Supplementary Information

Chiroptical Sensing of Unprotected Amino Acids, Hydroxy acids, Amino Alcohols, Amines and Carboxylic Acids with Metal Salts

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Contents:

| 1. | General Procedure | | | |
|----|---|-----------------------|----|--|
| 2. | Substrate Scope | | | |
| 3. | Mech | anistic Studies | 31 | |
| | 3.1. | UV Titration Analysis | 31 | |
| | 3.2. | CD Titration Analysis | 33 | |
| | 3.3. | Anion Effects | 36 | |
| 4. | Quantitative Chiroptical Sensing | | | |
| | 4.1 Ee Determination of Tartaric Acid with FeCl ₃ .6H ₂ O | | | |
| | 4.2. Ee Determination of <i>cis</i> -Aminoindanol with CuCl ₂ .2H ₂ O | | | |
| 5. | Colorimetric Detection | | | |

1. General Sensing Procedure

A stock solution of the metal salt (0.02 M) in either MeOH [Pd(NO₃)₂], DMSO [FeCl₂·4H₂O, FeCl₃·6H₂O, MnCl₂·4H₂O, CuCl₂·2H₂O, Ce(NO₃)₃·6H₂O] or H₂O [RhCl₃·3H₂O] was prepared and portions of 0.5 mL were transferred into 4 mL vials. Solutions of the analytes were prepared in either MeOH or DMSO (0.50 M). For substrates carrying an acidic functional group, an equimolar amount of TBAOH (1.0 M in MeOH) was added. The mixtures were stirred for 1 hour at 25 °C and CD analysis was conducted after diluting the mixture with either MeOH, or DMSO to the final concentration given below. CD spectra were collected with a standard sensitivity of 100 mdeg, a data pitch of 2.0 nm, a band width of 2 nm, a scanning speed of 500 nm min⁻¹, and a response of 0.5 s using a quartz cuvette (1 cm path length). The data were baseline corrected and smoothed using a binomial equation. Control experiments with the chiral analytes showed that the free substrates are CD silent in the region of interest.

