

Supporting Information

Low valent lead hydride chemistry: hydroplumbylation of phenylacetylene and 1,1-dimethylallene

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Experimental section

All manipulations were carried out under an argon atmosphere using standard Schlenk techniques or an MBraun Glovebox. Toluene was distilled from potassium, while *n*-hexane was obtained from an MBRAUN solvent purification system. In addition, all solvents were repeatedly degassed by several freeze-pump-thaw cycles and stored in a glovebox. $[(Ar^*PbH)_2]$ and $(Ar^*PbBr)_2$ ($Ar^* = 2,6-Trip_2C_6H_3$, Trip = 2,4,6-triisopropylphenyl) were synthesized following literature procedures.^{1, 2} All other compounds were purchased commercially (Aldrich) and used without further purification. Elemental analysis was performed by the Institut für Anorganische Chemie, Universität Tübingen using a Vario MICRO EL analyzer.

NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker DRX-250 NMR spectrometer (1H , 250.13 MHz; ^{13}C , 62.90 MHz; ^{207}Pb , 52.29 Hz) equipped with a 5 mm ATM probe head, a Bruker Avancell+400 NMR spectrometer (1H , 400.11 MHz; ^{13}C , 100.61 MHz) equipped with a 5 mm QNP (quad nucleus probe) head and a Bruker Avancell+500 NMR-spectrometer (1H , 500.13 MHz; ^{13}C , 125.76 MHz, ^{207}Pb , 104.63 MHz) equipped with a 5 mm ATM probe head and a setup for variable temperature. The chemical shifts are reported in δ values in ppm relative to external $SiMe_4$ (1H , ^{13}C) or $PbMe_4$ (^{207}Pb) using the chemical shift of the solvent 2H resonance frequency and $\Xi = 25.145020\%$ for ^{13}C and $\Xi = 20.920599\%$ for ^{207}Pb .³ The multiplicity of the signals is abbreviated as s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, sept = septet and m = multiplet or unresolved. The proton and carbon signals were assigned by detailed analysis of 1H , $^{13}C\{^1H\}$, $^1H-^1H$ COSY, $^1H-^{13}C$ HSQC, $^1H-^{13}C$ HMBC and $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ DEPT 135 spectra.

Syntheses

Improved synthesis of $(Ar^*PbH)_2$

To a solution of $(Ar^*PbBr)_2$ (150 mg, 0.0974 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in hexane (6 mL) at $-40^\circ C$ a solution of DIBAL-H (1.0 M in hexane, 195 μL , 0.195 mmol, 2.0 eq.) was added. The solution turns slightly orange. After 16 h at $-40^\circ C$ $(Ar^*PbH)_2$ as yellow crystals could be obtained (128 mg, 95%).

Synthesis of $Ar^*PbCHCHPh$ (**2**)

To a solution of $(Ar^*PbH)_2$ (50 mg, 0.0362 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in toluene (1 mL) at room temperature phenylacetylene (8.12 μL , 0.0725 mmol, 2.0 eq.) was added. After 30 min the colour of the solution turns deep red. All volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The residue was solved in hexane (1.5 mL) and filtered. After few days at $-40^\circ C$ red crystals can be obtained (36 mg, 63%).

1H -NMR (500.13 MHz, C_6D_6): δ (ppm) δ 1.13 (d, 12 H, *p*-CHMe₂, $^3J_{H,H} = 7.0$ Hz), 1.16 (d, 12 H, *o*-CHMe₂, $^3J_{H,H} = 7.0$ Hz), 1.38 (d, 12 H, *o*-CHMe₂, $^3J_{H,H} = 6.8$ Hz), 2.72 (sept, 2 H, *p*-CHMe₂, $^3J_{H,H} = 7.0$ Hz), 3.39 (sept, 4 H, *o*-CHMe₂, $^3J_{H,H} = 6.8$ Hz), 7.02 (m, 1H, *p*-C₆H₅), 7.13 (s, 4 H, *m*-C₆H₂), 7.22 (m, 2H, *m*-C₆H₅), 7.42 (m, 2H, *o*-C₆H₅), 7.44 (t, 1 H, *p*-C₆H₃, $^3J_{H,H} = 7.7$ Hz), 7.82 (d, 2 H, *m*-C₆H₃, $^3J_{H,H} = 7.4$ Hz), 7.93 (d, 1H, PbCHCH, $^3J_{H,H} = 19.1$ Hz), 12.56 (d, 1H, PbCHCH, $^3J_{H,H} = 19.1$ Hz); $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ -NMR (100.61 MHz, C_6D_6): δ (ppm) 23.6 (*o*-CHMe₂), 24.2 (*p*-CHMe₂), 26.5 (*o*-CHMe₂), 31.0 (*o*-CHMe₂), 34.7 (*p*-CHMe₂), 121.4 (*m*-C₆H₂), 125.0 (*p*-C₆H₃), 127.1 (*o*-C₆H₅), 128.4 (*p*-C₆H₅), 128.9 (*m*-C₆H₅), 134.8 (*i*-C₆H₂), 137.0 (*m*-C₆H₃), 144.1 (*i*-C₆H₅), 146.1 (PbCHCH), 146.2 (*o*-C₆H₃), 147.5 (*o*-C₆H₂), 148.9 (*p*-C₆H₂), 257.7 (*i*-C₆H₃), 264.5 (PbCHCH); ^{207}Pb -NMR (52.33 MHz, C_6D_6): δ (ppm) 6543. **Anal. Calcd.** (%) C₄₄H₅₆Pb: C, 66.72; H, 7.13. Found: C, 66.15; H, 7.11.

