Cu-catalyzed highly selective reductive functionalization of 1,3-diene using H₂O as stoichiometric hydrogen atom donor

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1. General Considerations

All manipulations were conducted with Schlenk tube. ¹H-NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker AVIII-400 spectrometers. Chemical shifts (in ppm) were referenced to tetramethylsilane ($\delta = 0$ ppm) in CDCl₃ as an internal standard. ¹³C-NMR spectra were obtained by using the same NMR spectrometers and were calibrated with CDCl₃ ($\delta = 77.00$ ppm). ¹⁹F-NMR spectra were obtained by the same NMR and CF₃COOH was employed as external standard for the ¹⁹F-NMR measurement. IR spectra were recorded using a Bruker ALPHA. High resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) data were obtained on a QTOF mass analyzer with electrospray ionization (ESI) through a Bruker Daltonicmior OTOF-QII. Dry 1,2-dichloroethanewas purchased from Energy Chemical. Substrates were purchased from Aldrich, TCI, Acros, Energy, Aladdin, or synthesized according to the procedures outlined below. Unless otherwise noted, materials obtained from commercial suppliers were used without further purification.

2. Synthesis of Diene Substrates

These substrates were prepared according to the corresponding literature reports. Analytical data (¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR) matches with the corresponding literature.

1a: (E)-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene¹



1b: (E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-2-methylbenzene1







1f: (E)-4-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-N,N-dimethylaniline³



1h: (E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene⁴



1j: (E)-1-bromo-4-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)benzene³

1m: (E)-2-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)furan¹

Ph

10: (E)-hexa-3,5-dien-1-ylbenzene¹

1q: (E)-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylcyclohexane¹



1a-mix: buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene²



1c: (E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-3-methylbenzene¹



1e:(E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4methoxybenzene¹



1g: (E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4-fluorobenzene³



1i: (E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4-chlorobenzene¹



1I: (E)-2-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)naphthalene¹

1n: (E)-3-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)thiophene⁵

1p: (E)-nona-1,3-diene⁶

1r: (1R,5S)-6,6-dimethyl-2-vinylbicyclo[3.1.1]hept-2-ene⁷



Preparation of (E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4-iodobenzene (1k):

A suspension of methyltriphenylphosphonium bromide (2.9 g, 8.1mmol) in dry THF (30 ml) was cooled at 0°C with an ice bath under inert atmosphere. Then *n*-BuLi (3.2 ml, 2.5 M in *n*-hexane, 8.1 mmol) was added dropwise. After stirring for 30 min, the solution of (E)-3-(4-iodophenyl)acrylaldehyde (1.4g, 5.4 mmol) in THF (20 ml) was added dropwise. Then the reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature for one hour. Then the reaction mixture was quenched with sat. NH₄Cl aq. (20 mL), and extracted by EtOAc (20 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by silica-gel column chromatography to give the yellow solid **1k** (0.89g, 64%).

3. The effect of different reaction conditions

Ph	+ Ph 🔨 -	Cu(OTf) ₂ (10 mol%), PPh ₃ (11 mol%) Base (2.0 equiv), B ₂ Pin ₂ (2.0 equiv)			Ph H	
1a	2a	H₂O (3.0	equiv), THF, 70 °C	C, N₂	HO ^{‴́∽} Ph 3aa	
	entry	base	yield (%) ^b	dr		
	1	LiO ^{<i>t</i>-Bu}	76	5:1		
	2	NaO ^{t-} Bu	52	4:1		
	3	KO ^{t-} Bu	69	5:1		
	4	LiOH	63	1:1		
	5	LiOMe	66	2:1		
	6	Li ₂ CO ₃	70	4:1		
	7	Na ₂ CO ₃	64	3:1		
	8	KOEt	89	1:1		
	9	KOAc	30	5:1		

Table S1. The effect of different base ^{*a*}

^a **1a** (0.25 mmol), **2a** (0.5 mmol), B_2Pin_2 (0.5 mmol), base (0.5 mmol), $Cu(OTf)_2$ (10 mol %), PPh_3 (11 mol%), H_2O (3.0 equiv), THF (1.5 ml). ^{*b*} Isolated yield of both diastereomers, dr was determined by ¹H-NMR.

Table S2. The effect of different solvent^{*a*}

Ph -	1a	≥ + Ph ́0 2a	Cu(OTf) ₂ (10 mol%), PPh ₃ (11 mol%) LiO ^{t-} Bu (2.0 equiv), B ₂ Pin ₂ (2.0 equiv) H₂O (3.0 equiv), solvent, 70 °C, N ₂			H HO ^{^w Ph 3aa}
		entry	solvent	yield (%) ^b	dr	
		1	1,4-dioxane	64	4:1	
		2	toluene	80	9:1	
		3	DMA	64	1:1	
		4	DCE	93	>20:1	
		5	CHCl ₃	58	10:1	
		6	DMSO	58	3:1	
		7	Ph-Cl	89	15:1	
		8	isopropanol	81	2:1	

^{*a*} **1a** (0.25 mmol), **2a** (0.5 mmol), B_2Pin_2 (0.5 mmol), $LiO^{t-}Bu$ (0.5 mmol), $Cu(OTf)_2$ (10 mol%), PPh_3 (11 mol%), H_2O (3.0 equiv), solvent (1.5 ml). ^{*b*} Isolated yield of both diastereomers, dr was determined by ¹H-NMR.

Ph 1a	⊧ + Ph´́O 2a	cat. (10 mol%), PPh ₃ (11 mol%) LiO ^{t-} Bu (2.0 equiv), B ₂ Pin ₂ (2.0 equiv) H ₂ O (3.0 equiv), DCE, 70 °C, N ₂ H(H HO ^W F 3aa
	entry	solvent	yield (%) ^b	dr	
	1	Cu(acac) ₂	76	>20:1	
	2	CuCl	78	>20:1	
	3	CuBr	88	>20:1	
	4	CuOAc	23	13:1	
	5	Cu(OH) ₂	14	11:1	
	6	Cul	74	>20:1	

Table S3. The effect of different catalyst ^{*a*}

^{*a*} **1a** (0.25 mmol), **2a** (0.5 mmol), B_2Pin_2 (0.5 mmol), LiO^t -Bu (0.5 mmol), cat. (10 mol%), PPh₃ (11 mol%), H₂O (3.0 equiv), DCE (1.5 ml). ^{*b*} Isolated yield of both diastereomers, dr was determined by ¹H-NMR.



^a **1a** (0.25 mmol), **2a** (0.5 mmol), B_2Pin_2 (0.5 mmol), LiO^t-Bu (0.5 mmol), $Cu(OTf)_2$ (10 mol%), ligand (11 mol%), H_2O (3.0 equiv), DCE (1.5 ml). ^b Isolated yield of both diastereomers, dr were determined by ¹H-NMR.

