

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Organocatalytic Enantioselective Synthesis of 2,5,5-Trisubstituted Piperidines Bearing a Quaternary Stereocenter. Vinyl Sulfonamides as New Amine Protecting Groups.

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GENERAL REMARKS

Reactions involving moisture-sensitive chemicals were carried out in flame-dried glassware with magnetic stirring under nitrogen atmosphere. The following solvents were purified prior to use: THF, diethyl ether and toluene were distilled from sodium/benzophenone, CH₂Cl₂ was distilled from calcium hydride. All other solvents and reagents were used as received. The reactions were monitored with the aid of thin-layer chromatography (TLC) on 0.25 mm precoated silica gel plates. Visualization was carried out with UV light and aqueous ceric ammonium molybdate solution or potassium permanganate stains. Flash column chromatography was performed with the indicated solvents on silica gel 60 (particle size 0.040-0.063 mm). ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a 300 or 500 MHz spectrometer. Chemical shifts are given in ppm (δ), with reference to the residual proton resonances of the solvents. Coupling constants (J) are given in Hertz (Hz). The letters m, s, d, t, and q stand for multiplet, singlet, doublet, triplet and quartet, respectively. The letters br indicate that the signal is broad. High-resolution mass spectra were carried out on VGmAutospec (VG Analytical, Micromass Instruments) by the Universidad de Valencia Mass Spectrometry Service. Enantiomeric ratios were determined with the aid of HPLC analysis with an appropriate chiral column (25cm x 0.46 cm) with mixtures of n-hexane: i-propanol as eluents. The starting monoalkylmalonitriles **6**, were synthesized following literature procedures.^{1,2,3,4}

¹ M. K. Ghorai, R. Talukdar, D. P. Tiwari, *Org. Lett.* 2014, **16**, 2204.

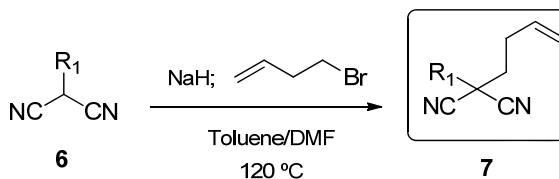
² C. Hu, G. Hong, X. Qian, K. R. Kim, X. Zhu, L. Wang, *Org. Biomol. Chem.* 2017, **15**, 4984.

³ C. Chen, Y. Luo, L. Fu, P. Chen, Y. Lan, G. Liu, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2018, **140**, 1207.

⁴ F. Tayyari, D. E. Wood, P. E. Fanwick, R. E. Sammelson, *Synthesis* 2008, **2**, 279

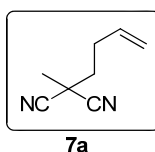
SYNTHESIS OF DIALKYL MALONITRILES 7:

Dialkylmalonitriles **7a-f** were synthesized by homoallylation reaction of malonitriles **6a-f**:



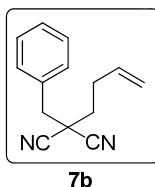
To a solution of the corresponding monoalkylmalonitrile **6** in toluene (0.5 M), sodium hydride (60% dispersion in mineral oil, 1.05 equiv) and N,N-dimethylformamide (1:4 toluene) were added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 minutes, and 4-bromo-1-butene was added dropwise (1.05 equiv). Upon complete addition, the reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 12 hours (monitored by TLC). Then, it was cooled to room temperature before quenching with water and extracting with diethyl ether. The combined organic layers were washed with water three times, and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, before filtration and concentration under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography.

2-(3-Butenyl)-2-methylmalononitrile (**7a**).



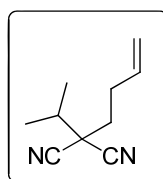
By means of the general procedure described above, compound **7a** (912 mg, 78% yield) was obtained as a colorless oil starting from 700 mg (8.75 mmol) of **6a** after flash chromatography with 20:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.82 (ddt, *J* = 16.8, 10.2, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.21-5.10 (m, 2H), 2.48 – 2.39 (m, 2H), 2.06 – 2.00 (m, 2H), 1.82 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 134.6 (s), 117.6 (s), 116.1 (s), 38.5 (s), 31.6 (s), 29.9 (s), 25.1 (s). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): *m/z* [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₈H₁₀N₂: 135.0844; found: 135.0841.

2-Benzyl-2-(3-Butenyl)malononitrile (**7b**).



By means of the general procedure described above, compound **7b** (203 mg, 54% yield) was obtained as a colorless oil starting from 305 mg (1.79 mmol) of **6b** after flash chromatography with 15:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42 – 7.35 (m, 5H), 5.81 (ddt, *J* = 16.8, 10.2, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.20 – 5.09 (m, 2H), 3.23 (s, 2H), 2.53 – 2.44 (m, 2H), 2.06 – 2.02 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 134.7 (s), 132.00 (s), 130.4 (s), 129.1 (s), 129.0 (s), 117.5 (s), 115.3 (s), 43.6 (s), 39.1 (s), 36.8 (s), 29.9 (s). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): *m/z* [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₄H₁₄N₂: 210.1157; found: 210.1152.

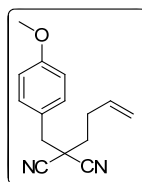
2-(3-Butenyl)-2-isopropylmalononitrile (7c).



7c

By means of the general procedure described above, compound **7c** (230 mg, 77% yield) was obtained as a colorless oil starting from 200 g (1.85 mmol) of **6c** after flash chromatography with 15:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 5.83 (ddt, J = 16.8, 10.2, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.21 – 5.09 (m, 2H), 2.49 – 2.41 (m, 2H), 2.18 (hept, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.01 – 1.95 (m, 2H), 1.26 (s, 3H), 1.24 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 134.9 (s), 117.4 (s), 115.1 (s), 43.6 (s), 35.8 (s), 34.7 (s), 30.1 (s), 18.4 (s). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2$: 163.1235; found: 163.1230.

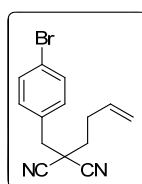
2-(3-Butenyl)-2-(4-methoxybenzyl)malononitrile (7d).



7d

By means of the general procedure described above, compound **7d** (772 mg, 57% yield) was obtained as a yellow oil starting from 1,053 g (5.65 mmol) of **6d** after flash chromatography with 15:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.31 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 6.95 – 6.90 (m, 2H), 5.81 (ddt, J = 16.8, 10.2, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.20 – 5.09 (m, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.18 (s, 2H), 2.51 – 2.43 (m, 2H), 2.04 – 1.99 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 160.1, 134.7, 131.5, 124.0, 117.5, 115.4, 114.5, 55.4, 43.0, 39.3, 36.6, 29.9. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_2\text{O}$: 241.1342; found: 241.1340.

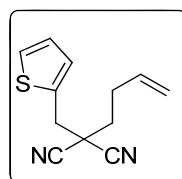
2-(4-Bromobenzyl)-2-(3-butenyl)malononitrile (7e).



7e

By means of the general procedure described above, compound **7e** (962 mg, 78% yield) was obtained as a yellow solid starting from 1 g (4.25 mmol) of **6e** after flash chromatography with 15:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. Mp = 64 °C. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.57 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.28 – 7.23 (m, 2H), 5.81 (ddt, J = 16.8, 10.2, 6.5 Hz, 0H), 5.21 – 5.10 (m, 2H), 3.18 (s, 3H), 2.52 – 2.43 (m, 2H), 2.06 – 2.01 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 134.4, 132.3, 131.9, 131.0, 123.4, 117.7, 115.0, 43.0, 38.9, 36.8, 29.9. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{13}\text{BrN}_2$: 289.0340; found: 289.0341.

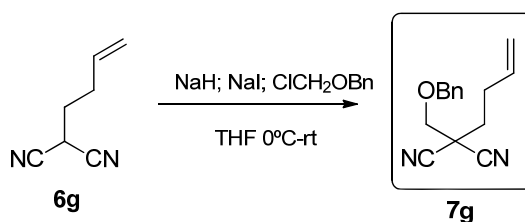
2-(3-Butenyl)-2-(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)malononitrile (**7f**).



7f

By means of the general procedure described above, compound **7f** (1,239 g, 93% yield) was obtained as a yellow solid starting from 1 g (6.2 mmol) of **6f** after flash chromatography with 10:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. Mp = 78 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33 (dd, *J* = 5.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.16 – 7.15 (m, 1H), 7.06 (dd, *J* = 5.2, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 5.81 (ddt, *J* = 16.8, 10.2, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.21 – 5.10 (m, 2H), 3.49 (s, 2H), 2.52 – 2.43 (m, 2H), 2.08 – 2.02 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 134.5, 132.7, 129.3, 127.8, 126.8, 117.6, 115.2, 39.1, 37.8, 36.3, 29.9. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): *m/z* [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₂H₁₂N₂S: 217.0799; found: 217.0796.

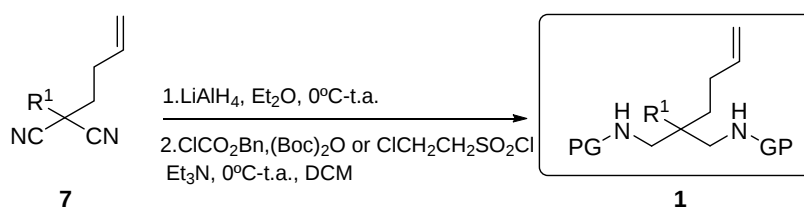
2-[(Benzyloxy)methyl]-2-(3-butenyl)malononitrile (7g**)** was synthesized according to literature procedure⁵:



To a solution of monoalkylmalononitrile **6g** (111 mg, 0.92 mmol) in THF (1mL, 0.9M), benzyl chloromethyl ether (0,24 mL 60 % solution; 1 mmol; 1.1 equiv) and sodium iodide (4 mg; 0.03 mmol; 0.03 equiv) were added. The yellow suspension was cooled with an ice bath and sodium hydride (44 mg; 1.1 mmol; 1.2 equiv) was added in small portions. The mixture was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature (monitored by TLC), diluted with ether, and extracted with 5% aqueous NaHCO₃. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated and concentrated. The crude residue was purified by flash chromatography with 20:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate as eluent to afford **7d** (155 mg, 70 % yield) as a color less oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42 – 7.31 (m, 5H), 5.80 (ddt, *J* = 16.8, 10.2, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.19 – 5.09 (m, 2H), 4.70 (s, 2H), 3.77 (s, 2H), 2.45 – 2.37 (m, 2H), 2.09 – 2.04 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.2 (s), 134.6 (s), 128.9 (s), 128.6 (s), 128.1 (s), 117.6 (s), 114.4 (s), 74.2 (s), 71.2 (s), 38.2 (s), 33.5 (s), 29.5 (s). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): *m/z* [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₁₆N₂O [M+NH₄]⁺: 258.1601; found: 258.1603.

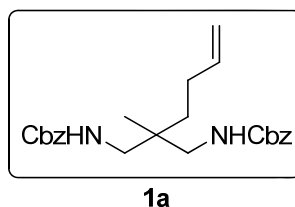
⁵ Iwema Bakker, Wouter I. et al, PCT Int. Appl., 2008034863, 2008.

GENERAL PROCEDURE FOR THE SYNTHESIS OF N-PROTECTED DIAMINES **1**:



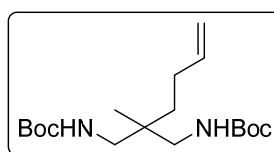
To a solution of the corresponding dialkylmalonitrile **7** in diethyl ether (0.2M), LiAlH₄ (3 equiv) was added at 0°C under N₂ atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature (monitored by TLC), then Na₂SO₄·10H₂O was added with vigorous stirring until grey aluminum salts turned white. The suspension was filtered through a short pad of Celite washing with small portions of diethyl ether. The filtrate was dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum, obtaining a yellow oil that was employed without further purification. The crude primary amine was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (0.5 M), then H₂O (0.5 equiv.) and Et₃N (4.0 equiv) were added at 0 °C, followed by benzyl chloroformate, di-tert-butyl dicarbonate or 2-chloroethanesulfonyl chloride (2.0 equiv) (depending of the desired protecting group). The reaction mixture was allowed to reach room temperature for 12 hours (monitored by TLC) and then it was hydrolyzed with 3M HCl solution, extracted with CH₂Cl₂ and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. Finally, solvents were removed and the crude mixture was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using mixtures of n-hexane and ethyl acetate as eluents.

Dibenzyl [2-(3-butenyl)-2-methylpropane-1,3-diyl]dicarbamate (**1a**).



By means of the general procedure described above, dicarbamate **1a** (653 mg, 54% yield) was obtained as a colorless oil starting from 395 mg (2.95 mmol) of **7a** after flash chromatography with 6:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37 – 7.30 (m, 10H), 5.78 (ddt, *J* = 16.7, 10.1, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 5.50 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 5.15 – 5.10 (m, 6H), 5.04 – 4.92 (m, 2H), 3.00 (qd, *J* = 14.4, 6.9 Hz, 4H), 2.09 – 2.02 (m, 2H), 1.29 – 1.23 (m, 2H), 0.83 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.4 (s), 138.8 (s), 128.7 (s), 128.6 (s), 128.2 (s), 114.6 (s), 66.9 (s), 46.1 (s), 39.0 (s), 34.9 (s), 27.7 (s), 19.9 (s). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): *m/z* [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₆H₃₂N₂O₅: 411.2278; found: 411.2279.

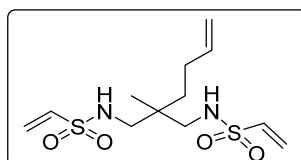
Di-tert-Butyl [2-(3-butenyl)-2-methylpropane-1,3-diyl]dicarbamate (1b).



1b

By means of the general procedure described above, dicarbamate **1b** (231 mg, 60% yield) was obtained as a white solid starting from 150 mg (1.12 mmol) of **7a** after flash chromatography with 10:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. Mp = 103-105 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.75 (ddt, *J* = 16.8, 10.1, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.26 – 5.22 (m, 2H), 4.97 (d, *J* = 17.8 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 2.95 – 2.80 (m, 4H), 2.05 – 1.95 (m, 2H), 1.40 (s, 18H), 1.23 – 1.17 (m, 2H), 0.77 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.8 (s), 139.0 (s), 114.4 (s), 79.1 (s), 45.7 (s), 38.9 (s), 35.0 (s), 28.5 (s), 27.8 (s), 20.0 (s). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): *m/z* [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₃₁H₃₆N₂O₅: 343.2597; found: 343.2591.

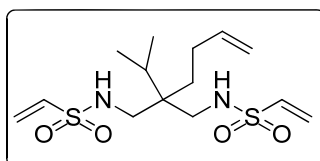
***N,N'*-[2-(3-Butenyl)-2-methylpropane-1,3-diyl]diethenesulfonamide (1c).**



1c

By means of the general procedure described above, sulfonamide **1c** (206 mg, 43% yield) was obtained as a yellow oil starting from 200 mg (1.49 mmol) of **7a** after flash chromatography with 3:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.53 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.9 Hz, 4H), 6.23 (d, J = 16.6 Hz, 2H), 5.96 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 2H), 5.77 (ddt, J = 16.7, 10.1, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.09 – 4.93 (m, 4H), 2.90 – 2.76 (m, 4H), 2.05 – 1.97 (m, 2H), 1.36 – 1.30 (m, 2H), 0.90 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 138.3 (s), 135.7 (s), 127.1 (s), 115.1 (s), 47.9 (s), 38.2 (s), 34.5 (s), 27.5 (s), 20.0 (s). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{S}_2$: 323.1094; found: 323.1098.

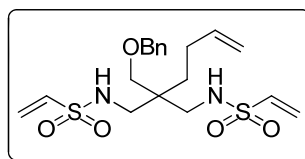
***N,N'*-[2-(3-Butenyl)-2-isopropylpropane-1,3-diyl]diethenesulfonamide (1d).**



1d

By means of the general procedure described above, sulfonamide **1d** (651 mg, 34% yield) was obtained as a yellow oil starting from 900 mg (5.5 mmol) of **7c** after flash chromatography with 4:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.54 (dd, J = 16.6, 9.9 Hz, 2H), 6.26 (d, J = 16.6 Hz, 2H), 5.99 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 2H), 5.76 (ddt, J = 16.7, 10.1, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.06 – 4.93 (m, 4H), 3.00 (dd, J = 13.6, 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.92 (dd, J = 13.6, 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.07 – 1.99 (m, 2H), 1.88 – 1.70 (m, 1H), 1.78 (hept, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 1.40 – 1.34 (m, 2H), 0.93 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 138.4, 135.5, 127.5, 115.1, 46.3, 41.8, 30.8, 30.5, 27.9, 17.5. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z [$\text{M} + \text{H}$] $^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{S}_2$: 351.1412; found: 351.1414.

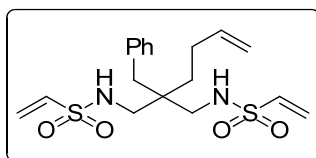
***N,N'*-[2-(Benzyloxymethyl)-2-(3-butenyl)propane-1,3-diyl]diethenesulfonamide (1e).**



1e

By means of the general procedure described above, sulfonamide **1e** (156 mg, 31% yield) was obtained as a colorless oil starting from 287 mg (1.2 mmol) of **7g** after flash chromatography with 2:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.4 – 7.27 (m, 5H), 6.49 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.9 Hz, 2H), 6.23 (d, J = 16.6 Hz, 2H), 5.95 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 2H), 5.75 (ddt, J = 16.7, 10.2, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.04 – 4.89 (m, 4H), 4.47 (s, 2H), 3.32 (s, 2H), 3.03 (dd, J = 13.5, 5.5 Hz, 2H), 2.91 (dd, J = 13.5, 8.6 Hz, 2H), 2.02 – 1.95 (m, 2H), 1.48 – 1.39 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 138.1, 137.5, 135.7, 128.8, 128.3, 128.0, 127.1, 115.2, 73.7, 72.7, 45.3, 41.7, 30.9, 27.3. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$: 429.1518; found: 429.1520.

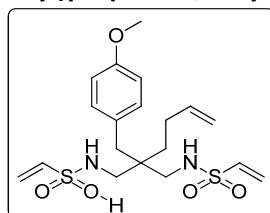
***N,N'*-[2-Benzyl-2-(3-butenyl)propane-1,3-diyl]diethenesulfonamide (1f).**



1f

By means of the general procedure described above, sulfonamide **1f** (197 mg, 32% yield) was obtained as a colorless oil starting from 333 mg (1.58 mmol) of **7b** after flash chromatography with 3:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.34 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.14 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.52 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.9 Hz, 2H), 6.25 (d, J = 16.6 Hz, 2H), 5.98 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 2H), 5.79 (ddt, J = 16.7, 10.2, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.11 – 4.97 (m, 2H), 4.80 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.95 – 2.81 (m, 4H), 2.64 (s, 2H), 2.23 – 2.15 (m, 2H), 1.35 – 1.30 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 137.8, 136.5, 135.5, 130.2, 128.8, 127.5, 127.1, 115.3, 46.5, 42.0, 38.4, 31.1, 27.3. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{S}_2$: 399.1412; found: 399.1412.

***N,N'*-[2-(3-Butenyl)-2-(4-methoxybenzyl)propane-1,3-diyl]diethenesulfonamide (1g).**

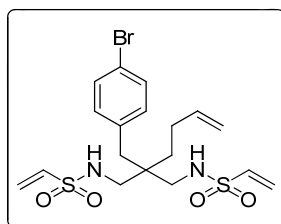


1g

By means of the general procedure described above, sulfonamide **1g** (277 mg, 31% yield) was obtained as a yellow oil starting from 500 mg (2.08 mmol) of **7d** after flash chromatography with 2:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.04 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.52 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.9 Hz, 2H), 6.25 (d, J = 16.6 Hz, 2H), 5.98 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 2H), 5.79 (ddt, J = 16.7, 10.2, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 5.10 – 4.97 (m, 2H), 4.79 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.89 (dd, J = 13.2, 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.83 (dd, J = 13.2, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (s, 2H), 2.24 – 2.11 (m, 2H), 1.34 – 1.28 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.7, 137.9, 135.5, 131.2, 128.2, 127., 115.3, 114.2, 55.4, 46.5,

42.0, 37.4, 31.0, 27.3. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[M + H]^+$ calcd for $C_{19}H_{28}N_2O_5S_2$: 429.1518; found: 429.1515.

