Supporting Information:

Enantioselective Dearomative [3+2] Cycloaddition of 2-Nitrobenzofurans with Aldehyde-Derived Morita-Baylis-Hillman Carbonates

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1. General information

All reactions were carried out in oven-dried Schlenk tube filled nitrogen, and monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC). All reagents were reagent grade quality and purchased from commercial sources unless otherwise indicated. ¹H, ¹³C{1H} NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker (¹H 600 MHz, ¹³C{1H} 151 MHz) and Bruker (¹H 400 MHz, ¹³C{1H} 101 MHz). Chemical shifts are recorded in ppm relative to tetramethylsilane and with the solvent resonance as the internal standard. Data are reported as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, dd = doublet of doublets, dt = doublet of triplets, td = triplet of doublets, t = triplet, q =quartet, m = multiplet). Coupling constants (J) are reported in Hertz (Hz). Enantiomer excesses were determined by chiral HPLC analysis on Chiralcel IA/ID/OJ-H/OD-H in comparison with the authentic racemates. Chiral HPLC analysis recorded on Thermo scientific Dionex Ultimate 3000. Optical rotations were reported as follows: $[\alpha]$ DT (c: = g/100mL, in solvent). Optical rotations recorded on Autopol Automatic Polarimeter. All products were further characterized by highresolution mass spectra (HRMS). The HRMS was obtained using a Q-TOF instrument equipped with an ESI source. PhCH₃ and CHCl₃ were freshly distilled from CaH₂. The 2-nitrobenzofurans (1a-1h)¹ and Morita–Baylis–Hillman carbonates (2a-2o)² were prepared according to the reported procedures.

2. Synthesis of starting materials



Synthesis of variously functionalized 2-nitrobenzofurans (1a-1h)¹:

To a 25 mL flask equipped with a magnetic stir bar, nitromethane (5.0 mL), NH₄OAc (77 mg, 1.0 mmol), and acetic acid (2.0 mL) were added. The mixture was stirred at 90 °C for 15 min before addition of salicylaldehyde (0.61 g, 5.0 mmol). The reaction mixture was then heated at 135 °C for 3 h. After cooling to ambient temperature, the mixture was extracted with Et₂O (50 mL). The organic phase was washed by brine (50 mL). Purification by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 8/1) yielded product **A** (0.58 g, 70%) as a yellow solid.

NaBH₄ (45 mg, 1.2 mmol) was suspended in a mixture of 1,4-dioxane and EtOH (4.0 mL, 3:1). **A** (165 mg, 1 mmol) dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (3.0 mL) was added dropwise at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h, quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution (10 mL), extracted with Et₂O (3 × 25 mL). The combined organic phase was washed with brine (50 mL), and dried over Na₂SO₄. The organic phase was removed under vacuum to afford the crude **B**.

To a 25 mL flask were added crude **B**, Bu_4NI (923 mg, 2.5 mmol), NEt_3 (202 mg, 2.0 mmol), PhI(OAc)₂ (966 mg, 3.0 equiv), and acetonitrile (10.0 mL). The mixture was stirred at 35 °C for 30 min, extracted with Et_2O (50 mL). The organic phase was washed by brine (3 × 25 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 . Purification by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 30/1) yielded 2-nitrobenzofuran **1a** (98 mg, 60%) as a light yellow solid. **1b-1h** were synthesized in the same reaction conditions.

Synthesis of Morita-Baylis-Hillman carbonates (2a-2o)²:



Benzaldehyde (1.0 equiv), ethyl acrylate (2.0 equiv) and DABCO (1.0 equiv) was taken in a round bottom flask. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5-7 days. The solution was extracted with EtOAc/H₂O, the organic phases were dried and concentrated. Purification by

column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1) yielded product **C**.

To a solution of compound C (1.0 equiv) in DCM were added DMAP (10 mmol%) and $(Boc)_2O$ (1.2 equiv) at room temperature. After being stirred at room temperature for 5 h, The reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate, the combined organic phases were dried and concentrated. Purification by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 50/1) yielded product **2a**. **2b-2o** were synthesized in the same reaction conditions.