4. General procedure for the reaction

General procedure for Cu-catalyzed highly selective reductive functionalization of 1,3-diene:

$$R \xrightarrow{+} R \xrightarrow{-} 0 \xrightarrow{\text{Cu(OTf)}_{2} (10 \text{ mol}\%), \text{PPh}_{3} (11 \text{ mol}\%)}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{B}_{2}\text{Pin}_{2} (2.0 \text{ equiv})} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{DCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{DCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{DCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{DCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{DCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{DCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{DCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{DCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{DCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{DCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{DCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{DCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{OCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{OCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{OCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{OCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{OCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{OCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{OCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{OCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{OCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{OCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{N}_{2}} \xrightarrow{+}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{OCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{OC} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{OCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), \text{OCE}, 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{O} (3.0 \text{ equiv}), 10 \, ^{\circ$$

A stirring bar containing oven dried 25-ml Schlenk tube was charged with Cu(OTf)₂ (9.1mg, 0.025 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (7.2mg, 0.0275 mmol, 11 mol%), B₂Pin₂(127 mg, 0.50 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and LiO^tBu (40mg, 0.50 mmol, 2.0 equiv). The tube was then evacuated and back-filled under a N₂ flow (this sequence was repeated three times). Diene **1** (0.25 mmol, 1.0 equiv), water (13.5µL, 3.0 equiv), anhydrous DCE (1.0 ml) were added subsequently under N₂. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1.5 h at r.t. Then the solution of **2** (0.50 mmol, 2.0 equiv) in anhydrous DCE (0.5 ml) were added into the reaction system. The reaction was stirred at 70 °C for 24h. After cooling to r.t, the reaction mixture diluted with EtOAc(10 ml) and H₂O (10 ml). Then it was extracted with EtOAc (10 ml \times 3). The organic layer was combined and dried over Na₂SO₄. Then filtered and concentrated by rotary evaporation. The residue was purified by silica gelcolumn chromatography to afford the product **3**.

Based on the literature J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2013, 135, 6026, the configuration of the product 3aa (racemic) is shown as bellow:



Procedure for large scale reaction





75 % yield, >20:1 dr, 2g

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The general procedure was followed using **1a** (1.5 g, 11.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv), **2a** (2.44 g, 23 mmol, 2.0 equiv), Cu(OTf)₂ (416 mg, 1.15 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (332 mg, 1.27 mmol, 11 mol%), B₂Pin₂ (5.84 g, 23 mmol, 2.0 equiv), LiO^{*t*}Bu (1.84 g, 23 mmol, 2.0 equiv), water (0.62 mL, 3.0 equiv), anhydrous DCE (69 ml) to afford **3aa** (2 g, 75%, >20:1 dr).

5. Control experiments

5-1. The reaction without aldehyde.

$$Ph \xrightarrow{\qquad Cu(OTf)_{2} (10 mol\%), PPh_{3} (11 mol\%)}_{LiO^{t}-Bu (2.0 equiv), B_{2}pin_{2} (2.0 equiv)} Ph \xrightarrow{\qquad Ph}_{O} \xrightarrow{\qquad B}_{O} \xrightarrow{\qquad Ph}_{O} \xrightarrow{\qquad B}_{O} \xrightarrow{\qquad$$

A stirring bar containing oven dried 25-ml Schlenk tube was charged with Cu(OTf)₂ (9.1mg, 0.025 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (7.2mg, 0.0275 mmol, 11 mol%), B₂Pin₂ (127 mg, 0.50 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and LiO^tBu (40mg, 0.50 mmol, 2.0 equiv). The tube was then evacuated and back-filled under a N₂ flow (this sequence was repeated three times). Diene **1a** (33 mg, 0.25 mmol), water (13.5 μ L, 3.0 equiv), anhydrous DCE (1.0 ml) were added subsequently under N₂ condition. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1.5 h at room temperature and diluted with EtOAc (10 ml) and H₂O (10 ml). Then it was extracted with EtOAc (10 ml \times 3). The organic layer was combined and dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated by rotary evaporation. The residue was purified by silica gelcolumn chromatography to afford the product **8** (62mg, 96%). Spectral data matches the cited literature.^[8.9] **H-NMR** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.28-7.24 (m,2H), 7.22-7.15 (m, 3H), 5.68-5.62 (m, 1H), 5.60-5.54 (m, 1H), 3.39 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz,2H), 1.80 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 1.25 (s, 12H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 141.2, 128.4, 128.2, 128.0, 125.7, 125.2, 83.2, 33.3, 24.7 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3022, 2980, 2928, 1328, 1145, 968, 739 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₂₃BO₂Na (M + Na)⁺: 281.1689, found 281.1693.

5-2. The reaction of 8 with 2a.

A stirring bar containing oven dried 25-ml Schlenk tube was charged with Cu(OTf)₂ (9.1mg, 0.025 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (7.2mg, 0.0275 mmol, 11 mol%), B₂Pin₂ (127 mg, 0.50 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and LiO^{*t*}Bu (40mg, 0.50 mmol, 2.0 equiv). The tube was then evacuated and back-filled under a N₂ flow (this sequence was repeated three times). The intermediate **8** (65 mg, 0.25 mmol, 1.0 equiv), water (13.5 μ L, 3.0 equiv), anhydrous DCE (1.0 ml) were added subsequently under N₂ condition. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1.5 h at r.t. and then **2a** (53 mg, 0.50 mmol, 2.0 equiv) dissolved in anhydrous DCE (0.5 ml) were added, the tube was stirred at 70 °C for 24h. After cooling to r.t, the reaction mixture diluted with EtOAc (10 ml) and H₂O (10 ml). Then it was extracted with EtOAc (10 ml \times 3). The organic layer was combined and dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated by rotary evaporation. The residue was purified by silica gelcolumn chromatography to afford the product **3aa** (46mg, 78%, 8:1 dr).

5-3. Deuterium labeling experiment



6. Analytical data for compounds



(*E*)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4-iodobenzene 64% yield, (1k): ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.63 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.78 (dd, *J*_{*I*}= 16 Hz, *J*₂= 12 Hz, 1H), 6.53-6.44 (m, 2H), 5.36 (d, *J* = 20 Hz,

1H), 5.21 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 137.6, 136.8, 136.6, 131.6, 130.4, 128.1, 118.4, 92.8 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3033, 3006, 2962, 1481, 1416, 1003, 811 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₀H₉INa (M + Na)⁺: 278.9647, found 278.9651.



2-benzyl-1-phenylbut-3-en-1-ol (3aa):^[10] The general procedure was followed using *(E)*-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (1a, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzaldehyde (2a, 53 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1:10) afforded

product **3aa** as a colorless oil (56 mg, 93% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.5$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) & 7.33-7.21 (m, 7H), 7.16-7.10 (m, 3H), 5.60-5.51 (m, 1H), 4.95 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.70-4.67 (m,1H), 2.93 (dd, $J_I = 16$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.80-2.73 (m, 1H), 2.60-2.54 (m, 1H), 2.19-2.11 (m, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) & 142.3, 140.0, 137.5, 129.2, 128.1, 128.0, 127.5, 126.7, 125.8, 117.7, 76.3, 52.7, 36.1 ppm; IR (neat): 3417, 3081, 3029, 2924, 1494, 1452, 916 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for $C_{17}H_{18}ONa (M + Na)^+$: 261.1255, found 261.1242.



