Electronic Supplementary Information

Regioselective Arene Homologation through Rhenium-Catalyzed Deoxygenative Aromatization of 7-Oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hepta-2,5-diene

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1. General Methods. All reactions were carried out in dry solvent under an argon atmosphere. Unless otherwise noted, other chemicals obtained from commercial suppliers were used without further purification. Toluene was purchased from Wako Pure Chemical Industries, and was dried by the usual methods and degassed with an argon gas for 20 min before use. Column chromatography was performed with silica gel 60N (neutral, 40-50 µm) purchased from Kanto Chemical. NH₄ReO₄, Re₂O₇, and P(OPh)₃ were purchased from Wako, Sigma-Aldrich, and Tokyo Chemical Industry, respectively. 7-Oxabicyclo-[2.2.1]heptadiene derivatives $1a_{1}^{1} 1b_{2}^{2} 1c_{3}^{3} 1d_{4}^{4} 1e_{5}^{5} 1f_{6}^{6} 1g_{7}^{7} 1h_{8}^{8} 1i_{8}^{8,9}$ and $1k^{10}$ were synthesized according to the reported methods. ¹H (400 or 300 MHz) and ¹³C (100 MHz) NMR spectra were recorded on a JEOL JNN-LA400 spectrometer. Proton chemical shifts are reported in ppm based on the solvent resonance resulting from incomplete deuteration (CDCl₃ at 7.26 ppm) as the internal standard. ¹³C NMR was recorded with complete proton decoupling and the chemical shifts are reported relative to CDCl₃ at 77.00 ppm. The following abbreviations are used; s: singlet, d: doublet, t: triplet, q: quartet, sept: septet, m: multiplet. IR spectra were recorded on a SHIMADZU IRAFFINITY-1 100V J. High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) was measured with JEOL JMS-700 MStation FAB-MS.

Ph CO₂Me 1,3-diphenylisobenzofuran¹¹ (540.7 mg, 2.0 mmol) in toluene (10

mL) was added dimethyl acetylenedicarboxylate (625.2 mg, 4.4 mmol), and the resulting mixture was stirred at reflux for 3 h. The solvent was removed under the reduced pressure, and the residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel with hexane / EtOAc (v / v = 10 / 1) as the eluent to afford dimethyl 1,4-diphenyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxy-naphthalene-2,3-dicarboxylate (**1j**) as a colorless solid (593.9 mg, 1.4 mmol, 72% yield).

m.p. 156.8-157.4 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 3.69 (s, 6H), 7.14-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.52 (m, 6H), 7.54-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.79 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 4H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 52.3, 94.0, 122.2, 126.0, 128.0, 128.6, 129.0, 133.1, 149.1, 153.9, 164.1. IR (KBr / cm⁻¹): 3073, 3034, 3009, 2955, 1721, 1638, 1501, 1456, 1435, 1317, 1294, 1256, 1192, 1128, 1006, 982, 773, 748. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₂₆H₂₁O₅ ([M+H]⁺) 413.1384; found. 413.1375.

CO₂Me Dimethyl 7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hepta-2,5-diene-2,3-dicarboxylate (1a): CO₂Me Colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 3.82 (s, 6H), 5.68 (s, 2H), 7.22 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 52.4, 85.1, 143.2, 152.9, 163.2. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₁₀H₁₁O₅ ([M+H]⁺) 211.0601; found. 211.0610. The analytical data match those reported in the literature.¹

Dimethyl 1-methyl-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hepta-2,5-diene-2,3-dicarboxylate (1b): Colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 1.79 (s, 3H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 5.60 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (dd, J = 2.0, 5.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 15.1, 52.2, 52.3, 83.3, 93.8, 144.6, 145.9, 151.2, 156.5, 162.8, 164.9. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₁₁H₁₃O₅ ([M+H]⁺) 225.0757; found. 225.0761. The analytical data match those reported in the literature.²



1,4-Dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalene (1d): Colorless solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.71 (s, 2H), 6.97 (dd, J = 2.8, 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (s, 2H), 7.25 (dd, J = 2.8, 5.2 Hz, 2H). The analytical data match those reported in the literature.⁴