3. Optimization of reaction conditions of 2-nitrobenzofurans with allenoate.



entry	cat.	solvent	MS	base	time (h)	yield ^{b} (%)	ee^{c} (%)
1	C1	DCM	-	-	12	28	31
2	C2	DCM	-	-	12	35	0
3	C3	DCM	-	-	12	24	19
4	C4	DCM	-	-	12	37	4
5	C5	DCM	-	-	12	trace	11
6	C6	DCM	-	-	12	32	11
7	C7	DCM	-	-	12	NR	-
8	C1	DCE	-	-	12	35	33
9	C1	CH ₃ CN	-	-	12	NR	-
10	C1	MTBE	-	-	12	38	55
11	C1	toluene	-	-	12	37	68
12	C1	dioxane	-	-	12	NR	-
13	C1	toluene	3Å	-	12	35	67
14	C1	toluene	4Å	-	12	38	72
15	C1	toluene	5Å	-	12	37	69
16	C1	toluene	4Å	-	24	40	69
17	C1	toluene	4Å	Cs_2CO_3	12	24	75
18	C1	toluene	4Å	NEt ₃	12	21	69
19	C1	toluene	-	Cs_2CO_3	12	19	74
20	C1	toluene	-	NEt ₃	12	27	66
^d 21	C1	toluene	4Å	-	12	36	70

^{*a*} Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.2 mmol), **4** (0.4 mmol), catalyst (20 mol%), MS (80 mg) and base (0.2 mmol) in solvent (2.0 mL), 0 °C, N₂. ^{*b*}Yields of isolated product. ^{*c*}Determined by chiral HPLC analysis. ^{*d*}The reaction was performed on 0.5 mmol scale.

4. Typical procedure for the asymmetric dearomatization cycloaddition reaction

General procedure for the enantioselective preparation of dearomatized products 3 (3aa was used as a representative example)



To an oven-dried test tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar, 2-nitrobenzofuran **1a** (16.3 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), **C6** (3.6 mg, 0.01 mmol, 10 mol%) and MBH carbonates **2a** (61.2 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were added. The tube was sealed with a threaded rubber stopper, evacuated and backfilled with N₂. The tube was then charged with CHCl₃ (1.0 mL) via syringe and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 12 h. Upon consumption of 2-nitrobenzofuran **1a** (determined by TLC), the mixture was concentrated in vacuo to give the crude product, which was then purified by preparative thin layer chromatography (eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 15/1) to afford the cycloadduct **3aa** (32.6 mg, 93% yield, 97% ee).

General procedure for the enantioselective preparation of dearomatized product 5



To an oven-dried test tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar, 2-nitrobenzofuran **1a** (32.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.), **C1** (20.0 mg, 0.04 mmol, 20 mol%), benzyl buta-2,3-dienoate (69.6 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and 4 Å MS (80.0 mg) were added. The tube was sealed with a threaded rubber stopper, evacuated and backfilled with N₂. The tube was then charged with PhCH₃ (2.0 mL) via syringe and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 12 h. concentrated in vacuo to give the crude product, which was then purified by preparative thin layer chromatography (eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 15/1) to afford the cycloadduct **5** (25.7mg, 38% yield, 72% ee).

5. Transformations of product 3aa



To a solution of compound **3aa** (70 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in toluene (2.0 mL) were added tributyltin hydride (162 μ L, 0.6 mmol, 3.0 equiv) and AIBN (49.2 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv) at room temperature. After being stirred at 80 °C for 30 min, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature. The reaction mixture was quenched with saturated KF solution (10.0 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were dried and concentrated. The residue was purified by preparative thin layer chromatography (eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 3/1) to afford product **6a** (44.4 mg, 73% yield, 94% ee).



To a test tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar, NaIO₄ (89.2 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and H_2O (0.2 mL) were added The solution was cooled to 0 °C and RuCl₃·3H₂O (5.6 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol%) was added. Then EtOAc (0.4 mL) was added. CH₃CN (0.8 mL) and a solution of substrate **3aa** (70.0 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in EtOAc (0.8 mL) was added in sequence. After being stirred at 0 °C for 30 min, 10 % NaHCO₃ (2.0 mL) and saturated Na₂SO₃ solution (4.0 mL) were added. The solution was stirred for 10 min at room temperature, and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic phases were dried and concentrated. The residue was purified by preparative thin layer chromatography (eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 4/1) to afford product **6b** (39.1 mg, 51% yield, 3:1 dr, 96% ee).

6. Characterization of compounds

Ethyl (1*R*,3a*R*,8b*R*)-3a-nitro-1-phenyl-3a,8b-dihydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[*b*]benzofuran-2carboxylate (3aa)

White solid. 32.6 mg, 93% yield, 97% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -45.20 \ (c = 0.86, CH_2Cl_2).$

m.p.: 80-82 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL ID, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 250$ nm, retention time: 8.883 min (major), 9.972 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.33$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 15:1) [UV]

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42 – 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.34 – 7.28 (m, 5H), 7.08 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.17 – 4.01 (m, 2H), 1.13 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.6, 157.4, 148.7, 140.7, 133.2, 130.0, 129.4, 127.9, 127.5, 126.9, 125.3, 124.8, 123.7, 111.2, 61.7, 61.5, 58.6, 14.0.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For C₂₀H₁₇NNaO₅ [M+Na]⁺ 374.0999, found m/z 374.0995.