2-(2-methylbenzyl)-1-phenylbut-3-en-1-ol (**3ba**): The general procedure was followed using *(E)*-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-2-methylbenzene (**1b**, 36 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzaldehyde (**2a**, 53 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10) afforded product **3ba** as a colorless oil (56 mg, 88% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f =$

0.5 (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) & 7.35-7.27 (m, 5H), 7.06-7.02 (m, 4H), 5.66-5.57 (m, 1H), 4.93 (d, J = 8.0 Hz 1H), 4.77-4.73 (m, 2H), 2.97-2.93 (m, 1H), 2.69-2.66 (m, 1H), 2.52-2.46 (m, 1H), 2.21 (brs, 1H), 2.15 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) & 142.4, 138.3, 137.7, 136.2, 130.0, 129.9, 128.1, 127.5, 126.6, 125.8, 125.4, 117.6, 76.7, 51.8, 33.0, 19.4 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3427, 3065, 3025, 2925, 1491, 1454, 746 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₁₈H₂₀ONa (M + Na)⁺: 275.1412, found 275.1413.



2-(3-methylbenzyl)-1-phenylbut-3-en-1-ol (**3ca**): The general procedure was followed using (E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)- 3-methyl-benzene (**1c**, 36 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzaldehyde (**2a**, 53 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this

material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10) afforded product **3ca** as a colorless oil (50 mg, 78% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.5$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1:5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) & 7.35-7.25 (m, 5H), 7.14-7.11 (m,1H), 6.97-6.95 (m, 1H), 6.92-6.90 (m, 2H), 5.60-5.51 (m, 1H), 4.96 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.73-4.63 (m, 1H), 2.90-2.86 (m, 1H), 2.80-2.73 (m, 1H), 2.57-2.51 (m, 1H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 2.14(brs, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) & 142.3, 139.9, 137.7, 137.6, 130.0, 128.1, 127.9, 127.5, 126.8, 126.5, 126.3, 117.6, 76.4, 52.6, 36.1, 21.4 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3415, 3062, 3028, 2920, 1490, 1452, 701 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₀ONa (M + Na)⁺: 275.1412, found 275.1413.



2-(4-methylbenzyl)-1-phenylbut-3-en-1-ol (**3da**): The general procedure was followed using (E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4-methyl-benzene (**1d**, 36 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzaldehyde (**2a**, 53 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether

= 1 : 10) afforded product **3da** as a colorless oil (32 mg, 51% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.5$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹**H-NMR** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.36-7.25 (m, 5H), 7.05 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.01 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.60-5.51 (m, 1H), 4.97 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.90-2.85 (m, 1H), 2.79-2.72 (m, 1H), 2.57-2.51 (m, 1H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 2.15 (brs, 1H); ¹³**C-NMR** (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 142.3, 137.6, 136.8, 135.2, 129.1, 128.8, 128.1, 127.5, 126.8, 117.7, 76.3, 52.7, 35.7, 21.0 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3407, 3026, 2978, 2921, 1514, 1451, 702 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₀ONa (M + Na)⁺: 275.1412, found 275.1400.



2-(4-methoxybenzyl)-1-phenylbut-3-en-1-ol (**3ea**): The general procedure was followed using (E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4-methoxybenzene (**1e**, 41 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzaldehyde (**2a**, 53 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica

gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10) afforded product **3ea** as a colorless solid (52 mg, 78% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.4$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.35-7.25 (m, 5H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.78 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.59-5.50 (m, 1H), 4.96 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 2.86 (dd, $J_I = 12$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.73-2.69 (m, 1H), 2.55-2.50 (m, 1H), 2.21 (brs, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 157.6, 142.3, 137.7, 132.0, 130.1, 128.1, 127.5, 126.7, 117.7, 113.4, 76.3, 55.1, 52.8, 35.3 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3383, 3031, 2919, 2835, 1512, 1245, 702 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₀O₂Na (M + Na)⁺: 291.1361, found 291.1359.



2-(4-(dimethylamino)benzyl)-1-phenylbut-3-en-1-ol (**3fa**): The general procedure was followed using (E)-4-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-N,N-dimethylaniline (**1f**, 43 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzaldehyde (**2a**, 53 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica

gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5) afforded product **3fa** as a yellow oil (48.5 mg, 69% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.3$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.35-7.24 (m, 5H), 7.00 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.65 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.60-5.51 (m, 1H), 4.97 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.88 (s, 6H), 2.82-2.70 (m, 2H), 2.54-2.49 (m, 1H), 2.23 (brs, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 148.9, 142.3, 137.9, 129.8, 128.0, 127.9, 127.4, 126.8, 117.5, 112.7, 76.2, 52.7, 40.8, 35.3 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3419, 3069, 3028, 2799, 1952, 1614, 702 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₁O₂(M + H)⁺: 282.1858, found 282.1855.



2-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1-phenylbut-3-en-1-ol (**3ga**): The general procedure was followed using (E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4-fluorobenzene (**1g**, 37 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzaldehyde (**2a**, 53 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum

ether = 1 : 10) afforded product **3ga** as a colorless oil (53 mg, 83% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.5$

(EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹**H-NMR** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.36-7.25 (m, 5H), 7.05 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.58-5.49 (m, 1H), 4.95 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, J = 20 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.91 (dd, $J_I = 12$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.73-2.66 (m, 1H), 2.58-2.52 (m, 1H), 2.15 (brs, 1H); ¹³**C-NMR** (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 161.2 (d, J = 242 Hz), 142.3, 137.4, 135.6 (d, J = 3 Hz), 130.6 (d, J = 8 Hz), 128.2, 127.6, 126.7, 117.9, 114.8 (d, J = 21 Hz), 76.4, 52.9, 35.3 ppm; ¹⁹**F-NMR** (CDCl₃, 376 MHz) δ : -117.6; **IR** (neat): 3412, 3068, 3033, 2924, 1603, 1222, 703 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₁₇FONa(M + Na)⁺: 279.1161, found 279.1159.



1-phenyl-2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)but-3-en-1-ol (**3ha**): The general procedure was followed using (E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene (**1h**, 50 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzaldehyde (**2a**, 53 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on

silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10) afforded product **3ha** as a colorless oil (59 mg, 77% yield, 16:1 dr): $R_f = 0.5$ (1:5EtOAc: petroleum ether); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.48 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.36-7.26 (m, 5H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.59-5.50 (m, 1H), 4.95 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.03-3.00 (m, 1H), 2.74-2.72 (m, 1H), 2.65-2.62 (m, 1H), 2.23 (brs, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 144.4, 142.2, 137.0, 129.6, 128.2, 127.7, 126.6, 124.9 (q, J = 4 Hz), 118.13, 76.4, 52.6, 35.9ppm; ¹⁹F-NMR (CDCl₃, 376 MHz) δ : -62.2 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3408, 3068, 3032, 2927, 1640, 1326, 703 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₁₈H₁₆F₃O (M -H)⁻: 305.1153, found 305.1152.



