

# Nickel-Catalysed Dehydrogenative Coupling of Aromatic Diamines with Alcohols: Selective Synthesis of Substituted Benzimidazoles and Quinoxalines

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## Table of Contents

General Experimental Details	S2
General Experimental Procedure	S2
Optimisation studies for the synthesis of benzimidazoles	S3
Analytical Data	S12
References	S18
<sup>1</sup> H NMR and <sup>13</sup> C NMR Spectra for selected compounds	S19

### **[1.1] General Experimental Details:**

All solvents and reagents were used, as received from the suppliers. TLC was performed on Merck Kiesel gel 60, GF<sub>254</sub> plates with the layer thickness of 0.25 mm. Column chromatography was performed on silica gel (100-200 mesh) using a gradient of ethyl acetate and hexane as mobile phase. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectral data were collected at, 400 MHz (JEOL), 500 MHz (Bruker) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR were recorded at 100 MHz. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectral data are given as chemical shifts in ppm followed by multiplicity (s- singlet; d- doublet; t- triplet; q- quartet; m- multiplet), number of protons and coupling constants. <sup>13</sup>C NMR chemical shifts are expressed in ppm. Elemental analysis data were recorded in Vario Micro Cube. GC-MS were recorded using Agilent GC Mass Spectrometer. All the reactions were performed in a closed system using Schlenk tube. All nickel salts were purchased from Sigma Aldrich. Nickel(II) chloride (Assay- 98%; CAS Number 13462-88-9; EC Number 236-665-0; Pack Size- No 217891-10G). Potassium *tert*-butoxide was purchased from Avra Synthesis Pvt. Ltd., India. (Purity-98%, CAS No: 865-47-4, Catalog No- ASP2012).

### **[1.2] General Procedure for Nickel-Catalysed Synthesis of substituted Benzimidazoles and Quinoxaline *via* Dehydrogenative Coupling of Aromatic diamines and Alcohols:**

#### **Procedure A:**

In a 15 mL oven dried Schlenk tube, *o*-phenylenediamine (0.5 mmol), *t*-BuOK (0.5 mmol), NiCl<sub>2</sub> (2.5 mol%), Phen (3.0 mol%), and alcohols (1.0 mmol) were added followed by toluene 2.0 mL under an atmosphere of N<sub>2</sub> and the reaction mixture was heated at 140 °C for 24 h in a closed system. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and 3.0 mL of ethyl acetate was added and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography using a gradient of hexane and ethyl acetate (eluent system) to afford the pure product.

#### **Procedure B:**

In a 15 mL oven dried Schlenk tube, *o*-phenylenediamine (0.5 mmol), *t*-BuOK (0.5 mmol), NiCl<sub>2</sub> (2.5 mol%), Phen (3.0 mol%) and alcohols (0.5 mmol) were added followed by toluene 2.0 mL under an atmosphere of N<sub>2</sub> and the reaction mixture was heated at 140 °C for 24 h in a closed system. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and 3.0 mL of ethyl acetate was added and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column

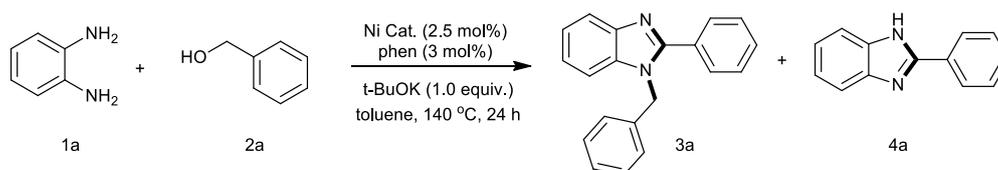
chromatography using a gradient of hexane and ethyl acetate (eluent system) to afford the pure product.

### **Procedure C:**

In a 15 mL oven dried Schlenk tube, *o*-phenylenediamine (0.5 mmol), *t*-BuOK (1.0 mmol), NiCl<sub>2</sub> (6.0 mol%), Phen (12.0 mol%) and alcohols (2.5 mmol) were added followed by toluene 2.0 mL under an atmosphere of N<sub>2</sub> and the reaction mixture was heated at 140 °C for 36 h in a closed system. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and 3.0 mL of ethyl acetate was added and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography using a gradient of hexane and ethyl acetate (eluent system) to afford the pure product.

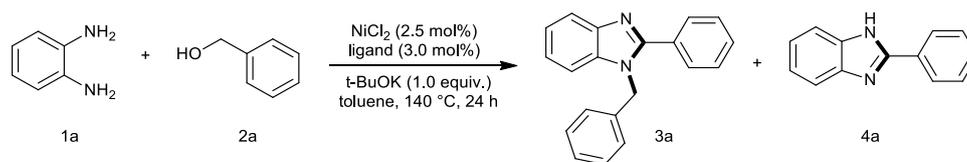
### **[1.3] Optimisation studies for the synthesis of Benzimidazole from diamine and benzyl alcohol:**

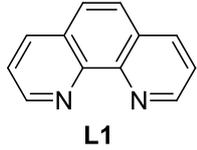
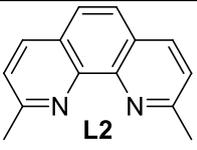
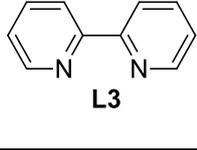
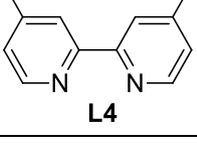
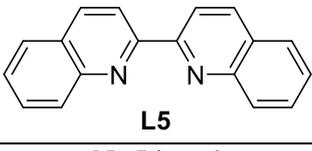
**Table S1:** Screening of catalyst <sup>a</sup>



