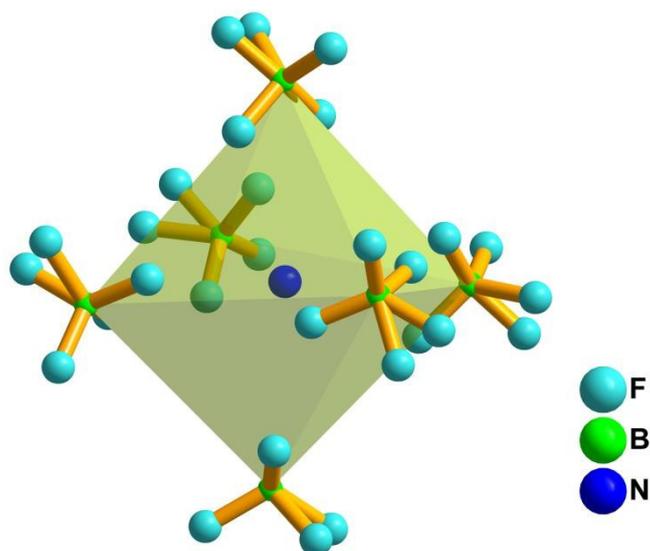


Figure S3. The structure of the $\text{NH}_4(\text{BF}_4)_6$ octahedron in $(\text{MDABCO})(\text{NH}_4)(\text{BF}_4)_3$ (**I**), showing the tilting geometry from that of the regular one.

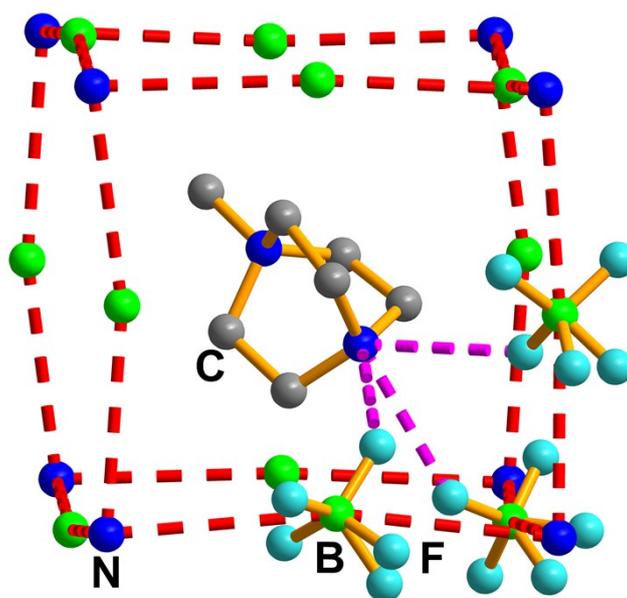


Figure S4. The cage-like structure of $(\text{MDABCO})(\text{NH}_4)(\text{BF}_4)_3$ (**I**), showing the hydrogen bond interactions between the A-site organic cation the X-site BF_4^- anion. The pink dashed lines indicate the hydrogen bonds. Hydrogen atoms and partial fluorine atoms are omitted for clarity.

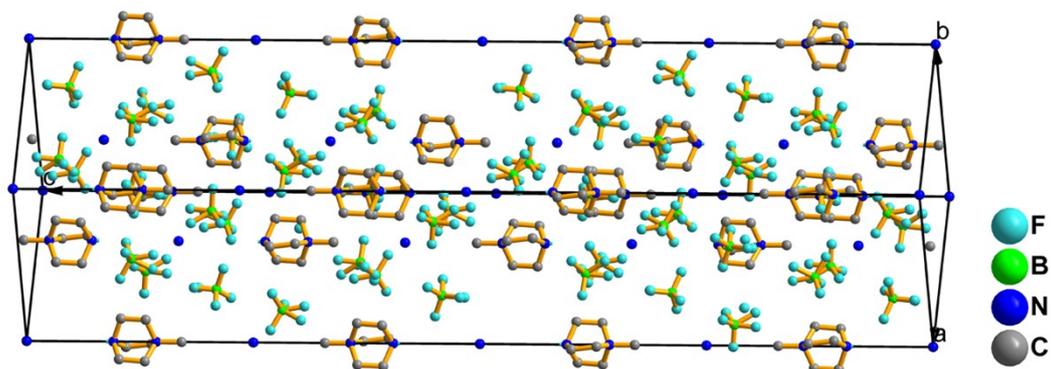


Figure S5. The packing view of $(\text{MDABCO})(\text{NH}_4)(\text{BF}_4)_3$ (**I**), showing centrosymmetric structure with the head-to-head and tail-to-tail arrangement of the organic cation.

