Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Journal of Materials Chemistry C. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2019

Electronic Supplementary Information

Enantiopure versus Racemic Naphthalene Diimide-Based n-Type

Organic Semiconductors: Effect on Charge Transport

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1. Synthesis and characterization.





Diethyl 2,2-dinonylmalonate (2). Under a nitrogen atmosphere, to a solution of 1-Bromononane (60 mL, 0.34 mol) and NaH (16 g, 0.40 mol) in redistilled tetrahydrofuran (200 mL), diethyl malonate (17.2 mL, 0.114 mol) was added dropwise over 0.5 hour at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was warmed to room temperature and then refluxed for 12 h. Quenched the reaction by adding water dropwise at 0 °C and the mixture was poured into Saturated brine (300 mL) and extracted with ether for three times. The organic phase was washed with brine and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The solvent was then removed by rotary evaporation and the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography with ethyl acetate/petroleum ether (v/v= 1:50) as eluent to give compound **2** as a light yellow oil (36 g, yield 77%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 4.17 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.89 – 1.81 (m, 4H), 1.14 – 1.3 (m, 34H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 172.07, 60.92, 57.59, 32.14, 31.94, 29.89, 29.54, 29.38, 29.33, 23.93, 22.72, 14.15, 14.12. MS (ESI) m/z: 413.3 (M+H)⁺. HRMS (ESI) (m/z): (M+H)⁺ Calcd. for C₂₅H₄₉O₄: 413.3625; Found: 413.3625.

2-nonylundecan-1-ol (3). To a solution of Compound **2** (36 g, 0.087 mol) in ethanol (100 mL), 200 mL aqueous KOH (6 M) was added. The mixture was stirred and refluxed for 48 hours. After cooled to room temperature, con. HCl was added slowly at 0 °C to yield a white solid, which was filtered and then dissolved with ether. The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated in vacuo to give the crude product as a white solid that was redissolved in naphthane. DAMP (0.5 g, 4.1 mmol) was added to the solution and heated to 170°C for 24 h, then naphthane and water were removed by vacuum distillation. The residue that was redissolved in redistilled tetrahydrofuran (50 mL) was added to a solution of LiAlH₄ (10.0 g, 0.256 mol) in redistilled tetrahydrofuran (200 mL) at 0 °C under a nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature, which was quenched by water and dropped with aqueous HCl (3 M) to a transparent solution that was extracted with ether (200 mL) for three times and washed with water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄. The solvent was then removed by rotary evaporation and the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography with ethyl acetate/petroleum ether (v/v= 1:5) as eluent to give compound **3** as a light yellow oil (14.2 g, yield 54.6% for 3 steps). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 3.53 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 1.45 (br, 1H), 1.27 (br, 32H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 65.82, 40.62, 31.99, 31.02, 30.16, 29.74, 29.72, 29.43, 26.98, 22.77, 14.18. MS (ESI) m/z: 321.3 (M+Na)⁺. HRMS (ESI) (m/z): (M+NH₄)⁺ Calcd. for C₂₀H₄₆ON: 316.3574; Found: 316.3574.

10-(bromomethyl)nonadecane (4). To a solution of triphenylphosphine (12.6 g, 0.048 mol) in dichloromethane (60 mL), a solution of liquid bromine (2.9 ml, 0.057 mol) in dichloromethane (5 mL) was added dropwise over 0.5 h at 0 °C under anitrogen atmosphere. Then a solution of compound 2 (14.2 g, 0.048 mol) in dichloromethane (10 mL) was dropped in the mixture over 20 minutes and stirred for 24 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was purified by silica gel column chromatography with petroleum ether as eluent and compound **4** was obtained as a transparent oil (10.0 g, yield 60%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 3.44 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 1.59 (br, 1H), 1.25 – 1.41 (m, 32H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 39.66, 39.65, 39.60, 32.66, 32.01, 29.89, 29.70, 29.43, 26.66, 22.78, 14.18. MS (EI) m/z: 360 M⁺. HRMS (EI) (m/z): M⁺ Calcd. for C₂₀H₄₁Br: 360.2392; Found: 360.2383.

