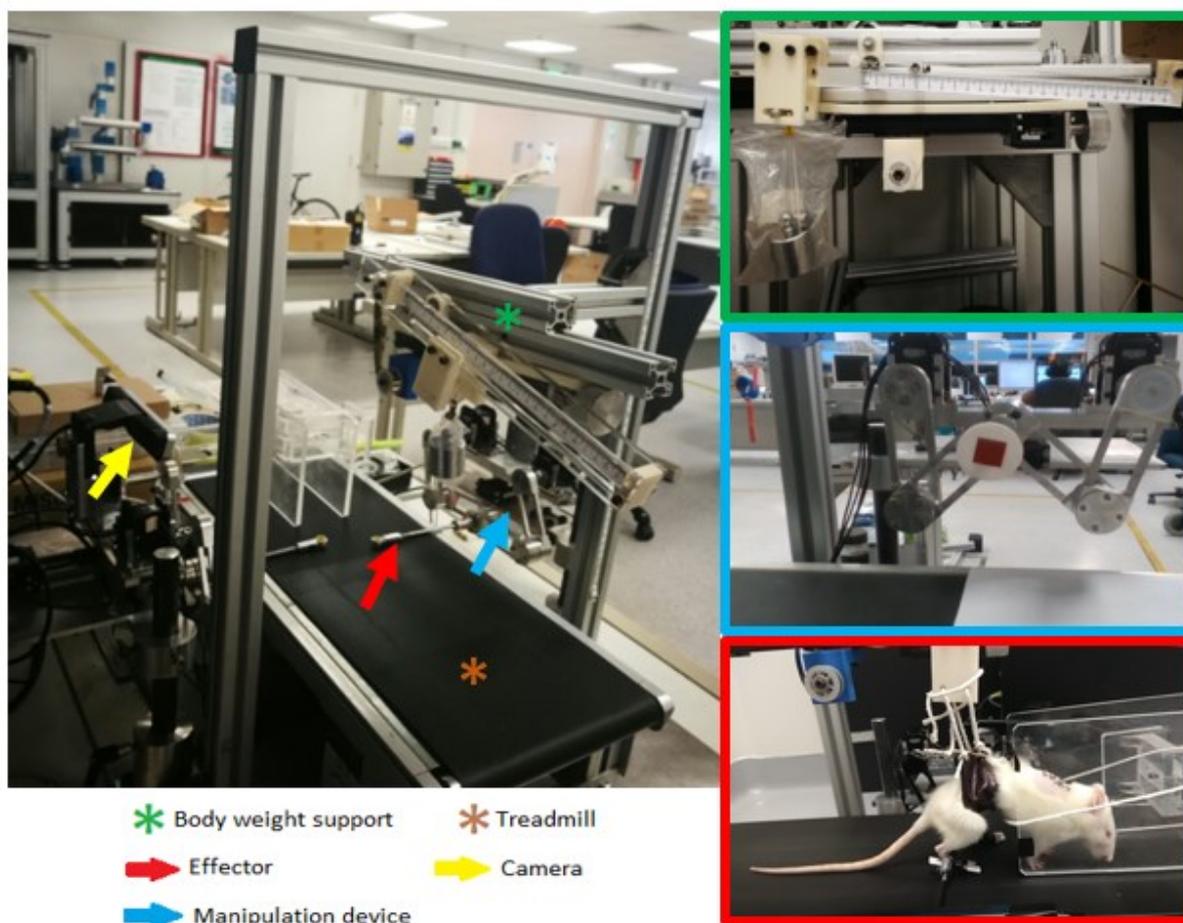
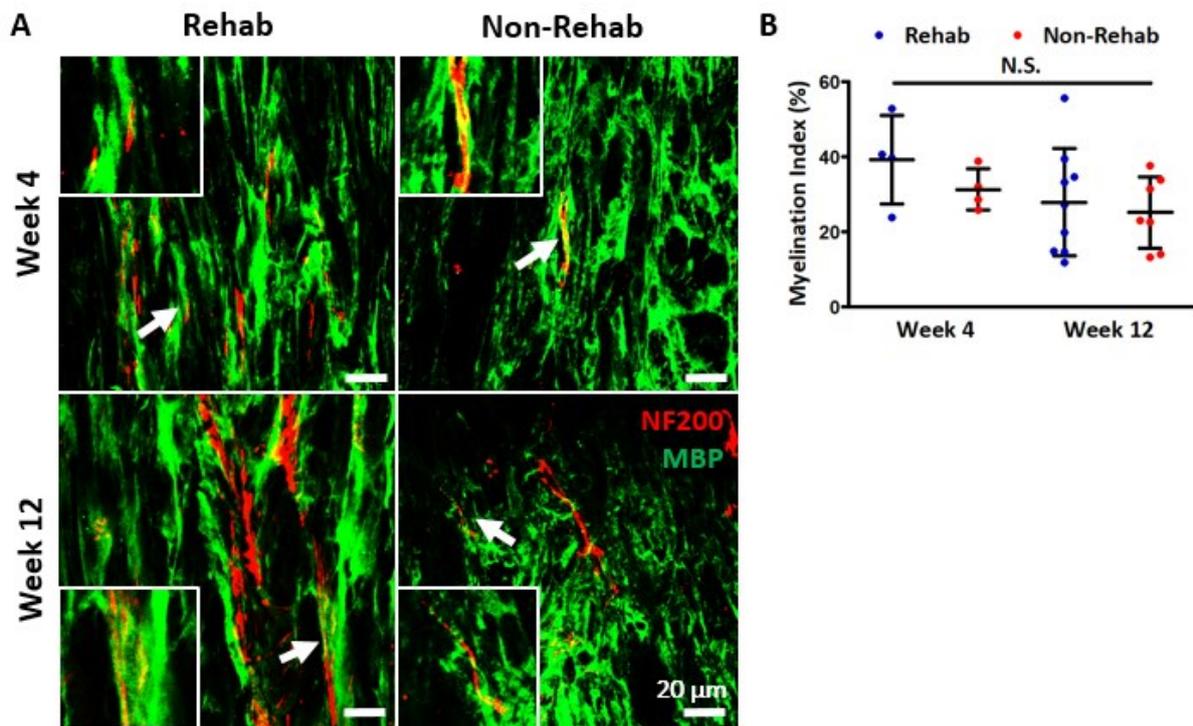