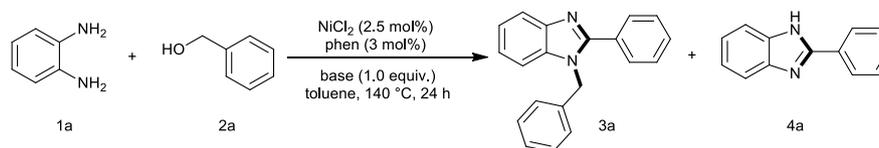
Entry	Ni-Catalyst	GC-MS Conversion 3a (%)	GC-MS Conversion 4a (%)
1	NiBr <sub>2</sub>	65	5
<b>2</b>	<b>NiCl<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>98 (91%)<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>2</b>
2	Ni(acac) <sub>2</sub>	56	11
3	NiCl <sub>2</sub> (DME)	54	6
5	No Catalyst	21	0

*Reaction condition:* [a] *o*-phenylenediamine **1a** (0.5 mmol), benzyl alcohol **2a** (1.0 mmol), **Ni Cat. (2.5 mol%)**, phen (3.0 mol%), *t*-BuOK (0.5 mmol), toluene (2.0 mL), Schlenk tube under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere, 140 °C oil bath, 24 h reaction time. [b] Isolated yield.

**Table S2: Screening of ligands<sup>a</sup>**

Entry	Ligand	GC-MS Conversion 3a (%)	GC-MS Conversion 4a (%)
1	 <b>L1</b>	<b>98 (91%)<sup>b</sup></b>	2
2	 <b>L2</b>	57	20
3	 <b>L3</b>	76	12
4	 <b>L4</b>	55	6
5	 <b>L5</b>	33	5
6	No Ligand	35	4

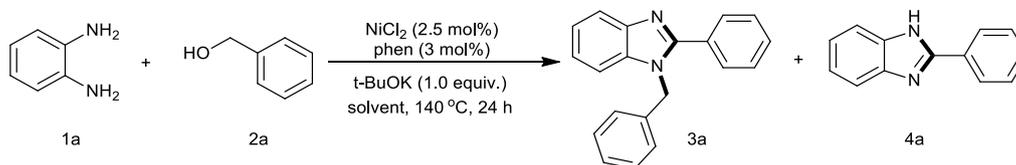
Reaction condition: [a] *o*-phenylenediamine **1a** (0.5 mmol), benzyl alcohol **2a** (1.0 mmol), NiCl<sub>2</sub> (2.5 mol%), **ligand** (3.0 mol%), *t*-BuOK (0.5 mmol), toluene (2.0 mL), Schlenk tube under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere, 140 °C oil bath, 24 h reaction time. [b] Isolated yield.

**Table S3: Screening of base<sup>a</sup>**

Entry	Base	GC-MS Conversion 3a (%)	GC-MS Conversion 4a (%)
<b>1</b>	<b><i>t</i>-BuOK</b>	<b>98(91%)<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>2</b>
2	<i>t</i> -BuONa	75	9
3	K <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	0	2
4	K <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	0	3
5	Cs <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	0	43

Reaction condition: [a] *o*-phenylenediamine **1a** (0.5 mmol), benzyl alcohol **2a** (1.0 mmol), NiCl<sub>2</sub> (2.5 mol%), phen (3.0 mol%), **base (0.5 mmol)**, toluene (2.0 mL), Schlenk tube under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere, 140 °C oil bath, 24 h reaction time. [b] Isolated yield.

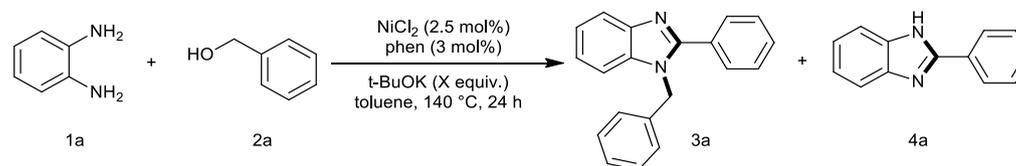
**Table S4:** Screening of solvents<sup>a</sup>



Entry	Solvent	GC-MS Conversion <b>3a</b> (%)	GC-MS Conversion <b>4a</b> (%)
<b>1</b>	<b>Toluene</b>	<b>98 (91%)<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>2</b>
2	P-Xylene	30	2
3	1,4-Dioxane	75	10
4	DMA	0	0
5	<i>n</i> -BuOH	2	0
6	DMF	4	2

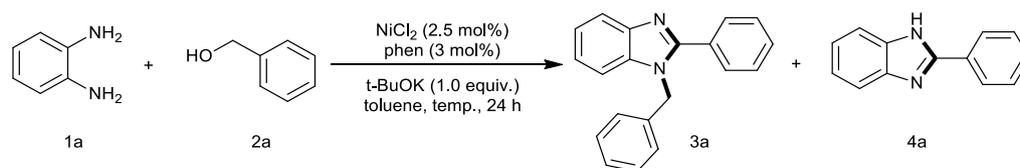
Reaction condition: [a] *o*-phenylenediamine **1a** (0.5 mmol), benzyl alcohol **2a** (1.0 mmol), NiCl<sub>2</sub> (2.5 mol%), phen (3.0 mol%), *t*-BuOK (0.5 mmol), **solvent (2.0 mL)**, Schlenk tube under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere, 140 °C oil bath, 24 h reaction time. [b] Isolated yield.

**Table S5:** Screening of base equivalents<sup>a</sup>



Entry	Base Equivalent	GC-MS Conversion <b>3a</b> (%)	GC-MS Conversion <b>4a</b> (%)
<b>1</b>	<b><i>t</i>-BuOK (1.0 equiv.)</b>	<b>98 (91%)<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>2</b>
2	<i>t</i> -BuOK (0.75 equiv.)	75	15
3	<i>t</i> -BuOK (0.50 equiv.)	50	9
4	<i>t</i> -BuOK (0.25 equiv.)	40	2
5	No base	0	0

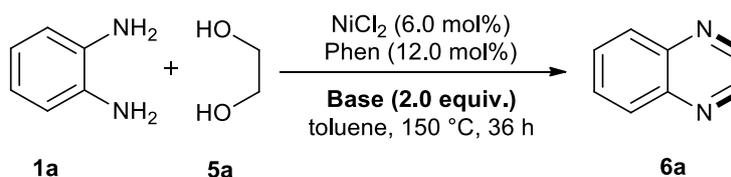
Reaction condition: [a] *o*-phenylenediamine **1a** (0.5 mmol), Benzyl alcohol **2a** (1.0 mmol), NiCl<sub>2</sub> (2.5 mol%), phen (3.0 mol%), *t*-BuOK (X equiv.), Toluene (2.0 mL), Schlenk tube under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere, 140 °C oil bath, 24 h reaction time. [b] Isolated yield.

