

An electron-rich small AIEgen as a solid platform for selective and ultrasensitive on-site visual detection of TNT in solid, solution and vapor states

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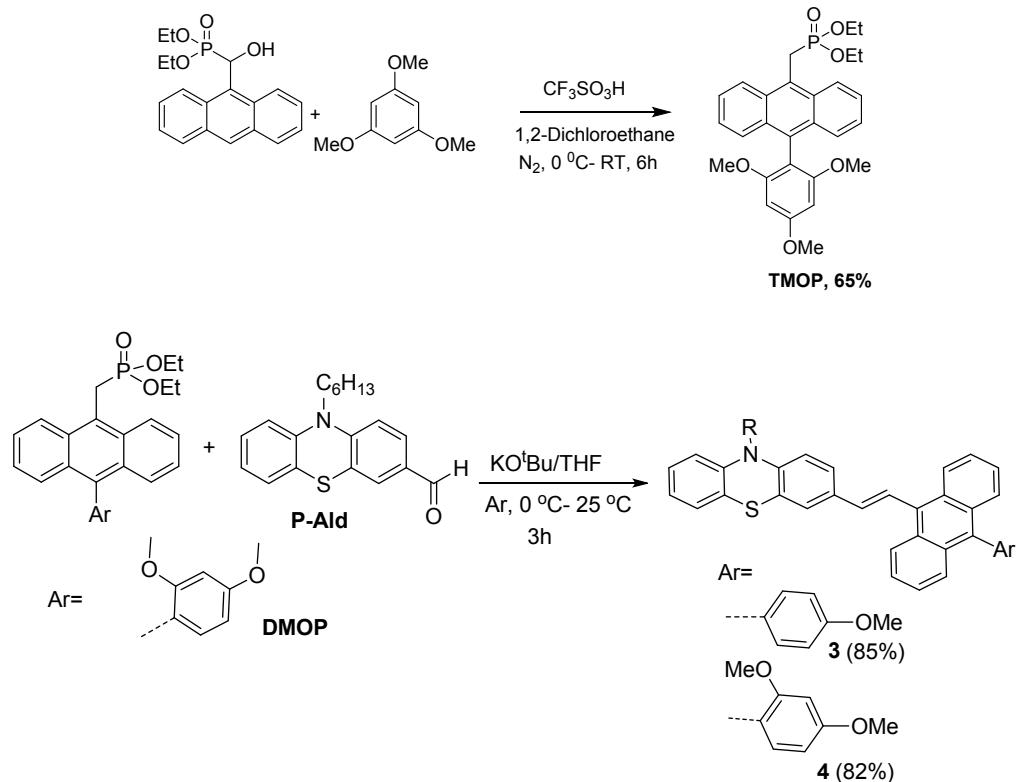
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Calculation of optical band gap: The optical bandgap (E_g) of 2 and 3 were estimated from the intercept of the extrapolated linear fit for the plotted experimental data of $(K^*E)^{1/2}$ versus incident photon energy ($h\nu$) near the absorption edge. Where K = Kubelka Munk constant and E is the energy of electron. Ref: J. Tauc, Amorphous and Liquid Semiconductors, Plenum, New York, 1974.