2-(4-chlorobenzyl)-1-phenylbut-3-en-1-ol (**3ia**): The general procedure was followed using (E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4-chlorobenzene (**1i**, 41 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzaldehyde (**2a**, 53 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether =

1 : 10) afforded product **3ia** as a yellow liquid (56 mg, 82% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.5$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹**H-NMR** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) & 7.35-7.25 (m, 5H), 7.19 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.57-5.48 (m, 1H), 4.95 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.91 (dd, $J_I = 12$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.73-2.64 (m, 1H), 2.57-2.51 (m, 1H), 2.14 (brs, 1H); ¹³**C-NMR** (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) & 142.3, 138.6, 137.3, 131.5, 130.6, 128.2, 128.1, 127.6, 126.6, 118.0, 76.4, 52.8, 35.5 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3411, 3066, 3030, 2924, 1491, 918, 703 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₁₇ClONa (M + Na)⁺: 295.0866, found 295.0858.



2-(4-bromobenzyl)-1-phenylbut-3-en-1-ol (3ja): The general procedure was followed using (*E*)-1-bromo-4-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)benzene (1j, 52 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzaldehyde (2a, 53 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether

= 1 : 10) afforded product **3ja** as a colorless liquid (75 mg, 95% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.5$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) & 7.35-7.33 (m, 4H), 7.30-7.24 (m, 3H), 6.98-6.91 (m, 2H), 5.57-5.48 (m, 1H), 4.95 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.72-4.62 (m, 1H), 2.92-2.88 (m, 1H), 2.73-2.66 (m, 1H), 2.56-2.50 (m, 1H), 2.18-2.08 (m, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) & 142.2, 139.1, 137.2, 131.1, 131.0, 128.2, 127.6, 126.6, 119.5, 118.0, 76.4, 52.7, 35.5 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3411, 3066, 3029, 2924, 1488, 1010, 704 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z*

calcd for $C_{17}H_{17}BrONa (M + Na)^+$: 339.0360, found 339.0360.



2-(4-iodobenzyl)-1-phenylbut-3-en-1-ol (**3ka**): The general procedure was followed using (*E*)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4-iodobenzene (**1k**, 64 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzaldehyde (**2a**, 53 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10)

afforded product **3ka** as a yellow liquid (72 mg, 78% yield, 18:1 dr): $R_f = 0.5$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) &: 7.54 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.36-7.24 (m, 5H), 6.85 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.57-5.48 (m, 1H), 4.96 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.70-4.63 (m, 1H), 2.91-2.87 (m, 1H), 2.73-2.66 (m, 1H), 2.52-2.44 (m, 1H), 2.14-2.06 (m, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) &: 142.2, 139.7, 137.2, 137.0, 131.4, 128.2, 127.6, 126.6, 118.0, 91.0, 76.3, 52.6, 35.6 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3433, 3067, 3029, 2925, 1725, 1485, 704 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₁₆IO (M -H)⁻: 363.0246, found 363.0248.



2-(naphthalen-2-ylmethyl)-1-phenylbut-3-en-1-ol (**3la**): The general procedure was followed using (E)-2-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)naphthalene (**1l**, 45 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzaldehyde (**2a**, 53 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether

= 1 : 5) afforded product **3la** as a yellow solid (63 mg, 88% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.4$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.77-7.70 (m, 3H), 7.54 (s, 1H), 7.43-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.24 (m, 6H), 5.63-5.54 (m, 1H), 4.92 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, J = 16 Hz,1H), 4.72 (d, J = 4.0 Hz,1H), 3.08 (dd, $J_I = 12$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.89-2.82 (m, 1H), 2.76-2.67 (m, 1H), 2.21 (brs, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 142.3, 137.6, 137.5, 133.4, 131.9, 128.1, 127.9, 127.54, 127.50, 127.4, 126.7, 125.7, 125.1, 117.8, 76.4, 52.6, 36.4 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3383, 3007, 2916, 2852, 1452, 1007, 700 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for $C_{21}H_{20}ONa$ (M + Na)⁺: 311.1412, found 311.1405.



2-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-1-phenylbut-3-en-1-ol (**3ma**): The general procedure was followed using (E)-2-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)furan (**1m**, 30 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzaldehyde (**2a**, 53 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1:10) afforded

product **3ma** as a colorless oil (35 mg, 61% yield, 14:1 dr): $R_f = 0.5$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.35-7.25 (m, 6H), 6.29-6.21 (m, 1H), 6.03-5.95 (m, 1H), 5.65-5.56 (m, 1H), 5.03-4.93 (m, 2H), 4.69 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.89-2.85 (m,2H), 2.76-2.69 (m, 1H), 2.15 (brs, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 154.0, 142.0, 140.9, 137.5, 128.1, 127.6, 126.7, 117.5, 110.1, 106.3, 76.0, 49.9, 28.6 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3432, 3114, 3030, 2924, 1452, 1009, 733 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₅H₁₆O₂Na (M + Na)⁺: 251.1048, found 251.1045.



1-phenyl-2-(thiophen-3-ylmethyl)but-3-en-1-ol (**3na**): The general procedure was followed using (*E*)-3-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)thiophene (**1n**, 34 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzaldehyde (**2a**, 53 mg, 0.50 mmol).Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10) afforded

product **3na** as a yellow liquid (49 mg, 80% yield, 13:1 dr): $R_f = 0.5$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹**H-NMR** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.28-7.16 (m, 5H), 7.13 (m, 1H), 6.83-6.81 (m,2H), 5.55-5.46

(m, 1H), 4.93 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, J = 16 Hz,1H), 4.59-4.58 (m,1H), 2.82 (dd, $J_1 = 12$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.0$ Hz 1H), 2.73-2.66 (m, 1H), 2.63-2.57 (m, 1H), 2.08 (brs, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 142.2, 140.2, 137.8, 128.7, 128.1, 127.5, 126.7, 124.9, 121.2, 117.7, 76.2, 51.8, 30.7 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3429, 3079, 3030, 2923, 1451, 917, 763 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₅H₁₆OSNa (M + Na)⁺: 267.0820, found 267.0806.



1,5-diphenyl-2-vinylpentan-1-ol (**30a**): The general procedure was followed using (E)-hexa-3,5-dien-1-ylbenzene (**10**, 40 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzaldehyde (**2a**, 53 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by

chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 9) afforded product **30a** as a colorless oil (29 mg, 43% yield, 6:1 dr): R_f = 0.5 (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 4); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) & 7.26-7.16 (m, 7H), 7.10-6.98 (m,3H), 5.46-5.37 (m, 1H), 4.99-4.89 (m, 2H), 4.53-4.51 (m, 1H), 2.56-2.21 (m, 3H),2.00 (m, 1H), 1.64-1.53 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.35 (m, 1H), 1.21-1.15 (m, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) & 142.5, 142.4, 138.3, 128.3, 128.2, 128.0, 127.4, 126.7, 125.6, 117.5, 76.9, 51.3, 35.9, 29.3, 29.2 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3433, 3064, 3028, 2927, 1454, 1024, 701 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₂ONa (M + Na)⁺: 289.1568, found 289.1571.