**Table S6:** Screening of temperature<sup>a</sup>

Entry	Temp.	GC-MS Conversion 3a (%)	GC-MS Conversion 4a (%)
<b>1</b>	<b>140°C</b>	<b>98 (91%)<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>2</b>
2	130°C	85	5
3	120°C	30	4

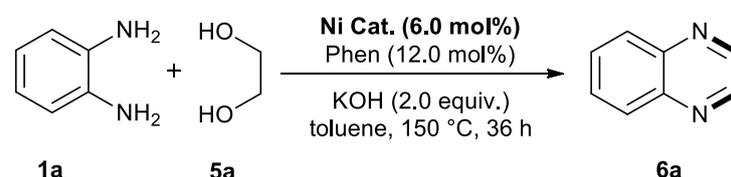
Reaction condition: [a] *o*-phenylenediamine **1a** (0.5 mmol), benzyl alcohol **2a** (1.0 mmol), NiCl<sub>2</sub> (2.5 mol%), phen (3.0 mol%), *t*-BuOK (1.0 equiv.), toluene (2.0 mL), Schlenk tube under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere, temp. (X °C) oil bath, 24 h reaction time. [b] Isolated yield.

#### [1.4] Synthesis of Quinoxaline from Diamine with ethylene glycol:

**Table S7:** Screening of Bases<sup>a</sup>

S. No	Base	GC-MS Conversion (%)
1	<i>t</i> -BuONa	22
2	<i>t</i> -BuOK	17%
<b>3</b>	<b>KOH</b>	<b>23%</b>

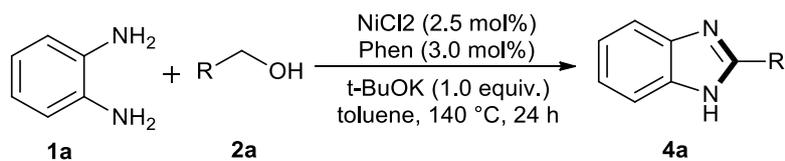
Reaction Conditions: [a] *o*-phenylenediamine **1a** (0.25 mmol), ethylene glycol **5a** (1.25 mmol), NiCl<sub>2</sub> (6.0 mol %), Phen (12 mol %), **Base (0.50 mmol)**, toluene (2.0 mL), Pressure tube under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere, 150 °C oil bath, 36 h reaction time.

**Table S8:** Screening of Catalysts<sup>a</sup>

S. No	Base	GC-MS Conversion (%)
1	NiCl <sub>2</sub>	20%
<b>2</b>	<b>NiBr<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>26%</b>
3	NiCl <sub>2</sub> .DME	11%
4	Ni(acac) <sub>2</sub>	21%



[1.5] Table S11: Substrates with poor reactivity for 2-substituted benzimidazole reaction:

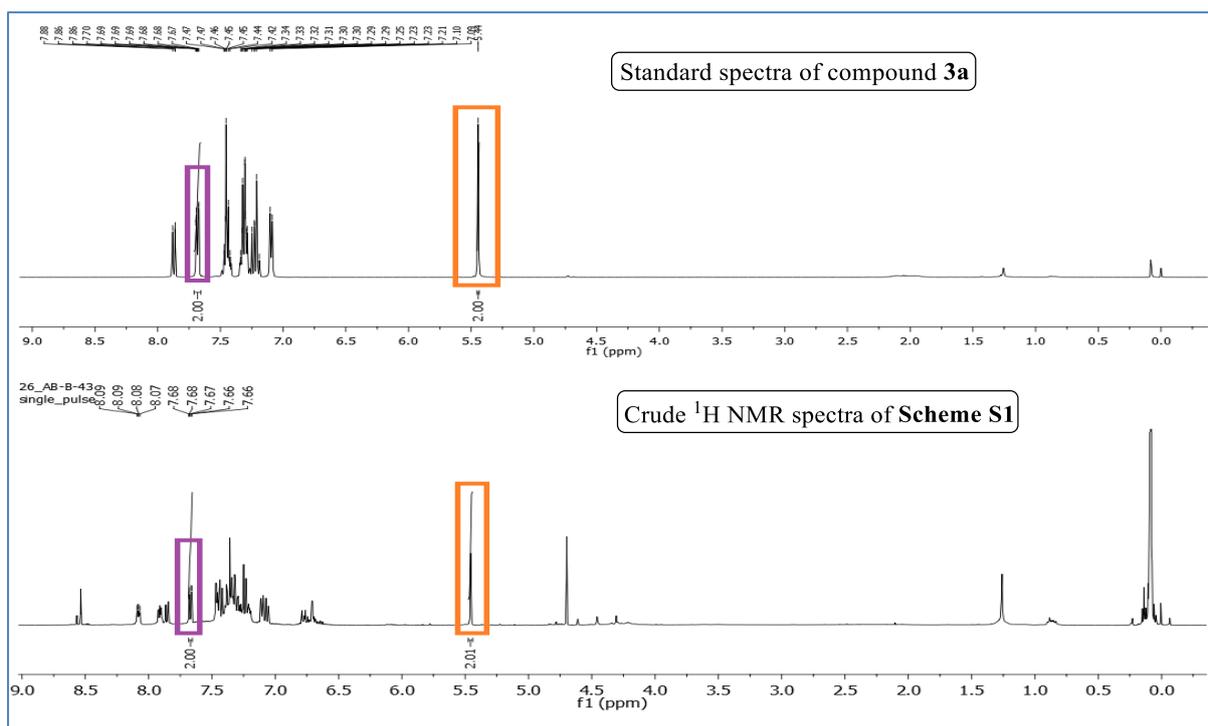
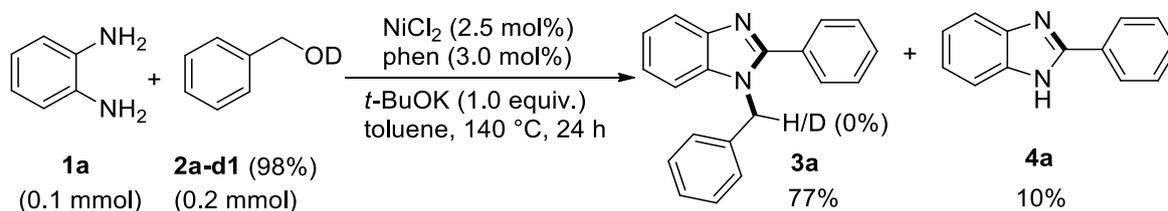