Scheme S1 Synthetic route for **TMOP**, **1**, **2** and **3**

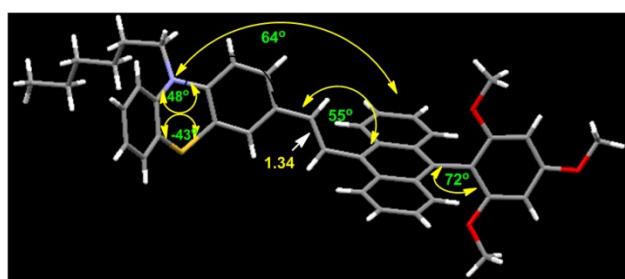


Fig S1 Molecular structure of **1** with some selected bond and torsional angles

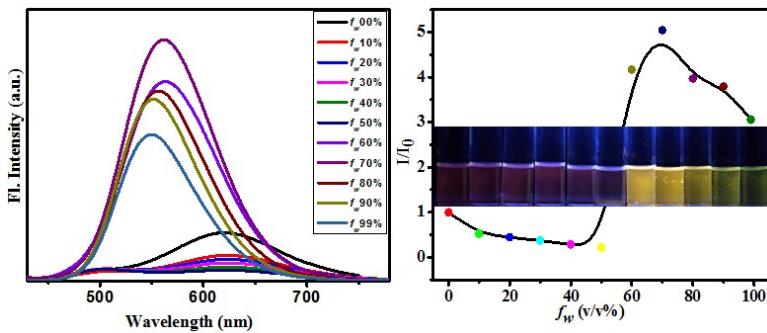


Fig S2 (a) PL spectra of **1** in MeCN (10 μ M) by increasing f_w ; (b) PL intensity vs f_w (image of gradual change in the intensity and wavelength of **1**). $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 405$ nm.

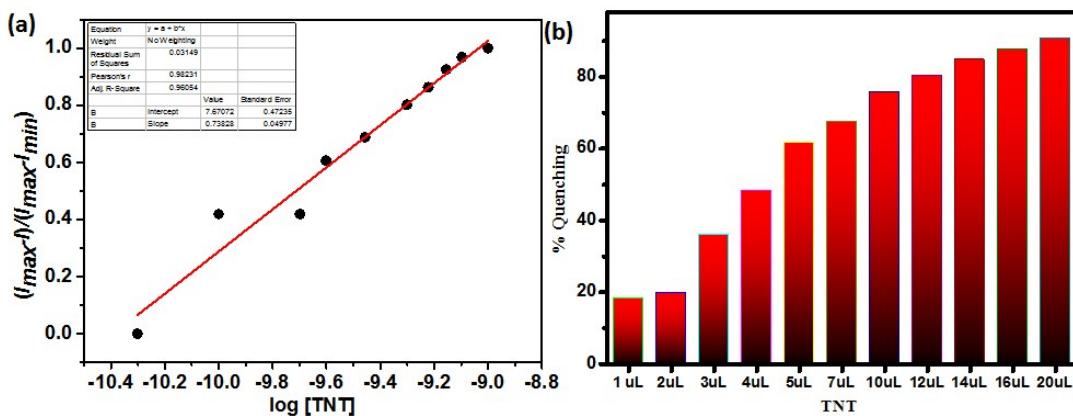


Fig S3 (a) Limit of detection plot, Intercept -10.5; LOD= $31.6 \times 10^{-10} = 3.16 \times 10^{-9}$ (b) Quenching % of **1** upon incremental addition of TNT (10^{-8} M)

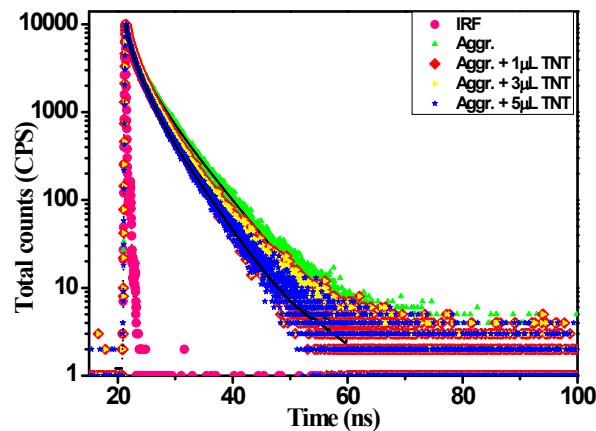


Fig S4 Lifetime decay plots of aggregated compound **1** and after adding the TNT (10^{-8} M)

Table S1 Lifetime (ns) fluorescence parameters. $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 405$ nm

	$\mathbf{B_1'}$	$\mathbf{B_2'}$	$\mathbf{B_3'}$	τ_1	τ_2	τ_3	$\langle \tau \rangle$	χ^2
Aggregate Of 1	0.58	0.12	0.30	2.14	0.34	5.19	2.86	1.0
+1 μL TNT	0.56	0.34	0.10	1.98	4.88	0.33	2.80	1.01
+3 μL TNT	0.65	0.24	0.11	2.19	5.33	0.38	2.75	1.11
+5 μL TNT	0.62	0.27	0.11	1.93	4.79	0.34	2.54	1.03