2. Substrate Scope

The scope of enantioselective chemosensing was tested with amino acids 1-10, α -hydroxy acid 11-16, amino alcohols 17-21, amines 22-25 and carboxylic acid 26 (only one enantiomer shown).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $Pd(NO_3)_2$, TBAOH, and (S)-1 (blue) or (R)-1 (orange) in MeOH (1.8 mM Pd(NO_3)_2, 3 equivalents of 1).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $Pd(NO_3)_2$, TBAOH, and (S)-15 (blue) or (R)-15 (orange) in MeOH (1.8 mM Pd(NO_3)_2, 3 equivalents of 15).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $Pd(NO_3)_2$, and (S,R)-17 (blue) or (R,S)-17 (orange) in MeOH (1.8 mM Pd(NO_3)_2, 3 equivalents of 17).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $FeCl_2 \cdot 4H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-1 (blue) or (*R*)-1 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl_2 \cdot 4H_2O, 3 equivalents of 1).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $FeCl_2 \cdot 4H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-15 (blue) or (*R*)-15 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl_2 \cdot 4H_2O, 3 equivalents of 15).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $FeCl_2 \cdot 4H_2O$, and (S,R)-17 (blue) or (R,S)-17 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl_2 \cdot 4H_2O, 3 equivalents of 17).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-1 (blue) or (*R*)-1 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}, 3 equivalents of 1).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from FeCl₃· $6H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-2 (blue) or (*R*)-2 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl₃· $6H_2O$, 3 equivalents of 2).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-**3** (blue) or (*R*)-**3** (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl}3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}, 3 equivalents of **3**).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-4 (blue) or (*R*)-4 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}, 3 equivalents of 4).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from FeCl₃· $6H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-5 (blue) or (*R*)-5 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl₃· $6H_2O$, 3 equivalents of 5).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-6 (blue) or (*R*)-6 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl}3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}, 3 equivalents of 6).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from FeCl₃· $6H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*S*,*R*)-7 (blue) or (*R*,*S*)-7 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl₃· $6H_2O$, 3 equivalents of 7).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-8 (blue) or (*R*)-8 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl}3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}, 3 equivalents of 8).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-9 (blue) or (*R*)-9 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl}3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}, 3 equivalents of 9).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from FeCl₃· $6H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-**10** (blue) or (*R*)-**10** (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl₃· $6H_2O$, 3 equivalents of **10**).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from FeCl₃·6H₂O, TBAOH, and (*S*,*S*)-**11** (blue) or (*R*,*R*)-**11** (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl₃·6H₂O, 3 equivalents of **11**).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from FeCl₃· $6H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-**12** (blue) or (*R*)-**12** (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl₃· $6H_2O$, 3 equivalents of **12**).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $FeCl_3 \cdot 6H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-15 (blue) or (*R*)-15 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl_3 \cdot 6H_2O, 3 equivalents of 15).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from FeCl₃· $6H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-**16** (blue) or (*R*)-**16** (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl₃· $6H_2O$, 3 equivalents of **16**).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$, and (S,R)-17 (blue) or (R,S)-17 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}, 3 equivalents of 17).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$, and (S,R)-18 (blue) or (R,S)-18 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl}3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}, 3 equivalents of 18).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from FeCl₃·6H₂O, TBAOH, and (R,S)-**20** (blue) or (S,R)-**20** (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl₃·6H₂O, 3 equivalents of **20**).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$, and (S,S)-21 (blue) or (R,R)-21 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}, 3 equivalents of 21).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$, and (S,S)-22 (blue) or (R,R)-22 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl}3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}, 3 equivalents of 22).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from FeCl₃· $6H_2O$, and (*S*,*S*)-**23** (blue) or (*R*,*R*)-**23** (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM FeCl₃· $6H_2O$, 3 equivalents of **23**).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$, TBAOH and (*S*)-**26** (blue) or (*R*)-**26** (orange) in DMSO (0.9 mM FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}, 3 equivalents of **26**).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $MnCl_2 \cdot 4H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-1 (blue) or (*R*)-1 (orange) in DMSO (1.8 mM $MnCl_2 \cdot 4H_2O$, 3 equivalents of 1).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $MnCl_2 \cdot 4H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-15 (blue) or (*R*)-15 (orange) in DMSO (1.8 mM $MnCl_2 \cdot 4H_2O$, 3 equivalents of 15).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $MnCl_2 \cdot 4H_2O$, and (S,R)-17 (blue) or (R,S)-17 (orange) in DMSO (1.8 mM MnCl_2 \cdot 4H_2O, 3 equivalents of 17).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-1 (blue) or (*R*)-1 (orange) in DMSO at (1.8 mM $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, 2.5 equivalents of 1).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from CuCl₂·2H₂O, TBAOH, and (*R*)-2 (blue) or (*S*)-2 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM CuCl₂·2H₂O, 2.5 equivalents of **2**).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-7 (blue) or (*R*)-7 (orange) in DMSO (0.9 mM $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, 2.5 equivalents of 7).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*R*)-10 (blue) or (*S*)-10 (orange) in DMSO (0.9 mM $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, 2.5 equivalents of 10).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from CuCl₂·2H₂O, TBAOH, and (*S*,*S*)-**11** (blue) or (*R*,*R*)-**11** (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM CuCl₂·2H₂O, 2.5 equivalents of **11**).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*R*)-12 (blue) or (*S*)-12 (orange) in DMSO (0.9 mM $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, 2.5 equivalents of 12).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-**13** (blue) or (*R*)-**13** (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, 2.5 equivalents of **13**).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-14 (blue) or (*R*)-14 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, 2.5 equivalents of 14).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-15 (blue) or (*R*)-15 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, 2.5 equivalents of 15).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, TBAOH, and (*S*)-16 (blue) or (*R*)-16 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, 2.5 equivalents of 16).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, and (S,R)-17 (blue) or (R,S)-17 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, 2.5 equivalents of 17).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, and (S,R)-18 (blue) or (R,S)-18 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O, 2.5 equivalents of 18).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, and (*S*,*S*)-**19** (blue) or (*R*,*R*)-**19** (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O, 2.5 equivalents of **19**).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, and (S,R)-20 (blue) or (R,S)-20 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O, 2.5 equivalents of 20).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from CuCl₂·2H₂O, TBAOH, and (*S*,*S*)-**21** (blue) or (*R*,*R*)-**21** (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM CuCl₂·2H₂O, 2.5 equivalents of **21**).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, and (*S*)-24 (blue) or (*R*)-24 (orange) in DMSO (0.5 mM CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O, 5 equivalents of 24).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, and (*S*)-25 (blue) or (*R*)-25 (orange) in DMSO (1.8 mM $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, 5 equivalents of 25).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from Ce(NO₃)₃·6H₂O, TBAOH, and (*S*)-1 (blue) or (*R*)-1 (orange) in DMSO (1.8 mM Ce(NO₃)₃·6H₂O, 3 equivalents of 1).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from RhCl₃·3H₂O, TBAOH, and (*S*)-1 (blue) or (*R*)-1 (orange) in MeOH (1.8 mM RhCl₃·3H₂O, 3 equivalents of 1).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from RhCl₃·3H₂O, TBAOH, and (*S*)-15 (blue) or (*R*)-15 (orange) in DMSO (1.8 mM RhCl₃·3H₂O, 3 equivalents of 15).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $RhCl_3 \cdot 3H_2O$, and (S,R)-17 (blue) or (R,S)-17 (orange) in DMSO (1.8 mM $RhCl_3 \cdot 3H_2O$, 3 equivalents of 17).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from RhCl₃·3H₂O, and (*S*)-24 (blue) or (*R*)-24 (orange) in MeOH at (0.9 mM RhCl₃·3H₂O, 6 equivalents of 24).