1-Acetyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalene (1e): Colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 2.40 (s, 3H), 5.80 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.96-7.03 (m, 3H), 7.03-7.07 (m, 1H), 7.24-7.29 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 26.8, 82.3, 95.7, 119.5, 120.5, 125.2, 125.6, 142.2, 143.4, 147.4, 148.0, 205.2. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₁₂H₁₁O₂ ([M+H]⁺) 187.0754; found. 187.0749. The analytical data match those reported in the literature.⁵

 $\begin{array}{l} \label{eq:sigma} 1-[(tert-Butyldimethylsiloxy)methyl]-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalene (1f): Colorless oil; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.17 (s, 6H), 0.97 (s, 9H), 4.33 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.69 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.96-6.99 (m, 3H), 7.04 (dd, J = 1.5, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.21-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.27-7.30 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ-5.4, 18.4, 25.9, 61.5, 82.1, 92.7, 119.8 (overlapped), 124.8, 124.9, 143.1, 143.8, 149.4, 150.5. HRMS (FAB^+): calcd for C_{17}H_{25}O_2Si ([M+H]^+) 289.1618; found. 289.1610. The analytical data match those reported in the literature. ^6 \\ \end{array}$

1-(Hydroxymethyl)-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalene (1f'): Colorless solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 1.57 (br s, 1H), 4.44 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (d, J =2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J =5.6 Hz, 1H), 6.98-7.01 (m, 2H), 7.09 (dd, J = 1.6, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17-7.20 (m, 1H), 7.24-7.26 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 60.3, 82.1, 93.6, 119.5, 120.2, 125.0, 125.1, 142.3, 144.9, 147.7, 150.4. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₁₁H₁₁O₂ ([M+H]⁺) 175.0754; found. 175.0747. The analytical data match those reported in the literature.^{6a}

Br 6,7-Dibromo-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalene (1g): Colorless solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.66 (s, 2H), 6.99 (s, 2H), 7.47 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 81.8, 120.6, 125.5, 142.7, 150.2. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₁₀H₆Br₂O ([M]⁺) 299.8785; found. 299.8747. The analytical data match those reported in the literature.⁷

F₃C 6-(Trifluoromethyl)-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalene (1h): Pale yellow oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.85 (d, J =2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (dd, J = 2.0, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (dd, J = 2.0, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J= 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 82.1 (two peaks overlapped), 116.8 (q, J = 3.3 Hz), 120.0, 123.0 (q, J = 3.8 Hz), 124.2 (q, J = 270.8 Hz), 127.4 (q, J = 32.5 Hz), 142.7, 143.1, 150.3, 153.2. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₁₁H₈F₃O ([M+H]⁺) 213.0522; found. 213.0522. The analytical data match those reported in the literature.⁸

5-Trifluoromethyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalene (1i): Colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.78 (s, 1H), 6.01 (s, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J = 2.0, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J = 2.0, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 81.5, 81.9, 121.1 (q, J = 4.8 Hz), 123.0, 123.6 (q, J = 33.4 Hz), 123.9 (q, J = 275.5 Hz), 125.6, 142.4, 143.6, 148.0, 150.5. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₁₁H₈F₃O ([M+H]⁺) 213.0522; found. 213.0524. The analytical data match those reported in the literature.⁹



1,4-Dihydro-1,4-epoxyanthracene (1k): Colorless solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.81 (s, 2H), 6.97 (s, 2H), 7.43 (dd, *J* = 3.2, 6.0 Hz, 2H),

7.59 (s, 2H), 7.71 (dd, J = 3.2, 6.0 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 81.8, 118.6, 126.1, 128.1, 131.9, 141.7, 144.1. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₁₄H₁₀O ([M]⁺) 194.0732; found. 194.0743. The analytical data match those reported in the literature.¹⁰

3. General Procedure for Rhenium-Catalyzed Deoxygenation of 7-Oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptadiene Derivatives. A flame-dried test tube was charged with Re_2O_7 (1.8 mg, 3.75 µmol) or NH₄ReO₄ (2.0 mg, 7.5 µmol), P(OPh)₃ (111.7 mg, 0.36 mmol) and toluene (0.90 mL). After stirring for 10 min, 7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptadiene derivatives **1** (0.30 mmol) was added, and further stirred at the temperature specified in the text for 18 h. The solvent was removed under the reduced pressure, and the residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel with hexane / EtOAc as eluents to afford the corresponding aromatic compounds.