Methyl (1*R*,3a*R*,8b*R*)-3a-nitro-1-phenyl-3a,8b-dihydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[*b*]benzofuran-2carboxylate (3ab)

White solid. 31.1 mg, 92% yield, 94% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -48.20 (c = 1.00, CH_2Cl_2).$

m.p.: 139-140 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL ID, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 70/30, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 7.057 min (major), 7.992 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.28$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 15:1) [UV]

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.34 – 7.28 (m, 5H), 7.09 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.39 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.1, 157.4, 148.3, 140.5, 133.5, 130.1, 129.4, 128.0, 127.4, 126.9, 125.3, 124.8, 123.7, 111.2, 61.7, 58.6, 52.4.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For C₁₉H₁₅NNaO₅ [M+Na]⁺ 360.0842, found m/z 360.0837.

Benzyl (1*R*,3a*R*,8b*R*)-3a-nitro-1-phenyl-3a,8b-dihydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[*b*]benzofuran-2carboxylate (3ac)

Light yellow solid. 36.4 mg, 88% yield, 93% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -32.41$ (c = 0.87, CH₂Cl₂).

m.p.: 36-38 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL ID, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 250$ nm, retention time: 11.903 min (major), 14.652 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.27$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 15:1) [UV]

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.35 – 7.23 (m, 8H), 7.08 – 7.02 (m, 4H), 7.00 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 4.96 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 4.39 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (t, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.4, 157.4, 148.3, 140.6, 135.0, 133.9, 130.1, 129.5, 128.6, 128.5, 128.2, 127.9, 127.5, 126.8, 125.1, 124.7, 123.7, 111.2, 67.2, 61.8, 58.6.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For C₂₅H₁₉NNaO₅ [M+Na]⁺ 436.1155, found m/z 436.1157.

Methyl (1*R*,3a*R*,8b*R*)-3a-nitro-1-(p-tolyl)-3a,8b-dihydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[*b*]benzofuran-2carboxylate (3ad)

Light yellow solid. 32.3 mg, 92% yield, 94% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -75.71$ (c = 0.87, CH₂Cl₂).

m.p.: 126-128 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL IA, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 7.633 min (major), 12.413 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.28$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 15:1) [UV]

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.25 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 7.18 – 7.13 (m, 4H), 7.02 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.24 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.2, 157.4, 148.3, 137.7, 137.6, 133.2, 130.1, 130.0, 127.3, 127.0, 125.3, 124.8, 123.7, 111.1, 61.8, 58.2, 52.4, 21.3.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For C₂₀H₁₇NNaO₅ [M+Na]⁺ 374.0999, found m/z 374.0999.

Methyl

cyclopenta[b]benzofuran-2-carboxylate (3ae)

E

Light yellow solid. 30.9 mg, 87% yield, 94% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -39.59 (c = 0.94, CH_2Cl_2).$

m.p.: 42-43 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL ID, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 9.032 min (major), 10.513 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.24$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 15:1) [UV]

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.25 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.08 – 7.03 (m, 3H), 7.00 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.64 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.0, 162.4 (d, $J_{C, F}$ = 247.6 Hz), 157.3, 148.1, 136.3 (d, $J_{C, F}$ = 3.0 Hz), 133.6, 130.2, 129.1 (d, $J_{C, F}$ = 9.1 Hz), 126.6, 125.1, 124.7, 123.8, 116.3 (d, $J_{C, F}$ = 22.7 Hz), 111.2, 61.7, 57.9, 52.5.

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -114.4 (s).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For $C_{19}H_{14}FNNaO_5 [M+Na]^+$ 378.0748, found m/z 378.0744.

Methyl

(1R,3aR,8bR)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-3a-nitro-3a,8b-dihydro-1H-

cyclopenta[b]benzofuran-2-carboxylate (3af)



White solid. 31.9 mg, 86% yield, 97% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -88.52 (c = 0.72, CH_2Cl_2).$

m.p.: 129 -130 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL OJ-H, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 250$ nm, retention time: 22.777 min (major), 44.773 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.26$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 15:1) [UV]

¹**H** NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.32 – 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.29 – 7.25 (m, 3H), 7.08 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.98 ((t, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.35 – 4.33 (m, 1H), 4.30 (t, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.9, 157.3, 147.9, 139.0, 133.9, 133.9, 130.2, 129.6, 128.9, 126.5, 125.1, 124.7, 123.8, 111.3, 61.6, 57.9, 52.5.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For C₁₉H₁₄ClNNaO₅ [M+Na]⁺ 394.0453, found m/z 394.0453.