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $RhCl_3 \cdot 3H_2O$, and (*S*)-**25** (blue) or (*R*)-**25** (orange) in MeOH (0.9 mM RhCl_3 \cdot 3H_2O, 6 equivalents of **25**).



| Substrate | FeCl ₃ | CuCl ₂ |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1 | | |
| 2 | | |
| 3 | | |
| 4 | | |
| 5 | | |
| 6 | | |
| 7 | | |
| 8 | | |
| 9 | | |
| 10 | | |
| 11 | | |
| 12 | | |
| 13 | | |
| 14 | | |
| 15 | | |
| 16 | | |
| 17 | | |
| 18 | | |
| 19 | | |
| 20 | | |
| 21 | | |
| 22 | | |
| 23 | | |
| 24 | | |
| 25 | | |
| 26 | | |

Comparison of the chirality sensing with FeCl_3.6H_2O and CuCl_2·2H_2O

Green: Suitable for ee determination, yellow: insufficient ICD intensities, red: not suitable for ee quantification.

3. Mechanistic Studies

3.1 UV Titration Analysis

A stock solution of $Cu(Cl)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ or $Fe(Cl)_3.6H_2O$ (1 M) in DMSO was prepared and 0.1 mL portions were transferred into 4 mL vials. The portions were then diluted with 0.4 mL DMSO. A solution of (S,*R*)-**17** was prepared in DMSO (0.50 M). To each vial containing 0.5 mL of the Cu(II) or Fe(III) stock solutions were added increasing amounts of the substrate (0.0, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 5.0 equivalents relative to Cu(II) or Fe(III)). UV analysis was performed at 0.5 or 0.25 mM in DMSO with an average scanning time of 0.1 s, a data interval of 1 nm, and a scan rate of 600 nm/min.





The UV maximum at 380 nm continuously increased upon addition of the substrate showing saturation upon addition of 2.5 equivalents of (S,R)-17.



UV spectra of the assembly formed between $Fe(Cl)_3.6H_2O$ and (R,R)-11 (0-5 equivalents) in DMSO (0.5 mM Fe(Cl)_3.6H_2O).



The UV signal at 337 nm continuously decreased upon addition of the substrate showing saturation upon addition of 3 equivalents of (R,R)-11.



3.2 CD Titration Analysis

CD spectra of the assembly obtained from $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$, and (*S*,*R*)-**17** (0-5 equivalents) in DMSO at 0.9 mM.



The CD signal at 380 nm increased steadily and reached a maximum in the presence of 2.5 equivalents of (S,R)-17.



CD spectra of the assembly obtained from FeCl₃·6H₂O, and (R,R)-11 (0-5 equivalents) in DMSO at 0.5 mM



The CD signal at 338 nm increased steadily and reached a maximum in the presence of 3 equivalents of (R,R)-11.



3.3 Anion Effects

Stock solutions of CuCl₂·2H₂O, Cu(OAc)₂, Cu(CF₃CO₂)₂, Cu(NO₃)₂·2.5H₂O, CuSO₄·5H₂O and CuClO₄·6H₂O (0.02 M) in DMSO were prepared and 0.5 mL portions were transferred into 4 mL vials. A solution of **17** (0.50 M in DMSO) was prepared. To each vial containing 0.5 mL of the Cu(II) solution were added two equivalents (0.04 mL) of the substrate. CD analysis was performed by taking an aliquot (0.1 mL) of the reaction mixture and diluting it further with 2.0 mL of DMSO.