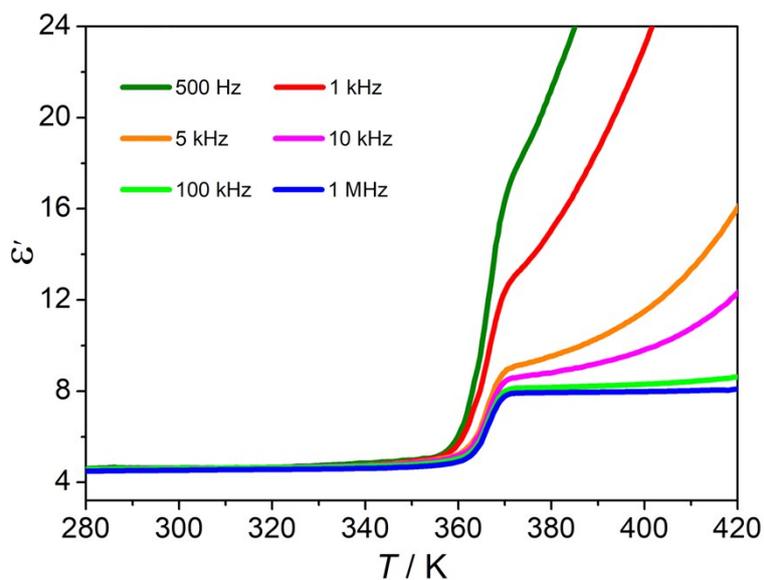


Figure S6. The real part of complex dielectric permittivity (ϵ') of **I** as a function of temperature at the frequency range from 500 Hz to 1 MHz.

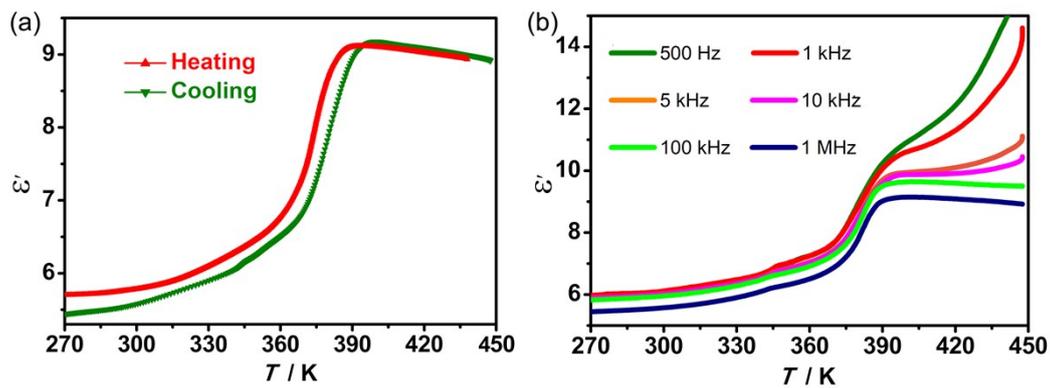


Figure S7. The real part of complex dielectric permittivity (ϵ') of **I** as a function of temperature at (a) 1 MHz and (b) at the frequency range from 500 Hz to 1 MHz.

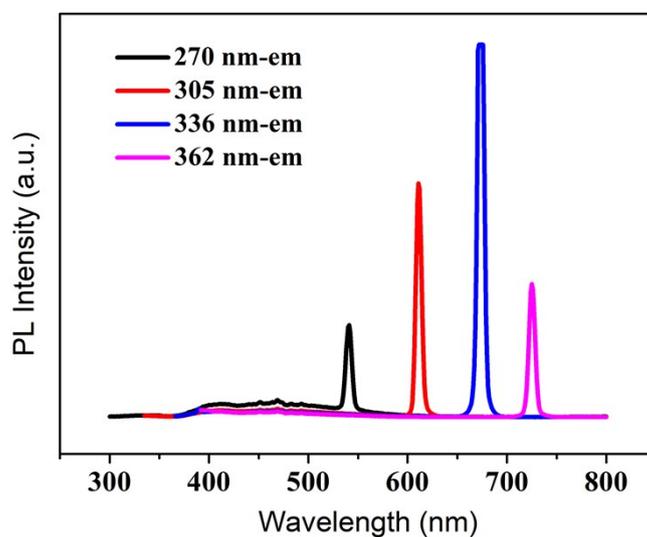


Figure S8. Emission spectra of **I**, confirming that **I** do not emit light under UV excitation.

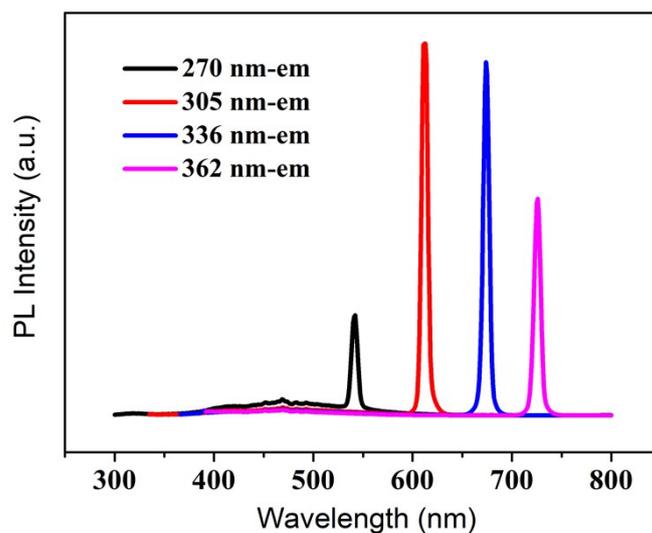


Figure S9. Emission spectra of $\mathbf{I}(\text{I}^-)$, confirming that $\mathbf{I}(\text{I}^-)$ do not emit light under UV excitation.