Methyl (1*R*,3a*R*,8b*R*)-1-(4-bromophenyl)-3a-nitro-3a,8b-dihydro-1*H*cyclopenta[*b*]benzofuran-2-carboxylate (3ag)

White solid. 36.5mg, 88% yield, 96% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -106.00 \text{ (c} = 0.42, \text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2\text{)}.$

m.p.: 128-129 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL ID, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 9.768 min (major), 11.407 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.24$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 15:1) [UV]

¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54 – 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.31 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.25 (m, 1H), 7.23 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 7.08 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.9, 157.3, 147.8, 139.6, 133.9, 132.6, 130.2, 129.2, 126.5, 125.1, 124.7, 123.8, 122.0, 111.3, 61.5, 58.0, 52.5.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For C₁₉H₁₄BrNNaO₅ [M+Na]⁺ 437.9948, found m/z 437.9949.

Methyl

(1R,3aR,8bR)-1-(4-cyanophenyl)-3a-nitro-3a,8b-dihydro-1H-

cyclopenta[b]benzofuran-2-carboxylate (3ah)

White solid. 31.2mg, 86% yield, 96% ee. $[a]_D^{26} = -121.96$ (c = 1.01, CH₂Cl₂). m.p.: 121-122 °C **HPLC** CHIRALCEL ID, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 27.635 min (major), 33.292 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.28$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 5:1) [UV]

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.73 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.49 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.32 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.10 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.06 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 4.38 – 4.34 (m, 2H), 3.67 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.7, 157.3, 147.2, 145.8, 134.7, 133.3, 130.4, 128.4, 126.1, 124.9, 124.6, 123.9, 118.6, 112.1, 111.4, 61.3, 58.4, 52.6.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For $C_{20}H_{14}N_2NaO_5 [M+Na]^+$ 385.0795, found m/z 385.0791.

Methyl (1*R*,3a*R*,8b*R*)-3a-nitro-1-(4-nitrophenyl)-3a,8b-dihydro-1*H*cyclopenta[*b*]benzofuran-2-carboxylate (3ai)

White solid. 32.5mg, 85% yield, 96% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -120.15$ (c = 0.93, CH₂Cl₂).

m.p.: 105-106 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL ID, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 24.478 min (major), 30.032 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.32$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 5:1) [UV]

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.29 – 8.25 (m, 2H), 7.56 – 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.33 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28 –7.26 (m, 1H), 7.11 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.07 – 7.03 (m, 2H), 4.43 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.6, 157.3, 147.8, 147.7, 147.2, 134.8, 130.5, 128.5, 126.0, 124.9, 124.7, 124.6, 124.0, 111.4, 61.3, 58.2, 52.7.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For $C_{19}H_{14}N_2NaO_7 [M+Na]^+ 405.0693$, found m/z 405.0693.

Methyl (1*S*,3a*R*,8b*R*)-1-(2-chlorophenyl)-3a-nitro-3a,8b-dihydro-1*H*cyclopenta[*b*]benzofuran-2-carboxylate (3aj)

White solid. 32.6mg, 88% yield, 96% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -3.72 (c = 0.95, CH_2Cl_2).$

m.p.: 81-82 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL IA, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 7.752 min (major), 8.522 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.30$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 15:1) [UV]

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (dt, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.32 – 7.22 (m, 4H), 7.09 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.96 (s, 1H), 4.30 (s, 1H), 3.66 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.6, 157.4, 148.7, 140.7, 133.2, 130.0, 129.4, 127.9, 127.5, 126.9, 125.3, 124.8, 123.7, 111.2, 61.7, 61.5, 58.6, 14.0.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For C₁₉H₁₄ClNNaO₅ [M+Na]⁺ 394.0453, found m/z 394.0458.

Methyl

(1*R*,3a*R*,8b*R*)-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-3a-nitro-3a,8b-dihydro-1*H*-

cyclopenta[b]benzofuran-2-carboxylate (3ak)



White solid. 34.1mg, 92% yield, 94% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -63.09 (c = 0.88, CH_2Cl_2).$

m.p.: 46-48 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL ID, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 9.090 min (major), 10.503 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.24$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 15:1) [UV]

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 – 7.27 (m, 5H), 7.21 (dt, *J* = 7.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.9, 157.3, 147.6, 142.5, 135.2, 134.1, 130.8, 130.3, 128.3, 127.8, 126.5, 125.5, 125.0, 124.7, 123.8, 111.3, 61.5, 58.2, 52.6.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For C₁₉H₁₄ClNNaO₅ [M+Na]⁺ 394.0453, found m/z 394.0455.