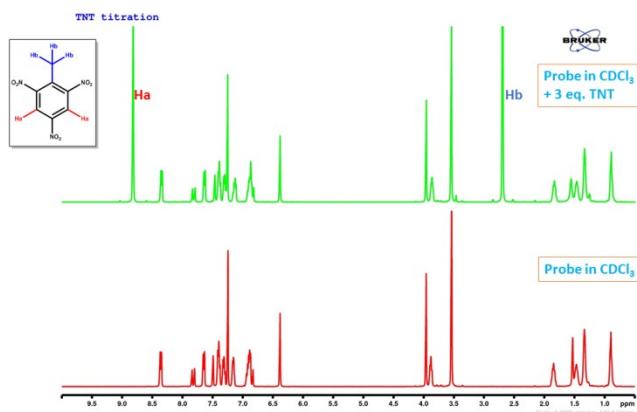


Fig S5a ¹H-NMR (400 MHz) spectra of the AlEgen in CDCl_3 and after addition of 3eq. TNT solution

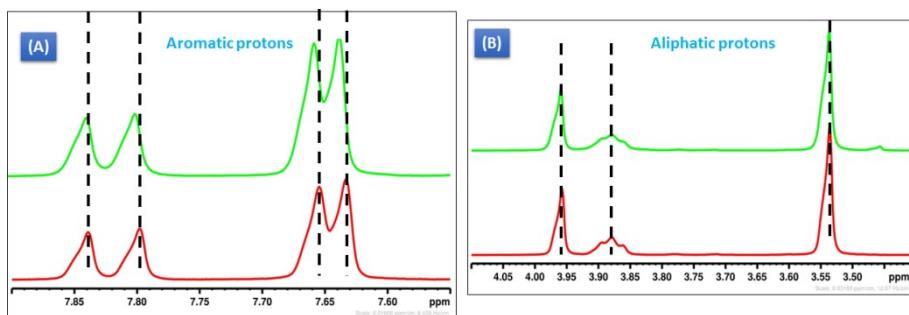


Fig S5b Expanded ¹H-NMR (400 MHz) spectra from Fig 4a of the AlEgen in CDCl_3 and after addition of 3eq. TNT solution (A) Showing the ¹H chemical shift (downfield) after the addition of 3 eq. of TNT; (B) Showing no shift in ¹H spectra after the addition of 3 eq. of TNT

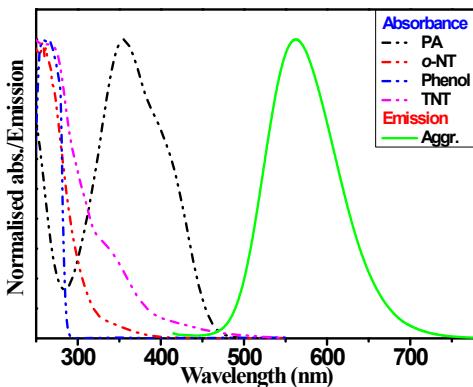


Fig S6 Absorption spectra of few analytes (left) and emission spectrum of AlEgen (green, right)

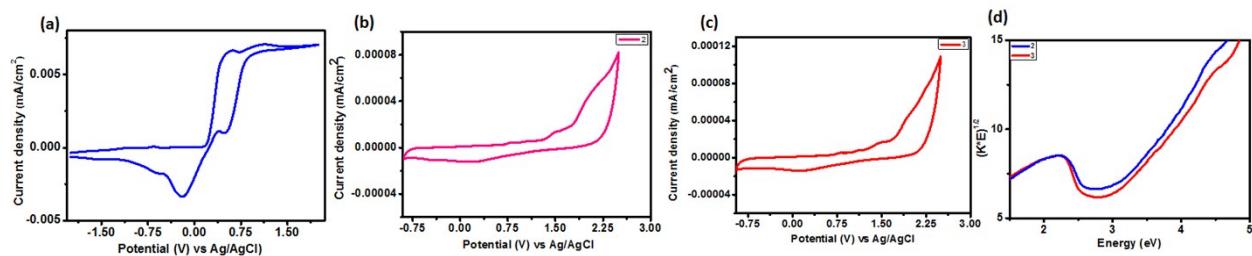


Fig S7 The cyclic voltammograms of compounds (a) **1** (b) **2** (c) **3** in dichloromethane (10^{-5} M) under inert atmosphere N_2 using Ag/AgCl as reference electrode. $E_{LUMO} = -(E_{red} + 4.49)$, (d) Tauc plot for compounds **2** (blue) and **3** (red).