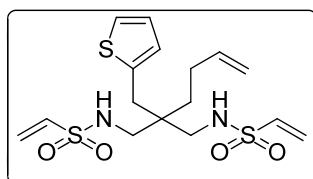
***N,N'*-[2-(4-Bromobenzyl)-2-(3-Butenyl)propane-1,3-diyl]diethenesulfonamide (1h).**



1h

By means of the general procedure described above, sulfonamide **1h** (252 mg, 31% yield) was obtained as a colorless oil starting from 500 mg (1.72 mmol) of **7e** after flash chromatography with 2:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.43 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.52 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.9 Hz, 2H), 6.26 (d, J = 16.6 Hz, 2H), 5.99 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 2H), 5.76 (ddt, J = 16.7, 10.2, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 5.09 – 4.99 (m, 2H), 4.87 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.91 – 2.80 (m, 4H), 2.62 (s, 2H), 2.18 – 2.12 (m, 2H), 1.29 – 1.25 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 137.5, 135.5, 135.4, 132.0, 131.8, 127.6, 121.1, 115.6, 46.4, 42.0, 37.3, 30.7, 27.3. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[M + H]^+$ calcd for $C_{18}H_{25}BrN_2O_4S_2$: 477.0517; found: 477.0519.

***N,N'*-[2-(3-Butenyl)-2-(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)propane-1,3-diyl]diethenesulfonamide (1i).**

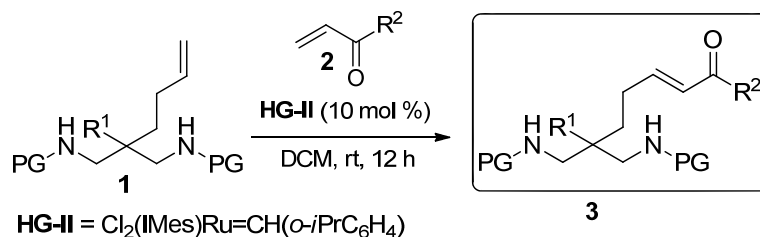


1i

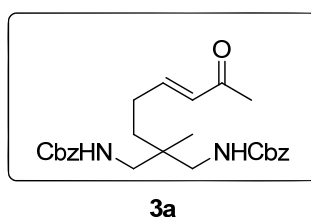
By means of the general procedure described above, sulfonamide **1f** (301 mg, 32% yield) was obtained as a yellow oil starting from 500 mg (2.31 mmol) of **7f** after flash chromatography with 2:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. 1H NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.18 (dd, J = 5.2, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (dd, J = 5.2, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (dd, J = 3.4, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.9 Hz, 2H), 6.26 (d, J = 16.6 Hz, 2H), 5.98 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 2H), 5.80 (ddt, J = 16.7, 10.1, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.12 – 4.92 (m, 4H), 2.93 – 2.85 (m, 4H), 2.83 (s, 2H), 2.22 – 2.13 (m, 2H), 1.41 – 1.35 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 137.7, 135.5, 127.6, 127.5, 127.4, 124.7, 115.4, 46.2, 42.0, 32.0, 30.7, 27.2. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[M + H]^+$ calcd for $C_{16}H_{24}N_2O_4S_3$: 405.0976; found: 405.0977.

GENERAL PROCEDURE FOR THE CROSS-METATHESIS REACTON. SYNTHESIS OF SYMMETRICAL ENONES 3:

To a solution of the corresponding *N*-protected diamines **1** in dichloromethane (0.3 M), the appropriate vinyl ketone **2** (3.0 equiv) and second generation Hoveyda-Grubbs catalyst (10 mol %) were successively added. The resulting mixture was stirred for 12 h at room temperature (monitored by TLC) and then concentrated to dryness and purified by means of flash column chromatography on silica gel using mixtures of *n*-hexane and ethyl acetate as eluents. (In the case of substrates **1c-m** reaction was performed with 20 mol % of $\text{Ti}(\text{iPrO})_4$ as co-catalyst)

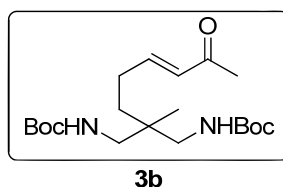


(*E*)-Dibenzyl [2-methyl-2-(5-oxohex-3-en-1-yl)propane-1,3-diyl]dicarbamate (**3a**).



By means of the general procedure described above, compound **3a** (102 mg, 96% yield) was obtained as a brown oil starting from 96 mg (0.23 mmol) of **1a** after flash chromatography with 1:1 *n*-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.36 – 7.29 (m, 10H), 6.74 (dt, J = 15.9, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.58 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 5.10 (s, 4H), 3.08 (dd, J = 14.5, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.91 (dd, J = 14.4, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.30 – 2.25 (m, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H), 1.33 – 1.26 (m, 2H), 0.83 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 198.8 (s), 157.5 (s), 148.2 (s), 136.6 (s), 131.4 (s), 128.6 (s), 128.3 (s), 128.2 (s), 67.0 (s), 46.1 (s), 39.1 (s), 33.9 (s), 27.0 (s), 26.7 (s), 20.0 (s). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$: 453.2384; found: 453.2389.

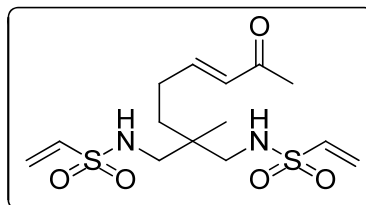
(*E*)-Di-tert-butyl [2-methyl-2-(5-oxohex-3-en-1-yl)propane-1,3-diyl]dicarbamate (**3b**).



By means of the general procedure described above, compound **3b** (94 mg, 84% yield) was obtained as a brown oil starting from 100 mg (0.29 mmol) of **1b** after flash chromatography with 2:1 *n*-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.77 (dt, J = 15.9, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 6.07 (dt, J = 15.9, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.99 (dd, J = 14.4, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.83 (dd, J = 14.3, 6.4

Hz, 2H), 2.30 – 2.23 (m, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H), 1.43 (s, 18H), 1.30 – 1.24 (m, 2H), 0.81 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 198.8 (s), 156.9 (s), 148.6 (s), 131.3 (s), 79.5 (s), 45.6 (s), 39.1 (s), 33.9 (s), 28.5 (s), 27.0 (s), 26.7 (s), 20.0 (s). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{36}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$: 385.2697; found: 385.2694.

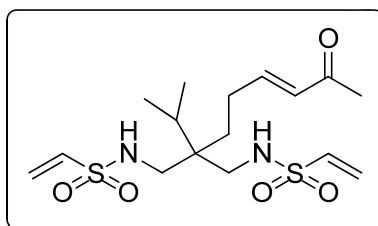
(*E*)-*N,N'*-[2-Methyl-2-(5-oxohex-3-en-1-yl)propane-1,3-diyl]diethenesulfonamide (3c).



3c

By means of the general procedure described above, compound **3c** (92 mg, 87% yield) was obtained as a brown oil starting from 94 mg (0.29 mmol) of **1c** after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.73 (dt, J = 15.9, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.9 Hz, 2H), 6.25 – 5.89 (m, 5H), 5.25 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.85 – 2.72 (m, 4H), 2.20 – 2.14 (m, 5H), 1.38 – 1.33 (m, 2H), 0.84 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.1 (s), 147.9 (s), 135.6 (s), 131.4 (s), 127.0 (s), 47.7 (s), 38.2 (s), 33.3 (s), 26.9 (s), 26.2 (s), 19.8 (s). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$: 365.1199; found: 365.1209.

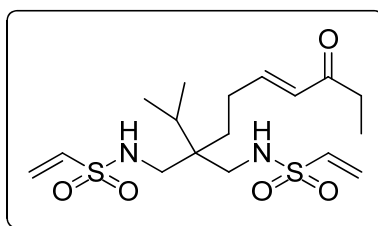
(*E*)-*N,N'*-[2-Isopropyl-2-(5-oxohex-3-en-1-yl)propane-1,3-diyl]diethenesulfonamide (3d).



3d

By means of the general procedure described above, compound **3d** (254 mg, 82% yield) was obtained as a brown oil starting from 277 mg (0.79 mmol) of **1d** after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.77 (dt, J = 15.9, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.9 Hz, 2H), 6.24 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 2H), 6.07 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.99 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 2H), 5.28 (bs, 2H), δ 3.02 (dd, J = 13.6, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.92 (dd, J = 13.6, 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.33 – 2.13 (m, 5H), 1.75 (hept, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 1.49 – 1.43 (m, 2H), 0.92 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.2, 148.2, 135.5, 131.4, 127.5, 46.2, 41.9, 30.5, 29.7, 27.0, 26.6, 17.5. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$: 393.1518; found: 393.1521.

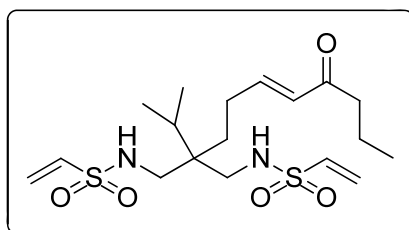
(E)-N,N'-[2-Isopropyl-2-(5-oxohept-3-en-1-yl)propane-1,3-diyl]diethenesulfonamide (3e).



3e

By means of the general procedure described above, compound **3e** (81 mg, 69% yield) was obtained as a brown oil starting from 100 mg (0.29 mmol) of **1d** after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.78 (dt, J = 15.8, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.9 Hz, 2H), 6.27 (d, J = 16.6 Hz, 2H), 6.12 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 2H), 4.99 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 3.03 (dd, J = 13.7, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.94 (dd, J = 13.7, 8.3 Hz, 2H), 2.29 – 2.19 (m, 1H), 2.56 (q, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H) 1.75 (hept, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 1.48 – 1.42 (m, 2H), 1.09 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 201.4, 146.2, 135.5, 130.4, 127.6, 46.1, 42.0, 33.4, 30.6, 29.9, 26.6, 17.6, 8.2. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$: 407.1674; found: 407.1671.

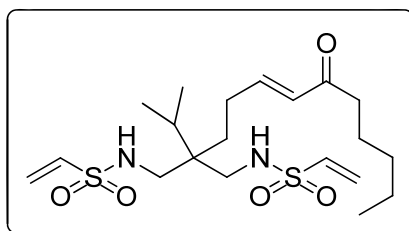
(E)-N,N'-[2-Isopropyl-2-(5-oxooct-3-en-1-yl)propane-1,3-diyl]diethenesulfonamide (3f).



3f

By means of the general procedure described above, compound **3f** (87 mg, 61% yield) was obtained as a brown oil starting from 119 mg (0.35 mmol) of **1d** after flash chromatography with 2:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.77 (dt, J = 15.9, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.9 Hz, 2H), 6.27 (d, J = 16.6 Hz, 2H), 6.11 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 2H), 5.02 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 3.03 (dd, J = 13.7, 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.94 (dd, J = 13.7, 8.2 Hz, 2H), 2.51 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.29 – 2.20 (m, 2H), 1.75 (hept, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 1.62 (h, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.48 – 1.42 (m, 2H), 0.98 – 0.88 (m, 9H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 200.9, 146.2, 135.3, 130.6, 127.4, 46.0, 42.0, 41.9, 30.5, 29.7, 26.5, 17.7, 17.4, 13.8. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$: 421.1831; found: 421.1831.

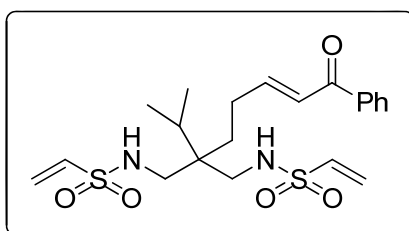
(E)-N,N'-[2-Isopropyl-2-(5-oxodec-3-en-1-yl)propane-1,3-diyl]diethenesulfonamide (3g).



3g

By means of the general procedure described above, compound **3g** (93 mg, 61% yield) was obtained as a brown oil starting from 119 mg (0.35 mmol) of **1d** after flash chromatography with 2:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.77 (dt, $J = 15.8, 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.54 (dd, $J = 16.5, 9.9$ Hz, 2H), 6.27 (d, $J = 16.6$ Hz, 2H), 6.11 (d, $J = 15.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.00 (d, $J = 9.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.98 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 3.03 (dd, $J = 13.7, 6.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.94 (dd, $J = 13.7, 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 2.52 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.28 – 2.21 (m, 2H), 1.75 (hept, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.59 (quint, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 2H), 1.48 – 1.42 (m, 2H), 1.37 – 1.22 (m, 4H), 0.93 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 6H), 0.89 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 201.1, 146.3, 135.5, 130.7, 127.6, 46.1, 42.0, 40.3, 31.6, 30.6, 29.9, 26.7, 24.0, 22.6, 17.6, 14.1. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{36}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$: 449.2144; found: 449.2144.

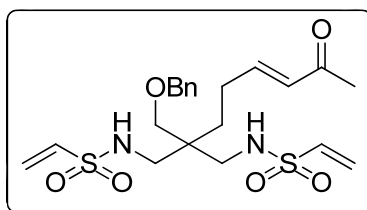
(E)-N,N'-[2-Isopropyl-2-(5-oxo-5-phenylpent-3-en-1-yl)propane-1,3-diyl] diethene sulfonamide (3h).



3h

By means of the general procedure described above, compound **3h** (50 mg, 32% yield) was obtained as a brown oil starting from 119 mg (0.35 mmol) of **1d** after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.95 – 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.57 – 7.44 (m, 3H), 7.04 – 6.9 (m, 2H), 6.55 (dd, $J = 16.5, 9.9$ Hz, 2H), 6.27 (d, $J = 16.5$ Hz, 2H), 5.99 (d, $J = 9.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.99 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 3.05 (dd, $J = 13.8, 6.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.97 (dd, $J = 13.8, 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.49 – 2.32 (m, 2H), 1.78 (hept, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 1H), 1.54 – 1.49 (m, 2H), 0.95 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 6H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 190.9, 148.7, 137.7, 135.4, 132.8, 128.6, 128.6, 127.4, 126.3, 46.0, 42.0, 30.5, 29.9, 26.9, 17.5. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$: 455.1644; found: 455.1641.

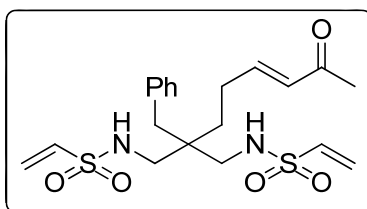
(*E*)-*N,N'*-[2-((Benzyloxy)methyl)-2-(5-oxohex-3-en-1-yl)propane-1,3-diyl] diethene sulfonamide (3i**).**



3i

By means of the general procedure described above, compound **3i** (86 mg, 70% yield) was obtained as a brown oil starting from 111 mg (0.26 mmol) of **1e** after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.40 – 7.33 (m, 3H), 7.29 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 6.73 (dt, J = 15.9, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.9 Hz, 2H), 6.22 (d, J = 16.6 Hz, 2H), 6.05 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 2H), 4.93 – 4.91 (m, 2H), 4.46 (s, 2H), 3.28 (s, 2H), 3.01 (dd, J = 13.6, 5.4 Hz, 2H), 2.87 (dd, J = 13.6, 9.0 Hz, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 2.22 – 2.15 (m, 2H), 1.50 – 1.46 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 198.8, 147.4, 137.4, 135.6, 131.7, 128.9, 128.5, 128.1, 127.2, 73.7, 71.6, 44.8, 42.0, 29.6, 27.0, 26.1. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6\text{S}_2$: 471.1624; found: 471.1626.

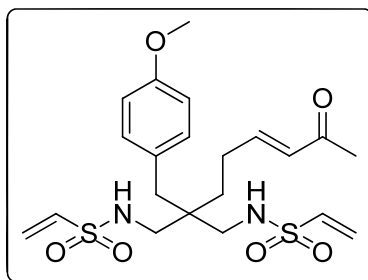
(*E*)-*N,N'*-[2-Benzyl-2-(5-oxohex-3-en-1-yl)propane-1,3-diyl]diethenesulfonamide (3j**).**



3j

By means of the general procedure described above, compound **3j** (127 mg, 72% yield) was obtained as a brown oil starting from 159 mg (0.39 mmol) of **1f** after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.34 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.09 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (dt, J = 15.9, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.9 Hz, 2H), 6.25 (d, J = 16.6 Hz, 2H), 6.11 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.98 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 2H), 4.96 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.92 (dd, J = 13.8, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.85 (dd, J = 13.8, 8.3 Hz, 2H), 2.62 (s, 2H), 2.41 – 2.37 (m, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 1.42 – 1.39 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 198.7, 146.9, 136.1, 135.3, 131.5, 129.8, 128.9, 127.4, 127.2, 46.2, 42.0, 38.3, 30.1, 27.0, 25.9. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$: 441.1518; found: 441.1516.

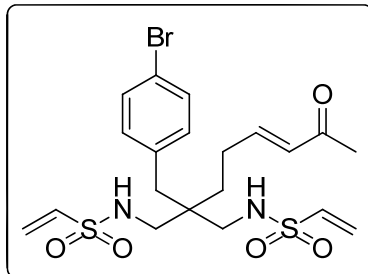
(*E*)-*N,N'*-[2-(4-Methoxybenzyl)-2-(5-oxohex-3-en-1-yl)propane-1,3-diyl] diethenesulfonamide (3k).



3k

By means of the general procedure described above, compound **3k** (195 mg, 71% yield) was obtained as a brown oil starting from 250 mg (0.58 mmol) of **1g** after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.01 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.85 – 6.72 (m, 3H), 6.52 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.9 Hz, 2H), 6.24 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 2H), 6.10 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 2H), 5.09 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 2.93 – 2.79 (m, 4H), 2.55 (s, 2H), 2.40 – 2.32 (m, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 1.40 – 1.34 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 199.0, 158.7, 147.3, 135.4, 131.6, 131.0, 127.9, 127.5, 114.3, 55.4, 46.4, 42.0, 37.4, 30.1, 27.1, 26.0. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6\text{S}_2$: 471.1624; found: 471.1626.

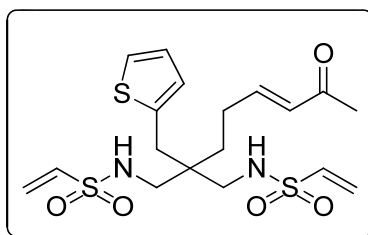
(*E*)-*N,N'*-[2-(4-Bromobenzyl)-2-(5-oxohex-3-en-1-yl)propane-1,3-diyl] diethenesulfonamide (3l).



3l

By means of the general procedure described above, compound **3l** (169 mg, 66% yield) was obtained as a brown oil starting from 236 mg (0.49 mmol) of **1h** after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.44 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.99 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.74 (dt, J = 15.9, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.9 Hz, 2H), 6.26 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 2H), 6.10 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 2H), 5.07 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.90 (dd, J = 12.6, 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.83 (dd, J = 12.7, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.59 (s, 2H), 2.39 – 2.31 (m, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 1.39 – 1.33 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 198.8, 146.7, 135.4, 135.1, 132.1, 131.8, 131.7, 127.7, 121.3, 46.3, 42.0, 37.5, 30.0, 27.2, 26.0. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{27}\text{BrN}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$: 519.0623; found: 519.0627.

(*E*)-*N,N'*-[2-(5-Oxohex-3-en-1-yl)-2-(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)propane-1,3-diyl] diethene sulfonamide (**3m**).