2-(2-nonylundecyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (5). Under a nitrogen atmosphere, a solution of compound 3 (10 g, 0.028 mol) and potassium phthalimide (6.2 g, 0.033 mol) in DMF (20 mL) was stirred for 24 h at 90 °C. After cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was poured into 200 mL of water. Dichloromethane was used to extract the product, and the combined organic solution was washed with aqueous KOH (0.2 M), water, brine and dried over anhydride Na₂SO₄. The solvent was removed by rotary evaporation, and the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography with ethyl acetate/petroleum ether (v/v = 1/10) as eluent. Compound 5 was

obtained as a transparent oil (11 g, yield 93%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 7.84 (dd, J = 5.4, 3.1 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (dd, J = 5.4, 3.1 Hz, 2H), 3.57 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.88 (br, 1H), 1.22 – 1.37 (m, 32H), 0.87 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 168.77, 133.87, 132.20, 123.21, 42.38, 37.09, 31.98, 31.54, 30.03, 29.67, 29.41, 26.36, 22.76, 14.19. MS (ESI) m/z: 428.3 (M+H)⁺. HRMS (ESI) (m/z): (M+H)⁺ Calcd. for C₂₈H₄₆O₂N: 428.3523; Found: 428.3523.

2-nonylundecan-1-amine (6). Compound **5** (11 g, 0.026 mol), hydrazine hydrate (hydrazine, 80 %) (4 g, 0.08 mol) and 100 mL methanol were mixed and refluxed for 12 hours. The methanol was removed by rotary evaporation, and the residue was added to dichloromethane (100 mL). The resulting clear solvent was collected by filtration, and washed with 10 % KOH, water and dried over anhydride Na₂SO₄. The solvent was removed by rotary evaporation and afforded a light yellow oil as product **6** which was used in the next synthesis without further purification. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 2.60 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 1.21 – 1.34 (m, 33H), 1.06 (s, 2H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 45.32, 41.02, 31.99, 31.62, 30.18, 29.76, 29.72, 29.43, 26.88, 22.76, 14.17. MS (ESI) m/z: 298.3 (M+H)⁺. HRMS (ESI) (m/z): (M+H)⁺ Calcd. for C₂₀H₄₄N: 298.3468; Found: 298.3469.



Scheme S2. Synthesis of 1-R and 1-S

1-*R* and 1-*S* were synthesized according to the present procedures of our group.

(R)-2,2'-(2-(2-nonylundecyl)-1,3,7,9-tetraoxo-8-(2-phenylpropyl)-1,2,3,7,8,9-hexahydro-

[1,3]dithiolo[4',5':5,6]benzo[1,2,3,4-lmn][1,3]dithiolo[4,5-f][3,8]phenanthroline-5,11-

diylidene)dimalononitrile (1-*R*). A solution of TBNDA (500 mg, 0.856 mmol) and sodium 1,1dicyanoethene-2,2-dithiolate (480 mg, 2.6 mmol) in DMF (45 mL) was stirred at 50 °C for 1.5 hour. Then compound **6** (306 mg, 1.03 mmol) and (R)-2-phenylpropan-1-amine (197 mg, 1.45 mmol) were added to the reaction mixture. The resulting purple black solution was stirred at 55 °C for 10 hours, and water (300 mL) was added to quench the reaction. The product was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 150 mL), and the combined organic solution was washed with water, brine, and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. After the solvent was removed by rotary evaporation, the crude product was purified by silica gel column chromatography with CH_2Cl_2 as eluent. Compound **1**-*R* was obtained as a brownish red solid (85 mg, yield 11%). M.p. > 300 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₂D₂Cl₄) δ (ppm): 7.26 – 7.08 (m, 5H), 4.45 – 4.33 (m, 2H), 4.14 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 3.45 – 3.35 (m, 1H), 1.94 (br, 1H), 1.55 – 1.12 (m, 35H), 0.79 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₂D₂Cl₄) δ (ppm): 182.75, 162.04, 161.76, 145.25, 142.43, 128.85, 127.59, 127.38, 125.16, 117.95, 117.64, 112.12, 70.92, 48.69, 46.66, 38.05, 36.66, 32.10, 31.57, 30.23, 29.92, 29.85, 29.80, 29.57, 26.41, 22.95, 18.74, 14.47. Anal. Calcd. For C₅₁H₅₂N₆O₄S₄: C, 65.08; H, 5.57; N, 8.93; S, 13.62. Found: C, 65.34; H, 5.65; N, 8.66; S, 13.58.