CO₂Me **Dimethyl phthlate (2a)**: Colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): CO₂Me δ 3.89 (s, 6H), 7.50-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.69-7.72 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 52.6, 128.8, 131.1, 131.9, 168.0. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₁₀H₁₁O₄ ([M+H]⁺) 195.0657; found. 195.0655. The analytical data match those reported in the literature (P. Dawar, M. Bhagavan Raju, R. A. Ramakrishana, *Tetrahedron Lett.* 2011, **52**, 4262).

Dimethyl 3-methylphthalate (2b): Colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz,
CO2Me CO_2Me CDCl_3): $\delta 2.33$ (s, 3H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 7.31-7.41 (m, 2H),
7.79-7.83 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3): $\delta 18.9$, 52.4, 52.5, 127.2,
127.4, 129.0, 134.4, 135.3, 135.7, 166.3, 169.9. IR (neat / cm⁻¹): 3001, 2953, 1732, 1595,
1456, 1435, 1282, 1198, 1153, 1117, 1022, 960, 767. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₁₁H₁₃O₄

([M+H]⁺) 209.0808; found. 209.0830.

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Dimethyl 3,6-dimethylphthlate (2c): Colorless oil; ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, \\ CDCl_{3}): \delta 2.38 (s, 6H), 3.87 (s, 6H), 7.19 (s, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, \\ CDCl_{3}): \delta 19.8, 52.2, 131.7, 132.5, 134.3, 168.9. IR (neat / cm⁻¹): 3022, \\ 2953, 1732, 1589, 1489, 1435, 1402, 1294, 1263, 1203, 1161, 1111, 1036, 962, 756. \\ HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C_{12}H_{15}O_{4} ([M+H]⁺) 223.0965; found. 223.0946. \\ \end{array}$

Naphthalene (2d) [CAS 91-20-3]: Colorless solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.51 (dd, J = 3.2, 6.4 Hz, 4H), 7.87 (dd, J = 3.2, 6.4 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 126.0, 127.9, 133.4. The analytical data match those measured for commercial sample.

1-Acetylnaphthalene (2e): Colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta 2.75$ (s, 3H), 7.50 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (dd, J = 2.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.76 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta 29.9$, 124.3, 126.0, 126.4, 128.0, 128.4, 128.6, 130.1, 133.0, 133.9, 135.4, 201.8. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₁₂H₁₁O ([M+H]⁺) 171.0810; found. 171.0805. The analytical data match those reported in the literature (J. Ruan, J. A. Iggo, N. G. Berry. J. Xiao, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2010, **132**, 16689).

^tBuMe₂SiO ^tBuMe₂SiD ^tBuMe₂SiD ^tBuMe₂SiD ^tBuMe₂SiD ^tBu CDCl₃): δ -5.2, 18.4, 26.0, 63.4, 123.3, 123.7, 125.4, 125.5, 125.8, 127.5, 128.6, 130.8, 133.5, 136.7. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₁₇H₂₅OSi ([M+H]⁺) 273.1675; found. 273.1654. The analytical data match those reported in the literature (P. Patschinski, C. Zhang, H. Zipse, *J. Org. Chem.* 2014, **79**, 8348).

Br Br Br Br Br 2,3-Dibromonaphthalene (2g): Colorless solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.50-7.53 (m, 2H), 7.72-7.75 (m, 2H), 8.15 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 122.1, 127.0, 127.3, 132.4, 133.2. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₁₀H₆Br₂ ([M]⁺) 283.8836; found. 283.8851. The analytical data match those reported in the literature (G. London, M. von Wantoch Rekowski, O. Dumele, W. B. Schweizer, J.-P. Gisselbrecht, C. Boudon, F. Diederich, *Chem. Sci.* 2014, **5**, 965).

2-(Trifluoromethyl)naphthalene (2h): Colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.59 (dd, J = 1.6, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (dd, J = 1.6, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (dd, J = 1.6, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.89-7.93 (m, 2H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 124.4 (q, J = 3.1 Hz), 125.7 (q, J = 4.6 Hz), 127.1, 127.5 (q, J = 30.0 Hz), 127.8, 128.0, 128.8, 128.9 (q, J = 276.9 Hz), 129.0, 132.2, 134.5. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₁₁H₈F₃ ([M+H]⁺) 197.0578; found. 197.0577. The analytical data match those reported in the literature (T. Liu, Q. Shen, *Org. Lett.* 2011, **13**, 2342).