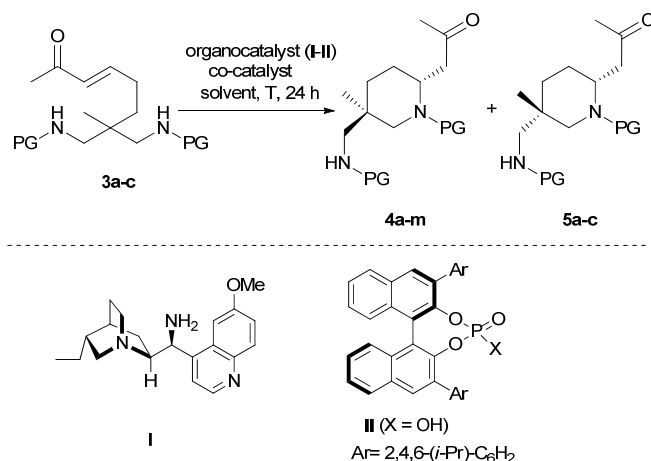


3m

By means of the general procedure described above, compound **3m** (207 mg, 70% yield) was obtained as a brown oil starting from 268 mg (0.66 mmol) of **1g** after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.20 (dd, J = 5.2, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (dd, J = 5.2, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 6.85 – 6.75 (m, 2H), 6.53 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.9 Hz, 2H), 6.26 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 2H), 6.14 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 2H), 4.97 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.93 – 2.80 (m, 4H), 2.80 (s, 2H), 2.46 – 2.33 (m, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.49 – 1.43 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 198.9, 147.0, 137.4, 131.9, 127.6, 127.6, 127.4, 124.9, 45.9, 42.3, 31.8, 29.6, 27.1, 26.1. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_3$: 447.1082; found: 447.1083.

GENERAL PROCEDURE FOR THE INTRAMOLECULAR AZA-MICHAEL REACTION. SYNTHESIS OF 2,5,5-TRISUBSTITUTED PIPERIDINES 4,5

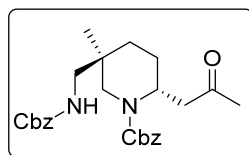
In a 10 mL round bottomed flask, the corresponding enone **3** was dissolved in chloroform (0.1 M). Catalyst **I** (10 mol %) (or catalyst **II** in the case of substrate **3h**) and trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) (10 mol %) were added and the resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 24 hours (monitored by TLC). The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel.



Compounds **4a-b** and **5a-b** showed in ^1H NMR and ^{13}C NMR the presence of rotamers about the carbamate bond. Therefore, NMR spectra of these piperidines were recorded in DMSO above the temperature of coalescence (at 75 °C), avoiding the duplication of signals due to the presence of rotamers.

By means of the general procedure described above, 2,5,5-trisubstituted piperidines **4a** and **5a** (30 mg, >99% yield) were obtained from 30 mg (0.07 mmol) of **3a** as a separable 2:1 mixture of diastereoisomers.

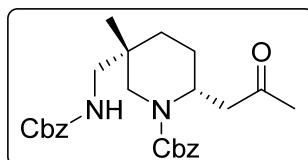
(2*R*,5*R*)-*N*-Benzyloxycarbonyl-5-benzyloxycarbonylaminomethyl-5-methyl-2-(2-oxopropyl)piperidine (4a**).**



4a (major)

Diastereoisomer 4a (major): was obtained as a colorless oil (20 mg) in 99% ee after flash chromatography with 3:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. The ee value was determined by HPLC analysis using a Phenomenex Celulose 4 column (hexane: isopropanol 80:20); flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $t_{\text{major}} = 39.2$ min, $t_{\text{minor}} = 57.0$ min. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -17.4$ (c 1.0, CHCl_3). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 7.37–7.31 (m, 10H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 5.04 (s, 2H), 4.67–4.63 (m, 1H), 3.55 (d, $J = 13.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.90 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.79–2.52 (m, 4H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 1.79–1.70 (m, 1H), 1.52–1.44 (m, 1H), 1.37–1.10 (m, 2H), 0.77 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 205.9 (s), 154.5 (s), 137.0 (s), 136.7 (s), 127.9 (s), 127.9 (s), 127.3 (s), 127.3 (s), 127.2 (s), 127.0 (s), 127.0 (s), 65.8 (s), 65.0 (s), 49.8 (s), 46.4 (s), 46.3 (s), 43.2 (s), 34.7 (s), 29.5 (s), 27.5 (s), 23.4 (s), 18.8 (s). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$: 453.2384; found: 453.2392.

(2*R*,5*S*)-*N*-Benzyloxycarbonyl-5-benzyloxycarbonylaminomethyl-5-methyl-2-(2-oxopropyl)piperidine (5a**).**

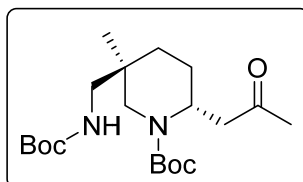


5a (minor)

Diastereoisomer 5a (minor): was obtained as a colorless oil (10 mg) in 99% ee after flash chromatography with 3:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. The ee value was determined by HPLC analysis using a Chiralpack ODH column (hexane: isopropanol 80:20); flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $t_{\text{major}} = 19.7$ min, $t_{\text{minor}} = 22.4$ min. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -16.9$ (c 1.0, CHCl_3). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 7.38–7.27 (m, 10H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 5.02 (s, 2H), 4.65–4.56 (m, 1H), 3.61 (d, $J = 13.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.14–3.11 (m, 2H), 2.82–2.75 (m, 2H), 2.71–2.60 (m, 2H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 1.48–1.26 (m, 4H), 0.82 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 205.9 (s), 154.4 (s), 136.9 (s), 136.6 (s), 127.9 (s), 127.8 (s), 127.2 (s), 127.2 (s), 127.1 (s), 126.9 (s), 126.9 (s), 65.9 (s), 65.0 (s), 46.7 (s), 46.5 (s), 44.4 (s), 43.3 (s), 33.9 (s), 29.4 (s), 27.0 (s), 23.5 (s), 23.5 (s). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$: 453.2384; found: 453.2389.

By means of the general procedure described above, 2,5,5-trisubstituted piperidines **4b** and **5b** (43 mg, 86% yield) were obtained from 50 mg (0.13 mmol) of **3b** as a separable 1.5:1 mixture of diastereoisomers.

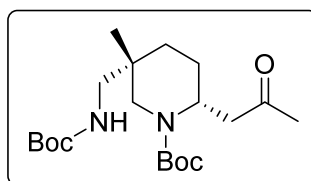
(2R,5R)-N-^tButoxycarbonyl-5-^tbutoxycarbonylaminomethyl-5-methyl-2-(2-oxopropyl) piperidine (4b).



4b (major)

Diastereoisomer 4b (major): was obtained as a colorless oil (26 mg) in 98% ee after flash chromatography with 4:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. The ee value was determined by HPLC analysis using a Phenomenex Celulose 2 column (hexane: isopropanol 95:5); flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $t_{\text{major}} = 14.8$ min, $t_{\text{minor}} = 19.0$ min. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -22.7$ (c 1.0, CHCl_3). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 4.63 – 4.55 (m, 1H), 3.48 (d, $J = 13.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.86 – 2.78 (m, 2H), 2.68 – 2.56 (m, 2H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.79 – 1.69 (m, 1H), 1.41 – 1.39 (m, 22H), 1.15 – 1.07 (m, 1H), 0.79 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 205.8 (s), 155.0 (s), 153.8 (s), 78.2 (s), 77.2 (s), 49.5 (s), 46.1 (s), 46.0 (s), 43.4 (s), 34.8 (s), 29.3 (s), 27.9 (s), 27.8 (s), 27.7 (s), 23.5 (s), 18.8 (s). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{36}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$: 385.2697; found: 385.2694.

(2R,5S)-N-^tButoxycarbonyl-5-^tbutoxycarbonylaminomethyl-5-methyl-2-(2-oxopropyl) piperidine (5b).

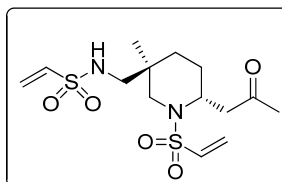


5b (minor)

Diastereoisomer 5b (minor): was obtained as a colorless oil (17 mg) in 92% ee after flash chromatography with 4:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. The ee value was determined by HPLC analysis using a Chiralpack IC column (hexane: isopropanol 95:5); flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $t_{\text{major}} = 56.9$ min, $t_{\text{minor}} = 47.6$ min. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -17.8$ (c 1.0, CHCl_3). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 4.56 – 4.52 (m, 1H), 3.53 (d, $J = 14.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.74 – 2.67 (m, 2H), 2.63 – 2.56 (m, 2H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.87 – 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.41 – 1.39 (m, 20H), 1.32 – 1.25 (m, 3H), 0.80 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 205.9 (s), 155.5 (s), 153.7 (s), 78.5 (s), 77.3 (s), 46.4 (s), 46.3 (s), 44.0 (s), 43.5 (s), 34.0 (s), 29.4 (s), 27.9 (s), 27.7 (s), 27.3 (s), 23.6 (s), 23.6 (s). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{36}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$: 385.2697; found: 385.2694.

By means of the general procedure described above, 2,5,5-trisubstituted piperidines **4c** and **5c** (81 mg, 81% yield) were obtained from 100 mg (0.27 mmol) of **3c** as a separable 4:1 mixture of diastereoisomers.

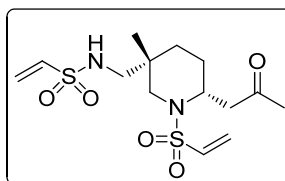
(2*R*,5*R*)-*N*-Vinylsulfonyl-5-methyl-2-(2-oxopropyl)-5-vinylsulfonylaminomethyl piperidine (4c).



4c (major)

Diastereoisomer 4c (major): was obtained as a colorless solid (65 mg) in 99% ee after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. M. p. = 115-117 °C. The ee value was determined by HPLC analysis using a Chiralpack AYH column (hexane: isopropanol 60:40); flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $t_{\text{major}} = 20.9$ min, $t_{\text{minor}} = 9.3$ min. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -7.6$ (c 0.5, CHCl_3). ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.53 (dd, $J = 16.5, 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.43 (dd, $J = 16.5, 9.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (d, $J = 16.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.20 (d, $J = 16.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.97 (d, $J = 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.92 (d, $J = 9.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.75 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.27 – 4.20 (m, 1H), 3.10 (d, $J = 13.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.95 – 2.83 (m, 3H), 2.82 – 2.68 (m, 2H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 1.87 – 1.76 (m, 1H), 1.59 – 1.41 (m, 2H), 1.36 – 1.28 (m, 1H), 1.00 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 206.2 (s), 135.9 (s), 135.3 (s), 127.1 (s), 51.4 (s), 49.8 (s), 49.6 (s), 44.5 (s), 34.4 (s), 30.5 (s), 29.3 (s), 25.7 (s), 20.6 (s). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$: 365.1199; found: 365.1203.

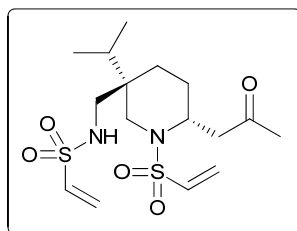
(2*R*,5*S*)-*N*-Vinylsulfonyl-5-methyl-2-(2-oxopropyl)-5-vinylsulfonylaminomethyl piperidine (5c).



5c (minor)

Diastereoisomer 5c (minor): was obtained as a colorless oil (16 mg) in 80% ee after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. The ee value was determined by HPLC analysis using a Chiralpack AYH column (hexane: isopropanol 60:40); flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $t_{\text{major}} = 27.8$ min, $t_{\text{minor}} = 14.5$ min. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -5.8$ (c 0.1, CHCl_3). ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.54 (dd, $J = 16.6, 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.42 (dd, $J = 16.5, 9.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.21 (d, $J = 16.6$ Hz, 1H), δ 6.19 (d, $J = 16.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.93 (d, $J = 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.89 (d, $J = 9.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.02 (dd, $J = 9.3, 5.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.54 (q, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.34 – 3.22 (m, 2H), 2.78 – 2.65 (m, 3H), 2.60 (d, $J = 14.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 2.01 – 1.86 (m, 1H), 1.50 – 1.41 (m, 1H), 1.32 – 1.21 (m, 2H), 0.97 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 205.7 (s), 136.2 (s), 135.8 (s), 126.7 (s), 126.5 (s), 47.9 (s), 46.5 (s), 46.3 (s), 43.5 (s), 34.0 (s), 30.6 (s), 29.7 (s), 25.4 (s), 23.9 (s). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$: 365.1199; found: 365.1205.

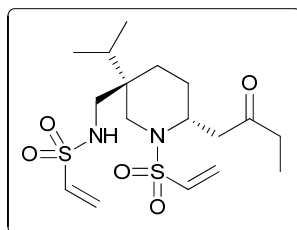
(2*R*,5*S*)-*N*-Vinylsulfonyl-5-isopropyl-2-(2-oxopropyl)-5-vinylsulfonylaminomethyl piperidine (4d).



4d

By means of the general procedure described above, piperidine **4d** (43 mg, 86% yield) was obtained from 50 mg (0.13 mmol) of **3d** as a colorless oil separable 10:1 mixture of diastereoisomers in 98% ee after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. The ee value was determined by HPLC analysis using a Chiralpack IC column (hexane: isopropanol 60:40); flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $t_{\text{major}} = 83.1$ min, $t_{\text{minor}} = 39.0$ min. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = 15.2$ (c 0.5, CHCl_3). ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.54 (dd, $J = 16.5, 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, $J = 16.5, 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (d, $J = 16.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.20 (d, $J = 16.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.97 (d, $J = 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.94 (d, $J = 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.76 (dd, $J = 8.5, 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.05 – 3.95 (m, 1H), 3.1 (dd, $J = 17.7, 6.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.06 (s, 2H), 3.02 (dd, $J = 13.5, 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.92 (dd, $J = 13.4, 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.64 (dd, $J = 17.7, 6.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.17 (s, 3H), 2.04 (hept, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 1H), 1.72 – 1.46 (m, 4H), 0.90 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H), 0.85 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 206.4, 135.9, 134.5, 127.6, 127.1, 51.8, 48.0, 45.9, 44.6, 38.5, 30.4, 28.2, 26.9, 25.2, 17.0, 16.5. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$: 393.1518; found: 393.1520.

(2*R*,5*S*)-*N*-Vinylsulfonyl-5-isopropyl-2-(2-oxobutyl)-5-vinylsulfonylaminomethyl piperidine (4e).

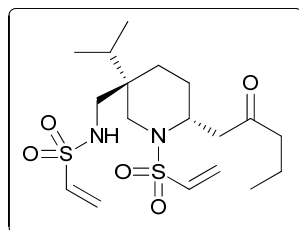


4e

By means of the general procedure described above, piperidine **4e** (36 mg, 89% yield) was obtained from 40 mg (0.1 mmol) of **3e** as a colorless oil separable 10:1 mixture of diastereoisomers in 98% ee after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. The ee value was determined by HPLC analysis using a Phenomenex Celulose 4 column (hexane: isopropanol 70:30); flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $t_{\text{major}} = 51.5$ min, $t_{\text{minor}} = 77.3$ min. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = 11.0$ (c 0.5, CHCl_3). ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.54 (dd, $J = 16.5, 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, $J = 16.5, 9.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.25 (d, $J = 16.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.20 (d, $J = 16.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.97 (d, $J = 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.94 (d, $J = 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.67 (dd, $J = 8.7, 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.03 – 3.95 (m, 1H), 3.12 – 3.01 (m, 4H), 2.93 (dd, $J = 13.5, 8.9$ Hz, 1H), 2.60 (dd, $J = 17.5, 6.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.53 – 2.37 (m, 2H), 2.04 (hept, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 1.72 – 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.52 – 1.46 (m, 2H), 1.05 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H), 0.91 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3H), 0.86 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz,

3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 209.1, 135.9, 134.5, 127.6, 127.1, 52.1, 49.1, 44.8, 44.6, 38.6, 36.3, 28.3, 27.1, 25.3, 17.1, 16.5, 7.7. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$: 407.1674; found: 407.1676.

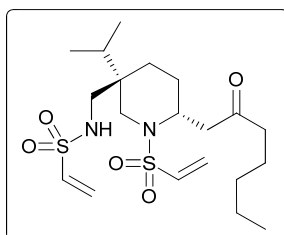
(2*R*,5*S*)-*N*-Vinylsulfonyl-5-isopropyl-2-(2-oxopentyl)-5-vinylsulfonylaminomethyl piperidine (4f).



4f

By means of the general procedure described above, piperidine **4f** (34 mg, 86% yield) was obtained from 40 mg (0.09 mmol) of **3f** as a white solid separable 12:1 mixture of diastereoisomers in 98% ee after flash chromatography with 2:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. Mp= 96 °C. The ee value was determined by HPLC analysis using a Phenomenex Celulose 4 column (hexane: isopropanol 70:30); flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, t_{major} = 19.9 min, t_{minor} = 16.0 min. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25}$ = 13.7 (c 0.1, CHCl_3). ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.54 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H), δ 5.94 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (dd, J = 8.7, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.03 – 3.95 (m, 1H), 3.11 – 3.01 (m, 4H), 2.93 (dd, J = 13.5, 8.9 Hz, 1H), 2.60 (dd, J = 17.5, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.46 – 2.32 (m, 2H), 2.04 (hept, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 1.74 – 1.61 (m, 4H), 1.51 – 1.43 (m, 2H), 0.96 – 0.88 (m, 6H), 0.86 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 208.6, 135.9, 134.5, 127.6, 127.1, 52.0, 49.1, 45.1, 45.0, 44.6, 38.6, 28.3, 27.1, 25.3, 17.1, 17.1, 16.5, 13.8. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$: 421.1831; found: 421.1833.

(2*R*,5*S*)-*N*-Vinylsulfonyl-5-isopropyl-2-(2-oxoheptyl)-5-vinylsulfonylaminomethyl piperidine (4g).

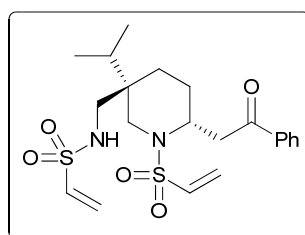


4g

By means of the general procedure described above, piperidine **4g** (29 mg, 72% yield) was obtained from 40 mg (0.09 mmol) of **3g** as a colorless oil separable 10:1 mixture of diastereoisomers in 96% ee after flash chromatography with 2:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. The ee value was determined by HPLC analysis using a Phenomenex Celulose 4 column (hexane: isopropanol 70:30); flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, t_{major} = 19.0 min, t_{minor} = 14.5 min. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25}$ = 13.0 (c 0.5, CHCl_3). ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.54 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.94 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H),

4.69 (dd, $J = 8.6, 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.03 – 3.96 (m, 1H), 3.11 – 3.00 (m, 4H), 2.92 (dd, $J = 13.5, 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.61 (dd, $J = 17.5, 6.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.52 – 2.33 (m, 2H), 2.04 (hept, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 1.74 – 1.63 (m, 1H), 1.59 – 1.43 (m, 5H), 1.32 – 1.25 (m, 4H), 0.92 – 0.84 (m, 9H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 208.8, 135.9, 134.5, 127.5, 127.1, 51.9, 49.0, 45.0, 44.6, 43.1, 38.6, 31.5, 28.2, 27.0, 25.2, 23.4, 22.6, 17.1, 16.5, 14.1. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{36}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$: 449.2144; found: 449.2144.

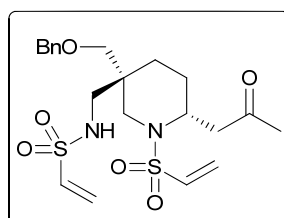
(2*R*,5*S*)-*N*-Vinylsulfonyl-5-isopropyl-2-(2-oxo2-phenylethyl)-5-vinylsulfonylaminomethyl piperidine (4h).