Synthesis of Ar*PbC(H)₂C(H)C(CH₃)₂ (3)

To a solution of (Ar*PbH)₂ (100 mg, 0.0725 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in toluene (3 mL) at room temperature 1,1-dimethylallene (14.2 μ L, 0.145 mmol, 2.0 eq.) was added. Immediately the colour of the solution turns dark brown. All volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The residue was solved in hexane (1 mL) and filtered. All volatiles were removed under reduced pressure (103 mg, 94%). From a concentrated hexane solution at -40°C red crystals can be obtained (37 mg, 34%).

¹H-NMR (298 K, 400.11 MHz, Tol-d₈): δ (ppm) 1.13 (d, 12 H, *o*-CHMe₂, ³J_{H,H} = 6.8 Hz), 1.25 (d, 12 H, *p*-CHMe₂, ³J_{H,H} = 7.2 Hz), 1.35 (d, 2 H, C(CH₃)₂C(H)C(H)₂, ³J_{H,H} = 9.4 Hz), 1.40 (d, 12 H, *o*-CHMe₂, ³J_{H,H} = 7.2 Hz), 1.49 (br s, 3 H, C(CH₃)₂C(H)C(H)₂), 1.93 (br s, 3 H, C(CH₃)₂C(H)C(H)₂), 2.83 (sept, 2 H, *p*-CHMe₂, ³J_{H,H} = 6.9 Hz), 3.24 (sept, 4 H, *o*-CHMe₂, ³J_{H,H} = 6.9 Hz), 4.27 (br t, 1 H, C(CH₃)₂C(H)C(H)₂, ³J_{H,H} = 9.8 Hz), 7.18 (s, 4 H, *m*-C₆H₂), 7.27 (t, 1 H, *p*-C₆H₃, ³J_{H,H} = 7.4 Hz), 7.49 (d, 2 H, *m*-C₆H₃, ³J_{H,H} = 7.5 Hz); ¹H-NMR (233 K, 500.13 MHz, Tol-d₈): δ (ppm) 1.17 (d, 12 H, *o*-CHMe₂, ³J_{H,H} = 6.7 Hz), 1.24 (s, 3 H, C(CH₃)₂C(H)C(H)₂), 1.27 (d, 12 H, *p*-CHMe₂, ³J_{H,H} = 6.7 Hz), 1.47 (d, 12 H, *o*-CHMe₂, ³J_{H,H} = 6.9 Hz), 1.56 (d, 2 H, C(CH₃)₂C(H)C(H)₂, ³J_{H,H} = 9.7 Hz), 1.73 (s, 3 H, C(CH₃)₂C(H)C(H)₂), 2.81 (sept, 2 H, *p*-CHMe₂, ³J_{H,H} = 6.9 Hz), 3.31 (sept, 4 H, *o*-CHMe₂, ³J_{H,H} = 6.8 Hz), 4.14 (br t, 1 H, C(CH₃)₂C(H)C(H)₂, ³J_{H,H} = 10.1 Hz), 7.22 (s, 4 H, *m*-C₆H₂), 7.27 (t, 1 H, *p*-C₆H₃, ³J_{H,H} = 7.4 Hz), 7.48 (d, 2 H, *m*-C₆H₃, ³J_{H,H} = 7.4 Hz); ¹³C{¹H}-NMR (298 K, 100.61 MHz, Tol-d₈): δ (ppm) 23.6 (*o*-CHMe₂), 24.3 (*p*-CHMe₂), 24.4 (C(CH₃)₂C(H)C(H)₂), 26.2 (*o*-CHMe₂ + C(CH₃)₂C(H)C(H)₂), 30.8 (*o*-CHMe₂), 34.8 (*p*-CHMe₂), 84.8 (C(CH₃)₂C(H)C(H)₂), 113.2 (C(CH₃)₂C(H)C(H)₂), 121.3 (*m*-C₆H₂), 124.6 (*p*-C₆H₃), 129.5 (C(CH₃)₂C(H)C(H)₂), 134.7 (*m*-C₆H₃), 136.7 (*i*-C₆H₂), 146.5 (*o*-C₆H₃), 147.8 (*o*-C₆H₂), 148.8 (*p*-C₆H₂), 237.9 (*i*-C₆H₃); ²⁰⁷Pb-NMR (298 K, 104.63 MHz, Tol-d₈): δ (ppm) 3773 ppm. **Anal. Calcd.** (%) C₄₁H₅₈Pb: C, 64.96; H, 7.71. Found: C 64.18, H 7.05.