J = 2.3 Hz), 124.7 (q, J = 6.1 Hz), 124.8 (q, J = 271.7 Hz), 126.0 (q, J = 24.8 Hz), 126.6, 127.6, 128.7, 128.9, 132.7, 133.9. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₁₁H₈F₃ ([M+H]⁺) 197.0578;

found. 197.0560. The analytical data match those reported in the literature (J. Xu, D.-F. Luo, B. Xiao, Z.-J. Liu, T.-J. Gong, Y. Fu, L. Liu, Chem. Commun. 2011, 47, 4300).

Ph Dimethyl 1,4-diphenylnaphthalene-2,3-dicarboxylate (2j): CO₂Me Colorless solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 3.51 (s, 6H), CO₂Me 7.36-7.41 (m, 4H), 7.42-7.52 (m, 8H), 7.62-7.67 (dd, J = 2.8, 6.8 Hz, Ρh 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ52.2, 127.4, 127.6, 127.9, 128.1, 128.7, 129.9, 132.7, 137.5, 139.1, 168.9. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for $C_{26}H_{20}O_4$ ([M]⁺) 396.1362; found. 396.1367. The analytical data match those reported in the literature.^{11b}



Anthracene (2k) [CAS 120-12-7]: Colorless solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.47 (dd, J = 3.2, 6.4 Hz, 4H), 8.01 (dd, J = 3.2, 6.4 Hz, 4H), 8.43 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 125.5, 126.3, 128.3, 131.8. The analytical data match those measured for commercial sample.

Dimethyl 3-hydroxyphthalate (3a): Colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, OH CO₂Me CDCl₃): δ 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 6.95 (dd, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.07 CO₂Me (dd, J = 1.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 10.5 (s, 1H).¹³C

NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): *δ*52.6, 52.8, 110.1, 119.0, 119.8, 134.5, 135.4, 161.0, 169.3, 169.4. IR (neat / cm⁻¹): 3401, 2955, 1732, 1681, 1605, 1581, 1454, 1330, 1283, 1199, 1145, 1115, 1009, 820, 760. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for $C_{10}H_{11}O_5$ ([M+H]⁺) 211.0601; found. 211.0603.

Dimethyl 1-oxo-2,4-diphenyl-1,2-dihydronaphthalene-2,3-dicarboxylate (3j): Pale yellow crystal; mp 199.8–200.2 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ3.36 (s, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 6.93 (dd, J = 0.8, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.35 (m, 4H), 7.38 (dt, J = 2.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H),



4. Regioselective Benzannulative π -Extension of PAHs. A flame-dried test tube was charged with NBS (106.7 mg, 0.60 mmol), AuCl₃ (1.5 mg, 5.0 µmol), ClCH₂CH₂Cl (1.0 mL), and aromatic compounds (benzene, naphthalene, and phenanthrene, 0.50 mmol), and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 24 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel with hexane / EtOAc as the eluent to afford the corresponding aryl bromides. Because the above procedure was not applicable to bromination of pyrene and chrysene (complex mixture was obtained), 1-bromopyrene and 6,12-dibromochrysene were synthesized by the treatment of pyrene and chrysene with bromine in CHCl₃ at 80 °C for 24 h.

To a stirred solution of NaNH₂ (17.6 mg, 0.45 mmol) and ¹BuOK (1.7 mg, 15 μ mol (30 μ mol for the synthesis of **4b**)) in THF (1.0 mL) was added aryl bromides (0.30 mmol) and furan (306.3 mg, 4.5 mmol (9.0 mmol for the synthesis of **4b**)), and the resulting mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 15 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with Et₂O (5 mL), and passed through short silica gel pad. The filtrate was washed with brine, and extracted with Et₂O for three times. The combined organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was treated with Re₂O₇ (1.8 mg, 3.75 μ mol), P(OPh)₃ (111.7 mg, 0.36 mmol), and toluene (0.90 mL), and the resulting mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 18 h. The solvent was removed under the reduced pressure, and the residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel with hexane as

the eluent to afford the corresponding aromatic compounds 4.