LUMO calculation for **1**: $E_{red}^0 = -0.731$ vs Ag/AgCl = -1.221 vs Fe/Fe⁺; LUMO = $-(E_{red}^0 + 4.8) = -(-1.221 + 4.8) = -3.579$ eV; LUMO calculation for **2**: $E_{red}^0 = 0.167$ vs Ag/AgCl = -0.323 vs Fe/Fe⁺; LUMO = $-(E_{red}^0 + 4.8) = -(-0.323 + 4.8) = -4.477$ eV; LUMO calculation for **3**: $E_{red}^0 = 0.105$ vs Ag/AgCl = -0.385 vs Fe/Fe⁺; LUMO = $-(E_{red}^0 + 4.8) = -(-0.385 + 4.8) = -4.415$ eV. The LUMOs for **2** and **3** look very low and therefore we have calculated the HOMO from CV and optical band gap from Tauc plot (suggested by one of the reviewers). The calculations are as follows:

HOMO Calculation for **2**: $E_{oxd}^0 = 2.19$ vs Ag/AgCl = 1.7 vs Fe/Fe⁺ HOMO = $-(E_{oxd}^0 + 4.8) = -(1.7 + 4.8) = -6.50$ eV
HOMO Calculation for **3**: $E_{oxd}^0 = 2.15$ vs Ag/AgCl = 1.66 vs Fe/Fe⁺ HOMO = $-(E_{oxd}^0 + 4.8) = -(1.66 + 4.8) = -6.46$ eV

From Tauc plot the optical bandgap (E_g) for **2** was found to be 2.7 and for **3** it was 2.68. Therefore, the calculated LUMOs are: For **2**: $E_g = \text{LUMO} - \text{HOMO}$; $2.70 = \text{LUMO} - (-6.5)$, Thus LUMO = -3.80 eV; For **3**: $E_g = \text{LUMO} - \text{HOMO}$; $2.68 = \text{LUMO} - (-6.46)$; Thus LUMO = -3.78 eV.

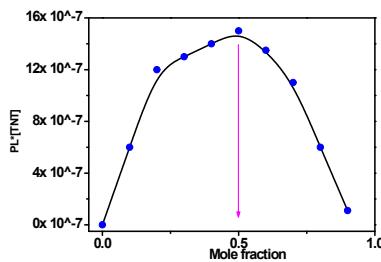


Fig S8 Job's plot confirming the binding of compound 1: TNT is 1:1

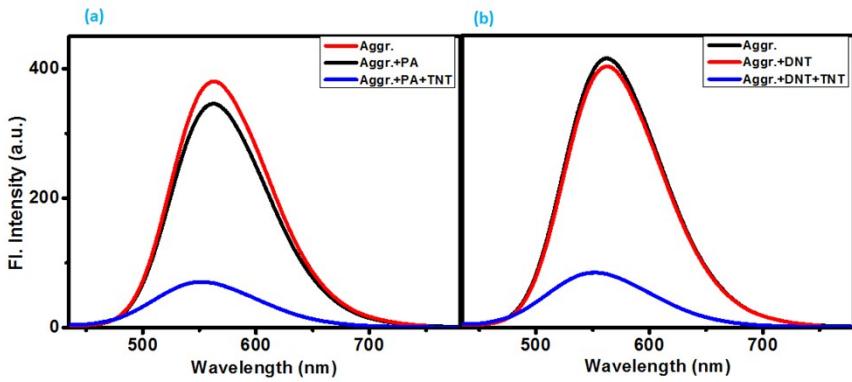


Fig S9 (a) Fl. spectra of aggregate **1** (10^{-5} M) , aggr.+ PA (10 μ L, 10^{-3} M) and aggregate **1**+PA (10 μ L, 10^{-3} M) + TNT (10 μ L, 10^{-3} M); (b) Fl. spectra of aggregate **1** (10^{-5} M) , aggregate **1** + DNT(10 μ L, 10^{-3} M) and aggregate **1**+ DNT (10 μ L, 10^{-3} M) + TNT (10 μ L, 10^{-3} M).