Crystal structure analyses

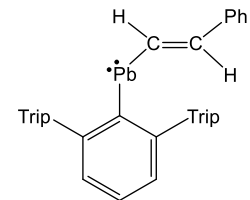
X-ray crystal structure analysis: X-ray data were collected with a Bruker Smart APEX II diffractometer with graphite monochromated Mo K α radiation or a Bruker APEX II Duo diffractometer with a Mo I μ S microfocustube. The programs used were Bruker's APEX2 v2011.8-0 including SAINT for data reduction and SHELXS for structure solution and SADABS for multiscan absorption correction, as well as WinGX suite of programs v1.70.01 including SHELXL for structure refinement.⁴⁻⁷

Table S1. Crystal structure refinement table of compounds **2**, **3**

	2	3
empirical formula	C ₄₄ H ₅₆ Pb	C ₄₁ H ₅₈ Pb
<i>M</i> [g/mol]	792.07	758.06
λ [Å]	0.71073	0.71073
<i>T</i> [K]	100(2)	100(2)
crystal system	triclinic	triclinic
space group	P -1	P -1
<i>Z</i>	2	4
<i>a</i> [Å]	10.7640(2)	14.0970(3)
<i>b</i> [Å]	13.1364(2)	16.7228(4)
<i>c</i> [Å]	14.7038(3)	17.7335(4)
α [°]	87.2140(10)	104.0660(10)
β [°]	89.7630(10)	102.0580(10)
γ [°]	66.5670(10)	108.9560(10)
<i>V</i> [Å ³]	1905.13(6)	3641.57(15)
<i>D_c</i> [g/cm ³]	1.381	1.383
μ [mm ⁻¹]	4.455	4.658
F(000)	804	1544
crystal size [mm]	0.218x0.201x0.163	0.17x0.13x0.10
θ range [°]	1.692 – 27.139	1.247 – 27.932
limiting indices	–13≤ <i>h</i> ≤13 –16≤ <i>k</i> ≤16 –18≤ <i>l</i> ≤18	–18≤ <i>h</i> ≤18 –21≤ <i>k</i> ≤22 –23≤ <i>l</i> ≤23
reflections collected	36187	99884
independent reflections	8401	17385
<i>R_{int}</i>	0.0335	0.0339
completeness	99.7	99.5
absorption correction	numerical	multi-scan
max., min. transmisson	0.85, 0.71	0.75, 0.57
parameter/restraints	418/0	852/55
<i>R</i> 1, <i>wR</i> 2 [<i>I</i> > 2σ(<i>I</i>)]	0.0231, 0.0484	0.0389, 0.0984
<i>R</i> 1, <i>wR</i> 2 (all data)	0.0293, 0.0497	0.0551, 0.1072
Goof on <i>F</i> ²	1.116	1.067
peak / hole [<i>e</i> · Å ⁻³]	1.427, –1.525	3.193, –1.418
CCDC	1940176	1940175