4h

By means of the general procedure described above, piperidine **4h** (27 mg, 67% yield) was obtained from 40 mg (0.09 mmol) of **3h** as a colorless oil separable 7:1 mixture of diastereoisomers in 76% ee after flash chromatography with 2:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. The ee value was determined by HPLC analysis using a Phenomenex Celulose 4 column (hexane: isopropanol 70:30); flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $t_{\text{major}} = 51.5$ min, $t_{\text{minor}} = 77.3$ min. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = 9.2$ (c 0.1, CHCl_3). ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.96 – 7.92 (m, 2H), 7.64 – 7.58 (m, 1H), 7.52 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 6.55 (dd, $J = 16.6, 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.43 (dd, $J = 16.5, 9.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.23 (d, $J = 16.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.17 (d, $J = 16.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.95 (d, $J = 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.83 (d, $J = 9.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.00 (dd, $J = 9.8, 4.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.71 – 4.65 (m, 1H), 3.32 – 3.21 (m, 4H), 3.02 – 2.94 (m, 2H), 2.04 – 1.86 (m, 2H), 1.65 – 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.42 – 1.34 (m, 1H), 0.97 (d, $J = 2.6$ Hz, 3H), 0.95 (d, $J = 2.6$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 197.1, 136.4, 136.0, 135.7, 133.9, 129.0, 128.3, 126.9, 126.8, 48.9, 44.1, 42.8, 38.4, 38.4, 30.9, 24.9, 22.3, 17.1, 16.8. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$: 455.1644; found: 455.1648

(2*R*,5*S*)-*N*-Vinylsulfonyl-5-(benzyloxy)methyl-2-(2-oxopropyl)-5-vinylsulfonylaminomethyl piperidine (4i).

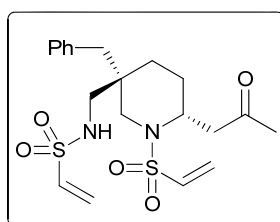


4i

By means of the general procedure described above, piperidine **4i** (40 mg, >99% yield) was obtained from 40 mg (0.09 mmol) of **3i** as a colorless oil separable 4:1 mixture of diastereoisomers in 98% ee after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. The ee

value was determined by HPLC analysis using a Phenomenex Celulose 4 column (hexane: isopropanol 70:30); flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $t_{\text{major}} = 55.5$ min, $t_{\text{minor}} = 50.9$ min. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -3.2$ (c 0.5, CHCl_3). ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.40 – 7.26 (m, 5H), 6.44 (dd, $J = 16.5, 9.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.31 (dd, $J = 16.5, 9.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.19 (d, $J = 16.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.17 (d, $J = 16.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.92 (d, $J = 9.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.85 (d, $J = 9.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.93 (t, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, $J = 11.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.44 (d, $J = 11.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.37 – 4.29 (m, 1H), 3.57 – 3.50 (m, 2H), 3.39 (d, $J = 9.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.96 – 2.89 (m, 2H), 2.78 – 2.73 (m, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.77 – 1.63 (m, 1H), 1.55 – 1.46 (m, 2H), 1.40 – 1.30 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 205.8, 137.7, 135.8, 135.4, 128.8, 128.3, 128.1, 127.1, 126.8, 73.8, 71.3, 49.8, 48.9, 45.1, 44.0, 37.6, 30.6, 25.0, 25.0. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6\text{S}_2$: 471.1624; found: 471.1624.

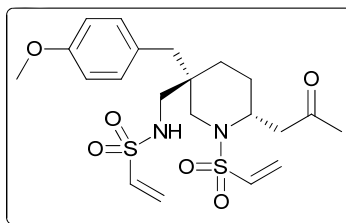
(2*R*,5*S*)-*N*-Vinylsulfonyl-5-benzyl-2-(2-oxopropyl)-5-vinylsulfonylaminomethylpiperidine (4j).



4j

By means of the general procedure described above, piperidine **4j** (40 mg, 93% yield) was obtained from 40 mg (0.09 mmol) of **3j** as a colorless oil separable 7:1 mixture of diastereoisomers in 98% ee after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. The ee value was determined by HPLC analysis using a Phenomenex Celulose 4 column (hexane: isopropanol 70:30); flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $t_{\text{major}} = 37.4$ min, $t_{\text{minor}} = 41.1$ min. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = 14.2$ (c 0.5, CHCl_3). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.32 – 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.26 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.17 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 6.49 (dd, $J = 16.6, 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, $J = 16.5, 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (d, $J = 16.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.20 (d, $J = 16.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.96 (d, $J = 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.95 (d, $J = 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.64 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.13 (p, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.15 – 3.07 (m, 2H), 3.00 (dd, $J = 17.5, 5.9$ Hz, 1H), 2.90 – 2.78 (m, 3H), 2.72 – 2.63 (m, 2H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 1.93 – 1.84 (m, 1H), 1.63 – 1.58 (m, 1H), 1.49 – 1.43 (m, 1H), 1.39 – 1.28 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 206.1, 136.5, 135.7, 134.8, 130.5, 128.6, 127.7, 127.3, 127.0, 51.0, 50.1, 47.8, 45.1, 39.1, 37.7, 30.4, 27.5, 26.6. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$: 441.1518; found: 441.1515.

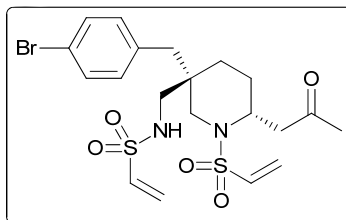
(2*R*,5*S*)-*N*-Vinylsulfonyl-5-(4-methoxybenzyl)-2-(2-oxopropyl)-5-vinylsulfonylaminomethyl piperidine (4k).



4k

By means of the general procedure described above, piperidine **4k** (55 mg, >99% yield) was obtained from 55 mg (0.12 mmol) of **3k** as a white solid separable 7:1 mixture of diastereoisomers in 97% ee after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. Mp=134-135 °C. The ee value was determined by HPLC analysis using a Chiralpack IC column (hexane: isopropanol 70:30); flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, t_{major} = 90.9 min, t_{minor} = 70.5 min. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25}$ = 18.4 (c 0.5, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.08 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.49 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 6.23 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 6.21 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (p, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.13 – 2.96 (m, 3H), 2.90 – 2.80 (m, 2H), 2.75 – 2.62 (m, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.92 – 1.81 (m, 1H), 1.62 – 1.55 (m, 1H), 1.48 – 1.28 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.1, 158.6, 135.7, 134.8, 131.4, 128.3, 127.7, 127.3, 114.0, 55.4, 51.0, 50.1, 47.7, 45.1, 38.2, 37.7, 30.4, 27.5, 26.6. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₁H₃₀N₂O₆S₂: 471.1624; found: 471.1623.

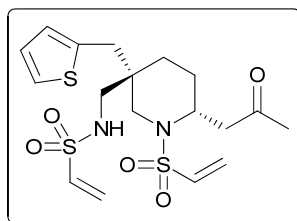
(2R,5S)-N-Vinylsulfonyl-5-(4-bromobenzyl)-2-(2-oxopropyl)-5-vinylsulfonylaminomethyl piperidine (4l).



4l

By means of the general procedure described above, piperidine **4l** (55 mg, >99% yield) was obtained from 55 mg (0.1 mmol) of **3i** as a white solid separable 8:1 mixture of diastereoisomers in 95% ee after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. Mp=181-183 °C. The ee value was determined by HPLC analysis using a Chiralpack IC column (hexane: isopropanol 60:40); flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, t_{major} = 27.9 min, t_{minor} = 22.9 min. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25}$ = 31.5 (c 0.2, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.06 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.52 (dd, J = 16.6, 9.9 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, J = 16.6, 9.9 Hz, 1H), 6.23 (d, J = 16.6 Hz, 1H), 6.22 (d, J = 16.6 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (dd, J = 8.1, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.13 – 4.06 (m, 1H), 3.14 – 2.98 (m, 3H), 2.87 (dd, J = 13.2, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 2.78 (dd, J = 13.2, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 2.71 – 2.59 (m, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.89 – 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.64 – 1.53 (m, 1H), 1.44 – 1.29 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.1, 135.6, 135.4, 134.7, 132.3, 131.6, 127.8, 127.5, 121.0, 51.3, 50.3, 47.2, 45.1, 38.3, 37.6, 30.4, 27.5, 26.9. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₀H₂₇BrN₂O₅S₂: 519.0623; found: 519.0624.

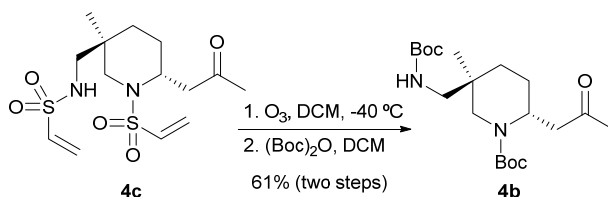
(2*R*,5*S*)-*N*-Vinylsulfonyl-5-(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-oxopropyl)-5-vinylsulfonylaminomethyl piperidine (**4m**).



4m

By means of the general procedure described above, piperidine **4i** (53 mg, 97% yield) was obtained from 55 mg (0.12 mmol) of **3i** as a yellow solid separable 7:1 mixture of diastereoisomers in 97% ee after flash chromatography with 1:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate. Mp=145 °C. The ee value was determined by HPLC analysis using a Chiralpack IC column (hexane: isopropanol 70:30); flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, t_{major} = 74.5 min, t_{minor} = 55.2 min. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25}$ = 19.5 (c 0.1, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.16 (dd, J = 5.2, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (dd, J = 5.1, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 6.89 – 6.88 (m, 1H), 6.51 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, J = 16.5, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 6.23 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 6.21 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.31 – 4.24 (m, 1H), 3.29 (d, J = 13.4 Hz, 1H), 3.08 – 2.85 (m, 6H), 2.74 (dd, J = 17.2, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.98 – 1.87 (m, 1H), 1.63 – 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.41 – 1.32 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.1, 137.9, 135.6, 135.1, 127.7, 127.6, 127.4, 127.35, 124.6, 49.9, 48.9, 48.2, 44.4, 37.6, 32.2, 30.5, 26.5, 25.7. HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF): m/z [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₂₆N₂O₅S₃: 447.1082; found: 447.1083.

GENERAL PROCEDURE FOR THE DESPROTECTION OF PIPERIDINE **4c**:



To a solution of piperidine **4c** (100 mg, 0.27 mmol) in dichloromethane (5.4 mL, 0.05 M) at -40 °C, O₃ was bubbled. The reaction mixture was stirred until solution was turned to pale blue colour (10 minutes monitored by TLC). Then H₂O was added, and the mixture was stirred for 5 hours at room temperature. Afterwards solvents were removed, the crude amine was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (2.8 mL, 0.1 M), and Et₃N (0.23 mL, 6.0 equiv) was added at 0 °C, followed by di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (178 mg, 3.0 equiv). The reaction mixture was allowed to reach room temperature for 12 hours (monitored by TLC) and then it was hydrolyzed with saturated NH₄Cl solution, extracted with CH₂Cl₂ and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. Finally, solvents were removed and the crude mixture was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel with 4:1 n-hexane: ethyl acetate to afford piperidine **4b** (65 mg, 61 % yield) as a colorless oil. NMR data are in agreement with those we previously reported.

X-RAY STRUCTURE OF COMPOUND 4c⁶

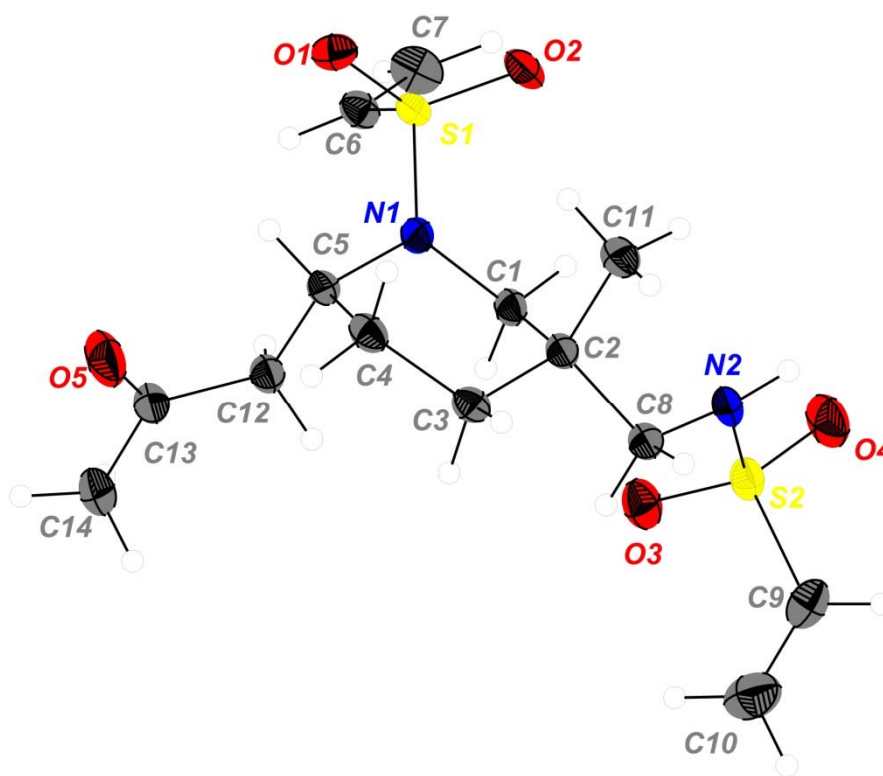
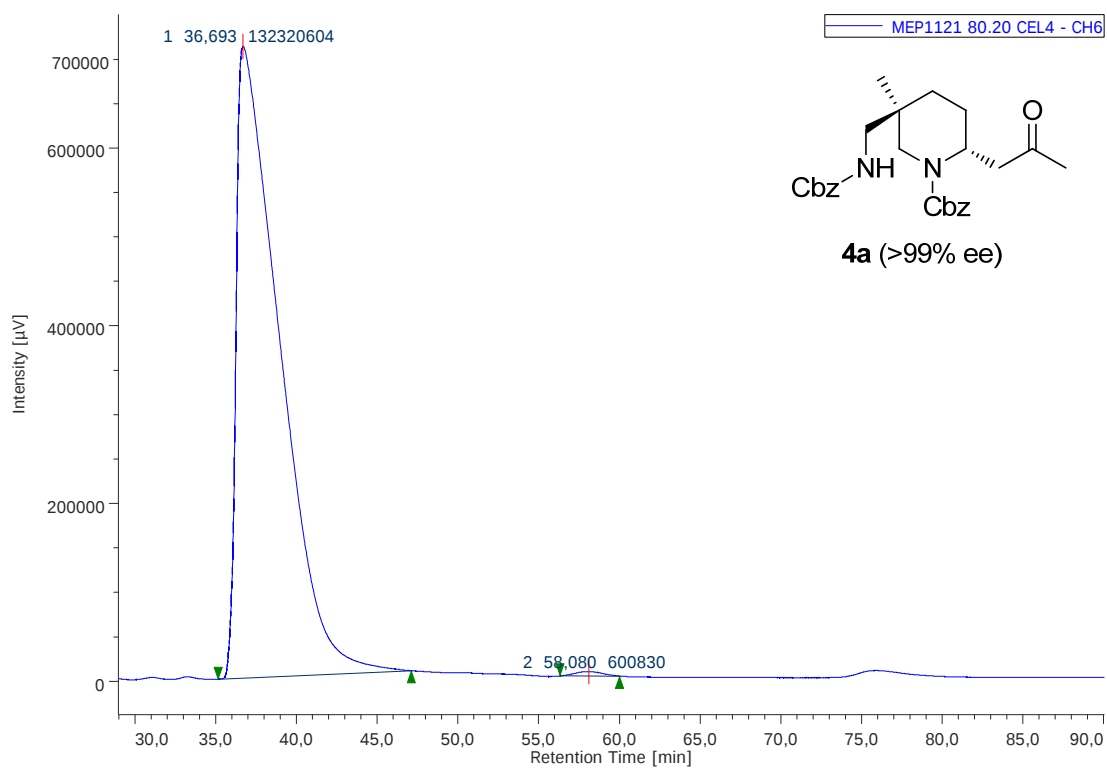
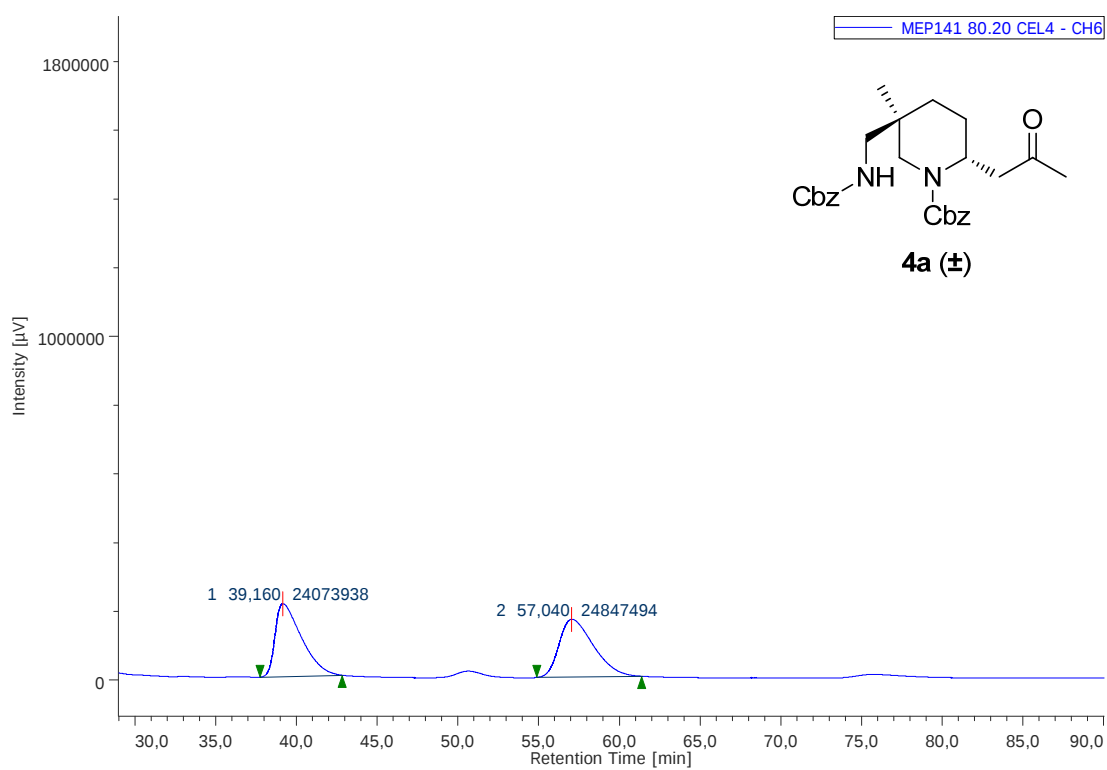
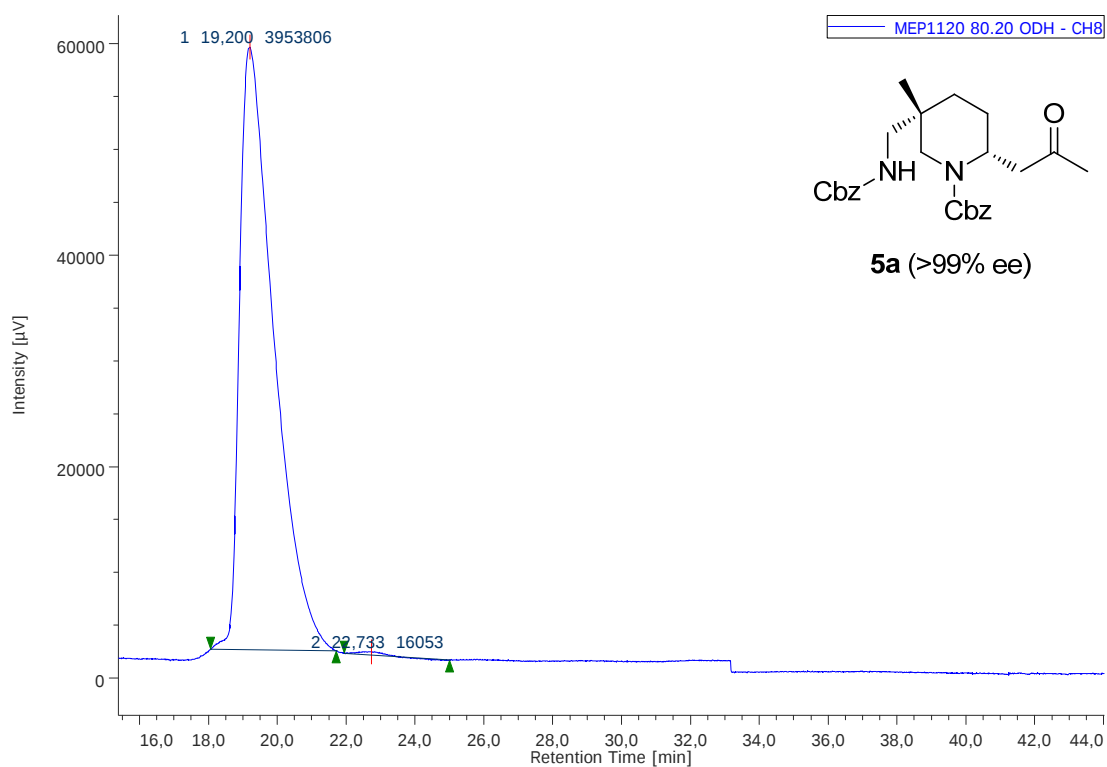
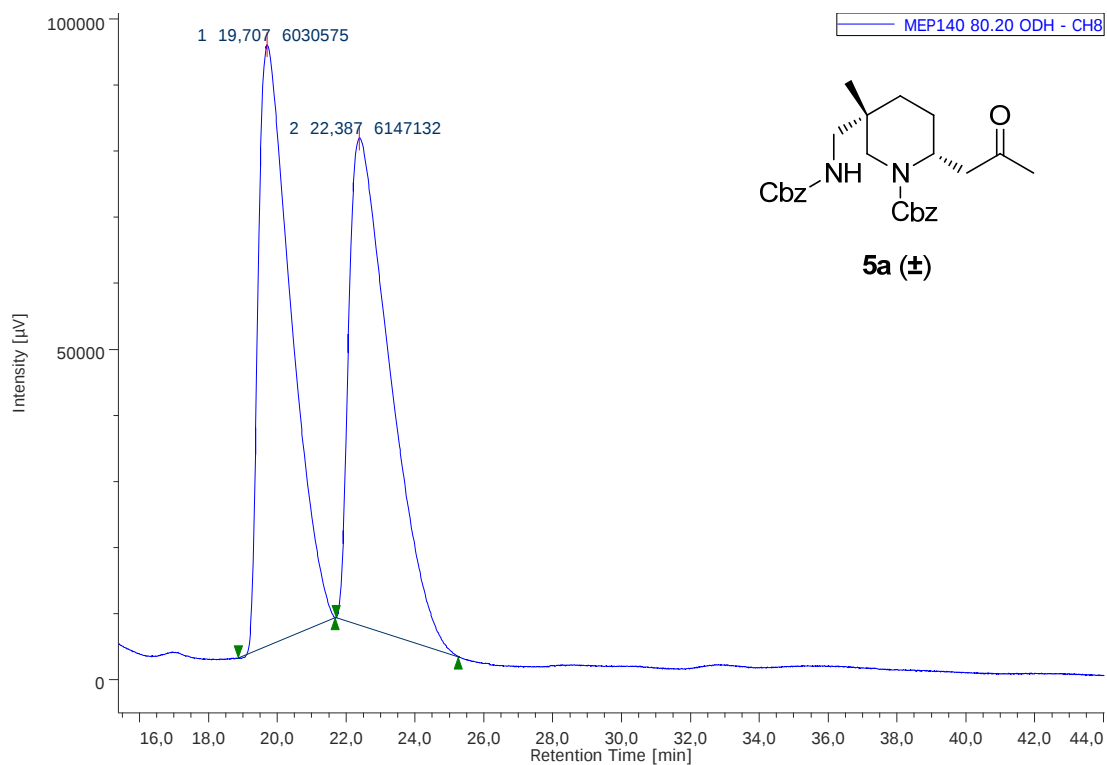