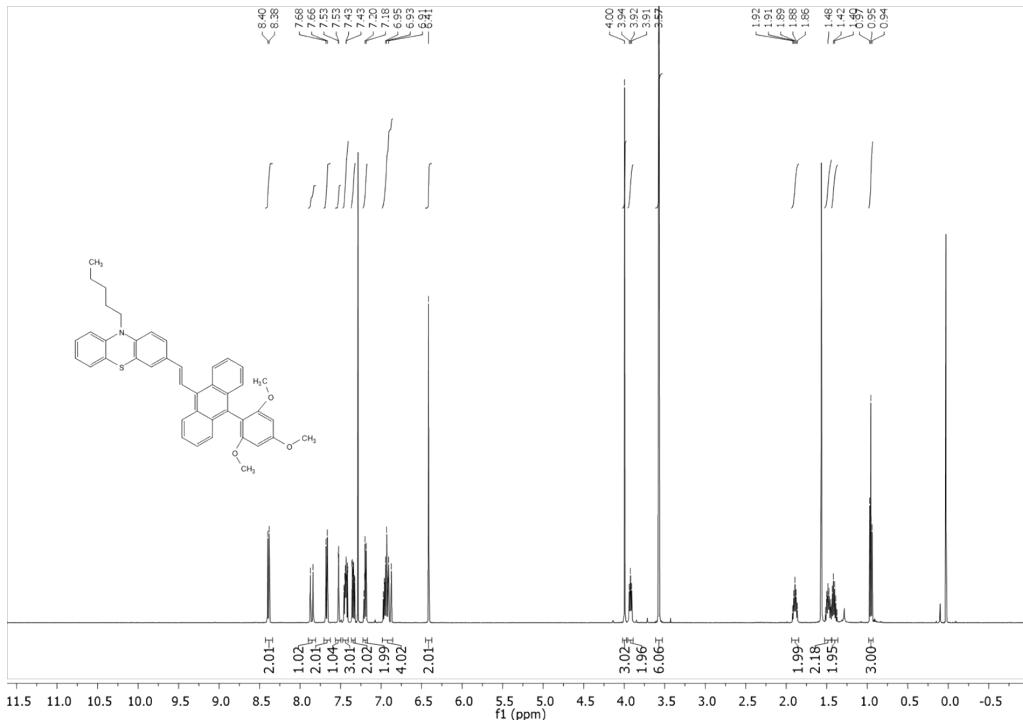


Fig S10 ^1H NMR spectrum of **1**

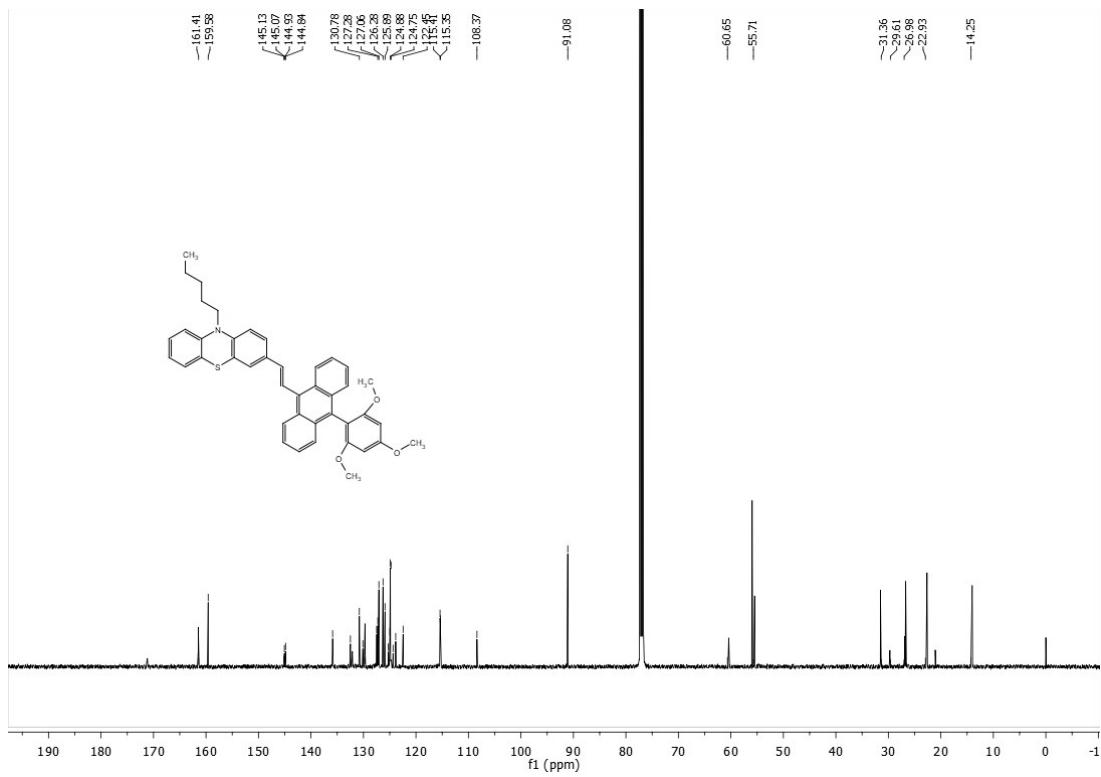