Methyl (1*R*,3a*R*,8b*R*)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3a-nitro-3a,8b-dihydro-1*H*cyclopenta[*b*]benzofuran-2-carboxylate (3al)

Light yellow solid. 36.4mg, 90% yield, 96% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -96.18 (c = 0.96, CH_2Cl_2).$

m.p.: 112-114 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL ID, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 9.378 min (major), 10.582 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.25$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 15:1) [UV]

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28 – 7.25 (m, 1H), 7.18 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (td, *J* = 7.4, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (t, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.7, 157.3, 147.4, 140.7, 134.4, 133.5, 132.3, 131.5, 130.4, 129.7, 126.7, 126.2, 124.9, 124.6, 123.9, 111.3, 61.4, 57.6, 52.6.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For $C_{19}H_{13}Cl_2NNaO_5 [M+Na]^+ 428.0063$, found m/z 428.0060.

Methyl (1*R*,3a*R*,8b*R*)-3a-nitro-1-(m-tolyl)-3a,8b-dihydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[*b*]benzofuran-2carboxylate (3am)



Light yellow solid. 32.8 mg, 90% yield, 97% ee.

 $[\mathfrak{a}]_{D}^{26} = -66.66 \text{ (c} = 0.88, CH_2Cl_2).$

m.p.: 43-45 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL ID, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 70/30, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 6.867 min (major), 7.747 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.29$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 15:1) [UV]

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.10 – 7.00 (m, 4H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 2.27 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.2, 157.4, 148.4, 138.0, 137.7, 136.3, 133.1, 130.6, 130.0, 128.6, 127.0, 125.3, 124.8, 124.7, 123.6, 111.1, 61.8, 58.2, 52.4, 20.1, 19.6.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For C₂₁H₁₉NNaO₅ [M+Na]⁺ 388.1155, found m/z 388.1150.

Methyl (3aR,8bR)-3a-nitro-3a,8b-dihydro-1H-cyclopenta[b]benzofuran-2-carboxylate (3an)

White solid. 25.1 mg, 96% yield, 95% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = 152.19 (c = 1.29, CH_2Cl_2).$

m.p.: 82-83 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL ID, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 70/30, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 8.762 min (major), 10.593 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.19$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 15:1) [UV]

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.27 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.03 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (t, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.43 (ddd, *J* = 17.6, 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.85 (dt, *J* = 17.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.6, 157.4, 146.0, 132.7, 129.8, 127.5, 126.5, 124.8, 123.5, 110.9, 52.5, 51.2, 38.8.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For C₁₃H₁₁NNaO₅ [M+Na]⁺ 284.0529, found m/z 284.0523.

Tert-butyl(3aR,8bR)-3a-nitro-3a,8b-dihydro-1H-cyclopenta[b]benzofuran-2-carboxylate(3ao)

White solid. 28.4 mg, 94% yield, 96% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = 127.14 (c = 0.42, CH_2Cl_2).$

m.p.: 133-135 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL OJ-H, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 70/30, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 6.825 min (major), 11.173 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.34$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 15:1) [UV]

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.06 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (t, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.55 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (ddd, *J* = 18.0, 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.84 (dt, *J* = 17.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 1.51 (s, 9H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.4, 157.5, 148.1, 131.6, 129.7, 127.8, 126.8, 124.8, 123.4, 110.9, 82.5, 51.1, 38.9, 28.1.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For $C_{16}H_{17}NNaO_5 [M+Na]^+$ 326.0999, found m/z 326.1005.

(1*R*,3a*S*,8b*R*)-7-Methoxy-3a-nitro-1-phenyl-3a,8b-dihydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[*b*]benzofuran-2-yl propionate (3ba)

Yellow solid. 27.5mg, 72% yield, 94% ee. $[a]_D^{26} = -43.33$ (c = 0.72, CH₂Cl₂). m.p.: 100-101 °C HPLC CHIRALCEL ID, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 12.717 min (major), 14.470 min (minor). TLC: R_f = 0.28 (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 10:1) [UV] ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42 – 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.34 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H),

6.95 - 6.91 (m, 1H), 6.84 - 6.80 (m, 2H), 4.37 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (t, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.16 - 4.01 (m, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 1.13 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.6, 156.4, 151.3, 148.5, 140.6, 133.3, 129.4, 127.9, 127.8, 127.5, 125.7, 115.1, 111.3, 110.5, 62.1, 61.5, 58.4, 56.2, 14.0.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For $C_{21}H_{19}NNaO_6 [M+Na]^+ 404.1105$, found m/z 404.1106.

