

Supporting Information

For

Excitation-independent emission carbon nanoribbons polymer as a ratiometric photoluminescent probe for highly selective and sensitive detection of quercetin

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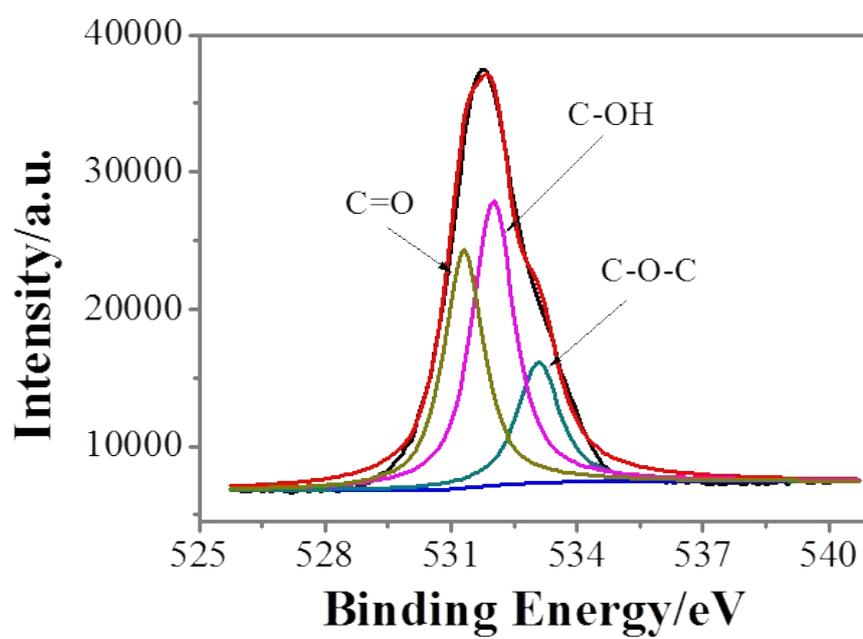


Figure S1 O1s spectra of the as-obtained SNCNRs.

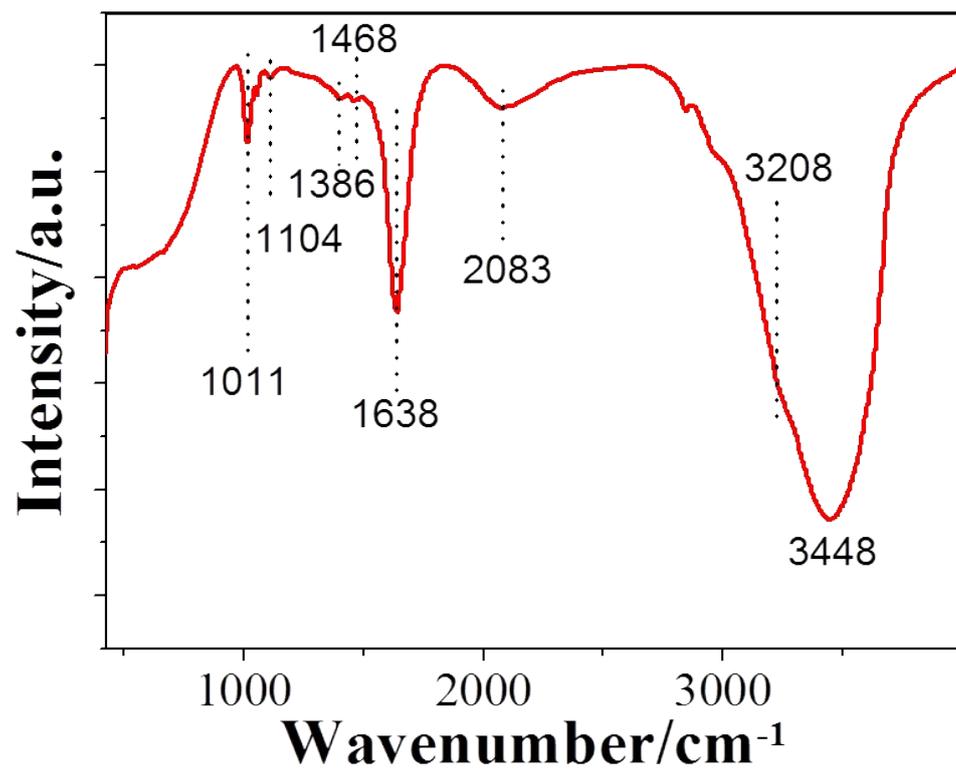


Figure S2 FT-IR spectrum of the fluorescent SNCNRs.