1-phenyl-2-vinyloctan-1-ol (**3pa**): The general procedure was followed using *(E)*-nona-1,3-diene (**1p**, 31 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzaldehyde (**2a**, 53 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on

silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 15) afforded product **3pa** as a yellow liquid (24 mg, 41% yield, 7:1 dr): $R_f = 0.6$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.27-7.18 (m, 5H), 5.47-5.38 (m, 1H), 5.01-4.91 (m, 2H), 4.58-4.51 (m,1H), 2.34-2.32 (m, 1H), 2.06-1.95 (m, 1H), 1.57-1.47 (m, 1H), 1.18-1.09 (m, 9H), 0.79 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 142.5, 138.5, 128.0, 127.3, 126.7, 117.3, 76.9, 51.4, 31.8, 29.6, 29.3, 27.2, 22.6, 14.1 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3411, 3067, 3029, 2855, 1455, 1024, 702 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₂₄ONa (M + Na)⁺: 255.1725, found 255.1719.



2-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1-phenylbut-3-en-1-ol (**3qa**): The general procedure was followed using (*E*)-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylcyclohexane (**1q**, 34 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzaldehyde (**2a**, 53 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10)

afforded product **3qa** as a colorless oil (28 mg, 45% yield, 7:1 dr): $R_f = 0.6$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) &: 7.34-7.25 (m, 5H), 5.54-5.45 (m, 1H), 5.09-5.00 (m, 2H), 4.61-4.58 (m, 1H), 2.60-2.54 (m, 1H), 2.07-2.06 (m, 1H), 1.74-1.55 (m, 5H), 1.32-1.11 (m, 6H), 0.95-0.67 (m, 2H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) &: 142.4, 138.7, 127.9, 127.3, 126.7, 117.2, 77.1, 48.3, 37.3, 34.63, 34.58, 32.1, 26.6, 26.4, 26.1 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3431, 3067, 3029, 2923, 1449, 913, 703 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for $C_{17}H_{24}ONa$ (M + Na)⁺: 267.1725, found 267.1719.



A containing stirring bar oven dried 25-ml Schlenk tube was charged with $Cu(OTf)_2$ (9.1mg, 0.025 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (7.2mg, 0.0275 mmol, 11 mol%), B₂Pin₂ (127 mg, 0.50 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and LiO^tBu (40mg, 0.50 mmol, 2.0 equiv). The tube was then evacuated and back-filled under a N₂ flow (this sequence was repeated

three times). Diene **1r** (37 mg, 0.25 mmol, 1.0 equiv), water (13.5µL, 3.0 equiv), anhydrous DCE (1.0 ml) were added subsequently under N₂ condition. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1.5 h at r.t and then **2a** (53 mg, 0.50 mmol, 2.0 equiv) dissolved in anhydrous DCE (0.5 ml) were added, the tube was stirred at 70 °C for 48 h. After cooling to r.t, the reaction mixture diluted with EtOAc (10 ml) and H₂O (10 ml). Then it was extracted with EtOAc (10 ml \times 3). The organic layer was combined and dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated by rotary evaporation. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography to afford the product **3ra** as a yellow liquid (31 mg, 49% yield, >20:1 dr): R_f = 0.6 (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹**H-NMR** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.23-7.11 (m, 5H), 5.81-5.74 (m, 1H), 5.22 (d, *J* = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (d, *J* = 20 Hz,1H), 4.38 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz,1H), 2.48 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.19-2.13 (m, 2H), 1.76-1.69 (m, 4H), 1.26-1.24 (m, 1H), 1.18 (s, 3H), 1.16-1.13 (m, 1H), 0.72 (s, 3H); ¹³**C-NMR** (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 145.3, 141.5, 128.4, 127.4, 127.3, 115.0, 78.1, 48.8, 46.9, 40.1, 38.9, 28.1, 26.4, 25.7, 24.5, 23.7ppm; **IR** (neat): 3458, 3078, 3028, 2917, 1409, 1042, 729 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₄ONa (M + Na)⁺: 279.1725, found 279.1723.



2-benzyl-1-(o-tolyl)but-3-en-1-ol (**3ab**): The general procedure was followed using *(E)*-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and 2-methylbenzaldehyde (**2b**, 60 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10) afforded

product **3ab** as a yellow oil (57 mg, 91% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.5$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹**H-NMR** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.48 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.20 (m, 3H), 7.18-7.07 (m, 5H), 5.69-5.60 (m, 1H), 4.96 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 3.09 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 2.75-2.63 (m, 2H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 1.98 (brs, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 141.0, 140.4, 138.1, 134.7, 130.4, 129.3, 128.0, 127.2, 126.4, 126.0, 125.7, 117.1, 73.1, 51.8, 35.4, 19.4 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3386, 3065, 3026, 2925, 1602, 1492, 700 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₀ONa (M + Na)⁺: 275.1412, found 275.1406.



2-benzyl-1-(m-tolyl)but-3-en-1-ol (**3ac**): The general procedure was followed using (*E*)-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and 3-methylbenzaldehyde (**2c**, 60 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10) afforded

product **3ac** as a colorless oil (59 mg, 93% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.5$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.25-7.20 (m, 3H), 7.15-7.14 (m, 1H), 7.12-7.07 (m, 5H), 5.61-5.52 (m, 1H), 4.95 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.95-2.91 (m, 1H), 2.79-2.72 (m, 1H), 2.60-2.54 (m, 1H), 2.35 (s,3H), 2.14 (brs, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 142.3, 140.1, 137.7, 129.3, 128.2, 128.02, 127.97, 127.4, 125.7, 123.8, 117.6, 76.4, 52.6, 36.1, 21.5 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3415, 3063, 3027, 2922, 1605, 1452, 702 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₀ONa (M + Na)⁺: 275.1412, found 275.1407.



2-benzyl-1-(p-tolyl)but-3-en-1-ol (**3ad**): The general procedure was followed using (*E*)-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and 4-methyl benzaldehyde (**2d**, 60 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10) afforded

product **3ad** as a colorless oil (60mg, 94% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.5$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 :

5); ¹**H-NMR** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.25-7.20 (m, 4H), 7.18-7.10 (m, 5H), 5.59-5.50 (m, 1H), 4.95 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (d, J = 8.0 Hz,1H), 2.93 (dd, $J_I = 16$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.0$ Hz 1H), 2.78-2.71 (m, 1H), 2.59-2.53 (m, 1H), 2.33 (s,3H), 2.13 (brs, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 140.1, 139.3, 137.6, 137.1, 129.3, 128.8, 128.0, 126.7, 125.7, 117.6, 76.2, 52.6, 36.3, 21.1 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3417, 3063, 3027, 2922, 1640, 1451, 915 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₀ONa (M + Na)⁺: 275.1412, found 275.1413.