NMR spectroscopy

NMR spectra of compound 2



$^1\text{H-NMR}$ of $\text{Ar}^*\text{PbCHCHPh}$ in C_6D_6 at RT

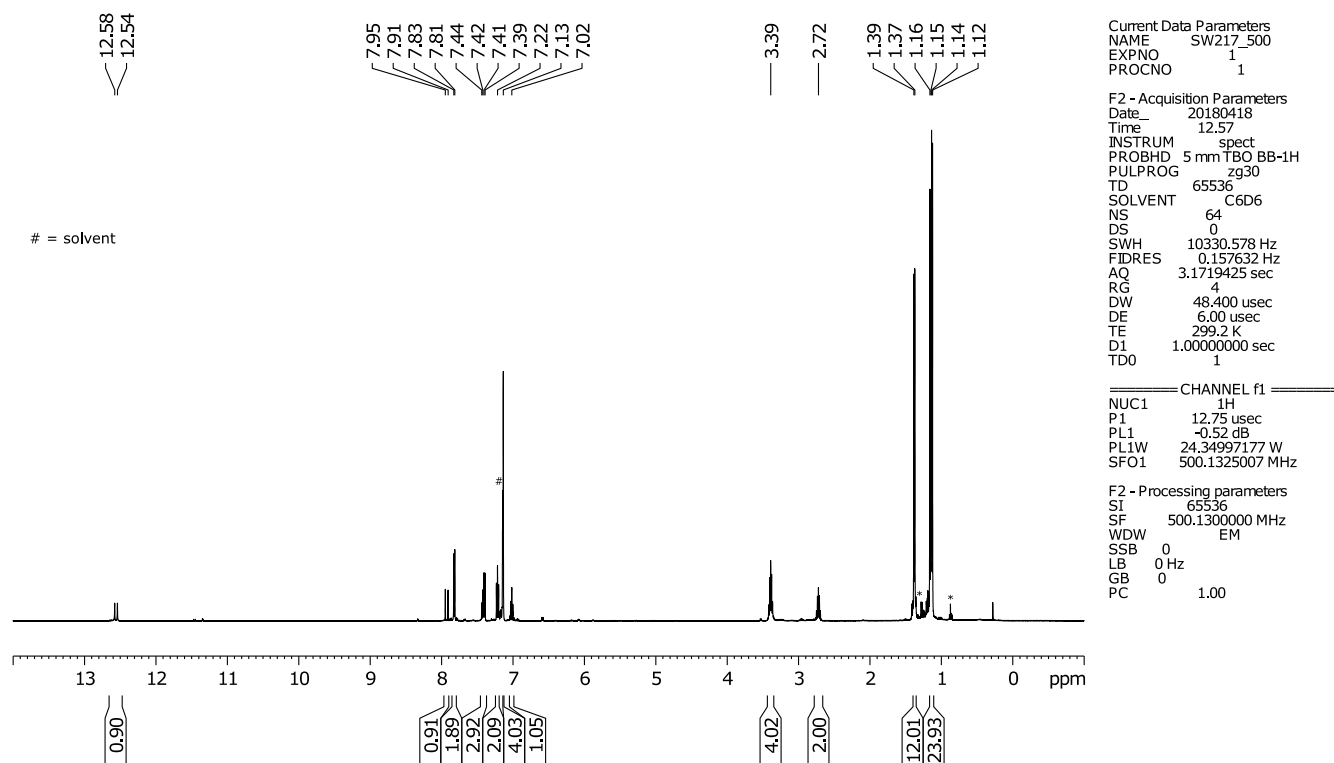
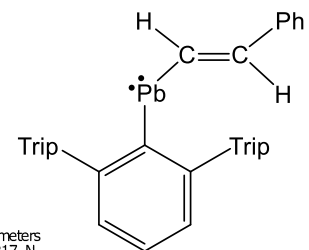
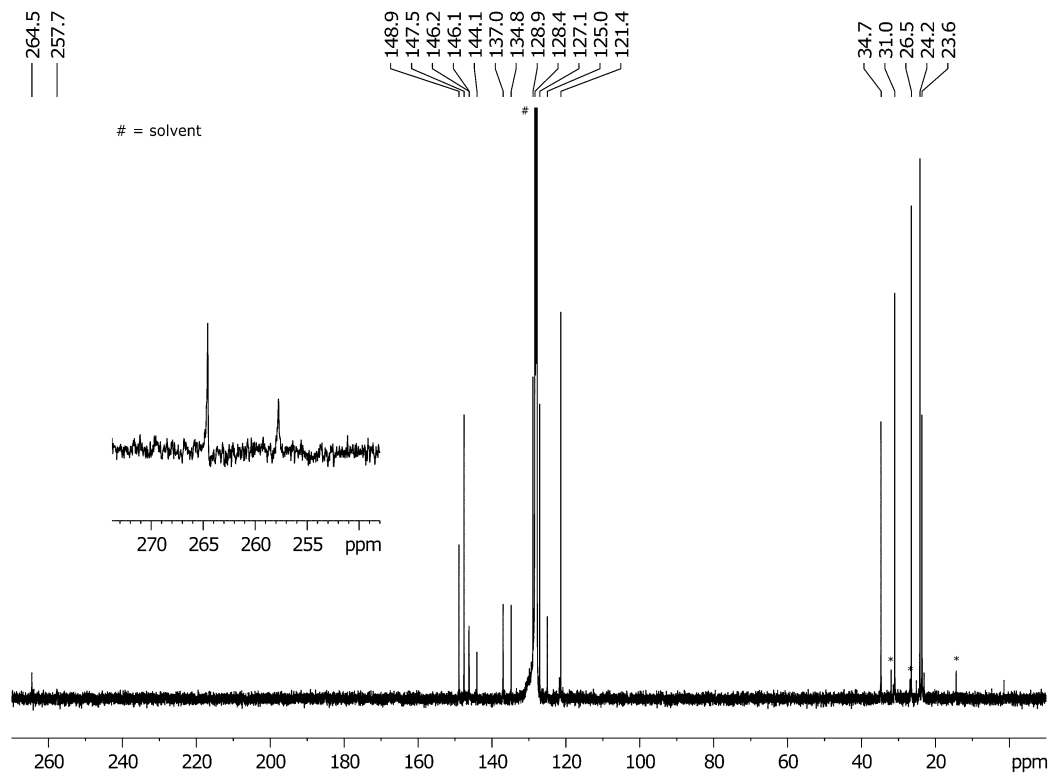


Figure S1. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound 2. (* hexane)

^{13}C -NMR of $\text{Ar}^*\text{PbCHCHPh}$ in C_6D_6 at RT



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EXPNO 11
PROCNO 1

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Date_ 20180412
Time 4.27
INSTRUM spect
PROBHD 5 mm QNP 1H/13
PULPROG zgpg30
TD 53700
SOLVENT C6D6
NS 15500
DS 0
SWH 30864.197 Hz
FIDRES 0.574752 Hz
AQ 0.8699400 sec
RG 32800
DW 16.200 usec
DE 6.00 usec
TE 299.2 K
D1 1.00000000 sec
D11 0.03000000 sec
TDO 1