(*S*)-2,2'-(2-(2-nonylundecyl)-1,3,7,9-tetraoxo-8-(2-phenylpropyl)-1,2,3,7,8,9-hexahydro-[1,3]dithiolo[4',5':5,6]benzo[1,2,3,4-lmn][1,3]dithiolo[4,5-f][3,8]phenanthroline-5,11-

diylidene)dimalononitrile (1-*S*). A solution of TBNDA (500 mg, 0.856 mmol) and sodium 1,1dicyanoethene-2,2-dithiolate (480 mg, 2.6 mmol) in DMF (45 mL) was stirred at 50 °C for 1.5 hour. Then compound **6** (306 mg, 1.03 mmol) and (S)-2-phenylpropan-1-amine (197 mg, 1.45 mmol) were added to the reaction mixture. The resulting purple black solution was stirred at 55 °C for 10 hours, and water (300 mL) was added to quench the reaction. The product was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 150 mL), and the combined organic solution was washed with water, brine, and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. After the solvent was removed by rotary evaporation, the crude product was purified by silica gel column chromatography with CH_2Cl_2 as eluent. Compound **1-S** was obtained as a brownish red solid (90 mg, yield 12%). M.p. > 300 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₂D₂Cl₄) δ (ppm): 7.26 – 7.08 (m, 5H), 4.45 – 4.33 (m, 2H), 4.14 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 3.45 – 3.35 (m, 1H), 1.94 (br, 1H), 1.55 – 1.12 (m, 35H), 0.79 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₂D₂Cl₄) δ (ppm): 182.75, 162.04, 161.76, 145.25, 142.43, 128.85, 127.59, 127.38, 125.16, 117.95, 117.64, 112.12, 70.92, 48.69, 46.66, 38.05, 36.66, 32.10, 31.57, 30.23, 29.92, 29.85, 29.80, 29.57, 26.41, 22.95, 18.74, 14.47. Anal. Calcd. For $C_{51}H_{52}N_6O_4S_4$: C, 65.08; H, 5.57; N, 8.93; S, 13.62. Found: C, 65.35; H, 5.79; N, 8.60; S, 13.46.



Scheme S3. Synthesis of M-R and M-S

(R)-2-hexyl-7-(2-phenylpropyl)benzo[lmn][3,8]phenanthroline-1,3,6,8(2H,7H)-tetraone

(**M-***R*). n-hexylamine (240 mg, 2.25 mmol) and (R)-2-phenylpropan-1-amine (315 mg, 2.25 mmol) were added to the solution of NDA (500 mg, 0.856 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) under a nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at 140 °C overnight. Water (100 mL) was added to quench the reaction and the product was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×50 mL), and the combined organic solution was washed with water, brine, and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. After the solvent was removed by rotary evaporation, the crude product was purified by silica gel column chromatography with CH₂Cl₂:PE = 3:1 as eluent. Compound **M-***R* was obtained as a pink solid (200 mg, yield 23%). M.p. = 228 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 8.71 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 7.38 – 7.07 (m, 5H), 4.37 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 4.23 – 4.13 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.44 (m, 1H), 1.73 (p, *J* = 8.0, 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.39 (br, 9H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 162.99, 162.87, 143.52, 131.06, 130.98, 128.49, 127.52, 126.81, 126.73, 126.72, 126.71, 126.45, 47.28, 41.05, 38.14, 31.57, 28.10, 26.82, 22.63, 18.72, 14.14. Anal. Calcd. For C₅₁H₅₂N₆O₄S₄: C, 65.08; H, 5.57; N, 8.93; S,

13.62. Found: C, 65.35; H, 5.79; N, 8.60; S, 13.46. MS (MALDI) m/z: 469.2 (M+H)⁺. HRMS (DART-FT) (m/z): (M)⁺ Calcd. for C₂₉H₂₈N₂O₄: 468.2044; Found: 468.2032.