Fig S11 ^{13}C NMR spectrum of **1**

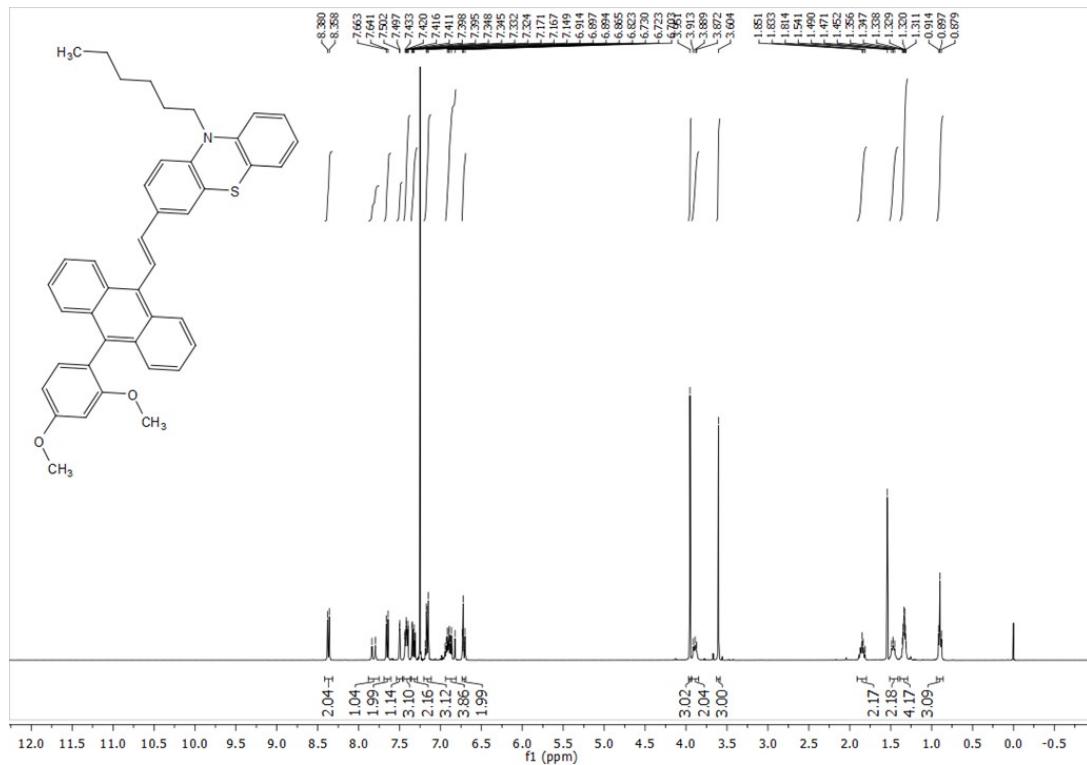


Fig S12 ^1H - NMR spectrum of **2**.