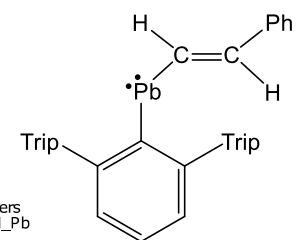
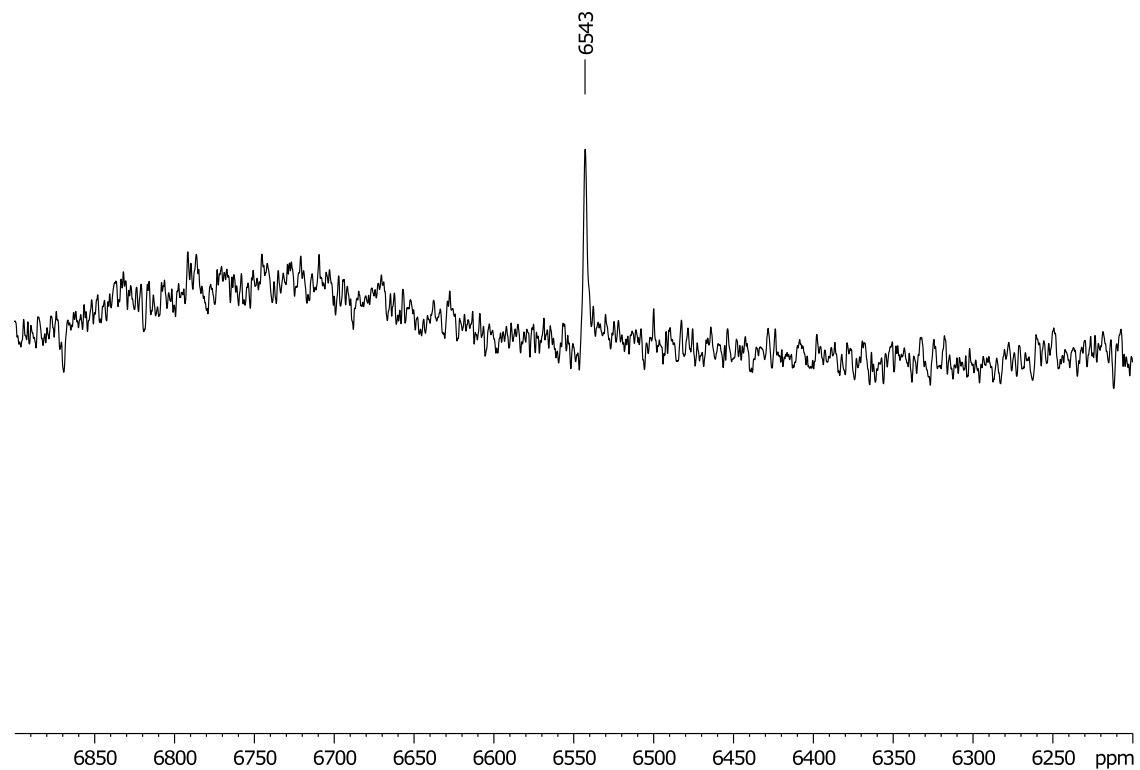
==== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1 13C
P1 13.50 usec
PL1 -4.16 dB
PL1W 78.55633545 W
SFO1 100.6198135 MHz

==== CHANNEL f2 =====
CPDPRG2 waltz16
NUC2 1H
PCPD2 80.00 usec
PL2 -3.00 dB
PL12 11.77 dB
PL13 13.14 dB
PL2W 16.03799057 W
PL12W 0.53474891 W
PL13W 0.39007664 W
SFO2 400.1120007 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters
SI 65536
SF 100.6077008 MHz
WDW EM
SSB 0
LB 1.00 Hz
GB 0
PC 1.40

Figure S2. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of compound **2**. (* hexane)

^{207}Pb -NMR of Ar*PbCHCHPh in C_6D_6 at RT



Current Data Parameters
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EXPNO 15
PROCNO 1

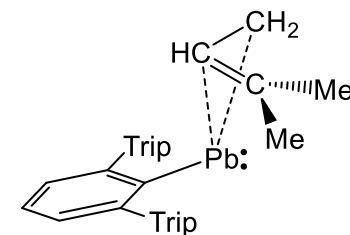
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SOLVENT C6D6
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DS 0
SWH 125000.000 Hz
FIDRES 3.814697 Hz
AQ 0.1310720 sec
RG 1448.2
DW 4.000 usec
DE 5.71 usec
TE 299.2 K
D1 0.20000000 sec
TD0 1

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1 207Pb
P1 15.75 usec
PL1 0 dB
SFO1 52.6426662 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters
SI 65536
SF 52.3286940 MHz
WDW EM
SSB 0
LB 50.00 Hz
GB 0
PC 3.00

Figure S3. ^{207}Pb NMR spectrum of compound 2.

NMR spectra of compound **3**



$^1\text{H-NMR}$ of $\text{Ar}^*\text{Pb}(\text{H})_2\text{C}(\text{H})\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ in Tol-d_8 at RT