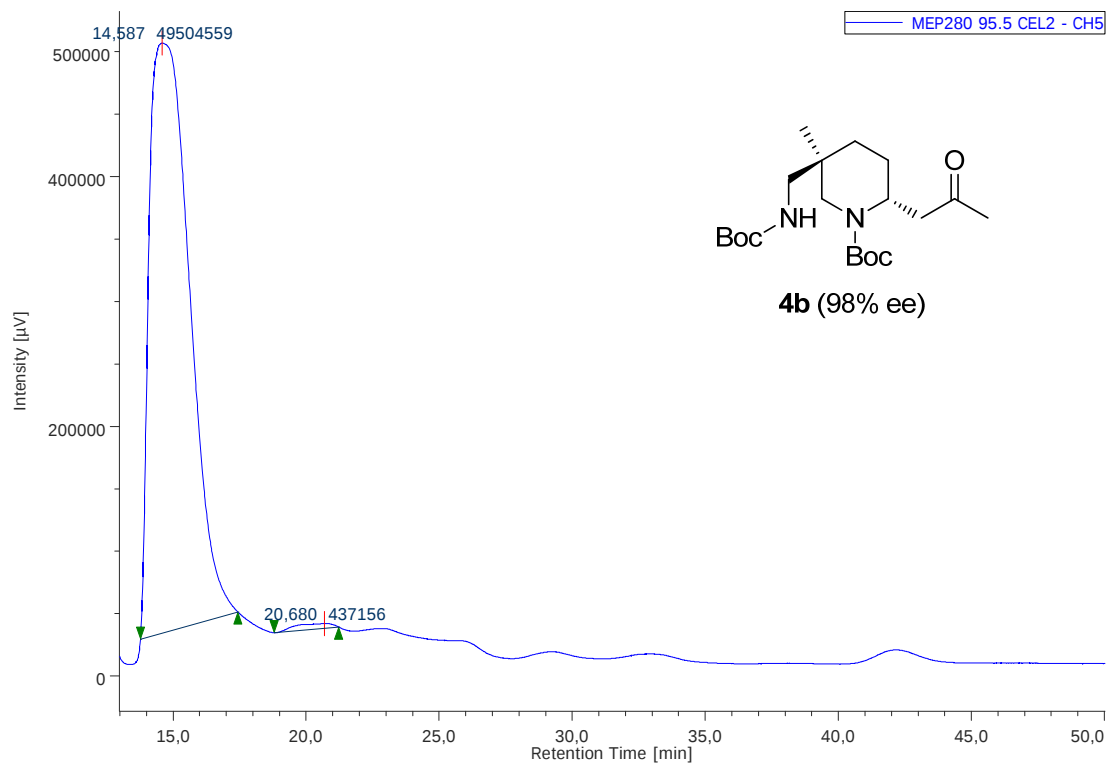
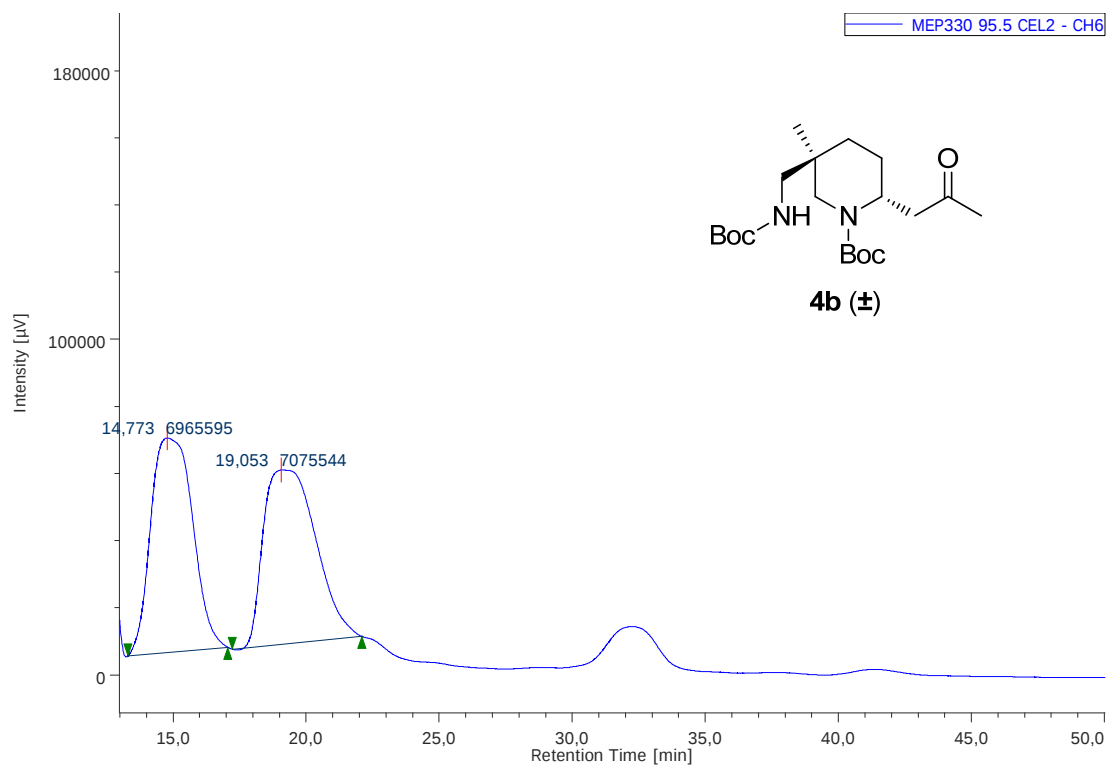
Figure S1. Ortep diagram for compound **4c**

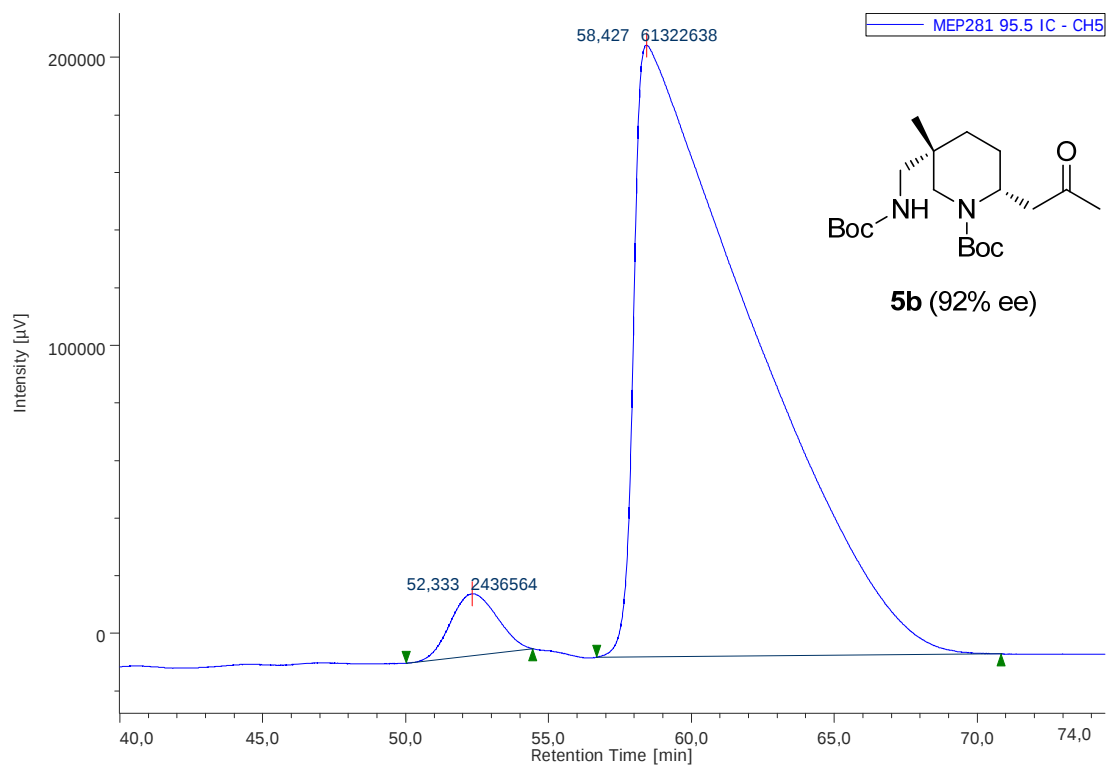
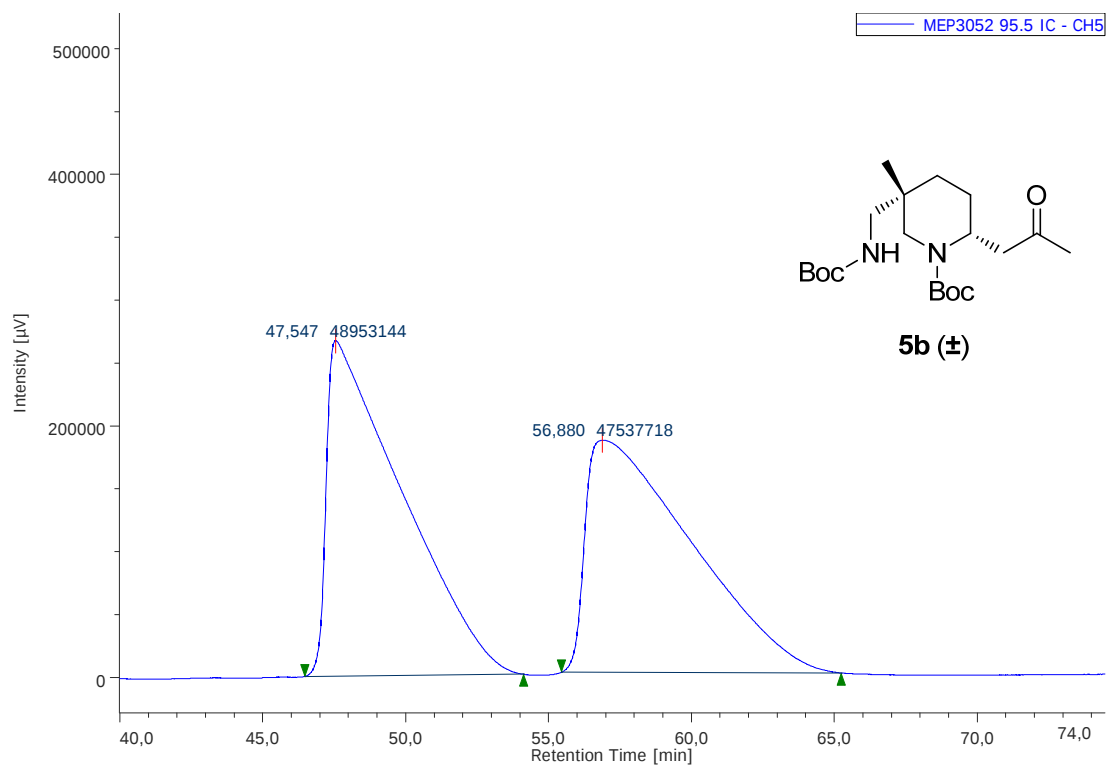
⁶ CCDC 1891128 contains the supplementary crystallographic data of compound **4c**. These data can be obtained free of charge at www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/conts/retrieving.html [or from the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre, 12 Union Road, Cambridge CB2 1EZ, UK; fax: (internat.) +44(1223)336-033, e-mail: deposit@ccdc.cam.ac.uk].

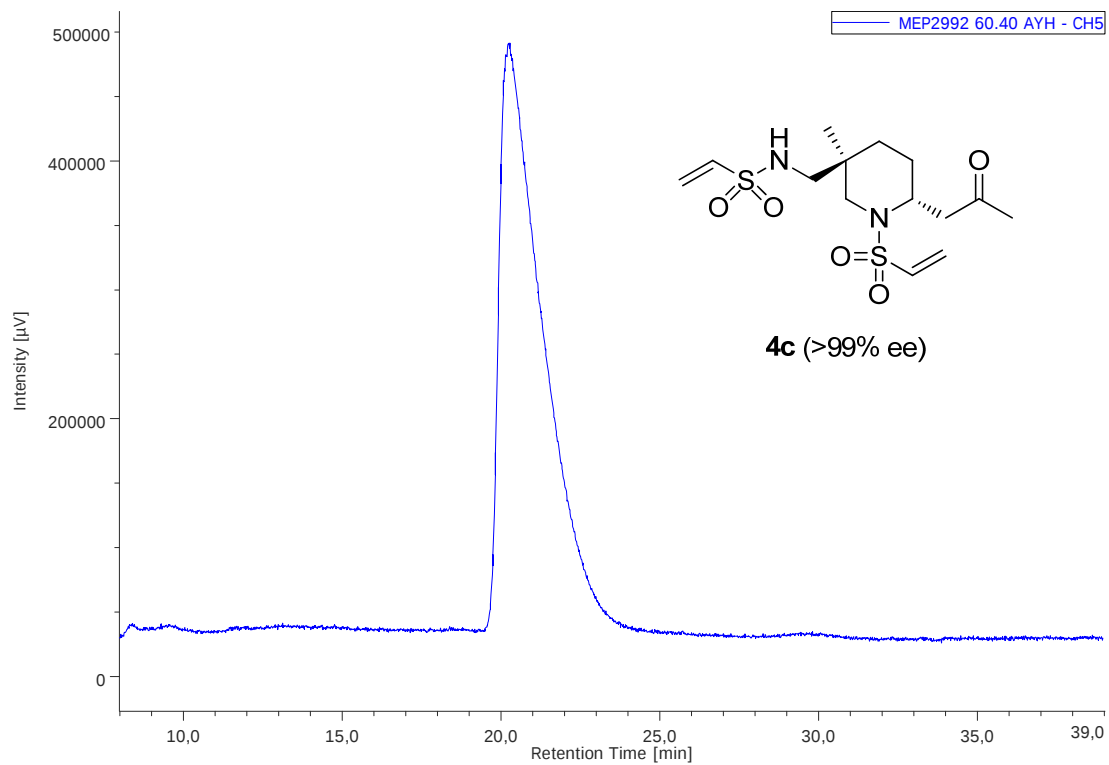
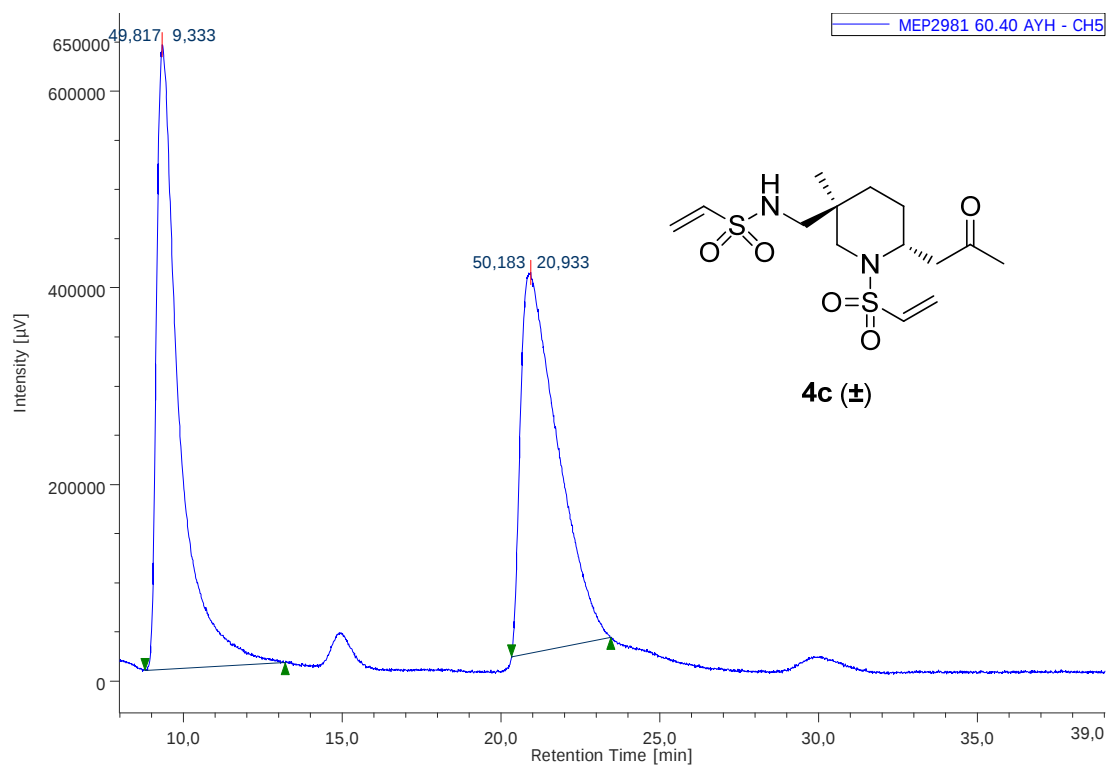
HPLC TRACES OF ENANTIOENRICHED 2,5,5 TRISUBSTITUTED PIPERIDINES 4,5:

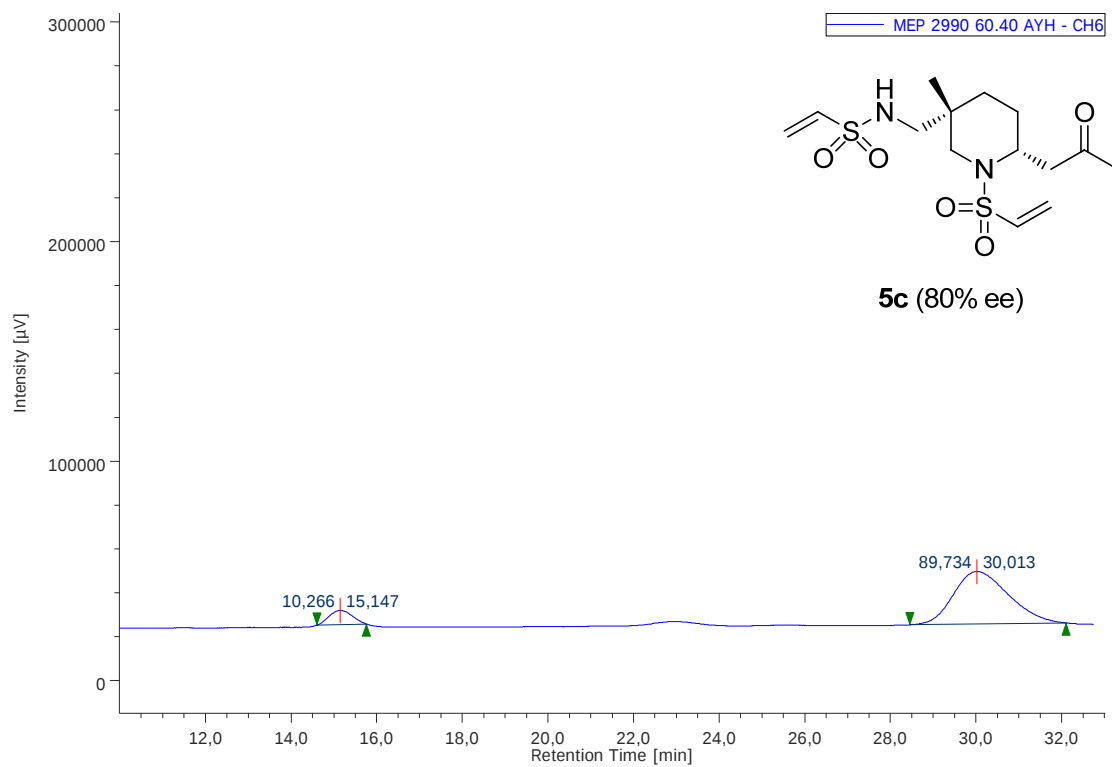
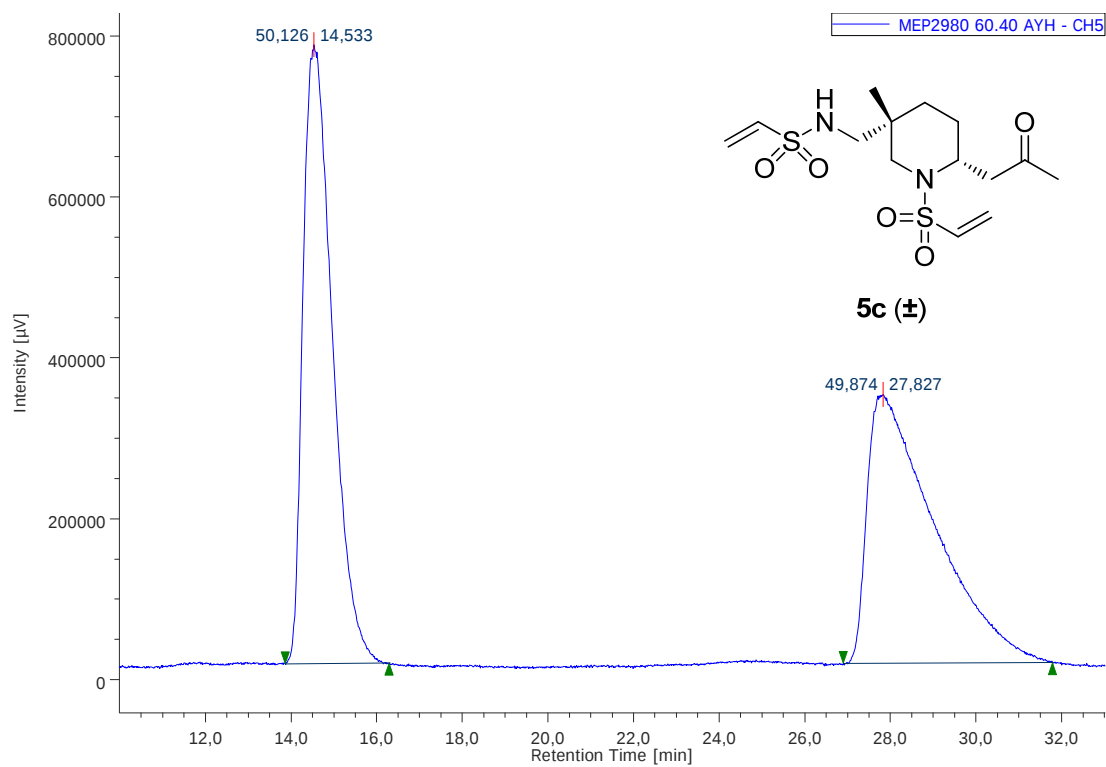


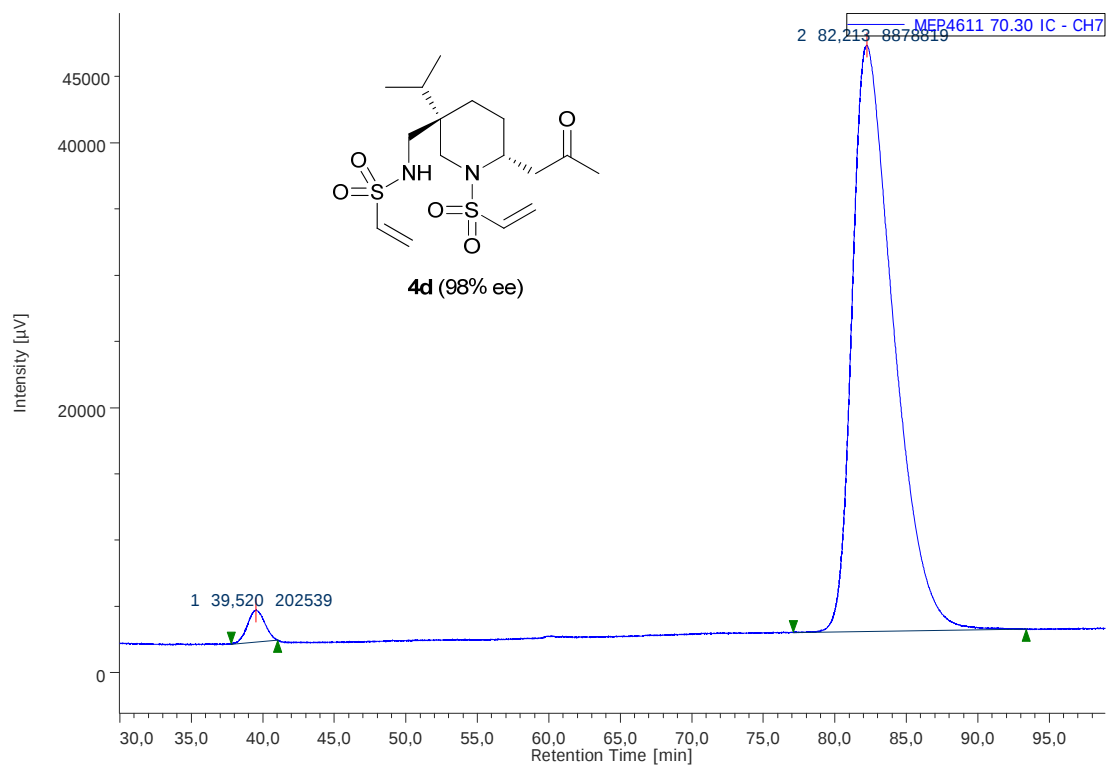
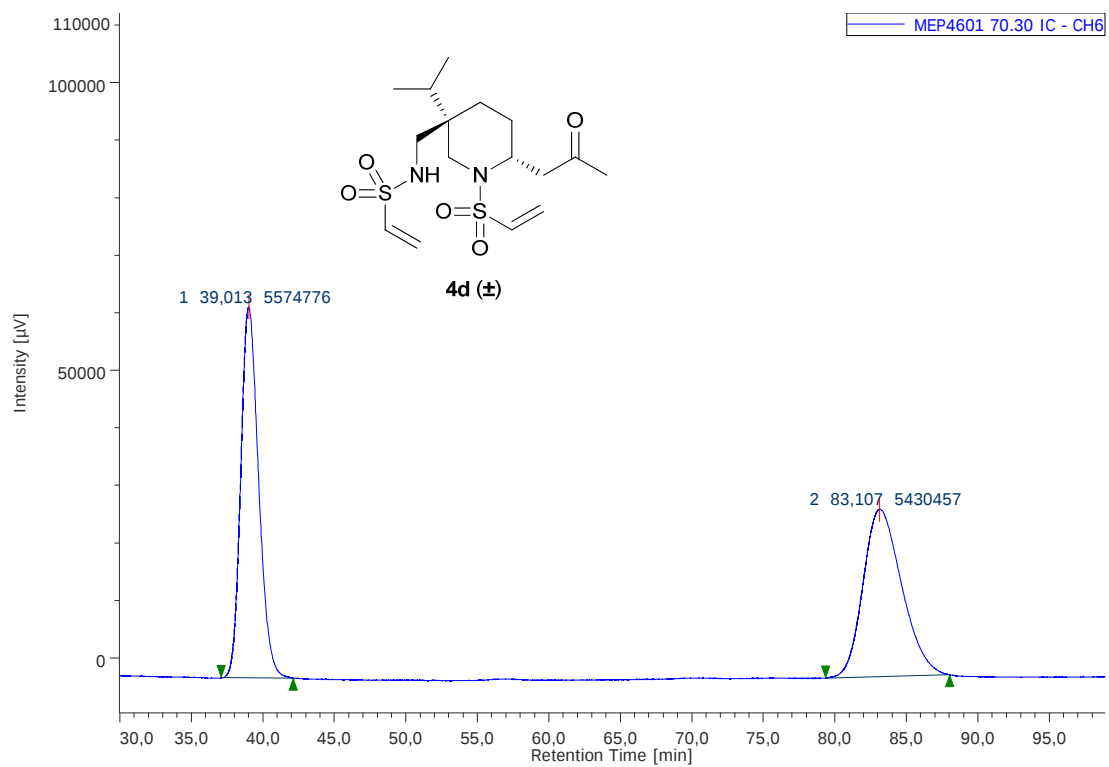


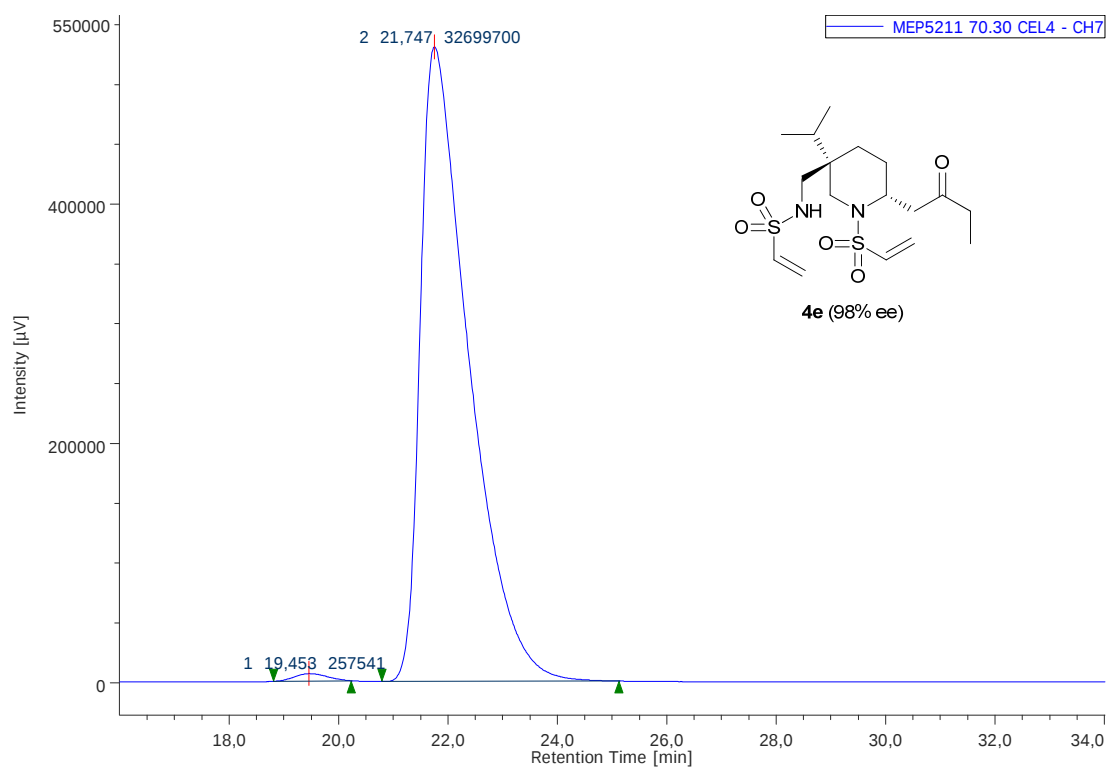
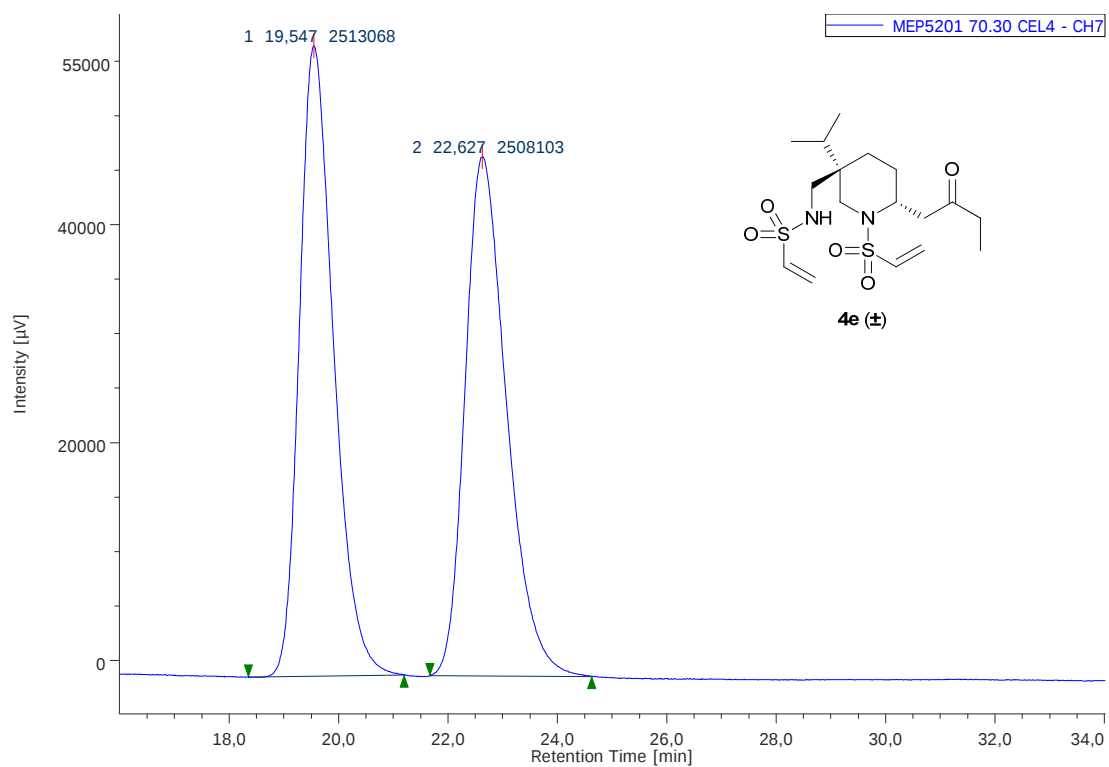


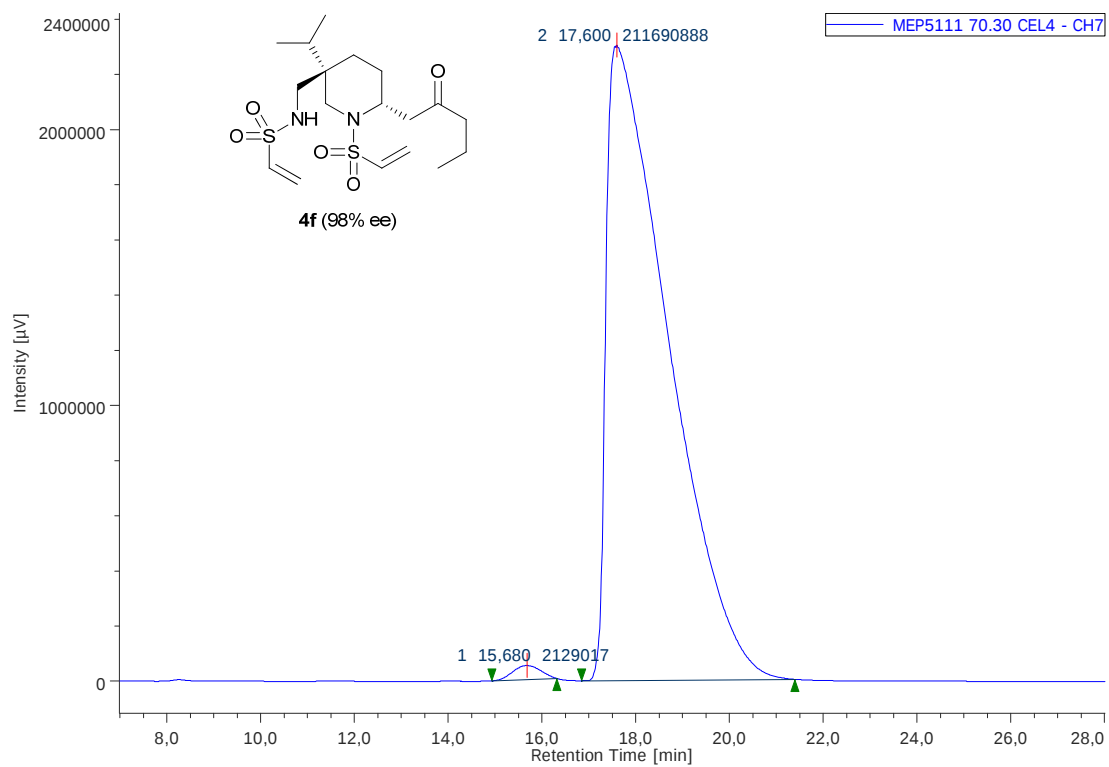
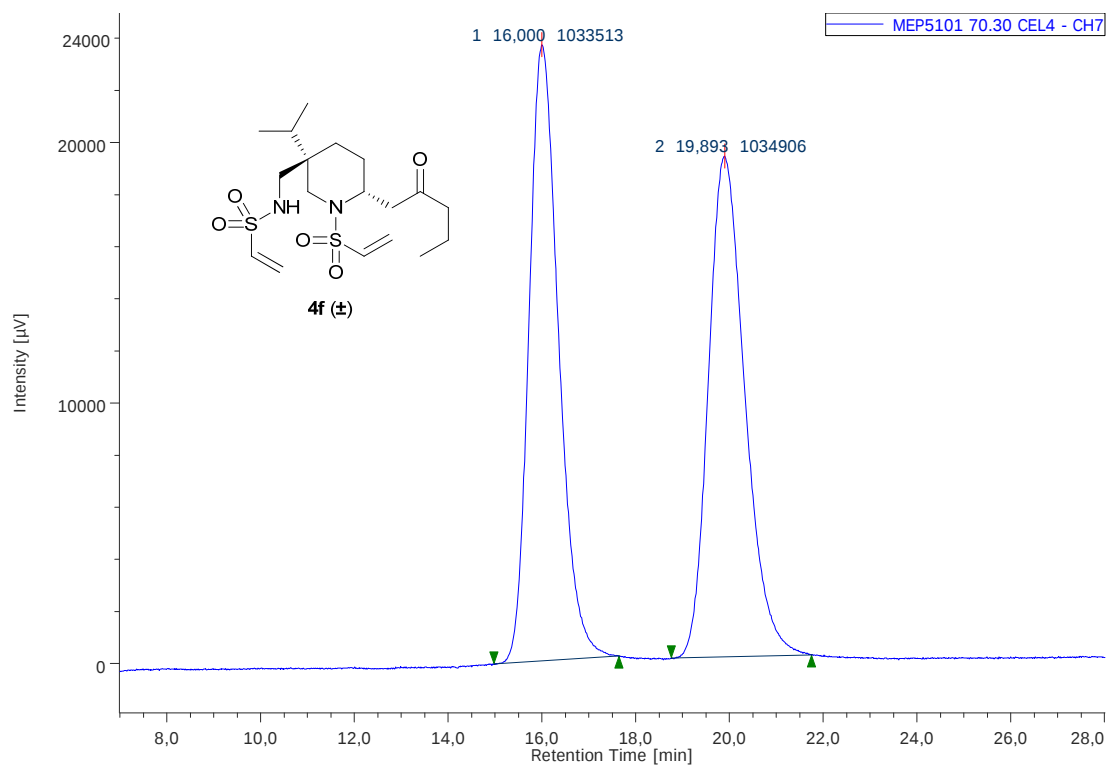