Methyl 4-(2-benzyl-1-hydroxybut-3-en-1-yl) benzoate (**3ae**): The general procedure was followed using (E)-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and methyl 4-formylbenzoate (**2e**, 82 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc :

petroleum ether = 1 : 5) afforded product **3ae** as a colorless solid (68mg, 91% yield, >20:1 dr): R_f = 0.3 (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹**H-NMR** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) &: 7.99 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.25-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.17-7.13 (m, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.60-5.51 (m, 1H), 4.96 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.83-4.75 (m, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 2.89 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 2.81-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.62-2.56 (m, 1H), 2.47 (brs, 1H); ¹³**C-NMR** (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) &: 167.0, 147.7, 139.7, 137.2, 129.3, 129.2, 129.1, 128.1, 126.7, 125.8, 118.0, 75.9, 52.7, 52.0, 35.9 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3503, 3068, 3029, 2854, 1707, 1288, 862 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for $C_{19}H_{20}O_3Na$ (M + Na)⁺: 319.1310, found 319.1305.



2-benzyl-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)but-3-en-1-ol (**3af**): The general procedure was followed using (E)-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) andmethyl 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde (**2f**, 87 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel

(EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10) afforded product **3af** as a yellow solid (73mg, 95% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.5$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹**H-NMR** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.59 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.26-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.15 (m, 1H), 7.11-7.09 (m, 2H), 5.60-5.51 (m, 1H), 4.99 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.77-4.75 (m, 1H), 2.89-2.85 (m, 1H), 2.80-2.74 (m, 1H), 2.63-2.57 (m, 1H), 2.24-2.23 (m, 1H); ¹³**C-NMR** (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 146.3, 139.6, 137.0, 129.5, 129.2, 128.2, 127.0, 126.0, 125.0 (q, J = 4.0 Hz), 118.3, 75.7, 52.6, 35.9 ppm; ¹⁹**F-NMR** (CDCl₃, 376 MHz) δ : -62.36 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3417, 3082, 3029, 2926, 1715, 1328, 841 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₁₈H₁₆F₃O (M -H)⁻: 305.1153, found 305.1152.



2-benzyl-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)but-3-en-1-ol (**3ag**): The general procedure was followed using (E)-buta-1,3-dien-1-yl benzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and methyl 4-methoxybenzaldehyde (**2g**, 68 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether

= 1 : 10) afforded product **3ag** as a colorless oil (60mg, 89% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.4$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.26-7.21 (m, 4H), 7.17-7.11 (m, 3H), 6.86(d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.59-5.50 (m, 1H), 4.95 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, J = 20 Hz,1H), 4.63 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.93 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 2.75-2.74 (m, 1H), 2.59-2.54 (m, 1H), 2.12 (brs, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 158.9, 140.1, 137.6, 134.5, 129.3, 128.0, 127.9, 125.8, 117.6, 113.4, 76.0, 55.2, 52.7, 36.4 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3429, 3066, 3028, 2930, 1610, 1248,



4-(2-benzyl-1-hydroxybut-3-en-1-yl)-2-methoxyphenyl acetate (**3ah**): The general procedure was followed using *(E)*-buta-1,3-dien-1-yl benzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and methyl 4-formyl-2-methoxyphenyl acetate (**2h**, 97 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica

gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 6) afforded product **3ah** as a yellow oil (70mg, 86% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.4$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 3); ¹**H-NMR** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.26-7.22 (m, 2H), 7.17-7.11 (m, 3H), 6.99-6.94 (m, 2H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.63-5.54 (m, 1H), 4.97 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 2.93 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 2.81-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.64-2.58 (m, 1H), 2.30-2.27 (m, 4H); ¹³**C-NMR** (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 169.1, 150.7, 141.4, 139.9, 138.8, 137.4, 129.2, 128.1, 125.8, 122.2, 118.9, 117.7, 110.8, 76.0, 55.8, 52.5, 36.1, 20.6 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3462, 3066, 3027, 2936, 1764, 1456, 912 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₂₀H₂₂O₄Na (M + Na)⁺: 349.1416, found 349.1404.



2-benzyl-1-(4-(dimethylamino)phenyl)-but-3-en-1-ol (**3ai**): The general procedure was followed using (E)-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and methyl 4-(dimethylamino)benzaldehyde (**2i**, 75 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel

(EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 6) afforded product **3ai** as a yellow oil (57mg, 81% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.3$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1:5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.24-7.22 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.13 (m, 5H), 6.70 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.60-5.51 (m, 1H), 4.94 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.97-2.93 (m, 7H), 2.83-2.70 (m, 1H), 2.59-2.54 (m, 1H), 2.02 (brs, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 150.0, 140.3, 137.9, 130.1, 129.3, 128.0, 127.7, 125.7, 117.3, 112.1, 76.2, 52.6, 40.6, 36.6 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3405, 3076, 3027, 2921, 1614, 1349, 818 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₁₉H₂₄NO (M + H)⁺: 282.1858, found 282.1854.



2-benzyl-1-(4-chlorophenyl)but-3-en-1-ol (**3aj**): The general procedure was followed using *(E)*-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and 4-chlorobenzaldehyde (**2j**, 70 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10) afforded

product **3aj** as a yellow oil (67mg, 97% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.5$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) &: 7.32-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.23 (m, 4H), 7.18-7.09 (m, 3H), 5.58-5.49 (m, 1H), 4.98 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, J = 20 Hz, 1H), 4.68-4.66 (m, 1H), 2.88 (dd, $J_I = 12$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.74-2.71 (m, 1H), 2.60-2.55 (m, 1H), 2.14-2.13 (m, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) &: 140.8, 139.7, 137.2, 133.2, 129.2, 128.2, 128.12, 128.09, 125.9, 118.1, 75.7, 52.6, 36.1 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3431, 3081, 3028, 2925, 1600, 1491, 701 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₁₇ClNaO (M + Na)⁺: 295.0866, found 295.0870.



2-benzyl-1-(4-bromophenyl)but-3-en-1-ol(**3ak**): The general procedure was followed using *(E)*-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and 4-bromobenzaldehyde (**2k**, 93 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10) afforded

product **3ak** as a colorless oil (69mg, 87% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.4$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.45 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.26-7.22 (m, 2H), 7.17 (m, 3H), 7.10 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.57-5.48 (m, 1H), 4.97 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.87 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 2.73-2.72 (m, 1H), 2.60-2.54 (m, 1H), 2.19 (brs, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 141.3, 139.7, 137.1, 131.2, 129.2, 128.4, 128.1, 125.9, 121.3, 118.1, 75.7, 52.5, 36.1 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3413, 3080, 3027, 2977, 1640, 1490, 825 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₁₇BrONa (M + Na)⁺: 339.0360, found 339.0356.