1-Bromopyrene: Colorless solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ7.89
(d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H),
7.99 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 8.12 -8.18 (m, 3H),

8.34 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ119.7, 123.8, 125.3, 125.4, 125.5, 125.6, 125.7, 126.3, 126.9, 127.5, 128.7, 129.4, 129.8, 130.4, 130.7, 130.9. The analytical data match those reported in the literature (R. S. Kathayat, N. S. Finney, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2013, 135, 12612; W. Wu, X. Wu, J. Zhao, M. Wu, *J. Mater. Chem. C.* 2015, 3, 2291).



Benzo[a]pyrene (4a): A pale yellow solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ7.78 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.

1H), 8.08 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.27 (d, J = 6.4 1H), 8.29 (d, J = 9.2 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 9.00 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 9.01 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 122.1, 122.9, 123.7, 124.7, 124.8, 125.3, 125.5, 125.9, 126.0, 126.1, 127.3, 127.4, 127.7, 128.0, 128.1, 128.8, 129.8, 131.2, 131.3, 131.5. IR (KBr / cm⁻¹): 3071, 3036, 1616, 1558, 1508, 1474, 1314, 1182, 883, 839, 758, 743, 691. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₂₀H₁₂ ([M]⁺) 252.0939; found. 252.0944.



6,12-Dibromochrysene: A colorless solid; m.p. 287.9-288.4 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ7.76 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.79 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 8.45 (dd, *J* = 2.4, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 8.71 (dd, *J* = 2.4, 7.2 Hz, 2H),

9.01 (s, 2H). ¹H NMR data match those reported in the literature (Bock, H.; Huet, S.; Dechambenoit, P.; Hillard, E. A.; Durola, F. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2015**, 1033). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ123.3, 123.4, 125.4, 127.90, 127.94, 128.3, 128.4, 130.7, 131.0. IR

(KBr / cm⁻¹): 3040, 1576, 1508, 1396, 916, 864, 752. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for $C_{18}H_{10}Br_2$ ([M]⁺) 383.9149; found. 383.9148.



1,4,9,12-Tetrahydro-1,4:9,12-diepoxydibenzo[g,p]chrysene: A yellow solid (Obtained as a mixture of two stereoisomers. The ratio was determined to be 60 / 40 by ¹H NMR analysis of the crude product); ¹H NMR for major isomer (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.40 (s, 2H), 6.89 (s, 2H),

7.46 (dd, J = 1.6, 5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (dd, J = 1.6, 5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.68-7.71 (m, 4H), 8.02-8.05 (m, 2H), 8.39-8.43 (m, 2H). ¹H NMR for minor isomer (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.43 (s, 2H), 7.00 (s, 2H), 7.40 (dd, J = 1.6, 5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (dd, J = 1.6, 5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.68-7.71 (m, 4H), 8.03-8.08 (m, 2H), 8.64-8.67 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 80.9, 81.2, 85.4, 85.9, 122.8, 123.1, 124.0, 124.5, 125.9, 126.0, 126.3 (two peaks overlapped), 126.6, 126.7, 127.3, 128.0, 128.3, 143.7, 144.0, 144.3, 144.4, 146.9, 147.1, 147.2, 147.3. IR (KBr / cm⁻¹): 3003, 1541, 1273, 1038, 889, 841, 768. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₂₆H₁₆O₂ ([M]⁺) 360.1150; found. 360.1158.

Dibenzo[*g,p*]chrysene (4b): A pale yellow solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.64 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 4H), 7.69 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 4H), 8.68-8.73 (m, 8H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 123.6, 126.6 (two peaks overlapped), 128.9, 129.2, 130.9, 131.6. The analytical data match those reported in the literature (Y. Kurata, S. Otsuka, N. Fukui, K. Nogi, H. Yorimitsu, A. Osuka, *Org. Lett.* 2017, **19**, 1274).

1,4-Dimethylphenanthrene (4c): Colorless crystal; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ2.76 (s, 3 H), 3.14 (s, 3 H), 7.34 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.64 (m, 2H), 7.78 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 8.91 (d, J = 9.2



Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ20.3, 27.4, 123.5, 125.3, 125.7, 126.8, 127.3, 127.7, 128.5, 130.3, 130.7, 131.9, 132.2, 132.8, 133.1, 133.3. The analytical data match those reported in the literature (S.