S. No	R-OH	Product	GC-MS Conversion (%)
1			15
2			0
3			5
4			10
5			20
6			0
7			0
8			trace
9			0
10			15

Reaction condition: [a] o-phenylenediamine **1a** (0.5 mmol), benzyl alcohol **2a** (0.5 mmol), NiCl<sub>2</sub> (2.5 mol %), phen (3.0 mol %), t-BuOK (1.0 equiv.), toluene (2.0 mL), Schlenk tube under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere, 140° C in oil bath, 24 h reaction time. [b] Isolated yield.

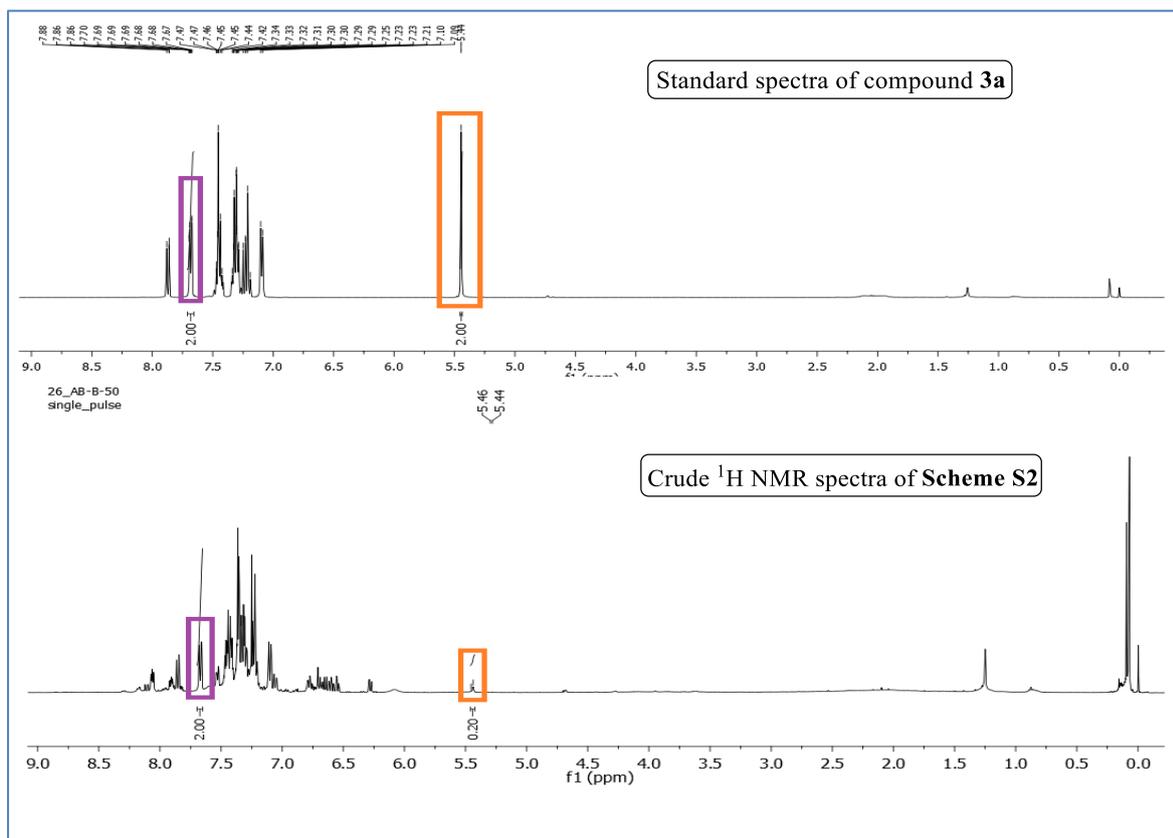
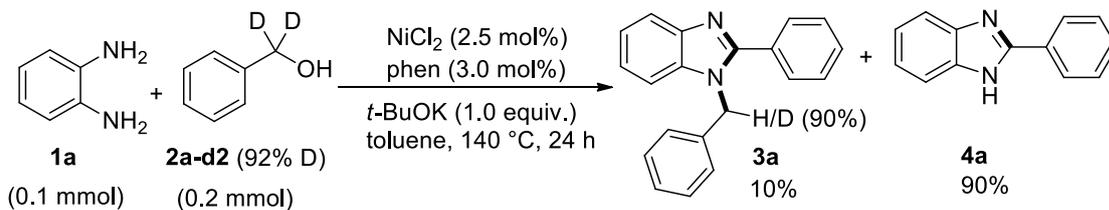
## [1.6] Deuterium Incorporation Experiments:

### Scheme S1:



Reaction Conditions: **1a** (0.10 mmol), **2a-d1** (0.20 mmol),  $\text{NiCl}_2$  (0.0025 mmol), Phen (0.0030 mmol),  $t\text{-BuOK}$  (0.10 mmol), toluene (1.0 mL) in a pressure tube under  $\text{N}_2$  atmosphere at 140 °C in an oil bath for 24 h reaction time.