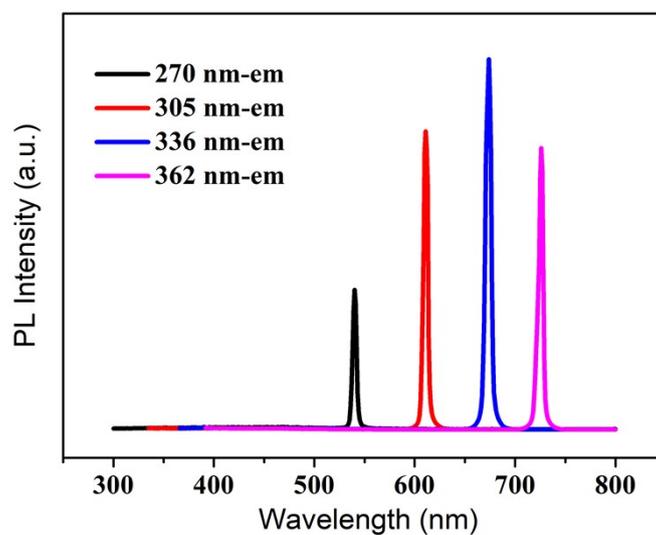


Figure S10. Emission spectra of $\mathbf{I}(\text{Sn}^{2+})$, confirming that $\mathbf{I}(\text{Sn}^{2+})$ do not emit light under UV excitation.

Table S1. Crystal data and structure refinements for \mathbf{I} .

	293 K	408 K
Formula	$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{20}\text{B}_3\text{F}_{12}\text{N}_3$	$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{20}\text{B}_3\text{F}_{12}\text{N}_3$
M_w	406.69	406.69
Crystal system	Trigonal	cubic
Space group	$R\bar{3}c$	$Pm\bar{3}m$

a [Å]	10.213(2)	7.4699(6)
b [Å]	10.213(2)	7.4699(6)
c [Å]	53.387(9)	7.4699(6)
α [°]	90	90
β [°]	90	90
γ [°]	120	90
V [Å ³]	4823(2)	416.82(10)
Z	12	1
$D_{\text{calc}} / \text{g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$	1.680	1.620
μ [mm ⁻¹]	0.196	0.189
Reflections collected unique	6151 / 1216	666 / 144
R_{int}	0.0572	0.0453
$R_1^{\text{[a]}}$, $wR_2^{\text{[b]}}$ ($I > 2\sigma(I)$)	0.1254, 0.3255	0.2214, 0.6111
$R_1^{\text{[a]}}$, $wR_2^{\text{[b]}}$ (all data)	0.1470, 0.3425	0.2710, 0.6333
GOF	1.129	2.454
$\Delta\rho^{\text{[c]}}$ [e·Å ⁻³]	0.514 / -0.480	0.107 / -0.097

[a] $R_1 = \sum ||F_o| - |F_c|| / |F_o|$. [b] $wR_2 = [\sum w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2 / \sum w(F_o^2)^2]^{1/2}$. [c] Maximum and minimum residual electron density.

Table S2. Crystal data and structure refinements for **II**.

	293 K	403 K
Formula	C ₇ H ₁₆ N ₃ O ₁₂ Re ₃	C ₇ H ₁₆ N ₃ O ₁₂ Re ₃
M_w	892.86	892.86
Crystal system	monoclinic	cubic
Space group	$P2_1/c$	$Pm-3m$
a [Å]	10.3825(8)	7.699(4)
b [Å]	11.2230(5)	7.699(4)
c [Å]	15.1415(9)	7.699(4)
α [°]	90	90
β [°]	90.205(6)	90
γ [°]	90	90
V [Å ³]	1764.32(19)	456.4(7)
Z	4	1
$D_{\text{calc}} / \text{g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$	3.361	3.088
μ [mm ⁻¹]	20.595	19.893

Reflections collected unique	12840 / 4043	1677 / 139
R_{int}	0.0634	0.0500
$R_1^{[\text{a}]}$, $wR_2^{[\text{b}]}$ ($I > 2\sigma(I)$)	0.0506, 0.1161	0.0512, 0.1350
$R_1^{[\text{a}]}$, $wR_2^{[\text{b}]}$ (all data)	0.0581, 0.1212	0.0531, 0.1362
GOF	1.155	1.342
$\Delta\rho^{[\text{c}]}$ [$\text{e}\cdot\text{\AA}^{-3}$]	2.003 / -2.617	0.987 / -0.800

[a] $R_1 = \Sigma||F_o|-|F_c||/|F_o|$. [b] $wR_2 = [\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2 / \Sigma w(F_o^2)^2]^{1/2}$. [c] Maximum and minimum residual electron density.