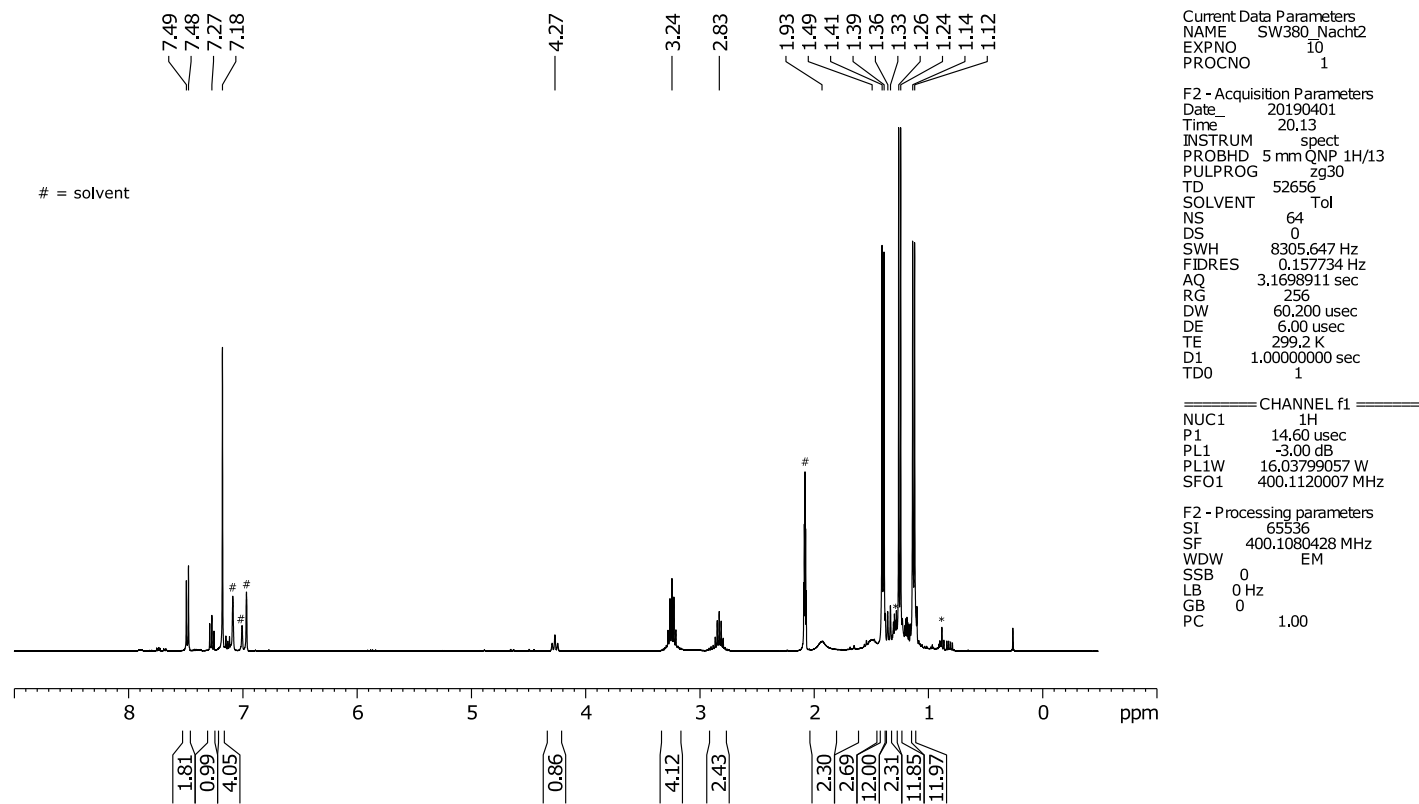
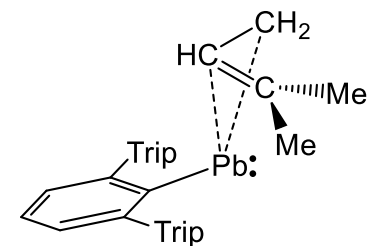


Figure S4. ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **3**. (* hexane)



$^1\text{H-NMR}$ of $\text{Ar}^*\text{PbC}(\text{H})_2\text{C}(\text{H})\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ in Tol-d_8 at -40°C