2-benzyl-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)but-3-en-1-ol (**3al**): The general procedure was followed using (*E*)-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and 3,4-dichlorobenzaldehyde (**2l**, 88 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10)

afforded product **3al** as a colorless oil (70mg, 91% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.4$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.32-7.30 (m,2H), 7.18-7.15 (m, 2H), 7.10-7.07 (m,1H), 7.05-7.01 (m,3H), 5.50-5.41 (m, 1H), 4.92 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.60-4.50 (m,1H), 2.79-2.76 (m, 1H), 2.64-2.63 (m, 1H), 2.54-2.48 (m, 1H), 2.17 (brs, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 142.6, 139.4, 136.9, 132.2, 131.3, 130.0, 129.2, 128.7, 128.2, 126.1, 126.0, 118.4, 75.1, 52.5, 36.0 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3430, 3065, 3028, 2924, 1712, 1469, 884 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₁₅Cl₂O (M -H)⁻: 305.0500, found 305.0502.



2-benzyl-1-(4-iodophenyl)-but-3-en-1-ol (**3am**): The general procedure was followed using (*E*)-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and 4-iodobenzaldehyde (**2m**, 116 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1:10) afforded

product **3am** as a colorless oil (86mg, 94% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.5$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.65 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.26-7.22 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.14(m, 1H), 7.11-7.03(m, 4H), 5.57-5.48 (m, 1H), 4.98 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, J = 20 Hz, 1H), 4.64-4.62 (m, 1H), 2.89-2.84 (m, 1H), 2.75-2.70 (m, 1H), 2.59-2.54 (m, 1H), 2.16-2.15 (m, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 141.9, 139.7, 137.1, 129.2, 128.7, 128.1, 125.9, 118.1, 93.0, 75.8, 52.5, 36.1 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3402, 3079, 3027, 2923, 1588, 1488, 821 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₁₇IONa (M + Na)⁺: 387.0222, found 387.0222.



1-(benzofuran-2-yl)-2-benzylbut-3-en-1-ol (**3an**): The general procedure was followed using (*E*)-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and benzofuran-2-carbaldehyde (**2n**, 73 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 8)

afforded product **3an** as a colorless solid (47 mg, 68% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.4$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) & 7.54 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.16 (m, 7H), 6.62 (s, 1H), 5.75-5.66 (m, 1H), 5.07-4.98 (m, 2H), 4.81-4.78 (m, 1H), 3.01-2.93 (m, 2H), 2.72-2.66 (m, 1H), 2.34 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) & 157.6, 154.7, 139.5, 136.9, 129.3, 128.2, 127.9, 126.0, 124.1, 122.8, 121.0, 118.5, 111.2, 104.1, 70.2, 51.0, 36.6 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3350, 3029, 2925, 2856, 1420, 1253, 919 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₁₉H₁₈O₂Na (M + Na)⁺: 301.1204, found 301.1196.



2-benzyl-1-(2,2-difluorobenzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)but-3-en-1-ol(**3ao**): The general procedure was followed using *(E)*-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and 2,2-difluorobenzo[d][1,3]dioxole-5-carbaldehyde (**2o**, 93 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography

on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10) afforded product **3ao** as a yellow oil (64mg, 81% yield, >20:1 dr): $R_f = 0.4$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.27-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.19-7.11 (m, 3H),7.07(s, 1H), 7.01-6.97(m, 2H), 5.58-5.49 (m, 1H), 4.99 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.68-4.67 (m, 1H), 2.92-2.87 (m, 1H), 2.76-2.69 (m, 1H), 2.63-2.57 (m, 1H), 2.15 (m, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 143.7, 142.9, 139.5, 138.7, 137.0, 134.1, 131.6, 129.2, 128.2, 126.0, 121.9, 118.2, 108.8, 108.0, 75.8, 52.7, 36.2 ppm; ¹⁹F-NMR (CDCl₃, 376 MHz) δ : -49.73, -49.71, -49.74, -50.00 ppm; IR (neat): 3414, 3083, 3029, 2925, 1642, 1448, 816 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₁₅F₂O₃ (M -H)⁻: 317.0989, found 317.0972.



2-benzyl-1-cyclohexylbut-3-en-1-ol (**3ap**): The general procedure was followed using *(E)*-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and cyclohexanecarbaldehyde (**2p**, 56 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 25) afforded

product **3ap** as a colorless oil (48mg, 79% yield, 8:1 dr): $R_f = 0.7$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹**H-NMR** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.27-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.16-7.14 (m, 3H), 5.67-5.58 (m, 1H), 4.98 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 3.33-3.14 (m, 1H), 3.05 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 2.72-2.51 (m, 2H), 1.77-1.53 (m, 7H), 1.25-1.02 (m, 5H); ¹³**C-NMR** (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 140.5, 139.0, 129.4, 128.0, 125.7, 116.4, 78.3, 48.7, 40.3, 36.0, 30.2, 26.5, 26.4, 26.0 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3412, 3067, 3028, 2851, 1639, 1449, 741 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₄ONa (M + Na)⁺: 267.1725, found 267.1724.



4-benzyl-1-phenylhex-5-en-3-ol (**3aq**): The general procedure was followed using *(E)*-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and 3-phenylpropanal (**2q**, 67 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10) afforded

product **3aq** as a colorless solid (53mg, 80% yield, 7:1 dr): $R_f = 0.4$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.22-7.01 (m, 10H), 5.59-5.50 (m, 1H), 4.98-4.83 (m, 2H), 3.51-3.47 (m, 1H), 2.82-2.77 (m, 2H), 2.59-2.50 (m, 2H), 2.43-2.36 (m, 1H), 1.87-1.55 (m,3H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 142.1, 140.0, 137.9, 129.1, 128.43, 128.39, 128.1, 125.83, 125.81, 117.7, 73.0, 52.3, 36.9, 35.7, 32.3 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3385, 3318, 3082, 2937, 1452, 1085, 699 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₂ONa (M + Na)⁺: 289.1568, found 289.1563.



3-benzylnon-1-en-4-ol (**3ar**): The general procedure was followed using (E)-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and hexanal (**2r**, 50 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by chromatography on silica

gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 20) afforded product **3ar** as a colorless oil (46mg, 79% yield, 9:1 dr): $R_f = 0.7$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.27-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.14 (m, 3H), 5.69-5.60 (m, 1H), 5.04 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 3.61-3.46 (m, 1H), 2.91 (dd, $J_i = 12$ Hz, $J_2 = 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.65-2.59 (m, 1H), 2.48-2.41 (m,1H),

1.62-1.45 (m, 3H), 1.31-1.23 (m, 6H), 0.89 (t, J = 6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 140.2, 138.3, 129.2, 128.1, 125.8, 117.4, 73.7, 52.2, 36.7, 33.8, 31.8, 25.6, 22.6, 14.0 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3348, 3083, 2921, 2857, 1494, 918, 698 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₂₄ONa (M + Na)⁺: 255.1725, found 255.1724.