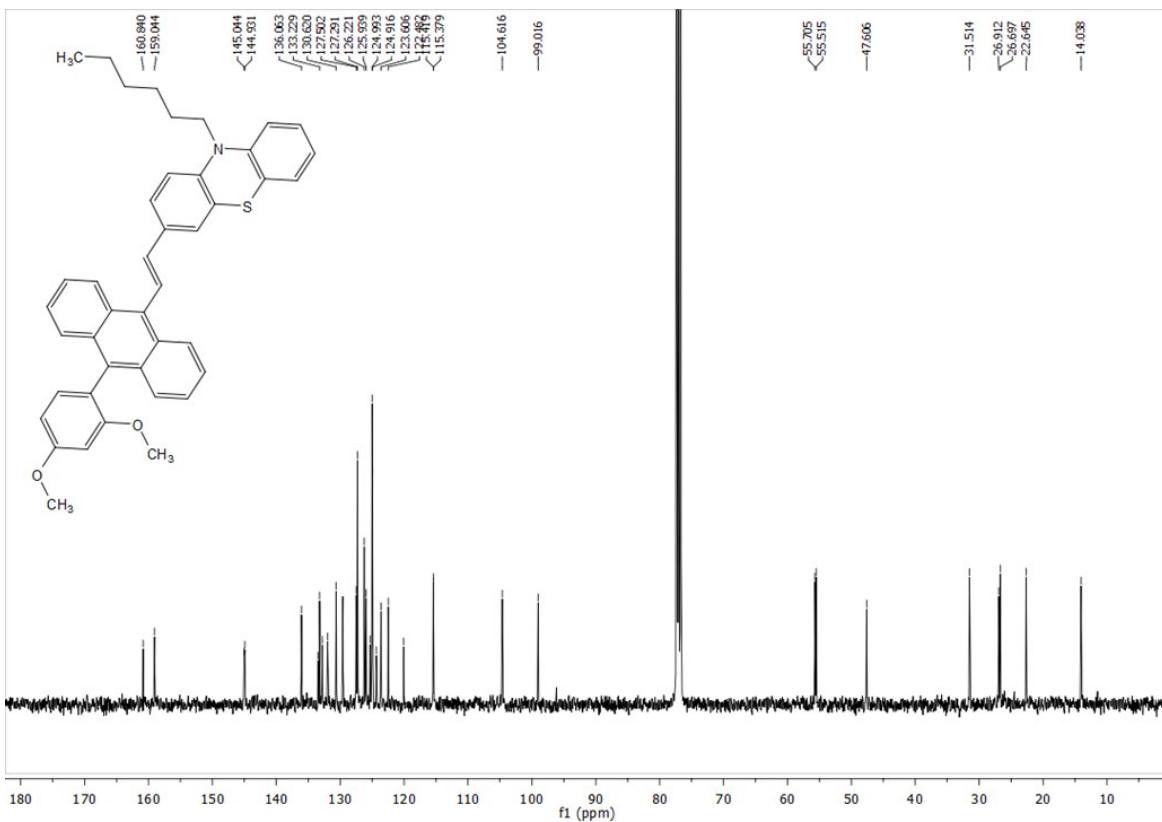


Fig S13 ^{13}C - NMR spectrum of **2**.