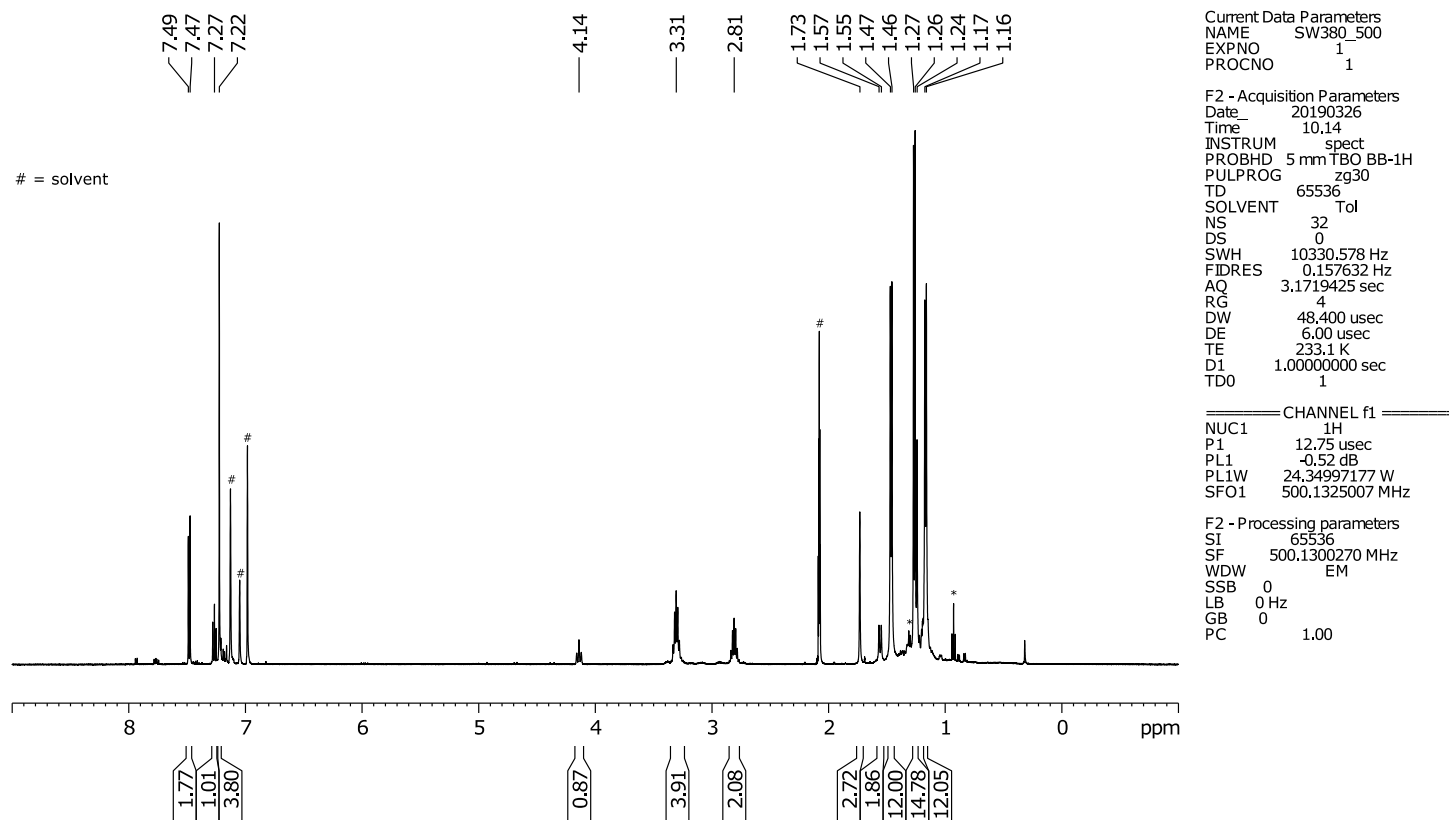
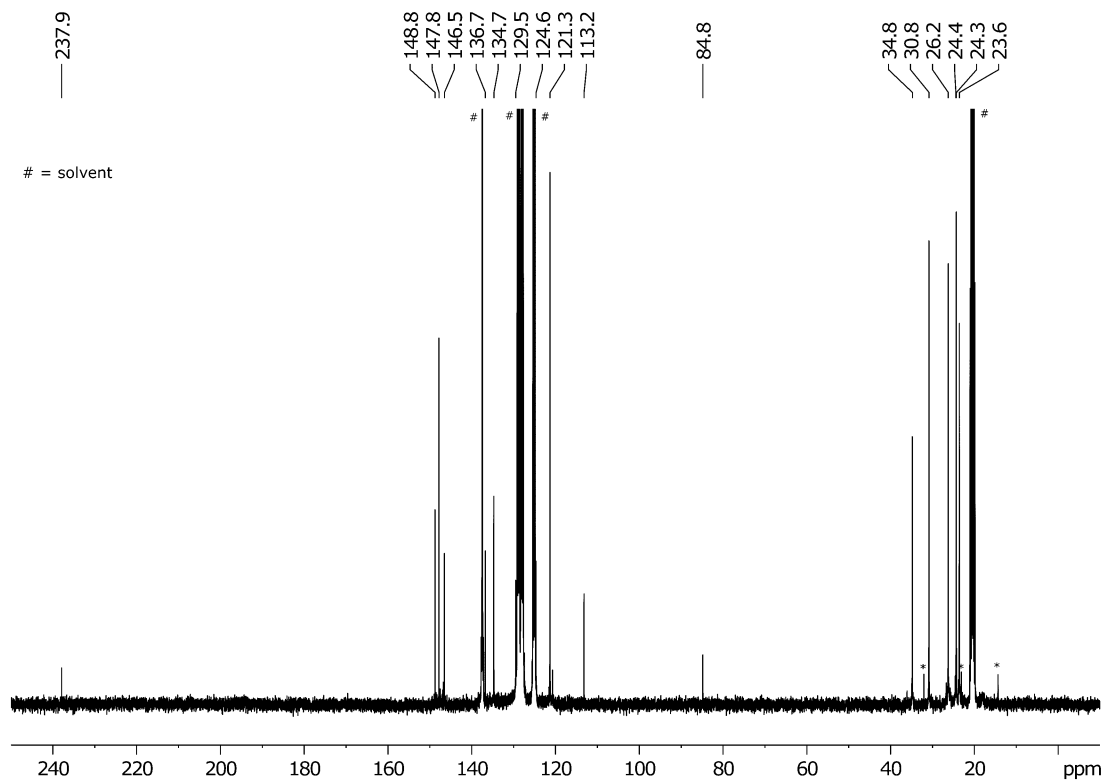


Figure S5. ^1H NMR spectrum (-40°C) of compound **3**. (* hexane)

^{13}C -NMR of $\text{Ar}^*\text{PbC}(\text{H})_2\text{C}(\text{H})\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ in Tol-d_8 at RT



Current Data Parameters
 NAME SW380_Nacht2
 EXPNO 11
 PROCNO 1

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
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 PULPROG zgpg30
 TD 53700
 SOLVENT Tol
 NS 15500
 DS 0
 SWH 30864.197 Hz
 FIDRES 0.574752 Hz
 AQ 0.8699400 sec
 RG 32800
 DW 16.200 usec
 DE 6.00 usec
 TE 299.2 K
 D1 1.00000000 sec
 D11 0.03000000 sec
 TD0 1

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
 NUC1 ^{13}C
 P1 13.50 usec
 PL1 -4.16 dB
 PL1W 78.55633545 W
 SFO1 100.6198135 MHz