Nandi, K. Panda, J. R. Suresh, H. Ilaa, H. Junjappa, *Tetrahedron* 2004, **60**, 3663).



4-Bromodibenzo[*b*,*d*]**furan**: This compound was synthesized according to the reported procedure,¹² and obtained as a mixture of 12% of dibenzofuran after the purification by column chromatography on silica

gel with hexane as the eluent. The analytically pure sample was obtained by further purification with GPC. A colorless crystal; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.24 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dt, J = 0.8, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (dt, J = 1.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 1.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (dd, J = 0.8, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (dd, J = 0.8, 7.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 104.5, 112.1, 119.6, 121.0, 123.3, 123.9, 124.2, 125.7, 127.8, 130.0, 153.3, 156.0. The analytical data match those reported in the literature.¹²

Benzo[b]naphtho[2,1-d]furan: Colorless solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.89 (s, 1H), 6.24 (s, 1H), 7.14-7.15 (m, 2H), 7.31 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 80.1, 82.9, 111.5, 115.4, 117.3, 120.7, 122.8, 123.5, 124.2, 127.3, 131.1, 142.7, 143.9, 149.0, 150.0, 156.6. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₁₆H₁₀O₂ ([M]⁺) 234.0681; found. 234.0671.



Benzo[*b*]**naphtho**[2,1-*d*]**furan (4d**): Pale yellow solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.41 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (dt, J = 1.2,

7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.4

Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.99-8.03 (m, 3H), 8.47 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 111.8, 118.5, 119.2, 120.3, 120.9, 121.4, 122.9, 123.3, 125.1, 126.1, 126.2, 126.5, 128.4, 133.1, 152.0, 156.0. The analytical data match those reported in the literature (S. Maetani, T. Fukuyama, I. Ryu, *Org. Lett.* 2013, **15**, 2754; T. Okazaki, M. Nakagawa, T. Kitagawa, K. K. Laali, *Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn.* 2014, **87**, 1235).

Br (CDCl₃): δ 7.33 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J

1H), 8.26 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 122.8, 126.2, 126.7, 127.1, 127.3, 127.9, 128.3, 129.9, 132.0, 134.6. The analytical data match those measured for commercial sample.

1,4-Dihydro-1,4-epoxyphenanthrene: Pale yellow solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.93 (s, 1H), 6.27 (s, 1H), 7.21 (s, 2H), 7.38 (dt, J = 0.8, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (dt, J = 0.8, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 81.2, 83.4, 119.3, 122.6, 125.1, 125.4, 126.2, 127.6, 128.7, 131.7, 143.4, 144.9, 147.8, 148.3. HRMS (FAB⁺): calcd for C₁₄H₁₁O ([M+H]⁺) 195.0809; found. 195.0801. The analytical data match those reported in the literature (S. K. Sundalam, A. Nilova, T. L. Seidl, D. R. Stuart, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* 2016, **55**, 8431).



1,4-Dimethyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxyphenanthrene: Colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 2.02 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 6.92 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J =

8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H),

8.04 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 15.4, 18.8, 88.9, 90.7, 117.5, 122.4, 124.5, 125.9, 126.1, 127.8, 129.2, 132.1, 148.2, 148.3, 149.4, 152.4. The analytical data match those reported in the literature (K.-y. Jung, M. Koreeda, J. Org. Chem. 1998, 54, 5667).



Phenanthrene (4e) [CAS 85-01-8]: Colorless crystal; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.61 (t, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (dt, J = 2.0, 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.76 (s, 2H), 7.90 (dt, J = 2.0, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 8.71 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100

MHz, CDCl₃): δ122.6, 126.5 (overlapped), 126.9, 128.6, 130.3, 132.0. The analytical data match those reported in the literature (R. Wakabayashi, T. Kurahashi, S. Matsubara, Synlett 2013, 24, 2297).



9-Bromophenanthrene [CAS 573-17-1]: Colorless solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.61 (dt, J = 1.2, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.73 (m, 3H), 7.81 (dd, J = 0.8, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 8.36-8.39 (m, 1H), 8.66 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.68-8.71 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ121.7, 122.7, 122.8, 127.1,

127.2, 127.4, 127.5, 127.8, 128.1, 129.8, 130.4, 130.5, 131.3, 132.2. The analytical data match those measured for commercial sample.