**Scheme S2:**

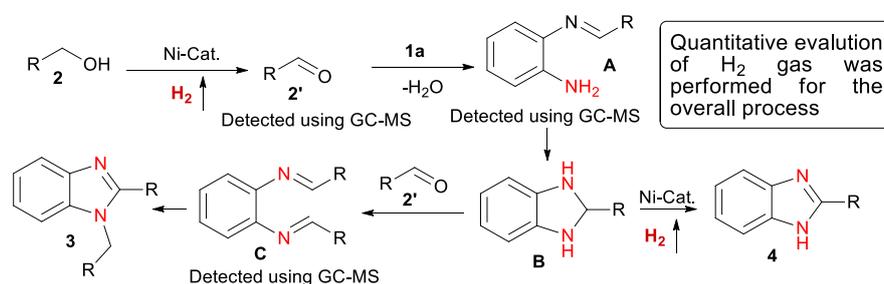


Conversion was calculated by  $^1\text{H}$  NMR integration value:

		Deuterium incorporation in <b>H</b> position
Signal $\delta$ ppm	5.44 [ s, $-\text{CH}_2$ , (2H)]	5.45(2H)
Integral value	2.0	0.20
Calculated ratio		$(2-0.20)\times 100 = 180$ Deuterium incorporation in per <b>H</b> = $180/2 = 90\%$

**Reaction Conditions:** **1a** (0.10 mmol), **2a-d2** (0.20 mmol),  $\text{NiCl}_2$  (0.0025 mmol), Phen (0.0030 mmol),  $t\text{-BuOK}$  (0.10 mmol), toluene (1.0 mL) in a pressure tube under  $\text{N}_2$  atmosphere at  $140^\circ\text{C}$  in an oil bath for 24 h reaction time.

### [1.7] Scheme S3: Plausible Mechanism



Initially, Ni-catalysed dehydrogenation of primary alcohol gave aldehyde **2'** followed by condensation with **1a** to imine intermediate **A**, which subsequently undergoes cyclisation and dehydrogenation to product **4** via intermediate **B**. It is noteworthy to mention that, in the GC-MS analysis of the crude reaction mixture we detected intermediate **2'** as well as intermediate **A**. Another possibility is that, intermediate **B** could couple with **2'** to intermediate **C**, which subsequently undergoes intra-molecular cyclisation and rearrange to 1,2-disubstituted imidazoles **3**.

### [1.8] Quantitative determination of hydrogen gas produced in the reaction of 3a.

In a 10 mL oven dried Schlenk tube, *o*-Phenylenediamine (0.5 mmol), NiCl<sub>2</sub> (2.5 mol%), Phen (3.0 mol%), benzyl alcohol (1.0 mmol) and *t*-BuOK (0.5 mmol), were added followed by toluene 2.0 mL and connected to the gas burette as shown in **Fig. 1**. Then the reaction mixture was heated at 140 °C until the production of hydrogen gas ceased. The procedure was repeated three times to get concordant reading.



**Fig. 1**

Total volume of water displaced,  $V = 0.0155$  L

Vapor pressure of water at 298K,  $P_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = 23.7695$  Torr

Atmospheric pressure at 298K,  $P_{\text{atm}} = 758.3124$  Torr

Pressure of H<sub>2</sub> gas, P<sub>H<sub>2</sub></sub> = P<sub>atm</sub> - P<sub>H<sub>2</sub>O</sub> = (758.3124 - 23.7695) Torr = 734.5429 Torr

$$P_{H_2} * V = n_{H_2} * R * T$$

$$n_{H_2} = P_{H_2} * V / R * T$$

$$= 734.5429 \text{ Torr} * 0.0155 \text{ L} / 62.3635 \text{ L Torr K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1} * 298\text{K}$$

$$= 0.000612 \text{ mol}$$

$$\approx 0.61 \text{ mmol}$$

### Quantitative determination of hydrogen gas produced in the reaction of 4a.

In a 10 mL oven dried Schlenk tube, *o*-Phenylenediamine (0.5 mmol), NiCl<sub>2</sub> (2.5 mol%), Phen (3.0 mol%), benzyl alcohol (0.5 mmol) and *t*-BuOK (0.5 mmol), were added followed by toluene 2.0 mL and connected to the gas burette as shown in **Fig. 1**. Then the reaction mixture was heated at 140 °C until the production of hydrogen gas ceased. The procedure was repeated three times to get concordant reading.

Total volume of water displaced, V = 0.0160 L

Vapour pressure of water at 298K, P<sub>H<sub>2</sub>O</sub> = 23.7695 Torr

Atmospheric pressure at 298K, P<sub>atm</sub> = 758.3124 Torr

Pressure of H<sub>2</sub> gas, P<sub>H<sub>2</sub></sub> = P<sub>atm</sub> - P<sub>H<sub>2</sub>O</sub> = (758.3124 - 23.7695) Torr = 734.5429 Torr

$$P_{H_2} * V = n_{H_2} * R * T$$

$$n_{H_2} = P_{H_2} * V / R * T$$

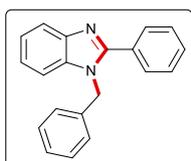
$$= 734.5429 \text{ Torr} * 0.0160 \text{ L} / 62.3635 \text{ L Torr K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1} * 298\text{K}$$

$$= 0.000632 \text{ mol}$$

$$\approx 0.63 \text{ mmol}$$

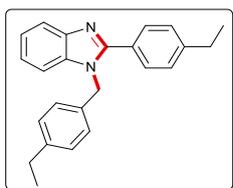
### [1.9] Spectroscopic and analytical data:

**1-benzyl-2-phenyl-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole (3a)**<sup>1</sup>: Following the general procedure A, the title



compound was isolated as a white solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield: 91%, 129 mg); mp 132-133 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.88 – 7.86 (m, 1H), 7.70 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.47 – 7.42 (m, 3H), 7.34 – 7.25 (m, 4H), 7.23 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 5.44 (s, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C {1H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 154.1, 143.1, 136.3, 136.0, 129.9, 129.2, 129.0, 128.7, 127.7, 125.9, 123.0, 122.6, 119.9, 110.5, 48.3.