Stock solutions of $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$, $\text{Fe}(\text{ClO}_4)_3$ and $\text{Fe}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (0.0011 M) in DMSO were prepared and 0.5 mL portions were transferred into 4 mL vials. A solution of (*R*,*R*)-**11** (0.17 M in water) was prepared. An equimolar amount of TBAOH (1.0 M in MeOH) was also added. To each vial containing 0.5 mL of the Fe(III) solution were added three equivalents (0.06 mL) of the substrate. CD analysis was performed by taking an aliquot (0.05 mL) of the reaction mixture and diluting it further with 2.0 mL of DMSO.

Anion effect study showing the CD spectra of different Fe(III) salts with (R,R)-11 in DMSO at 0.5 mM.



4. Quantitative Chiroptical Sensing

4.1 Ee Determination of Tartaric Acid with FeCl₃.6H₂O

A Stock solution of $FeCl_3 \cdot 6H_2O$ (0.0011 M) in DMSO was prepared and portions of 0.5 mL were transferred into 4 mL vials. Solutions of **11** (0.17 M in water) at varying ee compositions (+100.0, +80.0, +60.0, +40.0, +20.0, 0.0, -20.0, -40.0, -60.0, -80.0, -100.0) and an equimolar amount of TBAOH were prepared. To each vial containing 0.5 mL of the Fe(III) solution were added three equivalents of **11** (0.06 mL). The CD analysis was carried out as described above at a concentration of 0.5 mM. The CD amplitudes measured at 286 and 338 nm were plotted against %ee.



Linear relationship between the CD amplitudes at 286 and 338 nm and the enantiomeric excess of **11**



Ten scalemic samples of **11** were prepared and then treated with the Fe(III) salt as described above. Using the linear regression equations obtained from the calibration curves and the measured CD amplitudes at 286 and 338 nm, the enantiomeric excess and the absolute configuration of the major enantiomer were determined.

| Sample Composition | | Chiroptica (288 | l Sensing nm) | Chiroptic (338 | al Sensing 3 nm) | Average |
|---------------------|--------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------|
| Abs. | Actual | Abs. | Calculated | Abs. | Calculated | |
| Config. | %ee | Config. ^a | %ee ^b | Config. ^a | %ee ^b | %ee |
| R,R | 88.0 | R,R | 85.2 | R,R | 84.8 | 85.0 |
| <i>R</i> , <i>R</i> | 82.0 | R,R | 80.3 | R,R | 83.8 | 82.0 |
| <i>R</i> , <i>R</i> | 61.0 | R,R | 59.0 | R,R | 59.1 | 59.1 |
| <i>R</i> , <i>R</i> | 46.0 | R,R | 38.6 | R,R | 34.5 | 36.5 |
| <i>R</i> , <i>R</i> | 27.0 | R,R | 22.4 | R,R | 17.9 | 20.1 |
| <i>S</i> , <i>S</i> | 16.0 | <i>S</i> , <i>S</i> | 15.3 | <i>S</i> , <i>S</i> | 12.8 | 14.1 |
| <i>S</i> , <i>S</i> | 33.0 | <i>S</i> , <i>S</i> | 27.5 | <i>S</i> , <i>S</i> | 29.7 | 28.6 |
| <i>S</i> , <i>S</i> | 57.0 | <i>S</i> , <i>S</i> | 66.3 | <i>S</i> , <i>S</i> | 64.4 | 65.4 |
| <i>S</i> , <i>S</i> | 76.0 | <i>S</i> , <i>S</i> | 75.3 | <i>S</i> , <i>S</i> | 72.6 | 74.0 |
| <i>S</i> , <i>S</i> | 94.0 | <i>S</i> , <i>S</i> | 97.2 | <i>S</i> , <i>S</i> | 98.5 | 97.9 |

^aBased on the sign of the CD response. ^bBased on the amplitude of the CD response.