(S)-2-hexyl-7-(2-phenylpropyl)benzo[lmn][3,8]phenanthroline-1,3,6,8(2H,7H)-tetraone

(**M-S**). n-hexylamine (240 mg, 2.25 mmol) and (S)-2-phenylpropan-1-amine (315 mg, 2.25 mmol) were added to the solution of NDA (500 mg, 0.856 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) under a nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at 140 °C overnight. Water (100 mL) was added to quench the reaction and the product was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 50 mL), and the combined organic solution was washed with water, brine, and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. After the solvent was removed by rotary evaporation, the crude product was purified by silica gel column chromatography with $CH_2Cl_2:PE = 3:1$ as eluent. Compound **M-S** was obtained as a pink solid (200 mg, yield 23%). M.p. = 228 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 8.70 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 7.35 – 7.09 (m, 5H), 4.36 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.23 – 4.11 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.43 (m, 1H), 1.72 (p, *J* = 8.0, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.49 – 1.26 (br, 9H), 0.95 – 0.82 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 163.01, 162.89, 143.53, 131.06, 130.99, 128.49, 127.52, 126.81, 126.75, 126.74, 126.73, 126.47, 47.28, 41.06, 38.15, 31.57, 28.11, 26.82, 22.63, 18.73, 14.13. MS (MALDI) m/z: 469.1 (M+H)⁺. HRMS (DART-FT) (m/z): (M)⁺ Calcd. for C₂₉H₂₈N₂O₄: 468.2044; Found: 468.2056.

2. X-ray Crystallographic data

Table S1. Crystal data and structure refinement for M-S.

Bond precision: C-C = 0.0101 AWavelength=1.54178 Cell: a=4.7639(13) b=8.744(2) c=14.310(7) alpha=90.45(5) beta=93.46(3) gamma=96.76(3) Temperature: 173 K Calculated Reported Volume 590.8(4) 590.8(4) Space group P 1 Hall group P 1 Space group P 1 P 1 P 1 Moiety formula C29 H28 N2 O4 C29 H28 N2 O4 Sum formula C29 H28 N2 O4 C29 H28 N2 O4 Mr 468.53 468.53 1.317 1.317 Dx,g cm-3 Ζ 1 1 0.709 0.709 Mu (mm-1) F000 248.0 248.0 F000' 248.75 h,k,lmax 5,10,17 5,10,17 3888 Nref 4362[2181] 0.492,0.753 Tmin,Tmax 0.844,0.868 Tmin' 0.844 Correction method= # Reported T Limits: Tmin=0.492 Tmax=0.753 AbsCorr = ?Data completeness= 1.78/0.89 Theta(max)= 68.378 R(reflections) = 0.0704(3538) wR2(reflections) = 0.1886(3888) S = 1.105Npar= 319

Table 2. Crystal data and structure refinement for M-R

Empirical formula	C29 H28 N2 O4				
Formula weight	468.53				
Temperature	293(2) K				
Wavelength	1.54178 Å				
Crystal system	Triclinic				
Space group	P 1				
Unit cell dimensions	a = 4.8296(2) Å	a= 89.9140(10)°			
	b = 8.7435(3) Å	b= 86.0960(10)°			
	c = 14.4477(5) Å	g = 82.5490(10)°			
Volume	603.52(4) Å ³				
Ζ	1				
Density (calculated)	1.289 Mg/m ³				
Absorption coefficient	0.694 mm ⁻¹				
F(000)	248				
Crystal size	0.190 x 0.150 x 0.100 mm ³				
Theta range for data collection	5.102 to 66.493°.				
Index ranges	-5<=h<=5, -10<=k<=10, -17<=l<=17				
Reflections collected	17553				
Independent reflections	4116 [R(int) = 0.0349]				
Completeness to theta = 67.679°	95.7 %				
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents				
Max. and min. transmission	0.7533 and 0.5986				
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²				
Data / restraints / parameters	4116 / 20 / 332				
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.072				
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0526, $wR2 = 0.1536$				
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0541, $wR2 = 0.1564$				
Absolute structure parameter	-0.05(8)				
Extinction coefficient	n/a				
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.184 and -0.168 e.Å ⁻³				



3. Thermodynamic data of 1-R, 1-S and 1-rac.

Fig. S1 a)-c) DSC measurements for 1-*R*, 1-*S* and 1-*rac*.

4. Characteristics of OFET devices of 1-R, 1-S and 1-rac.



Fig. S2 a)-c) output characteristics for 1-S, 1-R and 1-rac of OFETs fabricated by as-cast films.