Triphenylene (4f) [CAS 217-59-4]: Pale yellow solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.67 (dd, J = 3.2, 6.4 Hz, 6H), 8.65 (dd, J = 3.2, 6.4 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 123.3, 127.2, 129.8. The analytical data

match those reported in the literature (J.-C. Hsieh, C.-H. Cheng, Chem. Commun. 2008, 2992).

5. Optimization of Reaction Conditions

Table S1. Optimization of Reaction Conditions

		P ₂ Me cataly reduc	st (2.5 mol%· tant (1.2 equ	-M) liv) CC	D ₂ Me
		2 ² Me	80 °C, 18 h		D₂Me
	1a			2a	
Entry	catalyst	solvent	reductant	Yield of 2a ^a / %	Recov. of 1a ^a / %
1	MeReO ₃	toluene	P(OPh) ₃	84	0
2	ReOCl ₃ (PPh ₃) ₂	toluene	P(OPh) ₃	88	0
3	ReIO ₂ (PPh ₃) ₂	toluene	P(OPh) ₃	82	0
4	Re ₂ O ₇	toluene	P(OPh) ₃	94 (93)	0
5	ReCl_5	toluene	P(OPh) ₃	89	0
6	NH ₄ ReO ₄	toluene	P(OPh) ₃	92 (90)	0
7 <i>b</i>	NH ₄ ReO ₄	toluene	P(OPh) ₃	85	0
8	ReCl ₃ (PPhMe ₂) ₃	3 toluene	$P(OPh)_3$	67	0
9	MoO_2CI_2	toluene	$P(OPh)_3$	54	0
10	NH_4ReO_4	toluene	P(OEt) ₃	0	0
11	NH_4ReO_4	toluene	PPh_3	0	38
12	NH_4ReO_4	toluene	P(o-tol) ₃	10	72
13	NH_4ReO_4	toluene	P(2-furyl) ₃	62	62
14	NH_4ReO_4	toluene	P^nBu_3	0	19
15	NH_4ReO_4	toluene	dppe	37	0
16 ^c	NH_4ReO_4	toluene	3-pentanol	74	0
17	NH_4ReO_4	toluene	ⁱ PrOH	54	0
18 ^c	NH_4ReO_4	toluene	Zn	23	21
19 ^c	NH_4ReO_4	toluene	Na_2SO_3	2	32
20 <i>°</i>	NH_4ReO_4	toluene		0	80
21	NH_4ReO_4	C ₆ H ₅ Cl	$P(OPh)_3$	41	26
22	NH_4ReO_4	ⁿ decane	$P(OPh)_3$	48	42
23	NH_4ReO_4	cyclohexane	$P(OPh)_3$	50	10
24	NH_4ReO_4	CICH ₂ CH ₂ CI	$P(OPh)_3$	28	18
25	NH_4ReO_4	1,4-dioxane	$P(OPh)_3$	31	40
26	NH_4ReO_4	MeCN	$P(OPh)_3$	0	81

^aDetermined by ¹H NMR. Values in parentheses are the isolated yields. ^{*b*}NH₄ReO₄ (1 mol%) for 36 h. ^{*c*}At 120 °C.

2a was not obtained with the following catalysts: $TiCl_4$, Cr_2O_7 , WCl_6 , MnO_2 , $MnBr_2$, $Mn(acac)_2$, $Re_2(CO)_{10}$, $[ReBr(CO)_3(thf)]_2$, $RuCl_3$, $Rh_2(OAc)_4$, $NiCl_2$, Cu_2O .

6. Tolerance of Functional Groups in Deoxygenative Aromatization of 1a

\bigwedge	CO ₂ Me addi	additive (1 equiv)	
	CO₂Me NH₄Ra P(OP 1a toluer	eO ₄ (2.5 mol%) Ph) ₃ (1.2 equiv) ne, 80 °C, 18 h	CO ₂ Me 2a
Entry	additive	Recov. of additive ^a / %	Yield ^a / %
1	Ph(CH ₂) ₂ COMe	94	86
2	Ph(CH ₂) ₂ CO ₂ Et	>95	84
3	1,3-(MeO) ₂ C ₆ H ₄	>95	86
4	4 <i>-</i> ^{<i>n</i>} BuC ₆ H₄Br	>95	81
5	Ph(CH ₂) ₂ Br	86	86
6	Ph(CH ₂) ₂ CN	84	87
7	Ph(CH ₂) ₂ CHO	62	87
8		Me 91	88

Table S2. Study of the Functional Group Tolerance

^aDetermined by ¹H NMR.

