Electronic Supplementary Information

Synthesis of Functional and Boronic Acid-Containing Aliphatic Polyesters *via* Suzuki Coupling

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Figure S18. ¹³C NMR spectrum of **11** Reference Experimental Section: Instrumentation

¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on an Inova 500 spectrometer. ¹H NMR chemical shifts in CDCl₃ or DMSO- d_6 are referenced to TMS (δ 0.00 ppm) or CHD₂SOCD₃ (2.50 ppm), respectively. ¹³C NMR chemical shifts in CDCl₃ are referenced to deuterated chloroform (77.16 ppm).

Size-exclusion chromatography was performed in *N*,*N*-dimethylacetamide with 50 mM LiCl at 50 °C and a flow rate of 1.0 mL/min (Agilent isocratic pump, degasser, and autosampler; columns: ViscoGel I-series 5 μ m guard + two ViscoGel I-series G3078 mixed bed columns, molecular weight range $0-20 \times 10^3$ and $0-100 \times 10^4$ g/mol). Detection consisted of a Wyatt Optilab T-rEX refractive index detector operating at 658 nm. Apparent molecular weights were calculated using 9 polystyrene standards from 327,300 g/mol to 1,370 g/mol.

HRMS was conducted with an Agilent 6220 time-of-flight (TOF) mass spectrometer using the electrospray ionization (ESI) ion source.

Synthesis of 3



2-Bromopropionyl bromide (2.30 mL, 21.6 mmol) was added to a stirred solution of 4bromomandelic acid (5.00 g, 21.6 mmol) and TEA (3.17 mL, 22.7 mmol) in anhydrous THF (200 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 3 h. The solution was filtered and concentrated. The resulting material was dissolved in diethyl ether (150 mL). The organic layer was washed with brine (50 mL \times 3), dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated to give a colorless oil, which was used in the next step without further purification.

Synthesis of 4



A solution of **3** in DMF (15 mL) was added to a stirred solution of sodium bicarbonate (2.73 g, 32.5 mmol) in DMF (200 mL) dropwise via a syringe pump. The solution was diluted with water (150 mL), and the resulting solution was extracted with DCM (100 mL \times 3). The combined organic layers were washed with satd. aq. NaHCO₃ (200 mL \times 2) and brine (200 mL \times 3), dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated. The resulting material was washed with diethyl ether to give (±)-4 as a white solid [3.41 g, 12.0 mmol, 55% (2 steps)].

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.60 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, Ar-*H*), 7.31 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, Ar-*H*), 5.89 (s, 1H, CHAr), 5.19 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H, CHCH₃), and 1.69 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H CHCH₃).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 116.7, 165.3, 132.3, 130.4, 129.3, 124.5, 77.2, 72.9, and 16.5. HRMS (ESI-TOF): Calculated for C₁₁H₁₃BrNO₄⁺ [M + NH₄]⁺ requires 302.0022; found 302.0032.

Synthesis of 5 (Polymerization of 4)



(±)-4 (400 mg, 1.40 mmol) and 9-anthracenemethanol (2.9 mg, 1.4×10^{-2} mmol) were charged in a vial, and the vial was purged with argon. The mixture was dissolved in THF (1.4 mL). Gentle heating of the reaction mixture was necessary to dissolve the sample. TBD (3.9 mg, 2.8×10^{-2} mmol) was added to the mixture, and the solution was stirred at rt for 4 h. The reaction was quenched by an addition of acetic acid. The resulting solution was precipitated into cold methanol, filtered, and dried to yield **5** as a white solid.

Synthesis of 6



5 (50 mg, 0.18 mmol), 4-vinylphenylboronic acid (78 mg, 0.53 mmol), K_2CO_3 (97 mg, 0.70 mmol) were charged in a vial and purged with argon. Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (64 mg, 0.085 mmol) was added to the mixture, and the vial was purged with argon again. THF (0.9 mL) was added to the mixture, and the solution was stirred at 50 °C for 18 h. The resulting solution was filtered, precipitated into cold methanol, filtered, and dried to yield **6** as a brown solid.

Synthesis of 7



5 (50 mg, 0.18 mmol), 4-formylphenylboronic acid (79 mg, 0.53 mmol), K_2CO_3 (97 mg, 0.70 mmol) were charged in a vial and purged with argon. Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (64 mg, 0.085 mmol) was added to the mixture, and the vial was purged with argon again. THF (0.9 mL) was added to the mixture, and the solution was stirred at 50 °C for 18 h. The resulting solution was filtered, precipitated into cold methanol, filtered, and dried to yield 7 as a brown solid.

Synthesis of 8



5 (50 mg, 0.18 mmol), 3-aminophenylboronic acid (72 mg, 0.53 mmol), K_2CO_3 (97 mg, 0.70 mmol) were charged in a vial and purged with argon. Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (64 mg, 0.085 mmol) was added to the mixture, and the vial was purged with argon again. THF (0.9 mL) was added to the mixture, and the solution was stirred at 50 °C for 18 h. The resulting solution was filtered, precipitated into cold methanol, filtered, and dried to yield **8** as a brown solid.