===== CHANNEL f2 =====
 CPDPRG2 waltz16
 NUC2 ^1H
 PCPD2 80.00 usec
 PL2 -3.00 dB
 PL12 11.77 dB
 PL13 13.14 dB
 PL2W 16.03799057 W
 PL12W 0.53474891 W
 PL13W 0.39007664 W
 SFO2 400.1120007 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters
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 SF 100.6072070 MHz
 WDW EM
 SSB 0
 LB 1.00 Hz
 GB 0
 PC 1.40

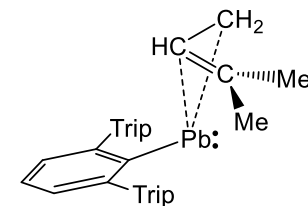
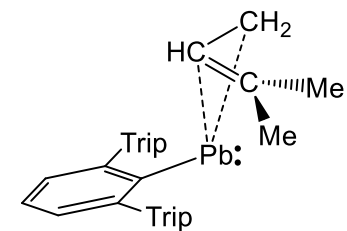
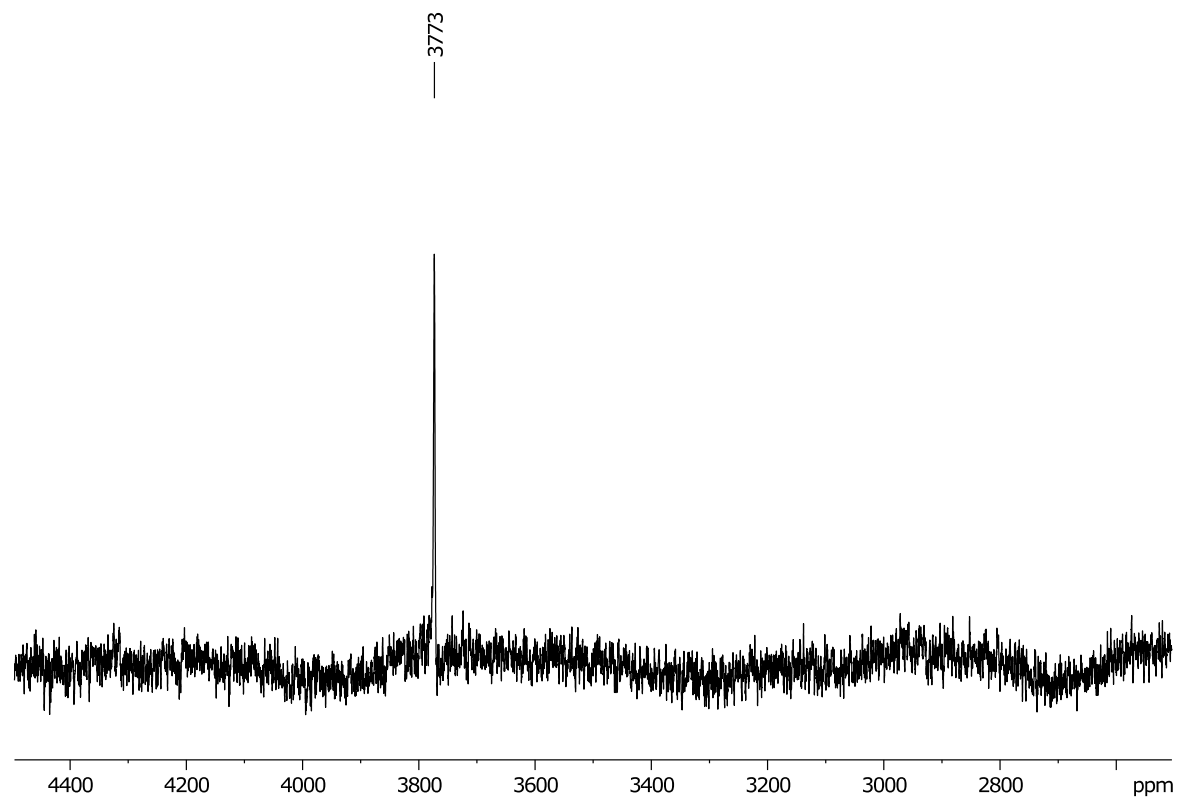


Figure S6. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of compound **3**. (* hexane)



^{207}Pb -NMR of $\text{Ar}^*\text{PbC}(\text{H})_2\text{C}(\text{H})\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ in Tol-d_8 at RT



Current Data Parameters
 NAME SW430_500
 EXPNO 4
 PROCNO 1

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
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 Time 15.05
 INSTRUM spect
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 PULPROG zg30
 TD 15608
 SOLVENT Tol
 NS 56320
 DS 0
 SWH 208333.328 Hz
 FIDRES 13.347856 Hz
 AQ 0.0374592 sec
 RG 2050
 DW 2.400 usec
 DE 17.40 usec
 TE 299.2 K
 D1 0.05000000 sec
 TD0 1

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
 NUC1 207Pb
 P1 9.50 usec
 PL1 0 dB
 SFO1 104.9963977 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters
 SI 131072
 SF 104.6301920 MHz
 WDW EM
 SSB 0
 LB 50.00 Hz
 GB 0
 PC 1.40

Figure S7. ^{207}Pb NMR spectrum of compound **3**.

References

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