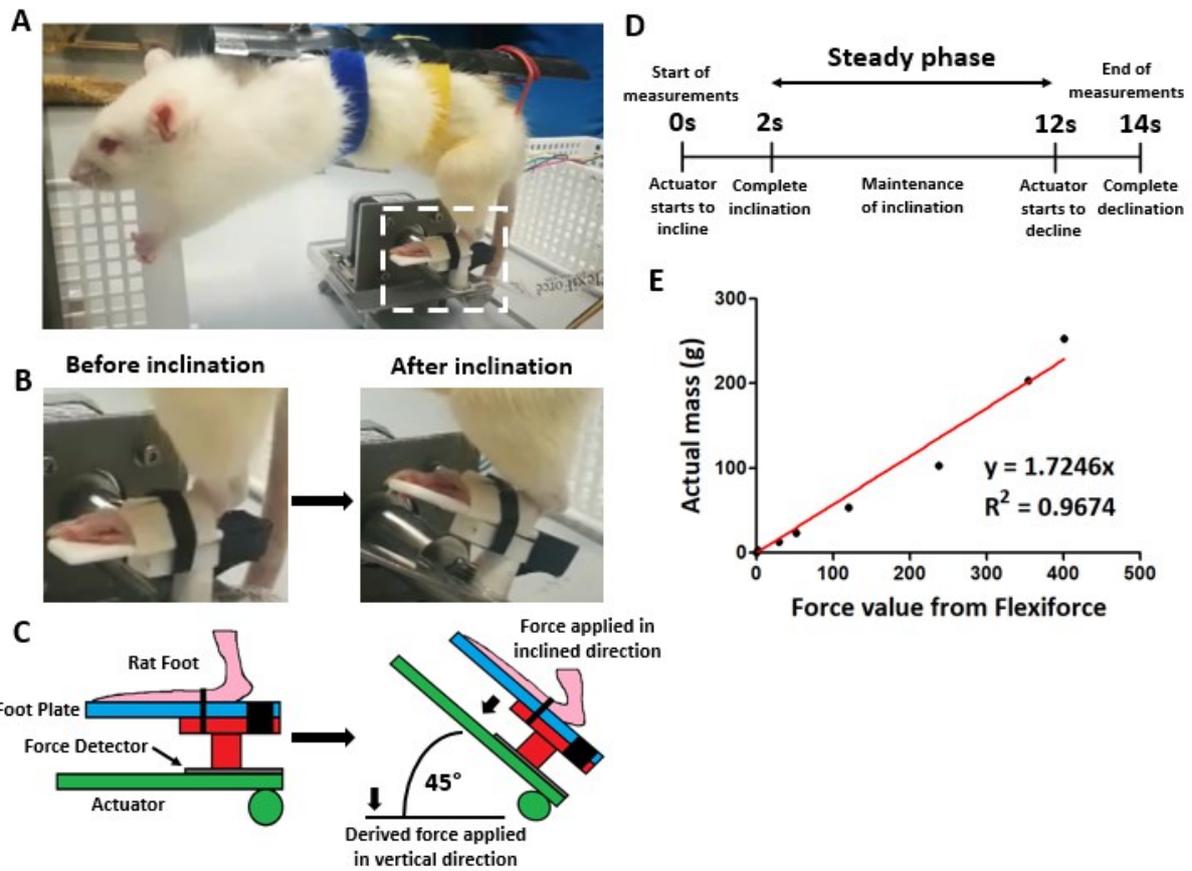
## Supplemental Figures



**Supplemental Figure 1. Rehabilitation machine was customized to impart healthy gait in injured rats.** Complete view of the rehabilitation machine with the various labelled components. A magnified view of the body weight support and the manipulation device is shown in the box with the green and blue frame respectively. A magnified view of the rehab rat fitted onto the rehab machine and effector powered by the manipulation device is depicted in the box with red frame.



**Supplemental Figure 2. Rehabilitation did not enhance myelination of axons in scaffold. (A)** Representative images of NF200 and MBP staining in scaffold at both Week 4 and 12. White arrows denote region of axon that is co-localized with myelin, suggesting myelination. **(B)** Quantification of the myelination index within the scaffold. ANOVA, N.S. = Not Significant. All data are shown as mean  $\pm$  SD;  $n = 4$  for both rehab and non-rehab rats at Week 4;  $n = 7$  and  $9$  for rehab and non-rehab rats respectively at Week 12.



**Supplemental Figure 3. Rats were successfully mounted onto the ankle flexion device for assessment. (A)** Setup of ankle flexion device. **(B)** Magnified view of the rat's hindlimb before and after inclination. **(C)** Simplified diagram depicting the components of the device. **(D)** Timeline of assessment protocol. **(E)** Graph showing the conversion of the force value from the force detector (Flexiforce) into grams. All data are shown as mean  $\pm$  SD.