Table S3. Average (Maximum) electron mobilites (μ_e), current on/off ratios (I_{on}/I_{off}), and threshold voltages (V_T) for thin films of **1-***R*, **1-***S* and **1-***rac* fabricated by spin coating on OTS-treated Si/SiO₂ substrates.

		As-cast		anne	ealed at 80	0 °C	anne	aled at 16	0 °C
	$\mu_{\rm e}^{a}({\rm cm}^{2}$	$I_{\rm on}/I_{\rm off}{}^{\rm a}$	$V_{\mathrm{T}}^{a}\left(\mathrm{V} ight)$	$\mu_{\rm e}^{a}({\rm cm}^{2}$	$I_{\rm on}/I_{\rm off}{}^{\rm a}$	$V_{\mathrm{T}}^{a}\left(\mathrm{V}\right)$	$\mu_{\rm e}^{a}({\rm cm}^2$	$I_{\rm on}/I_{\rm off}{}^{\rm a}$	$V_{\mathrm{T}}^{a}\left(\mathrm{V}\right)$
	$V^{-1} s^{-1}$)			$V^{-1} s^{-1}$)			V ⁻¹ s ⁻¹)		
1- <i>R</i>	0.54	10 ⁵ -10 ⁶	9.2-10.8	0.75	10 ⁵ -10 ⁶	9.1-9.5	0.97	10 ⁵ -10 ⁶	4.5-5.3
	(0.61)			(0.85)			(1.07)		
1 <i>-S</i>	0.60	10 ⁵ -10 ⁶	8.4-9.6	0.80	10 ⁵ -10 ⁶	7.6-8.2	0.98	10 ⁵ -10 ⁶	4.2-5.2
	(0.67)			(0.90)			(1.01)		
1-rac	0.15	10 ⁴ -10 ⁵	6.5-9.2	0.25	10 ⁴ -10 ⁵	5.9-7.0	0.42	10 ⁴ -10 ⁵	3.8-4.6
	(0.19)			(0.27)			(0.46)		

^a The average values for every material were obtained from at least 18 devices and all devices were measured in

nitrogen.



5. GIWAXS data of 1-R, 1-S and 1-rac.

Fig. S3 1D-GIXRD integrated cake slices from 2D GIWAXS diffraction pattern. a)-b) Out-of-plane and In-plane diffractogram profiles of **1-***R*. c)-d) Out-of-plane and In-plane diffractogram profiles of **1-***S*. e)-f) Out-of-plane and In-plane diffractogram profiles of **1-***rac*.

6. NMR, IR and MS spectra



Figure S6. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 2 (100 MHz, CDCl₃).





Figure S8. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 3 (100 MHz, CDCl₃).









Figure S10. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4 (100 MHz, CDCl₃).







Figure S12. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 5 (100 MHz, CDCl₃).



Figure S14. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 6 (100 MHz, CDCl₃).



Figure S15. ¹H NMR spectrum of 1-*R* (400 MHz, C₂D₂Cl₄).



Figure S16. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 1-*R* (100 MHz, C₂D₂Cl₄).



Figure S17. ¹H NMR spectrum of 1-S (400 MHz, C₂D₂Cl₄).



Figure S18. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 1-*S* (100 MHz, C₂D₂Cl₄).



Figure S20. ¹³C NMR spectrum of M-R (100 MHz, CDCl₃).



Figure S22. ¹³C NMR spectrum of M-S (100 MHz, CDCl₃).





Figure S24. IR spectrum of 3



Figure S25. IR spectrum of 4



Figure S26. IR spectrum of 5



Figure S27. IR spectrum of 6



Figure S28. IR spectrum of 1-(*R*)



Figure S29. IR spectrum of 1-(S)



Figure S30. MS spectrum of 2



Instrument: Thermo Fisher Scientific LTQ FTICR-MS

Card Serial Number : D181389

Sample Serial Number: CM-3-60

Operator : DONG Date: 2018/05/30

Operation Mode: DART POSITIVE Ion Mode

Elemental composition search on mass 413.36

m/z = 408.	36-418.36			
m/z	Theo.	Delta	RDB	Composition
-	Mass	(ppm)	equiv.	
413.3625	413.3625	0.01	1.5	C 25 H 49 O 4
	413.3612	3.30	1.5	C 26 H 50 F S
	413.3639	-3.33	-1.0	C 23 H 47 N F 4

