Electronic Supplementary Information For

Separation and characterization of KRas protein and tryptic peptides using enhanced fluidity liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry

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Peptide Digestion Procedure.

Reduction of disulfide bonds and alkylation of cysteine residues in protein

- 1. Conduct buffer exchange of the protein sample solution to 50 mM ammonium bicarbonate (pH 7.8).
- 2. Add dithiothreitol (DTT) to a final concentration of 5 mM and incubate at 37 °C for 1 hour.
- 3. Add freshly prepared iodoacetamide (IAA) to a final concentration of 15 mM and incubate at room temperature in the dark for 30 min.

Digestion of protein and clean up of peptides

- 1. Add trypsin at a 1:50 ratio trypsin: protein ratio, mix gently and incubate at 55 °C for 4 hours.
- 2. Clean up peptide sample using C18 solid phase extraction using 0.1% TFA in water as washing solution and 0.1% TFA in water/acetonitrile (40/60) as elution solution.
- 3. Eluted peptide sample was stored at -20 °Cuntil LC-MS analysis.

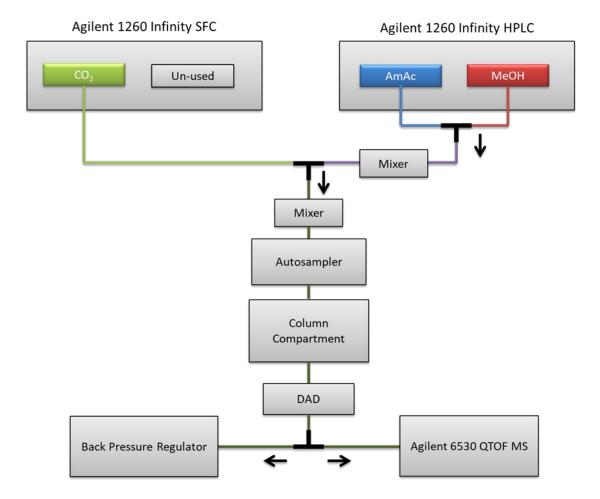


Fig. S1 Instrumentation Setup.

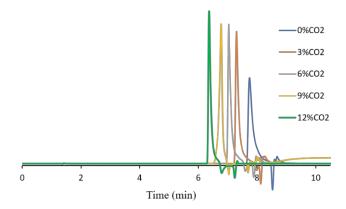


Fig. S2. DAD chromatograms at 280 nm for isocratic elution of myoglobin on XBridge C4 column with addition of liquefied CO_2 . Volume percentage of CO_2 in $H_2O/MeOH$ (40:60) solvent system: (blue —) 0%, (orange —) 3%, (grey —) 6%, (yellow —) 9%, (green —) 12%.