(1*R*,3a*S*,8b*R*)-7-Fluoro-3a-nitro-1-phenyl-3a,8b-dihydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[*b*]benzofuran-2-yl propionate (3ca)

$$F \xrightarrow{Ph}_{\overline{z}} CO_2Et$$

White solid. 31.0 mg, 84% yield, 95% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -46.61$ (c = 0.61, CH₂Cl₂).

m.p.: 81-83 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL IA, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 7.027 min (major), 13.022 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.21$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 15:1) [UV]

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42 – 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.35 –7.28 (m, 3H), 7.05 – 6.90 (m, 4H), 4.39 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.17 – 4.00 (m, 2H), 1.13 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.5, 159.2 (d, $J_{C, F} = 241.6$ Hz), 153.4, 148.8, 140.3, 133.0, 129.4, 128.2 (d, $J_{C, F} = 9.1$ Hz), 128.0, 127.4, 125.8, 116.6 (d, $J_{C, F} = 24.2$ Hz), 111.9 (d, $J_{C, F} = 25.7$ Hz), 111.8 (d, $J_{C, F} = 9.1$ Hz), 61.7, 61.6, 58.4, 14.0.

¹⁹**F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -119.8 (s).

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For $C_{20}H_{16}FNNaO_5 [M+Na]^+$ 392.0905, found m/z 392.0902.

(1*R*,3a*S*,8b*R*)-3a,7-Dinitro-1-phenyl-3a,8b-dihydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[*b*]benzofuran-2-yl propionate (3da)

White solid. 26.7 mg, 67% yield, 90% ee. $[a]_D^{26} = -20.81$ (c = 0.66, CH₂Cl₂). m.p.: 128-129 °C **HPLC** CHIRALCEL ID, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 250$ nm, retention time: 17.538 min (major), 19.512 min (minor). **TLC:** R_f = 0.43 (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 5:1) [UV]

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.28 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (dd, J = 2.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.45 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.37 – 7.30 (m, 3H), 7.14 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.18 – 4.02 (m, 2H), 1.13 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.1, 162.0, 149.6, 144.4, 139.6, 132.1, 129.6, 128.6, 128.3, 127.4, 127.1, 126.1, 121.2, 111.4, 61.8, 60.6, 58.5, 14.0.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For $C_{20}H_{16}N_2NaO_7 [M+Na]^+ 419.0850$, found m/z 419.0847.

(1*R*,3a*S*,8b*R*)-6-Methyl-3a-nitro-1-phenyl-3a,8b-dihydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[*b*]benzofuran-2-yl propionate (3ea)

$$H_3C$$
 O_{NO_2} Ph
 H_2 CO_2Et

White solid. 26.7 mg, 73% yield, 96% ee.

m.p.: 82-84 °C

 $[a]_D^{26} = -69.11$ (c = 0.85, CH₂Cl₂).

HPLC CHIRALCEL ID, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 8.557 min (major), 10.153 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.26$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 15:1) [UV]

¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.33 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (s, 1H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (s, 1H), 4.35 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.15 – 4.02 (m, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.13 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.6, 157.7, 148.6, 140.7, 140.6, 133.3, 129.3, 127.8, 127.5, 125.6, 124.4, 124.3, 124.0, 111.7, 61.6, 61.5, 58.7, 21.7, 14.0.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For $C_{21}H_{19}NNaO_5 [M+Na]^+$ 388.1155, found m/z 388.1148.

(1*R*,3a*S*,8b*R*)-6-Methoxy-3a-nitro-1-phenyl-3a,8b-dihydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[*b*]benzofuran-2-yl propionate (3fa)

Light yellow solid. 29.7mg, 78% yield, 90% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -101.59 (c = 0.32, CH_2Cl_2).$

m.p.: 42-44 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL ID, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 11.303 min (major), 13.192 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.30$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 10:1) [UV] ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40 – 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.32 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.15 – 4.02 (m, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 1.12 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.7, 161.7, 158.7, 148.8, 140.7, 133.1, 129.3, 127.8, 127.5, 126.1, 124.9, 118.8, 109.8, 97.3, 61.5, 61.4, 58.8, 55.8, 14.0.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For $C_{21}H_{19}NNaO_6 [M+Na]^+ 404.1105$, found m/z 404.1108.

(1*R*,3a*S*,8b*R*)-5-Methoxy-3a-nitro-1-phenyl-3a,8b-dihydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[*b*]benzofuran-2-yl propionate (3ga)

$$H_{3CO} = 0$$

Light yellow solid. 35.9 mg, 94% yield, >99% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -54.74$ (c = 1.06, CH₂Cl₂).

m.p.: 46-47 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL ID, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 12.185 min (major), 13.883 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.23$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 10:1) [UV]

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.33 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.04 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H) 6.90 (s, 1H), 6.88 (s, 1H), 4.39 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (t, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.17 – 4.00 (m, 2H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 1.12 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.5, 148.7,145.6, 145.0, 140.6, 133.0, 129.3, 128.1, 127.8, 127.4, 125.4, 124.6, 116.3, 113.0, 62.2, 61.5, 58.5, 56.3, 14.0.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For $C_{21}H_{19}NNaO_6 [M+Na]^+ 404.1105$, found m/z 404.1104.