Synthesis of 9



5 (50 mg, 0.18 mmol), 4-methoylphenylboronic acid (81 mg, 0.53 mmol), K_2CO_3 (97 mg, 0.70 mmol) were charged in a vial and purged with argon. Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (64 mg, 0.085 mmol) was added to the mixture, and the vial was purged with argon again. THF (0.9 mL) was added to the mixture,

and the solution was stirred at 50 °C for 18 h. The resulting solution was filtered, precipitated into cold methanol, filtered, and dried to yield **9** as a brown solid.

Synthesis of 10 (via post-polymerization modification)



5 (50 mg, 0.18 mmol), bis(pinacolato)diboron (135 mg, 0.532 mmol), K_2CO_3 (97 mg, 0.70 mmol) were charged in a vial and purged with argon. Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (64 mg, 0.085 mmol) was added to the mixture, and the vial was purged with argon again. THF (0.9 mL) was added to the mixture, and the solution was stirred at 50 °C for 18 h. The resulting solution was filtered, precipitated into cold methanol, filtered, and dried to yield the resulting material as a brown solid.

Synthesis of 11



(\pm)-4 (250 mg, 0.877 mmol), bis(pinacolato)diboron (267 mg, 1.05 mmol), KOAc (129 mg, 1.32 mmol) were charged in a vial and purged with argon. Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (128 mg, 0.175 mmol) was added to the mixture, and the vial was purged with argon again. 1,4-Dioxane (5.0 mL) was added to the mixture, and the solution was stirred at 80 °C for 18 h. The resulting solution was concentrated, and the crude material was purified by flash column chromatography (3:1 hexanes/EtOAc). The resulting material was washed with diethyl ether to yield (\pm)-11 (121 mg, 0.364 mmol, 42%) as a white solid.

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.89 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 5.96 (s, 1H, CHAr), 5.17 (q, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H, CHCH₃), 1.63 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CHCH₃), and 1.35 [s, 12H, (C(CH₃)₂)₂].

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 166.9, 165.3, 135.4, 134.2, 126.5, 84.2, 77.8, 73.0, 25.0, and 16.8. The boron–bound carbon was not observed due to quadrupolar relaxation.

HRMS (ESI-TOF): Calculated for $C_{17}H_{25}BNO_6^+ [M + NH_4]^+$ requires 350.1773; found 350.1788. **TLC**: R_f (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc) = 0.2.

Synthesis of **10** (*via* polymerization of **11**)



(±)-11 (100 mg, 0.30 mmol) and 9-anthracenemethanol (1.3 mg, 0.60×10^{-2} mmol) were charged in a vial, and the vial was purged with argon. The mixture was dissolved in toluene (0.3 mL). Sn(Oct)₂ (2.4 mg, 0.60×10^{-2} mmol) was added to the mixture, and the solution was stirred at 110 °C for 16 h. The reaction was quenched by an addition of acetic acid. The resulting solution was precipitated into cold methanol, filtered, and dried to yield **10** as a white solid.

Synthesis of 12



Following an adapted literature procedure,¹ **10** (26 mg, 0.08 mmol) and polymer-supported benzeneboronic acid (330 mg, boronic acid content: 2.6–3.2 mmol/g) were charged in a round-bottomed flask with acetonitrile (2.5 mL) and aq. HCl (1 M, 0.27 mL). After stirring for 24 h, the solution was filtered, and the reaction solution was dialyzed against acetone for 24 h. Upon evaporation of the solvent, **12** was obtained as an off-white powder (17 mg, 87%).

Hydrolysis study of 5



In a round-bottomed flask, **5** (20 mg, 0.07 mmol) was dispersed in acetonitrile (1.8 mL) with aq. HCl (1 M, 0.2 mL). To ensure full solubility of the polymer, THF (0.2 mL) was added. The solution was stirred over 96 h, and aliquots were taken in regular time intervals for SEC analysis.



Figure S1. ¹H NMR spectra of **5** [Feed ratio of monomer to initiator: (A) 50:1 (B) 150:1]



Figure S2. SEC chromatogram of 5 ($M_n = 7,300 \text{ g/mol}, M_w/M_n = 1.11$)



Figure S3. ¹H NMR spectrum of **6**





Figure S5. ¹H NMR spectrum of 7







Figure S8. ¹H NMR spectrum of 9





Figure S10. SEC chromatogram of **10** ($M_n = 6,700 \text{ g/mol}, M_w/M_n = 1.22$)



Figure S11. ¹H NMR spectrum of (A) **10** in CDCl₃ and (B) **12** in DMSO-*d*₆



Figure S12. SEC study in which polymer 5 was subjected to a pinacol removal condition for 96 h.





Figure S14. NOESY spectrum of 4











Reference:

1. T. E. Pennington, C. Kardiman and C. A. Hutton, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 2004, **45**, 6657–6660.