Figure S31. HRMS spectrum of 2



Figure S32. MS spectrum of 3



Instrument: Thermo Fisher Scientific LTQ FTICR-MS

Card Serial Number : D181390

Sample Serial Number: CM-3-64

Operator : DONG Date: 2018/05/30

Operation Mode: DART POSITIVE Ion Mode

Elemental composition search on mass 316.36

m/z = 311.	36-321.36			
m/z	Theo.	Delta	RDB	Composition
	Mass	(ppm)	equiv.	
316.3574	316.3574	0.06	-1.5	C 20 H 46 O N
	316.3585	-3.55	-5.5	C 17 H 47 O 2 N F
	316.3561	4.17	-8.5	C 15 H 46 N F 4
	316.3559	4.92	-10.0	C14 H49 O5 F



Figure S33. HRMS spectrum of 3



Figure S34. MS spectrum of 4

Minimum: Maximum: Mass 360.2383	Monoisotop 68 formula Elements U C: 0-23	Single Mas Tolerance Element pi	Elemental	Date: 201	Operator:	Sample Se	Card Seri	Instrument:	
Calc. Mass 360.2377 360.2392	vic Mass, Odd and Ev (e) evaluated with sed: H: 0-80 N: 0-3	s Analysis = 5.0 PPM / DBE rediction: Off	Composition Report	3/05/29	Li	rial Number: CM-(al Number: GCT-	Waters Micromass G(National Cent Shanghai Insti Chinese Acade High Resolutic
2.0 mDa 0.6	en Electron 2 results wi F: 0-2	1: min = -1.0		Br		3-65	-P-T18-05-21	CT Premier	er for Organic M tute of Organic mic of Scienco on MS Data Re
5.0 ₽₽М 1.7 -2.5	Ions Ithin limits (up Br: 0-1	5, max = 50.0	کر	\$ {			76	Ionisation M	fass Spectrometry in Chemistry es port
-1.5 50.0 DBE 8.0 0.0	to 50 closes							lode: EI+	Shanghai
i-FIT 1.2 5.4	t results for							Electron En	
Formula C22 H30 C20 H41	c each mass)							ergy: 70eV	
N2 Br								I	
F2									

Figure S35. HRMS spectrum of 4



Figure S36. MS spectrum of 5



Instrument: Thermo Fisher Scientific LTQ FTICR-MS

Card Serial Number : D181391

Sample Serial Number: CM-3-66

Operator : DONG Date: 2018/05/30

Operation Mode: DART POSITIVE Ion Mode

Elemental composition search on mass 428.35

m/z= 423.	35-433.35			
m/z	Theo.	Delta	RDB	Composition
	Mass	(ppm)	equiv.	
428.3523	428.3523	-0.01	6.5	C 28 H 46 O 2 N
	428.3521	0.36	-4.5	C20 H47 O2 N F5
	428.3517	1.41	-10.0	C17 H52 O4 F4 S
	428.3530	-1.63	-3.0	C22 H52 O5 S
	428.3532	-2.18	-1.5	C23 H49 N F3 S
	428.3533	-2.31	-8.5	С17 Н48 О3 N F 6
	428.3534	-2.68	2.5	C25 H47 O3 N F
	428.3510	3.02	-0.5	C23 H46 O N F 4
	428.3506	4.08	-6.0	C20 H51 O3 F3 S
	428.3544	-4.84	-5.5	C20 H 50 O N F 4 S



Figure S37. HRMS spectrum of 5



Figure S38. MS spectrum of 6



NH₂

Instrument: Thermo Fisher Scientific LTQ FTICR-MS

Card Serial Number : D181392

Sample Serial Number: CM-3-67

Operator : DONG Date: 2018/05/30

Operation Mode: DART POSITIVE Ion Mode

Elemental composition search on mass 298.35

m/z = 293.	35-303.35			
m/z	Theo.	Delta	RDB	Composition
	Mass	(ppm)	equiv.	
298.3469	298.3468	0.11	-0.5	C 20 H 44 N
	298.3475	-2.20	-10.0	C14 H 50 O 3 S
	298.3480	-3.72	-4.5	C 17 H 45 O N F





Figure S40. MS spectrum of M-R



Figure S41. HRMS spectrum of M-R



Figure S42. MS spectrum of M-S

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Figure S43. HRMS spectrum of M-S