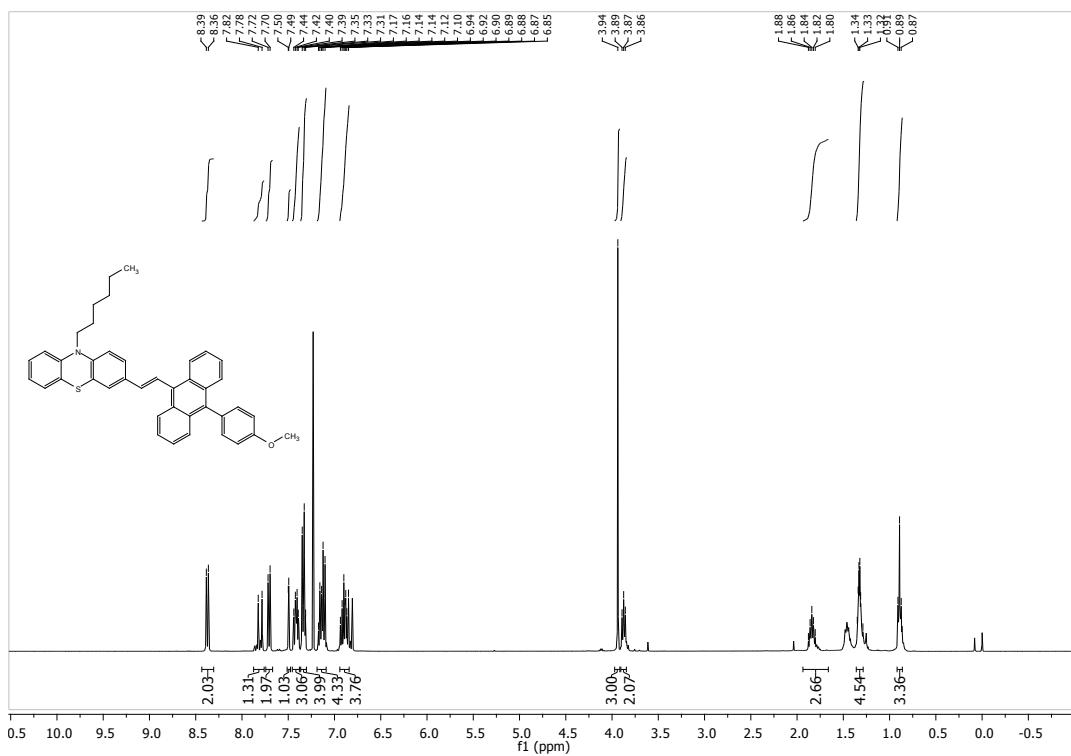


Fig S14 ^1H NMR spectrum of **3**

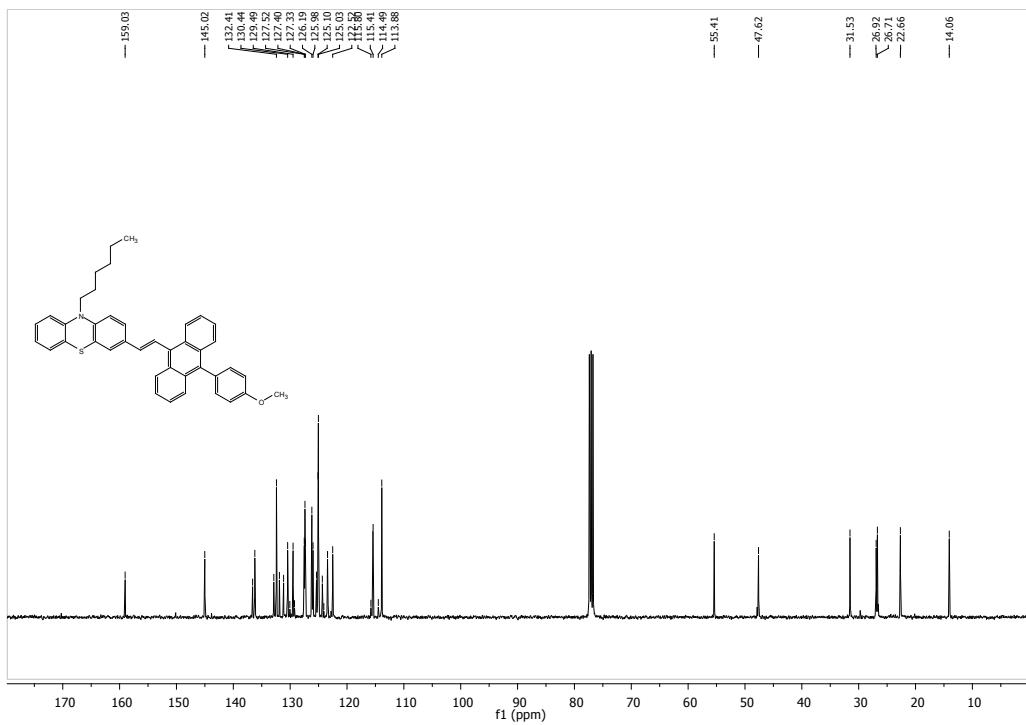


Fig S15 ^{13}C NMR spectrum of **3**

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