4.2 Ee Determination of cis-Aminoindanol with CuCl₂.2H₂O

A Stock solution of $CuCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ (0.025 M) in DMSO was prepared and portions of 0.5 mL were transferred into 4 mL vials. Solutions of **17** (0.50 M in DMSO) at varying ee compositions (+100.0, +80.0, +60.0, +40.0, +20.0, 0.0, -20.0, -40.0, -60.0, -80.0, -100.0). To each vial containing 0.5 mL of the Cu(II) solution were added three equivalents of **17** (0.06 mL). The CD analysis was carried out as described above at a concentration of 0.9 mM. The CD amplitudes measured at 308 and 382 nm were plotted against %ee.





Polynomial relationship between the CD amplitudes at 308 and 382 nm and the enantiomeric excess of **17**

Five scalemic samples of **17** were prepared and then treated with the Cu(II) salt as described above. Using the linear regression equations obtained from the calibration curves and the measured CD amplitudes at 308 and 382 nm, the enantiomeric excess and the absolute configuration of the major enantiomer were determined.

| Sample C | omposition | Chiroptica (308 | ll Sensing nm) | Chiroptic (382 | al Sensing 2 nm) | Average |
|----------|------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------|
| Abs. | Actual | Abs. | Calculated | Abs. | Calculated | |
| Config. | %ee | Config. ^a | %ee ^b | Config. ^a | %ee ^b | %ee |
| RS | 88.0 | RS | 88.1 | RS | 87.1 | 87.6 |
| RS | 46.0 | RS | 48.3 | RS | 48.2 | 48.2 |
| SR | 16.0 | SR | 14.2 | SR | 14.3 | 14.3 |
| SR | 76.0 | SR | 75.0 | SR | 73.3 | 74.2 |
| SR | 94.0 | SR | 95.2 | SR | 88.6 | 91.9 |

^aBased on the sign of the CD response. ^bBased on the amplitude of the CD response.

5. Colorimetric Detection

Samples were prepared as described above. The mixtures (2.0 mM) were stirred for 1 hour at 25 °C and the images were obtained. The Pd(NO₃)₂ samples were prepared in MeOH, while all other metal solutions were prepared in DMSO.

A) Pd(NO₃)₂: No substrate (I), (*R*)-1 (II), (*R*)-15 (III) and (*S*,*R*)-17 (IV).



B) FeCl₂·4H₂O: No substrate (I), (*R*)-1 (II), (*R*)-15 (III) and (*S*,*R*)-17 (IV).



C) FeCl₃·6H₂O: No substrate (I), (*R*)-1 (II), (*R*)-15 (III), (*R*,*R*)-11 (IV), (*S*,*R*)-17 (V), (*R*,*R*)-22 (VI) and (*R*)-26 (VII).



D) FeCl₃·6H₂O in DMSO: (*R*)-17 (I), (*S*,*R*)-18 (II), (*R*,*R*)-21 (III).



E) $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$: (*R*)-1 (I), (*R*)-2 (II), (*R*)-3 (III), (*R*)-4 (IV), (*R*)-5 (V), (*R*)-6 (VI), (*R*)-7 (VII), (*R*)-8 (VIII), (*R*)-9 (IX), and (*R*)-10 (X).



F) FeCl₃·6H₂O: (*R*,*R*)-11 (IV), (*R*)-13 (III), (*R*)-15 (IV) and (*R*)-16 (IV).



G) MnCl₂·4H₂O: No substrate (I), (*R*)-1 (II), (*R*)-15 (III) and (*S*,*R*)-17 (IV).



H) CuCl₂·2H₂O: No substrate (I), (*R*)-1 (II), (*R*)-15 (III), (*R*,*R*)-11 (IV), (*S*,*R*)-17 (V) and (*R*)-25 (VI).



I) CuCl₂·2H₂O: (*S*,*R*)-**17** (I), (*S*,*R*)-**18** (II), (*R*,*R*)-**19** (III), (*S*,*R*)-**20** (IV) and (*R*,*R*)-**21** (V).



J) CuCl₂·2H₂O: (*R*,*R*)-11 (I), (*R*)-13 (II), (*R*)-14 (III), (*R*)-15 (IV) and (*R*)-16 (V).



K) $Ce(NO_3)_3 \cdot 6H_2O$: No substrate (I), (*R*)-1 (II).



L) RhCl₃·3H₂O: No substrate (I), (*R*)-1 (II), (*R*)-15 (III), (*S*,*R*)-17 (IV) and (*R*)-25 (V).