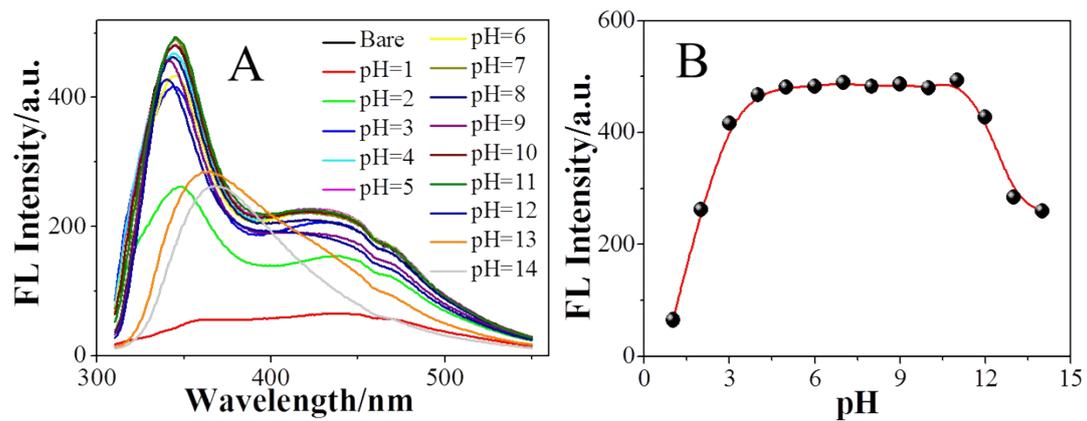


Figure S3 FL intensity at 345 nm (excitation at 300 nm) of the SNCNRs as a function of solution pH value. Both the excitation and emission slit widths were 5 nm.

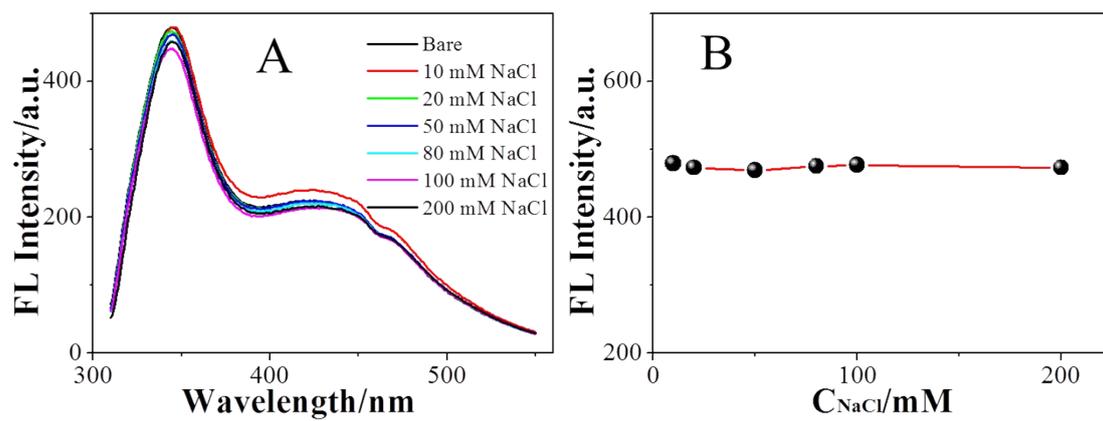


Figure S4 FL intensity at 345 nm (excitation at 300 nm) of the SNCNRs as a function of NaCl concentration. Both the excitation and emission slit widths were 5 nm.

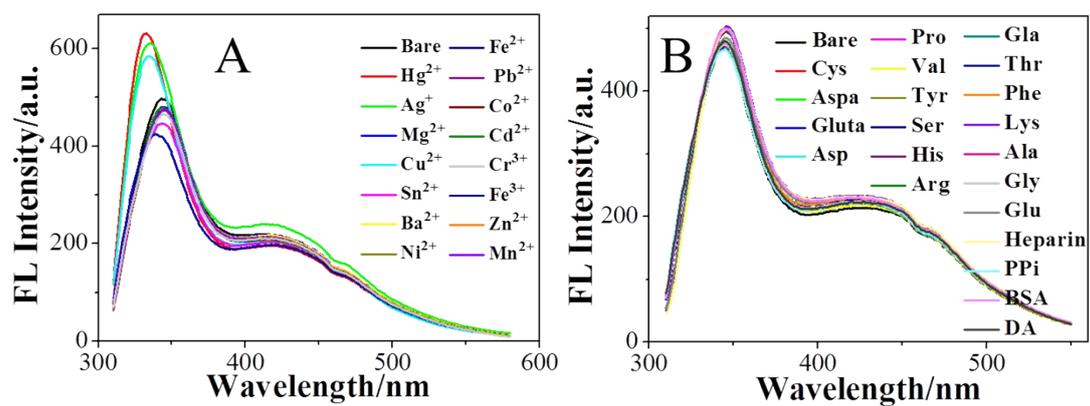


Figure S5 Selectivity research of the prepared SNCNRs for detection metal ions (A), amino acids and biomolecules (B) system, the concentration of metal ions, amino acids and biomolecules is 100 μ M, respectively.