(1*R*,3a*S*,8b*R*)-5-Bromo-3a-nitro-1-phenyl-3a,8b-dihydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[*b*]benzofuran-2-yl propionate (3ha)

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} Ph \\ \overline{\vdots} \\ \\ Br \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} CO_2 Et \\ CO_2 Et \end{array} \\ \end{array}$$

Light yellow solid. 34.7 mg, 81% yield, 97% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -78.75 (c = 0.93, CH_2Cl_2).$

m.p.: 42-44 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL OD-H, n-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature =

25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 8.287 min (major), 13.217 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.23$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 15:1) [UV]

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.45 (dt, J = 8.0, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.42 – 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.34 – 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.22 (dt, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.18 – 4.01 (m, 2H), 1.14 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.4, 154.9, 149.1, 140.3, 133.2, 132.7, 129.4, 128.2, 128.0, 127.4, 125.0, 124.7, 123.6, 103.8, 62.4, 61.6, 58.6, 14.0.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For $C_{20}H_{16}BrNNaO_5 [M+Na]^+ 452.0104$, found m/z 452.0112.

Benzyl 3a-nitro-3a,8b-dihydro-3H-cyclopenta[b]benzofuran-1-carboxylate (5)

Light yellow oil. 25.7 mg, 38% yield, 72% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -24.76 (c = 1.93, CH_2Cl_2).$

HPLC CHIRALCEL IA, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 70/30, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 6.963 min (major), 7.623 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.26$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 15:1) [UV]

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.43 – 7.35 (m, 5H), 7.28 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H) 6.80 (q, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (s, 1H), 3.74 (ddd, *J* = 20.0, 1.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.32 (ddd, *J* = 19.6, 2.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.6, 157.9, 139.5, 135.4, 134.8, 129.7, 128.8, 128.7, 128.7, 126.7, 123.9, 123.2, 121.5, 110.4, 67.0, 60.6, 44.4.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For C₁₉H₁₅NNaO₅ [M+Na]⁺ 360.0842, found m/z 360.0842.

Ethyl (1R,3aR,8bR)-1-Phenyl-3a,8b-dihydro-1H-cyclopenta[b]benzofuran-2-carboxylate (6a)



White solid. 44.4 mg, 73% yield, 94% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -150.86 \text{ (c} = 0.70, CH_2Cl_2).$

m.p.: 54-55 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL OD-H, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = $25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\lambda = 254 \text{ nm}$, retention time: 9.725 min (major), 18.097 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.32$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 3:1) [UV]

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 – 7.24 (m, 3H), 7.16 – 7.08 (m, 3H), 6.96 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.83 – 5.79 (m, 1H), 4.55 (t, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.25 – 4.08 (m, 2H), 3.66 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 1.14 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 209.4, 164.4, 164.2, 153.7, 140.7, 136.7, 130.6, 129.1, 129.1, 127.4, 127.3, 124.3, 121.2, 116.7, 61.8, 61.1, 53.2, 14.0.
HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For C₂₀H₁₈NaO₃ [M+Na]⁺ 329.1148, found m/z 329.1142.

Ethyl (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,3a*S*,8b*R*)-2,3-dihydroxy-3a-nitro-1-phenyl-2,3,3a,8b-tetrahydro-1*H*cyclopenta[*b*]benzofuran-2-carboxylate (6b)

White solid. 39.1 mg, 51% yield, 3:1 dr, 96% ee.

 $[a]_D^{26} = -33.67$ (c = 0.98, CH₂Cl₂).

m.p.: 128-130 °C

HPLC CHIRALCEL OD-H, *n*-hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, flow rate = 0.8 mL/min, temperature = 25 °C, $\lambda = 256$ nm, retention time: 20.868 min (major), 44.990 min (minor).

TLC: $R_f = 0.20$ (petroleum ether:ethyl acetate = 4:1) [UV]

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.44 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.38 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.17 – 7.13 (m, 2H), 7.05 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.90 – 3.81 (m, 1H), 3.77 (s, 1H), 3.63 – 3.54 (m, 1H), 3.48 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.28 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 0.80 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.1, 157.8, 138.2, 129.8, 129.2, 128.9, 128.5, 128.3, 124.1, 123.7, 121.5, 111.1, 86.0, 77.7, 63.0, 63.0, 57.1, 14.0.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For $C_{20}H_{19}NNaO_7 [M+Na]^+ 408.1054$, found m/z 408.1055.

7. Crystal data of 3ad and 3ao



The chiral product of **3ad** was recrystallized by petroleum ether/ethyl acetate.

CCDC 1919097 (**3ad**) contains the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif.