Ph 3as HO^mCI 3-benzyl-8-chlorooct-1-en-4-ol (**3as**): The general procedure was followed using (E)-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (**1a**, 33 mg, 0.25 mmol) and 4-chlorobutanal (**2s**, 60 mg, 0.50 mmol). Purification of this material by

chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10) afforded product **3as** as a colorless oil (50mg, 78% yield, 8:1 dr): $R_f = 0.4$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.28-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.19-7.14 (m, 3H), 5.68-5.59 (m, 1H), 5.05 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 3.55-3.52 (m, 3H), 2.93-2.88 (m, 1H), 2.66-2.60 (m, 1H), 2.49-2.45 (m, 1H), 1.83-1.74 (m, 2H), 1.64-1.58 (m, 2H), 1.47-1.46 (m, 1H), 1.40-1.26 (m, 2H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 140.0, 138.0, 129.2, 128.1, 125.9, 117.6, 73.4, 52.2, 44.9, 36.8, 33.0, 32.5, 23.3 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3391, 3079, 3027, 2928, 1495, 916, 702 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₁₅H₂₁ClONa (M + Na)⁺: 275.1179, found 275.1184.

7. Further transformations for the product

7-1 Procedure for synthesis of 4¹¹



A containing stirring bar oven dried 10 ml Schlenk tube was charged with 3-chlorobenzoperoxoic acid (76mg, 0.375 mmol). The tube was then evacuated and back-filled under a N₂ flow (this sequence was repeated three times). A solution of **3aa** (60 mg, 0.25 mmol) in dry DCM (1.3 ml) was added by syringe. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight at room temp under N₂ was diluted with DCM (3 ml). After having been washed with saturated solution of K₂CO₃ (2 × 10 ml), the organic layer was separated and dried with Na₂SO₄, and solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 8) to afford the product **4** (53 mg, 83% yield, 3:1 dr): $R_f = 0.3$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹**H-NMR** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.40-7.02 (m, 10H), 5.03-4.64 (m, 1H), 2.99-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.79-1.74 (m, 1H); ¹³**C-NMR** (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 142.7, 142.1, 139.7, 139.1, 129.6, 128.9, 128.4, 128.30, 128.26, 127.9, 127.4, 126.3, 126.14, 126.08, 74.8, 74.0, 53.1, 52.9, 50.7, 49.9, 47.6, 47.4, 33.7, 32.4 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3442, 3060, 3028, 2925, 1602, 1451, 887 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₁₈O₂Na (M + Na)⁺: 277.1204, found 277.1204.

7-2 Procedure for synthesis of 5^{12}



A containing stirring bar oven dried 10 ml Schlenk tube was charged with $Pd(OAc)_2$ (0.0185 mmol, 4.1 mg). The tube was then evacuated and back-filled under a N₂ flow (this sequence was repeated three times). Et₃N (1.85 mmol, 187 mg), iodobenzene (0.37 mmol, 75.5 mg) and a solution of **3aa** (0.185 mmol, 44.1 mg) in dry MeCN (1.8 ml) was added by syringe. The reaction mixture was stirred at 85°C for 18 h under N₂ and then cooled to room temperature. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo and residue was purified by silica gelcolumn chromatography (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 10) to afford the product **5** (41 mg, 70% yield): $R_f = 0.4$ (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹**H-NMR** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.36-7.33 (m, 4H), 7.28-7.12 (m, 11H), 6.16 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 5.98-5.92 (m, 1H), 4.83-4.74 (m, 1H), 2.98-2.88 (m, 2H), 2.71-2.66 (m, 1H), 2.15-2.14 (m, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 142.2, 139.9, 137.3, 132.5, 129.4, 129.3, 128.4, 128.1, 127.5, 127.1, 126.7, 126.1, 125.8, 76.6, 51.9, 36.7 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3391, 3025, 2914, 1451, 1005, 743, 696 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₂₃H₂₂ONa (M + Na)⁺: 337.1568, found 337.1562.

7-3 Procedure for synthesis of 6^{13}



In an oven dried 10 ml Schlenk tube, BH₃ SMe₂ (0.3 ml, 2.0 M, 0.6 mmol, 3.0 equiv) was added to a solution of **3aa** (0.20mmol, 48 mg, 1.0 equiv) in dry THF (2.0 ml) at 0°C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature under N₂ for 3 h, then an aqueous solution of 10% NaOH (0.36 ml, 4.5 equiv) and 30% H₂O₂ (0.12 ml, 6.0 equiv) were added. After stirring for 3 h, the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3 \times 10 ml). The organic layer was separated and dried with Na₂SO₄, and solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 2) to afford the product **6** (32mg, 60% yield): R_f = 0.5 (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 1); ¹**H-NMR** (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) &: 7.37-7.34 (m, 4H), 7.29-7.21 (m, 3H), 7.16-7.13 (m, 1H), 7.07-7.06 (m, 2H), 4.89-4.81 (m, 1H), 3.67-3.50 (m, 4H), 2.73-2.70 (m, 1H), 2.47-2.41 (m, 1H), 2.31-2.18 (m, 1H), 1.67-1.62 (m, 1H), 1.49-1.45 (m, 1H); ¹³**C-NMR** (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) &: 142.7, 140.6, 129.1, 128.3, 128.2, 127.2, 126.5, 125.8, 75.7, 60.8, 45.1, 34.8, 32.2 ppm; **IR** (neat): 3350, 3061, 3027, 2930, 1493, 1451, 702 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₀O₂Na (M + Na)⁺: 279.1361, found 279.1357.

7-4 Procedure for synthesis of 7^{14}



A containing stirring bar oven dried 10 ml Schlenk tube was charged with CuI (0.02mmol, 3.8 mg). The tube was then evacuated and back-filled under a N_2 flow (this sequence was repeated three times). Pentamethyldiethylenetriamine (0.3mmol, 52mg), a solution of 3aa (0.20 mmol, 48 mg) in dry MeCN (0.8 ml) and ethylbromodifluoroacetate (0.30mmol, 61mg) was added subsequently. The reaction mixture was heated to 80°C. After stirring for 12h, the reaction was cooled to room temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc and filtered with a pad of Celite. The filtrate was concentrated, and the residue was purified with silica gel chromatography (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 8) to give the product 7 (31 mg, 43% yield): $R_f =$ 0.5 (EtOAc : petroleum ether = 1 : 5); ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.35-7.33 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.22 (m, 5H), 7.18-7.14 (m, 1H), 7.08-7.06 (m, 2H), 6.09-6.03 (m, 1H), 5.29 (dd, J_I = 28 Hz, J₂= 12 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (q, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.03-2.99 (m, 1H), 2.86-2.73 (m, 1H), 2.66-2.61 (m, 1H), 2.08 (s, 1H), 1.23 (t, J = 6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 163.7 (t, J = 35 Hz), 141.8, 139.0, 138.5 (t, J = 9.0 Hz), 129.3, 128.3, 128.2, 127.9, 126.5, 126.1, 123.5 (t, J = 25.5 Hz), 111.8 (t, J = 247 Hz), 76.0, 62.7, 51.4, 36.0, 13.8 ppm; ¹⁹F-NMR (CDCl₃, 376 MHz) δ: -103.35, -104.02, -104.23, -104.91 ppm; IR (neat): 3441, 3063, 3030, 2924, 1764, 1670, 702 cm⁻¹; **HRMS** (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for $C_{21}H_{22}F_2O_3Na$ (M + Na)⁺: 383.1435, found 383.1427.

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S36
































































































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