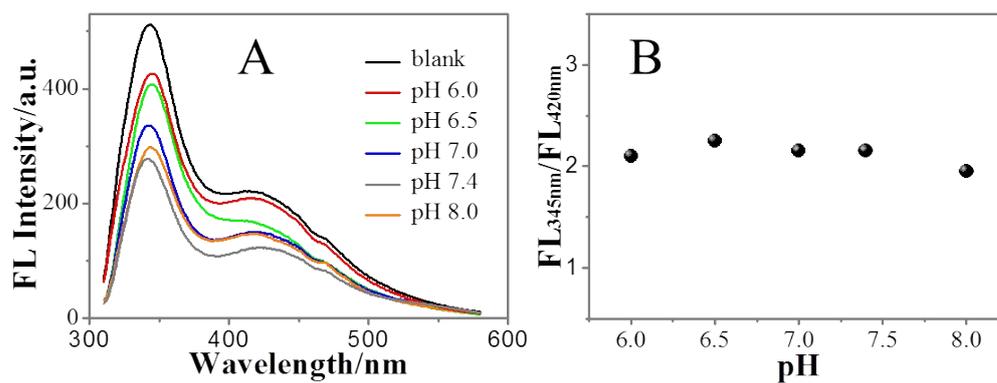


Figure S6 A) FL emission spectra (excitation at 300 nm) of the SNCNRs in different pH values of PBS buffer solution in the absence (blank) or presence of Que (100 μ M); B) the ratiometric fluorescence intensity (FL_{345nm}/FL_{420nm}) in different pH values. Both the excitation and emission slit widths were 5 nm.

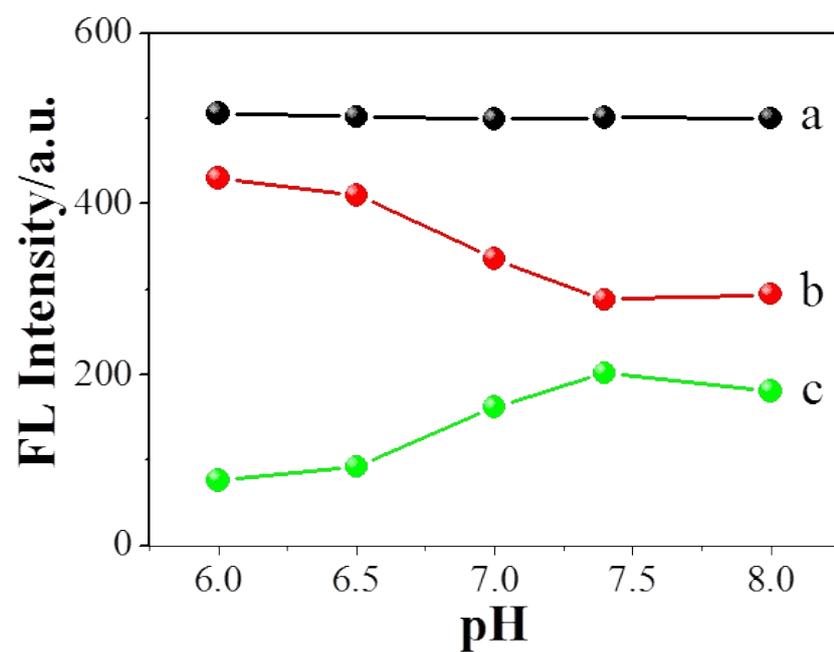


Figure S7 The FL intensity at 345 nm of the SNCNRs ($36 \mu\text{g mL}^{-1}$) in different pH values of PBS buffer solution in the absence (FL_0 , curve a) or presence of Que (FL , $100 \mu\text{M}$, curve b), and the relative fluorescence intensity ($\Delta FL = FL_0 - FL$) in different pH values (curve c).

Table1 Detection of quercetin in samples with different methods.

Analyte	Methods	Linear range	LOD	Ref.
Quercetin	Electrochemistry	5.0 nM-7.0 μ M	6.4 nM	1
Quercetin	Fluorescence	10-1000 ng mL ⁻¹	2.5 ng mL ⁻¹	2
Quercetin	D- μ -SPE and HPLC-UV	0.6-5500 μ g L ⁻¹	0.113-0.117 μ g L ⁻¹	3
Quercetin	This method	50 nM-200 μ M	21.13 nM	Our method

Table S2 Determination results of Que in Beverages samples (n = 3)

Beverages	Detected (μM) ^a	Added (μM) ^a	Found (μM) ^a	Recovery (%)	RSD (%)
Green grape	0.16	3.0	3.27	103.48	3.42
	0.21	5.0	4.86	93.28	3.09
Tea π juice	Not detected	3.0	2.89	96.33	2.47
		5.0	4.83	96.60	3.68
Black tea	0.15	3.0	3.41	108.25	4.21
	0.18	5.0	5.53	106.76	3.95

^a The data was obtained from three parallel samples.

References

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2. S. Xu, L. Chen, L. Ma, *Microchim. Acta*, 2018, 185: 492.
3. A. Asfaram, M. Arabi, A. Ostovan, H. Sadeghi, M. Ghaedi, *New J. Chem.*, 2018, 42, 16144-16153.