Table S3. Crystal data and structure refinement of 3ad

Identification code	3ad
Empirical formula	$C_{20}H_{17}NO_5$
Formula weight	351.35
Temperature/K	100.00(10)
Crystal system	tetragonal
Space group	P4 ₃ 2 ₁ 2
a/Å	9.08830(10)
b/Å	9.08830(10)
c/Å	41.3484(8)
a/°	90
β/°	90
γ/°	90
Volume/Å ³	3415.26(10)
Z	8
$\rho_{cale}g/cm^3$	1.367
μ/mm^{-1}	0.820
F(000)	1472.0
Crystal size/mm ³	$0.11 \times 0.1 \times 0.08$
Radiation	CuK α (λ = 1.54184)

2Θ range for data collection/°	8.554 to 147.494
Index ranges	$-11 \le h \le 10, -10 \le k \le 7, -51 \le l \le 51$
Reflections collected	22632
Independent reflections	$3424 [R_{int} = 0.0296, R_{sigma} = 0.0155]$
Data/restraints/parameters	3424/7/238
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.082
Final R indexes [I>= 2σ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0768, wR_2 = 0.2148$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0775, wR_2 = 0.2155$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.70/-0.63
Flack/Hooft parameter	-0.01(5)/0.00(5)



The chiral product of **3ao** was recrystallized by petroleum ether/ethyl acetate.

CCDC 1919105 (**3ao**) contains the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif.

Table S2. Crystal data and structure refinement of 3ao

Identification code	3 ao
Empirical formula	C ₁₆ H ₁₇ NO ₅
Formula weight	303.30
Temperature/K	286(4)
Crystal system	orthorhombic
Space group	$P2_{1}2_{1}2_{1}$
a/Å	6.23380(10)
b/Å	11.66010(10)
c/Å	21.6605(2)
$\alpha/^{\circ}$	90
β/°	90
γ/°	90

Volume/Å ³	1574.43(3)
Ζ	4
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.280
μ/mm^{-1}	0.798
F(000)	640.0
Crystal size/mm ³	$0.38 \times 0.25 \times 0.18$
Radiation	$CuK\alpha$ ($\lambda = 1.54184$)
2Θ range for data collection/°	8.164 to 142.498
Index ranges	$-5 \le h \le 7, -14 \le k \le 14, -26 \le l \le 26$
Reflections collected	15520
Independent reflections	$3000 [R_{int} = 0.0258, R_{sigma} = 0.0200]$
Data/restraints/parameters	3000/0/202
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.068
Final R indexes [I>= 2σ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0372, wR_2 = 0.0932$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0421, wR_2 = 0.0955$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å $^{-3}$	0.12/-0.18
Flack parameter	-0.01(8)

References

(1) L. Liang, H.-Y. Niu, D.-C. Wang, X.-H. Yang, G.-R. Qu and H.-M. Guo, *Chem. Commun.*, 2019, **55**, 553.

(2) S. J. S. Roy and S. Mukherjee, Chem. Commun., 2014, 50, 121.

8. Copies of ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra

¹H NMR of 3aa



Crude NMR of 3aa



¹³C NMR of 3aa





Crude NMR of 3ab



¹³C NMR of 3ab



¹H NMR of 3ac







¹H NMR of 3ad



¹³C NMR of 3ad







¹³C NMR of 3ae



¹⁹F NMR of 3ae



¹H NMR of 3af



¹³C NMR of 3af



¹H NMR of 3ag



¹³C NMR of 3ag







¹³C NMR of 3ah







¹³C NMR of 3ai





¹³C NMR of 3aj




¹³C NMR of 3ak





¹³C NMR of 3al



¹H NMR of 3am



¹³C NMR of 3am









¹H NMR of 3ao



¹³C NMR of 3ao



¹H NMR of 3ba



¹³C NMR of 3ba



¹H NMR of 3ca



¹³C NMR of 3ca



¹⁹F NMR of 3ca





¹³C NMR of 3da 149.62 144.36 139.60 132.06 122.60 128.38 127.08 127.08 127.08 127.08 127.08 162.12 162.01 - 77.37 - 77.16 - 76.95 61.80
60.62
58.47 -13.96Ph O_2N H CO₂Et Õ NO₂ 3da 00 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 f1 (ppm) -10





¹³C NMR of 3ea





¹³C NMR of 3fa



¹H NMR of 3ga



¹³C NMR of 3ga



¹H NMR of 3ha



¹³C NMR of 3ha





¹³C NMR of 5



¹H NMR of 6a



¹³C NMR of 6a







¹³C NMR of 6b



Deuteration Experiment of 6b



DEPT 135 of 6b



HMBC of 6b



HSQC of 6b



COSY of 6b



Selective Gradient NOESY of 6b





9. Copies of HPLC spectra for products
































































