**1-(4-ethylbenzyl)-2-(4-ethylphenyl)-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole (3b)<sup>2</sup>:** Following the general

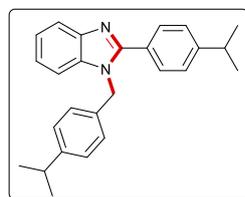


procedure A, the title compound was isolated as a white solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15% ethyl acetate in hexane.

(Yield: 72%, 122 mg); mp 148-149 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.86 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.30 – 7.25 (m, 3H), 7.21 –

7.18 (m, 2H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 5.42 (s, 2H), 2.72 – 2.60 (m, 4H), 1.27 – 1.20 (m, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 154.3, 146.2, 143.7, 143.0, 136.0, 133.6, 129.2, 128.5, 128.2, 127.2, 125.9, 122.8, 122.5, 119.7, 110.5, 48.1, 28.7, 28.4, 15.4, 15.3.

**1-(4-isopropylbenzyl)-2-(4-isopropylphenyl)-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole (3c)<sup>3</sup>:** Following the

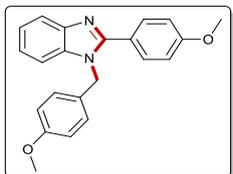


general procedure A, the title compound was isolated as a white solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield: 70%, 128 mg); mp 170-172 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,

CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.85 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.65 – 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.31 – 7.25 (m,

3H), 7.21 – 7.16 (m, 4H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.43 (s, 2H), 2.98 – 2.85 (m, 2H), 1.24 (dd, *J* = 13.9, 6.9 Hz, 12H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 154.4, 151.0, 148.5, 143.3, 136.2, 133.9, 129.4, 127.1, 126.9, 126.0, 122.9, 122.6, 119.9, 110.7, 48.3, 34.1, 33.8, 24.0, 23.9.

**1-(4-methoxybenzyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole (3d)<sup>1</sup>:** Following the

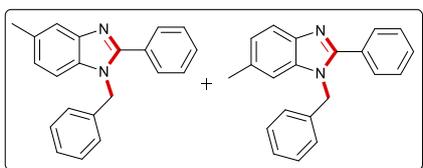


general procedure A, the title compound was isolated as a brownish solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 20% ethyl acetate in

hexane. (Yield: 64%, 110 mg); mp 131-132 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.83 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.63 – 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.28 – 7.25 (m,

1H), 7.21 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.03 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.97 – 6.95 (m, 2H), 6.85 – 6.83 (m, 2H), 5.37 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 161.0, 159.2, 154.2, 143.3, 136.2, 130.8, 128.6, 127.3, 122.8, 122.6, 122.5, 119.8, 114.5, 114.3, 110.5, 55.5, 55.4, 48.0.

**1-benzyl-5-methyl-2-phenyl-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole (3e)+(3e')<sup>4</sup>:** Following the general

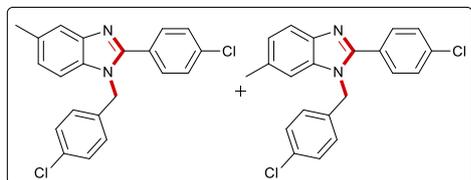


procedure A, the title compound was isolated as a mixture of two isomers of ratio 3:1 and appears as white solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield: 69%, 102 mg); mp 189-190 °C;

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.68 – 7.66 (m, 3H), 7.45 – 7.43 (m,

4H), 7.35 – 7.31 (m, 4H), 7.15 – 7.08 (m, 4H), 7.01 (d,  $J = 0.6$  Hz, 1H), 5.43 (s, 1H), 5.42 (s, 2H), 2.50 (s, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H).  $^{13}\text{C}\{1\text{H}\}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  153.9, 141.4, 136.8, 136.5, 133.3, 130.0, 129.4, 129.3, 128.9, 127.9, 126.1, 124.5, 119.7, 110.5, 48.4, 22.1.

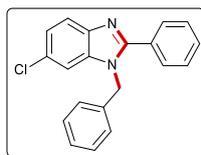
**1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (3f)+(3f')<sup>2</sup>:**



Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated as a mixture of two isomers of ratio 3:1 and appears as a white solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15-18% ethyl acetate in

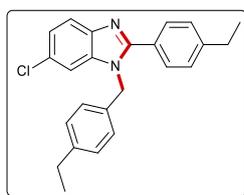
hexane. (Yield: 56%, 102 mg); mp 131-133 °C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.74 (d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.60 – 7.54 (m, 3H), 7.45 – 7.40 (m, 3H), 7.34 – 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.16 (dd,  $J = 8.3, 1.1$  Hz, 1H), 7.10 – 7.06 (m, 1H), 7.04 – 6.97 (m, 4H), 5.37 (s, 2H), 5.36 (s, 2H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H).  $^{13}\text{C}\{1\text{H}\}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  152.5, 141.2, 136.3, 134.9, 133.7, 130.4, 130.3, 129.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.0, 127.3, 124.8, 119.8, 110.1, 48.0, 22.1.

**1-benzyl-6-chloro-2-phenyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (3g)<sup>4</sup>:** Following the general procedure



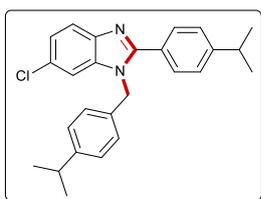
A, the title compound was isolated as a white solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15-18% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield: 59%, 94 mg); mp 168-170 °C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.88 – 7.85 (m, 1H), 7.69 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.46 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.35 – 7.29 (m, 4H), 7.25 – 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.11 – 7.09 (m, 2H), 5.45 (s, 2H).  $^{13}\text{C}\{1\text{H}\}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  154.1, 143.1, 136.4, 136.0, 130.0, 129.9, 129.2, 129.0, 128.7, 127.7, 125.9, 123.0, 122.6, 120.0, 110.5, 48.4.