7. Plausible Reaction Mechanism



Figure S1. Plausible Reaction Mechanism

8. Comparison with the Reported Deoxygenation Protocols

	CO ₂ Me additive (1 equiv)	CO ₂ Me
	Ta LO II CO₂Me P(OPh)₃ (toluene, 80	2.5 mol%) 1.2 equiv)) °C, 18 h	CO ₂ Me 2a
Entry	conditions	Yield ^a	reference
1	TiCl ₄ (6.8 equiv), LiAlH ₄ (2.7 equiv) Et ₃ N (1.1 equiv), THF, 0 to 65 °C, 24 h	45% (lit. 649	%) J. Org. Chem. 1982, 47 , 140.
2	Mo(CO) ₆ (1.1 equiv) cyclohexane, reflux, 48 h	21% (lit. 469	%) Heterocycles 1998, 27 , 217.
3	PhMgBr (10 equiv) THF, reflux, 2 h	0%	<i>Tetrahedron Lett.</i> 1997, 38 , 4761.
4	Me ₃ SiCl (3 equiv), Nal (3 equiv) CH ₃ CN, rt, 1 h	0%	<i>J. Org. Chem.</i> 1989, 54 , 5667.
5	Zn (15 equiv), CH ₃ CO ₂ H toluene, 100 °C, 18 h, 8 h	16%	<i>Tetrahedron Lett.</i> 1980, 21 , 3627.
6	NH ₄ ReO ₄ (2.5 mol%) P(OPh) ₃ (1.2 equiv), toluene, 80 °C, 18 h	92% (90%)	This work

Table S3. Deoxygenation of 1a by Various Methods

Determined by ¹H NMR. Value in parentheses is the isolated yield. "lit." means yields reported in the reference.

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10. X-ray Crystallographic Studies of Isomerized Product 3j (CCDC 1873272): Pale yellow crystal of 3j suitable for X-ray analysis was obtained by recrystallization from CH_2Cl_2 at 25 °C. All measurements were made on a Rigaku R-AXIS imaging plate area detector with multi-layer monochromated Mo-K α radiation. Details of crystal and data collection parameters are summarized in Table S4. The positions of non-hydrogen atoms were determined by direct methods (SHELXS97) and subsequent Fourier syntheses. An ORTEP drawing is shown in Figure S2.



Figure S2. ORTEP drawing of borylcyclopropane **3j**. Thermal ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

Table S4. Summary of Crystallographic Data of Borylcyclopropane 3j

```
Empirical formula: C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>5</sub>
Formula weight: 412.44
Crystal system: monoclinic
Space group: P2_1/c (#14)
Crystal color: yellow
Lattice parameters:
a (Å) = 15.7487(10), b (Å) = 7.427(5), c (Å) = 17.812(11)
\beta (°) = 96.731(8), V (Å<sup>3</sup>) = 2069.0(19), Z = 4
D_{calc} (g cm<sup>-3</sup>): 1.324
\mu (Mo K \alpha ) (cm<sup>-1</sup>): 0.915
Goodness of fit (GOF) = 1.242
F(000): 864.00
Diffractometer: Saturn724
Radiation: MoK \alpha (\lambda = 0.71075 Å), Multi-layer Mirror Monochromated
Temp (°C): -163.0
Scan type: \omega - 2 \theta
Max. 2 \theta (°): 55.0
No. of reflections measured total: 32142
No. of observns (I > 3.00 \sigma (I)): 4746
Structure solution: Direct Methods (SHELXS97)
Refinement: Full-Matrix Least-Squares on F<sup>2</sup>
No. of variables: 280
Reflection/parameter ratio: 16.95
Residuals: R = 0.1148, wR2 = 0.2221
Max Shift/Error in Final Cycle: 0.000
Maximum peak in Final Diff Map (e (Å^{-3}): 0.26
Minimum peak in Final Diff Map (e (Å^{-3}): -0.27
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11. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR Spectra of Products






































































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