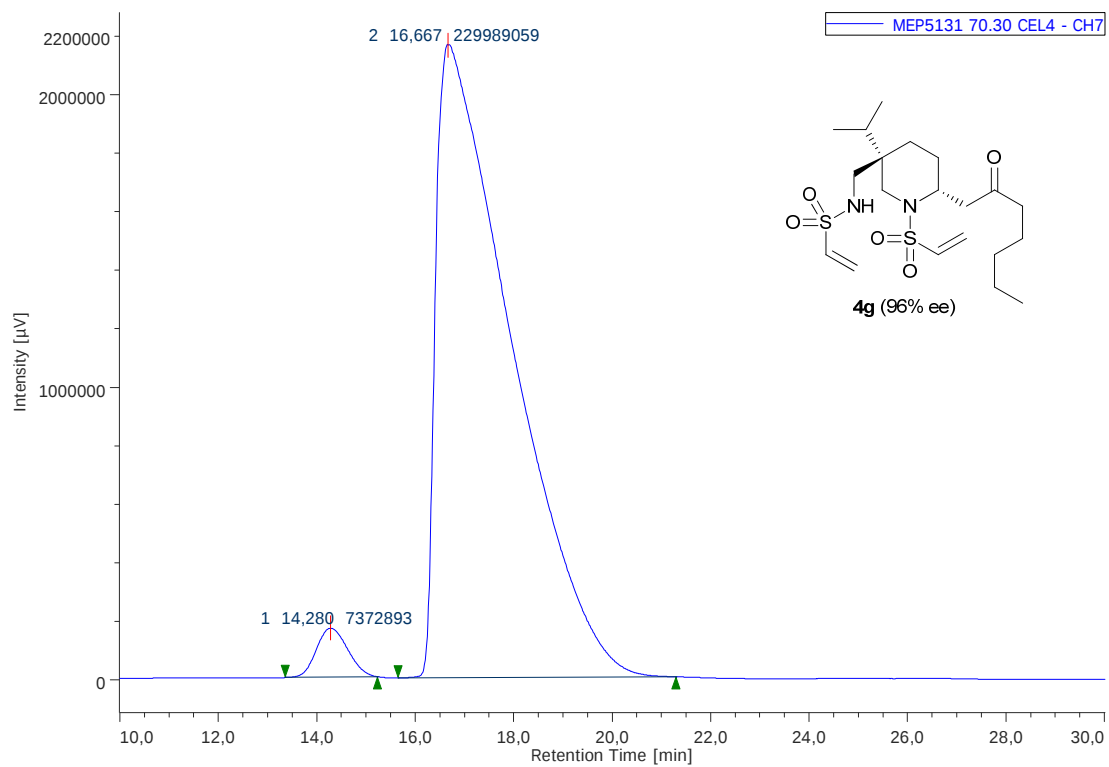
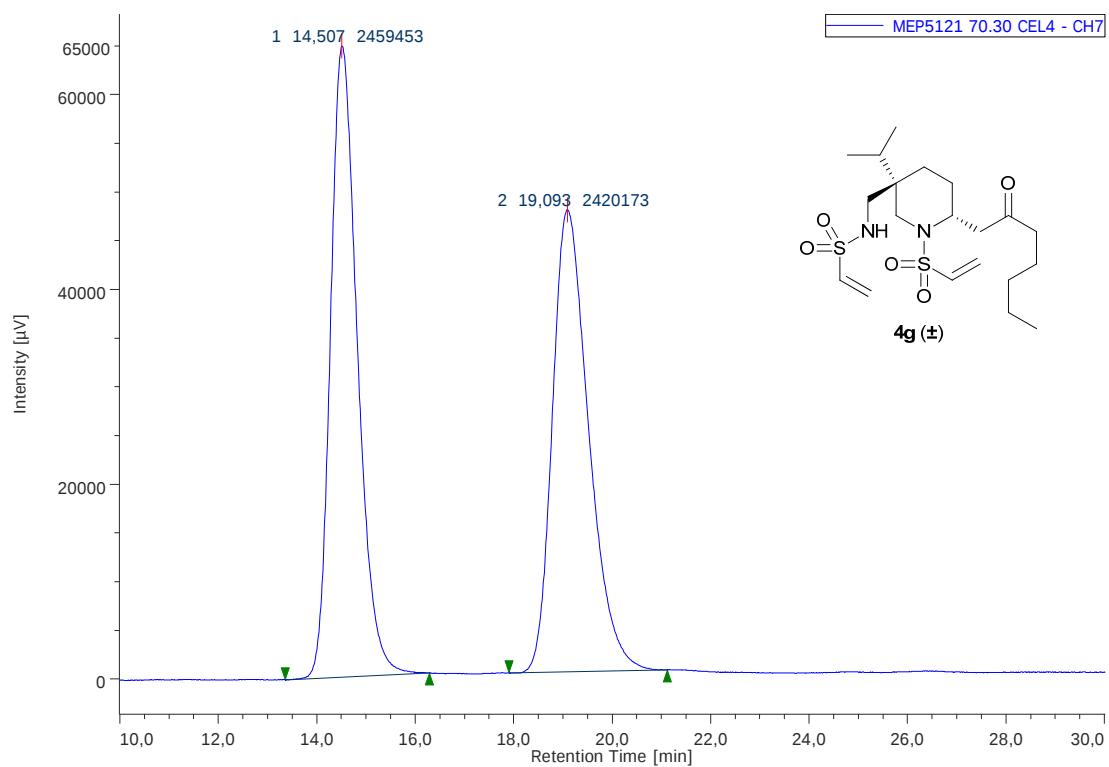


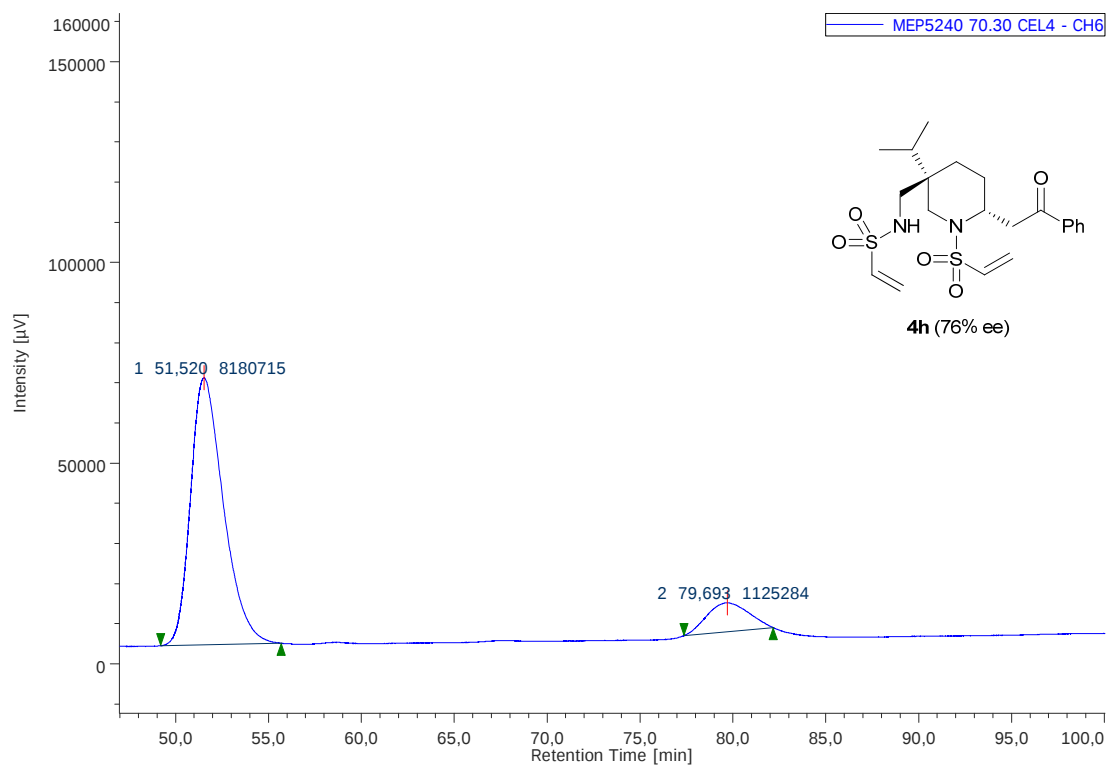
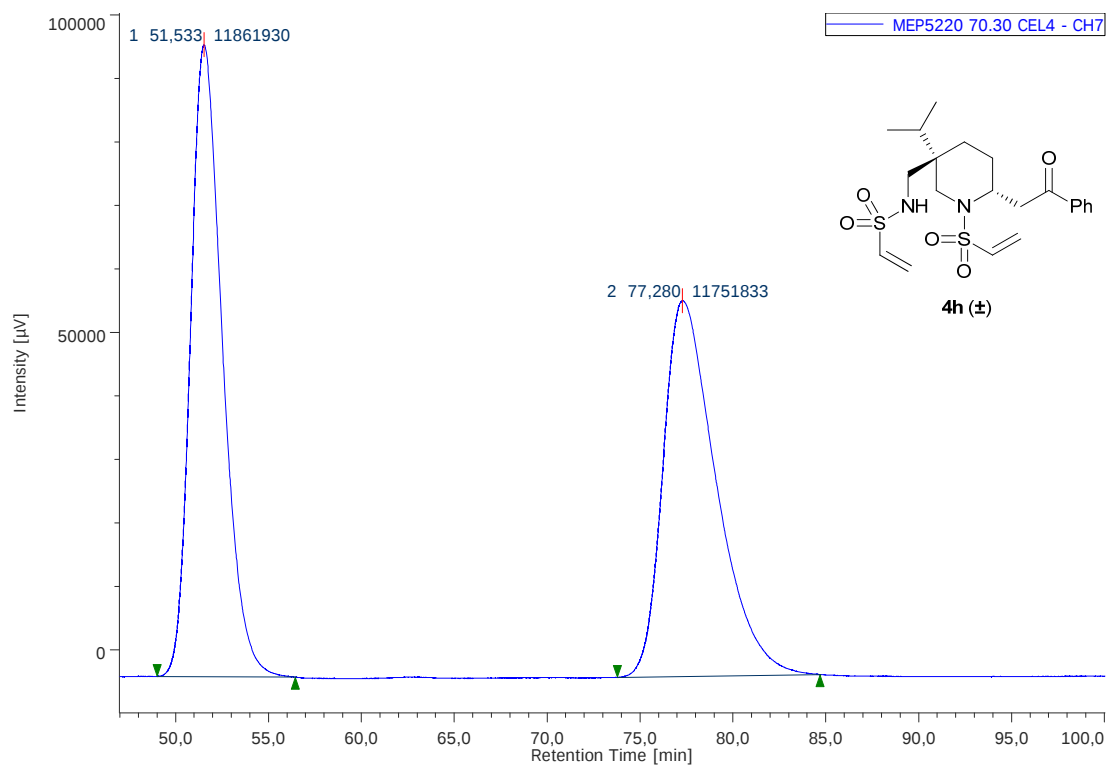


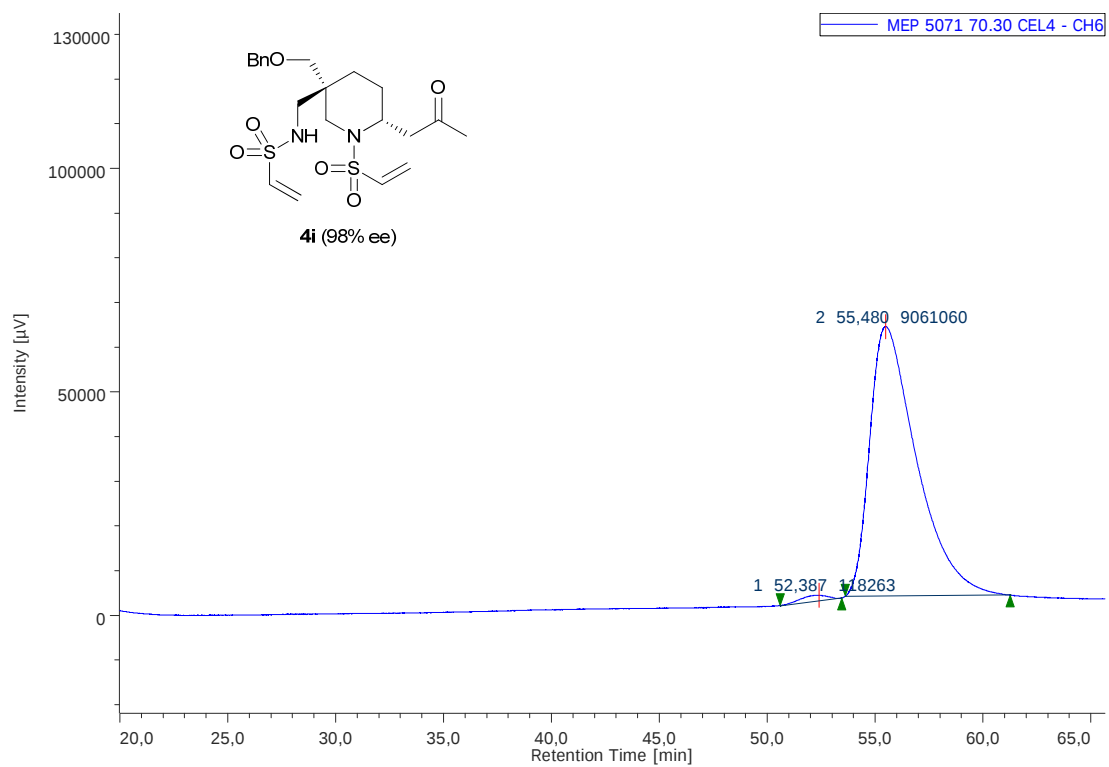
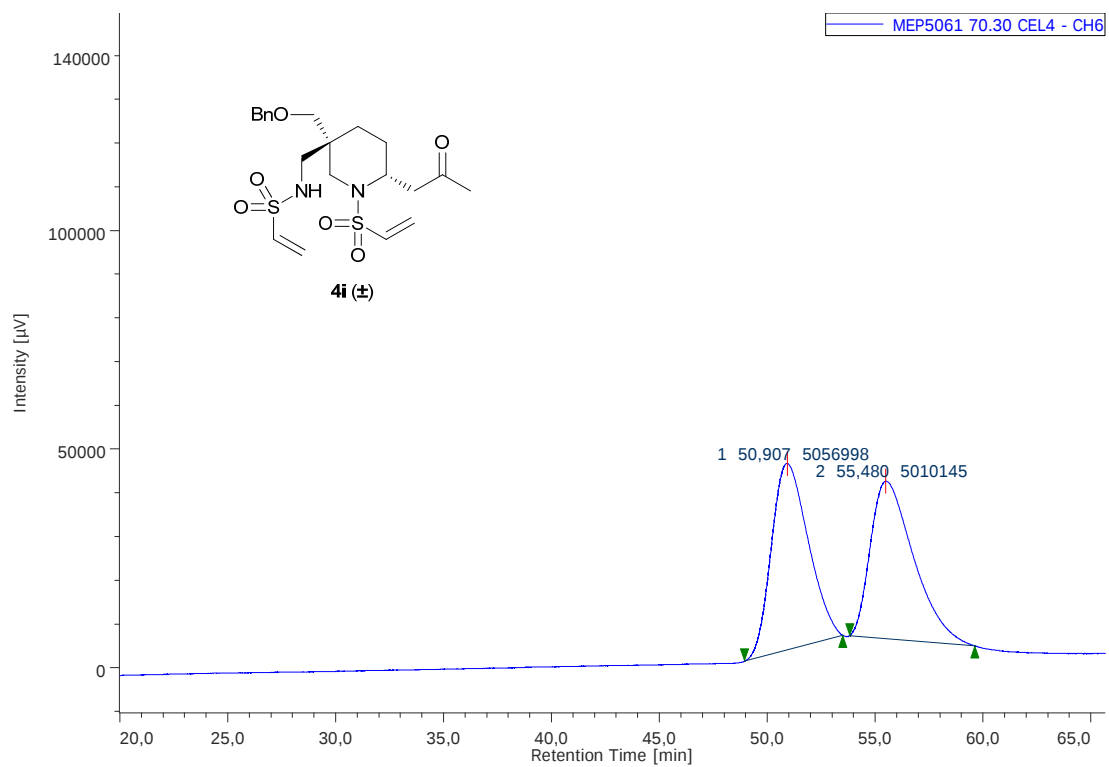


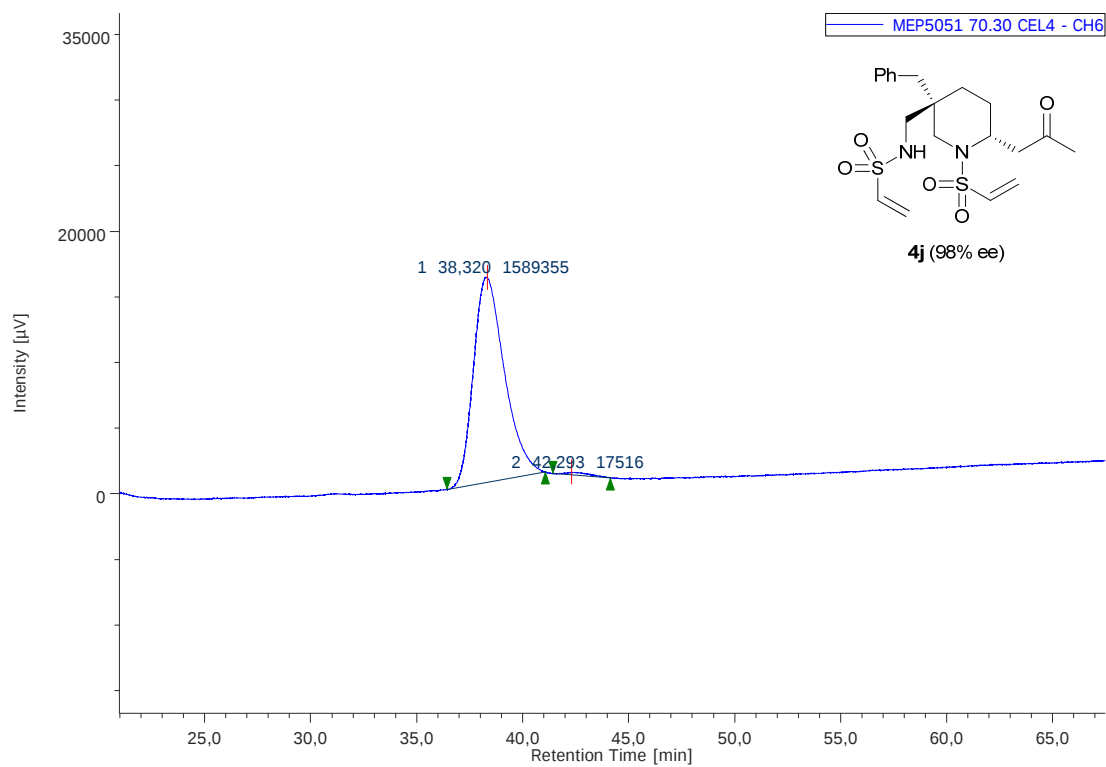
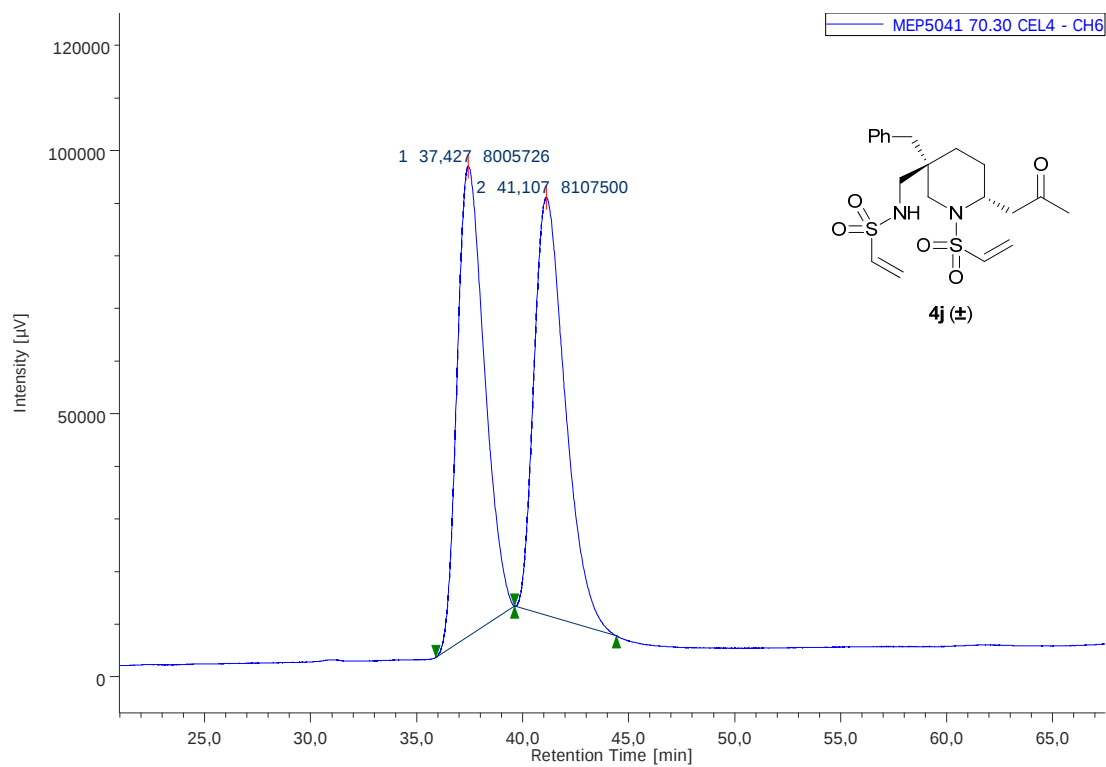


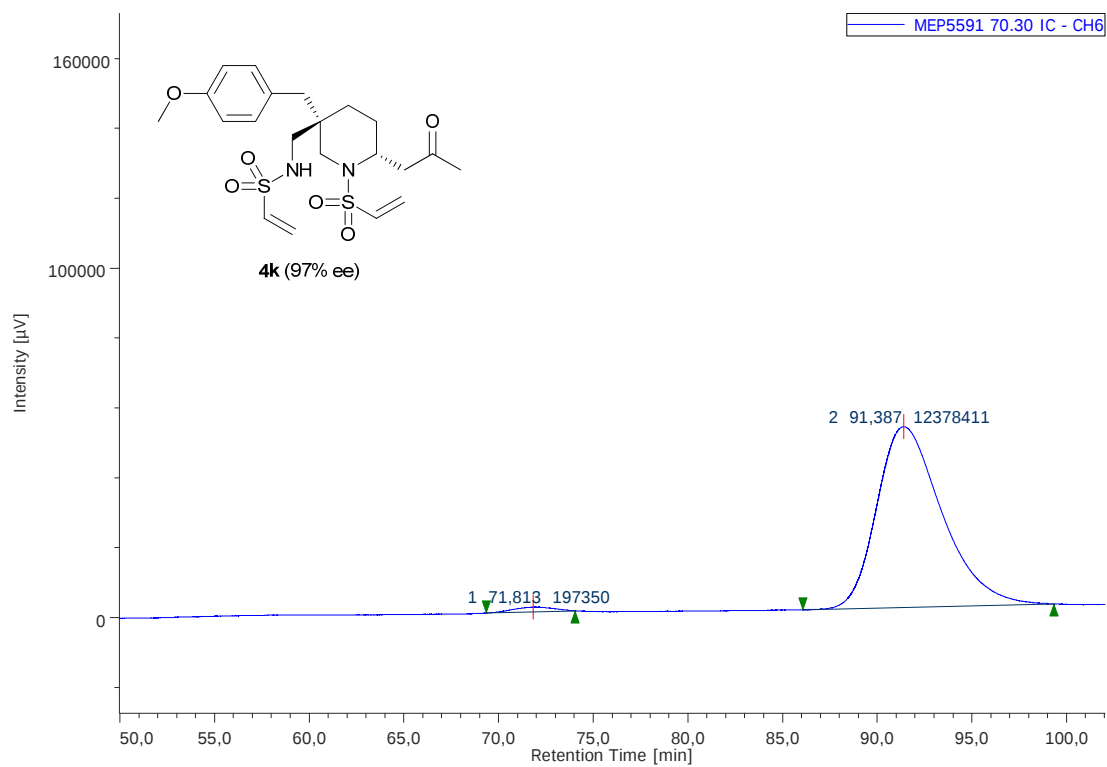
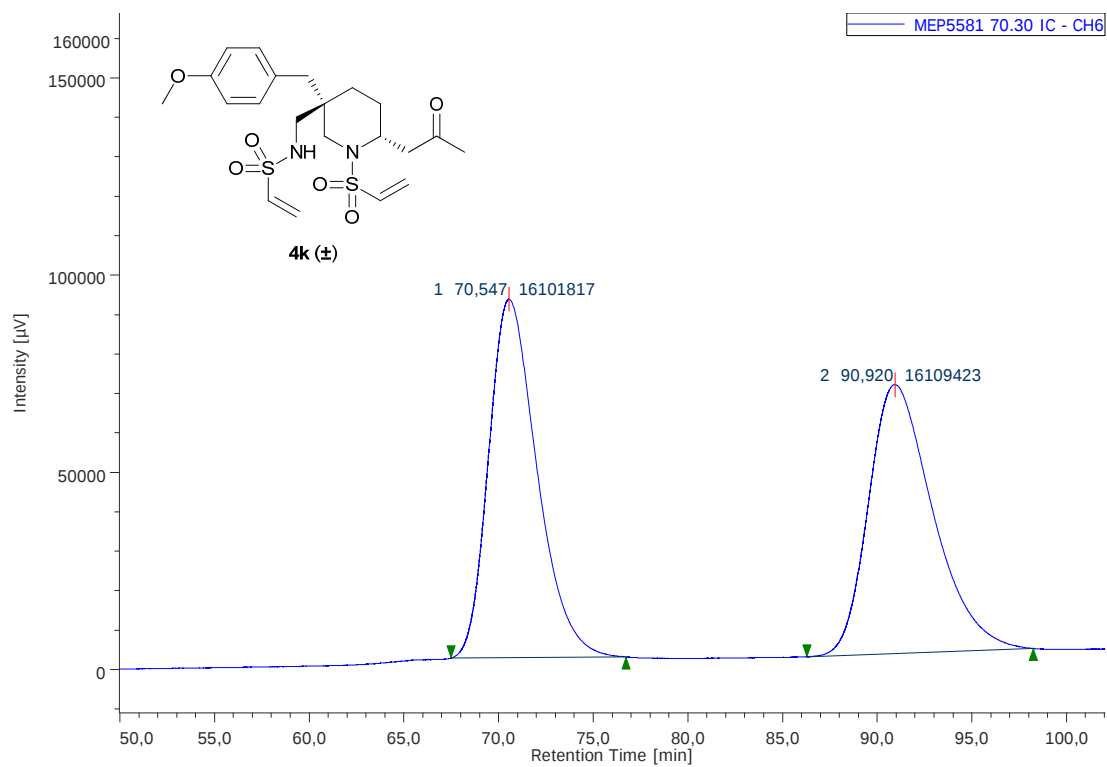


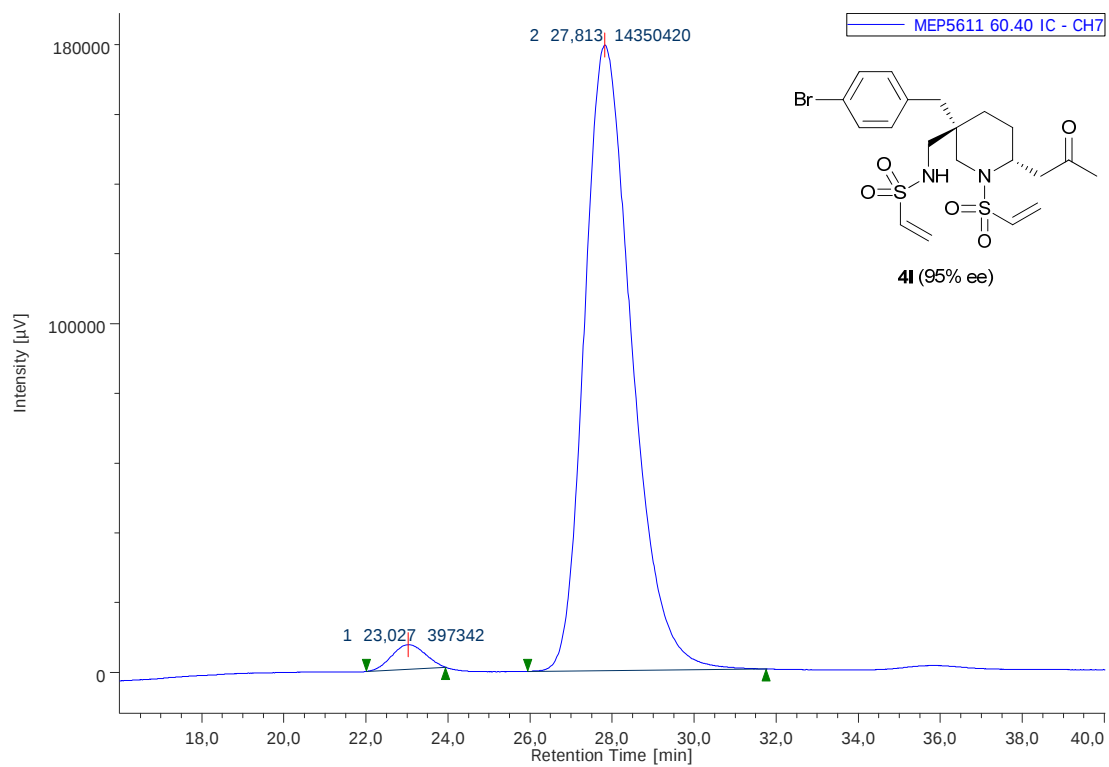
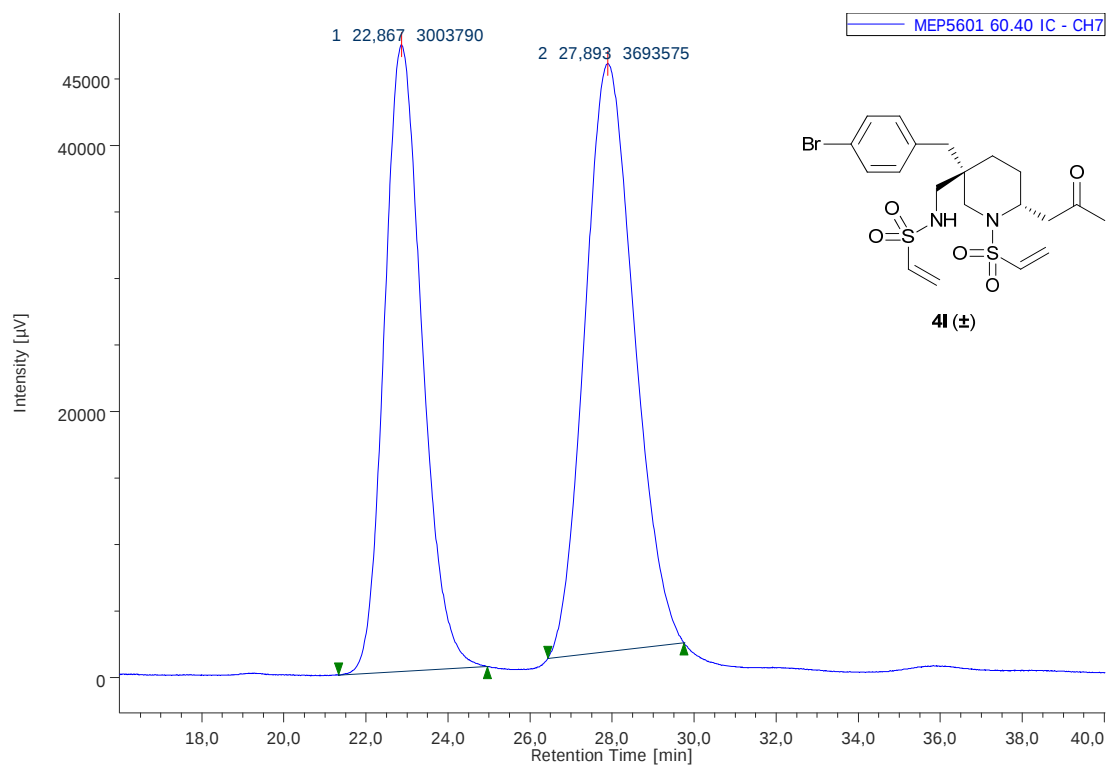


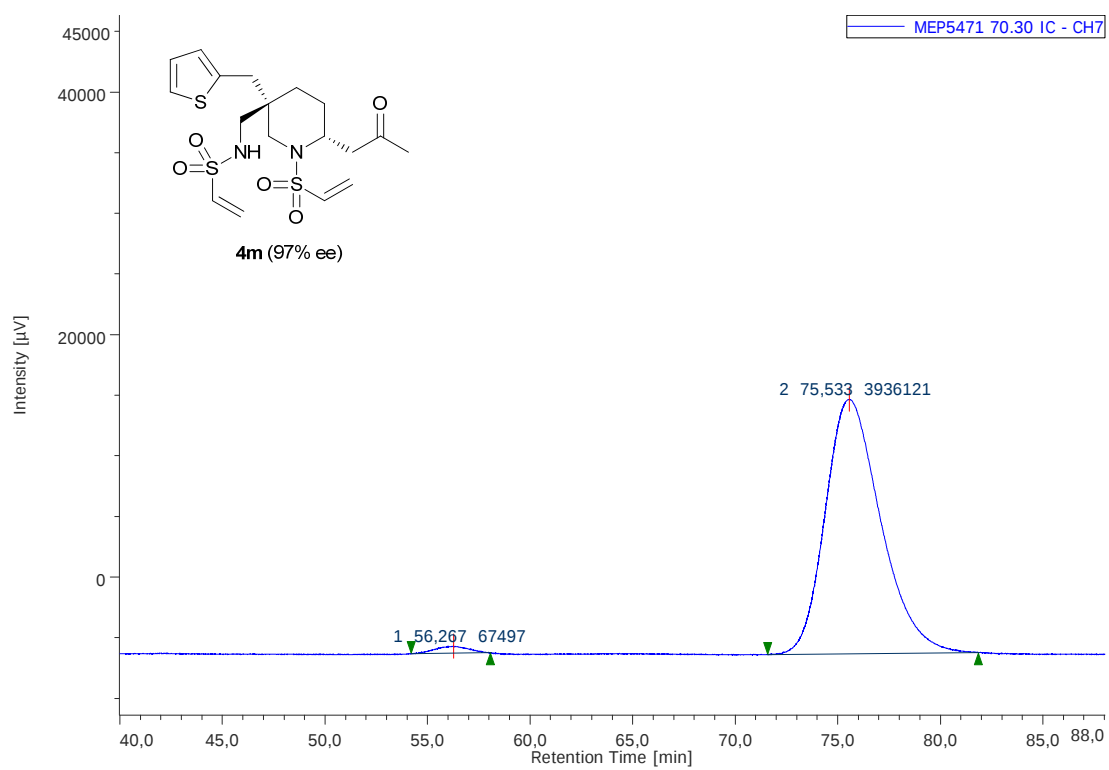
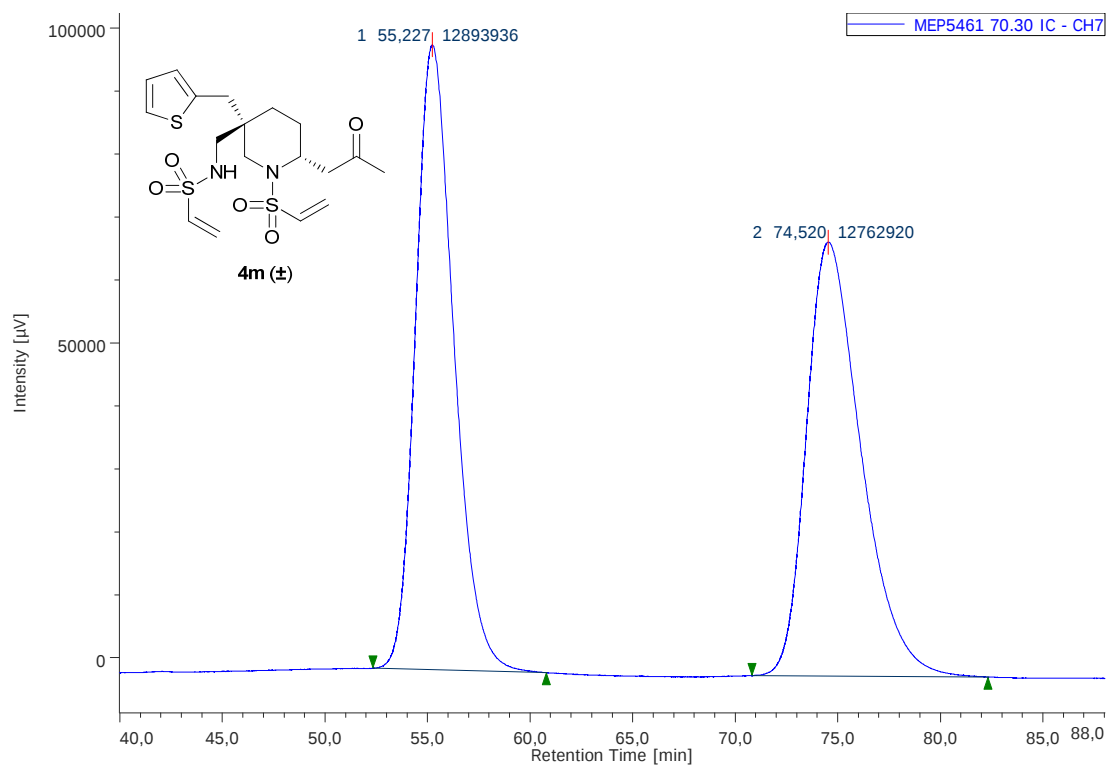












NMR SPECTRA OF NEW COMPOUNDS:

^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra of compounds **4a,b** and **5a,b**, were carried out in DMSO-d_6 at 75°C because of the presence of rotamers.