**6-chloro-1-(4-ethylbenzyl)-2-(4-ethylphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (3h):** Following the

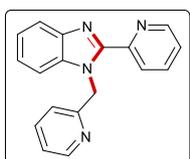


general procedure A, the title compound was isolated as a brownish solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15-18% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield: 67%, 125 mg), mp 100-102 °C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400

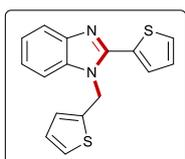
MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.87-7.85 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.61 (d,  $J = 8.1$  Hz, 2H), 7.31 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.22 – 7.20 (m, 1H), 7.17-7.15 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 7.04-7.02 (d,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, 2H), 5.43 (s, 2H), 2.71 – 2.63 (m, 4H), 1.28 – 1.22 (m, 6H).  $^{13}\text{C}\{1\text{H}\}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  154.3, 146.3, 143.7, 143.2, 136.1, 133.7, 129.2, 128.5, 128.2, 127.3, 125.9, 122.8, 122.5, 119.8, 110.5, 48.2, 28.7, 28.4, 15.4, 15.3. Elemental Analysis:  $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{23}\text{ClN}_2$ : Calculated C, 76.89; H, 6.18; N, 7.47; Found C, 85.44; H, 7.10; N, 8.30. HRMS (ESI-TOF)  $m/z$ :  $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$  Calculated for  $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{23}\text{ClN}_2$  375.1623; Found 375.1616.

**6-chloro-1-(4-isopropylbenzyl)-2-(4-isopropylphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (3i):**

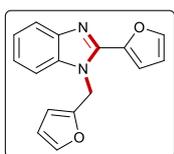
Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated as a brownish solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15-18% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield: 71%, 143 mg); mp 165-166 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.86 – 7.84 (m, 1H), 7.65 – 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.32 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.22 – 7.17 (m, 3H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 5.43 (s, 2H), 2.95 – 2.89 (m, 2H), 1.28 – 1.23 (m, 12H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 154.3, 150.8, 148.4, 143.2, 136.1, 133.8, 129.2, 127.5, 127.0, 126.8, 125.9, 122.8, 122.5, 119.8, 110.6, 48.2, 34.0, 33.7, 23.9, 23.8. Elemental Analysis: C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>27</sub>ClN<sub>2</sub>: Calculated C, 77.50; H, 6.75; N, 6.95; Found C, 83.39; H, 7.55; N, 7.81. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z*: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calculated for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>27</sub>ClN<sub>2</sub> 425.1755; Found 425.1762.

**2-(pyridine-2-yl)-1-(pyridine-2-ylmethyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (3j)<sup>1</sup>:**

Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated as a brownish solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 20-25% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield: 78%, 112 mg); mp 102-103 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.51 – 8.47 (m, 2H), 8.40 – 8.38 (m, 1H), 7.82 – 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.41-7.37 (m, 1H), 7.31 – 7.14 (m, 4H), 7.08 – 7.02 (m, 1H), 6.81 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.21 (s, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 157.3, 150.2, 149.8, 149.1, 148.6, 142.6, 137.2, 136.6, 124.5, 123.9, 123.6, 122.9, 120.9, 120.0, 110.7, 51.0.

**2-(thiophen-2-yl)-1-(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (3k)<sup>1</sup>:**

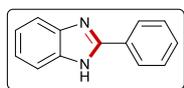
Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated as a pale yellow solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 10-12% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield: 32%, 47 mg); mp 149-150 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.84 – 7.82 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.47 – 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.28 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.16-7.12 (m, 1H), 6.97-6.93 (m, 1H), 6.95 – 6.86 (m, 1H), 5.71 (s, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 143.1, 138.9, 136.0, 132.1, 129.0, 128.1, 128.0, 127.3, 125.6, 125.5, 123.4, 123.4, 123.1, 120.0, 110.0, 44.2.

**2-(furan-2-yl)-1-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (3l)<sup>1</sup>:**

Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated as a white solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 10-12% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield: 34%, 44 mg), mp 74-76 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.80 – 7.77 (m, 1H), 7.66 – 7.65 (m, 1H), 7.52 – 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.33 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.26 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 6.63 – 6.61 (m, 1H), 6.29 – 6.27 (m, 2H), 5.66 (s, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 149.7,

145.5, 144.1, 143.1, 142.8, 135.6, 123.3, 123.0, 119.9, 113.0, 112.2, 110.6, 110.6, 110.1, 108.4, 41.8.

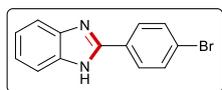
**2-phenyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (4a)**<sup>5</sup>: Following the general procedure B, the title compound



was isolated as a reddish solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15-20% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield: 52%, 50 mg); mp 289-290 °C;

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.10 – 8.08 (m, 2H), 7.68 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.52 – 7.50 (m, 3H), 7.32 – 7.29 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C {1H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> + DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ 152.1, 130.4, 129.8, 128.8, 126.9, 122.4.

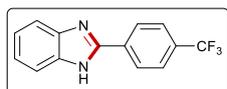
**2-(4-bromophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (4b)**<sup>1</sup>: Following the general procedure B, the title



compound was isolated as a white solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15-20% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield: 35%,

47 mg); 290-291 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> + DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ 7.95 – 7.93 (m, 2H), 7.47 – 7.45 (m, 4H), 7.09 – 7.07 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C{1H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> + DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ 151.0, 132.0, 129.5, 128.4, 124.0, 122.6.

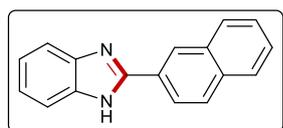
**2-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (4c)**<sup>5</sup>: Following the general procedure



B, the title compound was isolated as a white solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15-20% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield: 38%,

50 mg); mp 263-265 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 9.61 (s, 1H), 8.17 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 3H), 7.34 – 7.31 (m, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{1H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> + DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ 145.6, 127.2, 125.8, 124.2, 123.3, 119.6, 39.5.

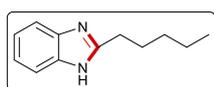
**2-(naphthalene-2-yl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (4d)**<sup>1</sup>: Following the general procedure B, the



title compound was isolated as a white solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15-20% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield:

56%, 68 mg); mp 269-271 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> + DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ 12.38 (s, 1H), 8.86 – 8.82 (m, 1H), 7.99 – 7.93 (m, 4H), 7.61-7.55 (m, 4H), 7.29 – 7.26 (m, 2H).

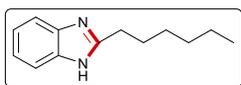
**2-pentyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (4e)**<sup>8</sup>: Following the general procedure B, the title compound



was isolated as a white solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15-20% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield: 56%, 53 mg); mp 157-

158 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.54 (s, 2H), 7.25-7.20 (m, 2H), 2.92 – 2.88 (m, 2H), 1.87 – 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.38 – 1.36 (m, 4H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{1H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 154.9, 122.3, 31.6, 29.4, 27.9, 22.4, 14.0.

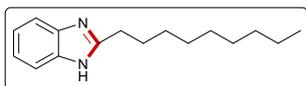
**2-hexyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (4f)**<sup>5</sup>: Following the general procedure B, the title compound



was isolated as a white solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15-20% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield: 30%, 30 mg); mp

136-137 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.56-7.53 (m, 2H), 7.26 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 2.95 – 2.91 (m, 2H), 1.89 – 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.42 – 1.25 (m, 6H), 0.86 – 0.82 (m, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 155.4, 122.2, 31.6, 29.5, 29.1, 28.4, 22.6, 14.1.

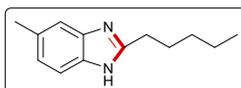
**2-nonyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (4g)**<sup>6</sup>: Following the general procedure B, the title compound



was isolated as a white solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15-20% ethyl acetate in hexane.

(Yield: 41%, 50 mg); mp 116-117 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.55 (s, 2H), 7.26 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 2.93 – 2.89 (m, 2H), 1.89 – 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.44 – 1.24 (m, 12H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 155.0, 122.3, 31.9, 29.8, 29.5, 29.5, 29.4, 29.4, 29.4, 29.2, 28.3, 22.8, 14.2.

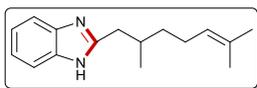
**5-methyl-2-pentyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (4h)**<sup>5</sup>: Following the general procedure B, the title



compound was isolated as white solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15-20% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield:

45%, 45 mg); mp 165-166 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.45 – 7.43 (m, 1H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 7.05-7.03 (m, 1H), 2.90 – 2.86 (m, 2H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 1.86 – 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.35 – 1.34 (m, 4H), 0.89 – 0.86 (m, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 154.8, 132.1, 123.7, 31.6, 29.4, 28.0, 22.4, 21.7, 14.0.

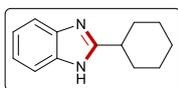
**2-(2,6-dimethylhept-5-en-1-yl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (4i)**<sup>7</sup>: Following the general



procedure B, the title compound was isolated as a white solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15-20% ethyl acetate in

hexane. (Yield: 37%, 45 mg); mp 94-95 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 9.49 (s, 1H), 7.58 (s, 2H), 7.26 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 5.08 – 5.05 (m, 1H), 2.96 – 2.90 (m, 1H), 2.73 – 2.68 (m, 1H), 2.09 – 2.06 (m, 3H), 2.05 – 1.98 (m, 3H), 1.66 – 1.53 (m, 3H), 1.44 – 1.30 (m, 1H), 1.29 – 1.27 (m, 1H), 0.97 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR{<sup>1</sup>H} (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 154.2, 131.8, 124.3, 122.3, 37.1, 37.0, 32.9, 25.8, 25.6, 19.7, 17.7.

**2-cyclohexyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (4j)**<sup>9</sup>: Following the general procedure B, the title

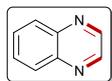


compound was isolated as a white solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 15-20% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield: 39%, 59

mg); mp >280 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> + DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) δ 7.46 (s, 2H), 7.09 – 7.07 (m, 2H), 2.86 – 2.80 (m, 1H), 2.07 – 2.04 (m, 2H), 1.81 – 1.77 (m, 2H), 1.66 – 1.60 (m, 3H), 1.35

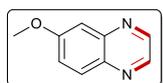
– 1.23 (m, 3H).  $^{13}\text{C}\{1\text{H}\}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3 + \text{DMSO } d_6$ )  $\delta$  159.5, 121.6, 40.5, 40.3, 40.1, 39.9, 39.7, 38.6, 31.8, 26.1, 25.9.

**Quinoxaline (5a)**<sup>11</sup>: Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated as a



white semi solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 10% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield: 25%, 16 mg);  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  8.87 – 8.86 (m, 1H), 8.15 – 8.11 (m, 1H), 7.81 – 7.78 (m, 1H).  $^{13}\text{C}\{1\text{H}\}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  145.1, 143.1, 130.2, 129.6.

**6-methoxyquinoxaline (6b)**<sup>10</sup>: Following the general procedure C, the title compound was



isolated as a pale yellow solid using silica-gel column chromatography eluting with 10% ethyl acetate in hexane. (Yield: 40%, 32 mg); mp 59-60  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (500 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  8.76 – 8.70 (m, 2H), 7.99 – 7.98 (m, 1H), 7.44 – 7.42 (m, 1H), 7.38 (d, 1H), 3.98 (s, 3H).  $^{13}\text{C}\{1\text{H}\}$  NMR (125 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  160.8, 144.9, 144.7, 142.4, 139.3, 130.4, 123.5, 106.7, 55.8.

## [2.0] References:

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[2.1] Copies of  $^1\text{H}$  NMR &  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR for selected compounds:

